Catalog

2004

Class 601



CONTENTS

| Description |
|--|
| INTRODUCTION |
| 100 AMPERE FRAME |
| 225 / 250 AMPERE FRAME54 |
| 400 AMPERE FRAME |
| 600 AMPERE FRAME |
| 800 / 1000 AMPERE FRAME99 |
| 1200 AMPERE FRAME |
| 2000 / 2500 AMPERE FRAME |
| MAGNETIC ONLY MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS |
| MOLDED CASE SWITCHES145 |
| ACCESSORIES148 |





BOUARE D

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Table of Contents

| INTRODUCTION | 6 |
|---|-----|
| Molded Case Circuit Breaker Types | 7 |
| Internal Operating Mechanisms | 9 |
| Circuit Breaker Tripping Characteristics | 11 |
| Construction | |
| UL 489 Test Procedures | |
| Ratings for Molded Case Circuit Breakers | |
| Return and Exchange Policy | |
| Catalog Numbers | 23 |
| 100 AMPERE FRAME | 29 |
| Description | 29 |
| Applications | 29 |
| Selection Data | 30 |
| Powerpact® Selection Data | 34 |
| Dimensions | 35 |
| Tripping Curves | 37 |
| Powerpact® Tripping Curves | 47 |
| Let-through Curves | |
| Powerpact® Let-through Curves | 53 |
| 225 / 250 AMPERE FRAME | 54 |
| Description | 54 |
| Applications | 54 |
| Selection Data | |
| Powerpact [®] Selection Data | 57 |
| Dimensions | |
| Tripping Curves | 59 |
| Powerpact [®] Tripping Curves | 67 |
| Let-through Curves | 75 |
| Powerpact [®] Let-through Curves | |
| 400 AMPERE FRAME | 78 |
| Description | |
| Applications | |
| Selection Data | |
| Dimensions | |
| Tripping Curves | |
| 600 AMPERE FRAME | |
| Description | |
| Applications | |
| Selection Data | |
| Dimensions | |
| Tripping Curves | |
| Let-through Curves | |
| • | |
| 800 / 1000 AMPERE FRAME | |
| Description | |
| Applications | |
| Selection Data | |
| Powerpact [®] Selection Data | |
| Dimensions | 102 |

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Table of Contents

| | Tripping Curves | 103 |
|-----|--|-------|
| | Powerpact [®] Tripping Curves | 111 |
| 12 | 200 AMPERE FRAME | . 113 |
| | Description | 113 |
| | Applications | |
| | Selection Data | 113 |
| | Dimensions | 115 |
| | Tripping Curves | 116 |
| 20 | 000 / 2500 AMPERE FRAME | . 121 |
| | Description | |
| | Applications | |
| | Selection Data | |
| | Dimensions | |
| | Tripping Curves | |
| M | AGNETIC ONLY MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS | 130 |
| | Description | |
| | Characteristics | |
| | Ampere Rating | |
| | Magnetic Adjustment | |
| | Selection Data | |
| | Adjustable Instantaneous-trip Circuit Breakers for Single Motor Circuit Protection | |
| R/I | OLDED CASE SWITCHES | |
| IVI | Description | |
| | Reverse Connection | |
| | Selection Data | |
| | Powerpact® Selection Data | |
| | Dimensions | |
| | CCESSORIES | |
| A | Factory and Field Installation Types | |
| | Shunt Trip | |
| | Ground Fault Shunt Trip | |
| | Undervoltage Trip | |
| | Undervoltage Trip Time-delay Unit | |
| | Auxiliary Switch | |
| | Alarm Switch | |
| | Micrologic® Ground Fault Module | |
| | Electrical Operators | |
| | Circuit Breaker Handle Accessories | |
| | Circuit Breaker Cylinder Locks | |
| | Walking Beam Mechanical Interlock | |
| | Operating Mechanisms | |
| | UL Listed Terminations | |
| | Control Wire Terminations | |
| | Lug Delete | |
| | Power Distribution Connectors | |
| | Rear Connecting Studs | |
| | I-Line® Accessories | |
| | KA Insert Kit | |
| | | |

II SQUARE D

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Table of Contents

| LC, LI, LE, LX and LXI Circuit Breaker Termination Clip Kit | . 172 |
|---|-------|
| Replacement Handles | . 172 |
| Mechanical Key Interlock Adaptor Plate | . 172 |
| Visi-blade [®] Circuit Breakers | . 173 |
| Sub-feed Lugs | . 173 |

INTRODUCTION

This section of the catalog introduces low voltage thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, magnetic only circuit breakers, and molded case switches. It provides an overview which covers:

- Construction standards
- Ratings and tripping characteristics
- Catalog numbers used when ordering (to specify the circuit breakers and accessories used with it)
- Return and exchange policies

The frame size sections contain application information on thermal-magnetic and magnetic only circuit breakers and molded case switches. They are presented in subsections based on their amperage ratings as shown below.

- 100 Ampere Frame
- 225 / 250 Ampere Frame
- 400 Ampere Frame
- 600 Ampere Frame
- 800 Ampere Frame
- 1000 Ampere Frame
- 1200 Ampere Frame
- 2000 / 2500 Ampere Frame
- Magnetic Only
- Molded Case Switches

The section, Accessories, contains the accessories used with thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, magnetic only circuit breakers and molded case switches. Ordering information for the accessories is also provided.

Circuit breakers are designed to protect electrical systems from damage caused by overloads, short circuits, and ground faults. A molded case circuit breaker is defined by the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) as, "... a device assembled as an integral unit in supporting and enclosing housing of insulated material, designed to open and close a circuit by non-automatic means, and to open the circuit automatically on a predetermined overcurrent, without injury to itself when properly applied within its rating."

Square D manufactures thermal-magnetic, magnetic only, and electronic trip molded circuit breakers. Thermal-magnetic and magnetic only circuit breakers, along with the molded case switches available from Square D, are described in this catalog. Electronic trip circuit breakers are described in catalog Class 602 Electronic Trip Molded Case Circuit Breakers (a separate publication available from Square D). Also, see Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact® and Masterpact® circuit breakers.

Molded Case Circuit Breaker Types

This catalog discusses the following types of molded case circuit breakers:

- Thermal-magnetic, including current limiting circuit breakers
- Magnetic only (Mag-Gard®) circuit breakers
- Molded case switches





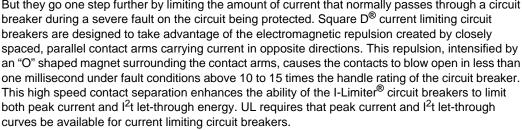


■ Thermal-Magnetic Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers are the most common overcurrent protection devices. Their primary functions are to provide a means to manually open a circuit and automatically open a circuit under overload or short circuit conditions. Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers use bimetals and electromagnetic assemblies to provide overcurrent protection. Their characteristic inverse time tripping under overload conditions is ideally suited for many applications varying from residential to heavy industrial loads. For higher level (short circuit) overcurrents, instantaneous trip characteristics allow molded case circuit breakers to interrupt with no intentional delay.

Current Limiting Circuit Breakers

Current limiting circuit breakers are used for overcurrent protection and switching on ac systems where high fault currents may be encountered. They have permanent trip units containing individual thermal and magnetic trip elements in each pole like thermal-magnetic circuit breakers. But they go one step further by limiting the amount of current that normally passes through a circuit breaker during a severe fault on the circuit being protected. Square D® current limiting circuit breakers are designed to take advantage of the electromagnetic repulsion created by closely spaced, parallel contact arms carrying current in opposite directions. This repulsion, intensified by an "O" shaped magnet surrounding the contact arms, causes the contacts to blow open in less than one millisecond under fault conditions above 10 to 15 times the handle rating of the circuit breaker. This high speed contact separation enhances the ability of the I-Limiter® circuit breakers to limit both peak current and I²t let-through energy. UL requires that peak current and I²t let-through curves be available for current limiting circuit breakers.



The following steps describe the short circuit interrupting process of current limiting circuit breakers at fault levels within the current limiting range:

- 1. Contacts Part—The electromagnetic repulsion between the contact arms exceeds the spring force that holds the contact arms together. The repulsion blows the contact open.
- 2. Limited Peak Current Reached—The intense magnetic field inside the "O" shaped magnet forces the arc (between the opening contacts) into the stack plates.
- 3. Limiter Latch Holds Contacts Open—After Ip has been reached, the current must then be driven to zero. At the same time this occurs, a specially designed limiter latch holds the contacts open until interruption is complete.
- 4. Interruption Complete—To complete interruption, the arc voltage is sustained at a high enough level to overcome source voltage and thereby drive the current to zero (complete interruption). This requires a rapid rise in arc resistance and is accomplished by maintaining arc length while



FIL **Current Limiting** Circuit Breaker

quickly cooling the arc. Cooling the arc causes a loss of ionization which increases arc resistance.

■ Magnetic Only Circuit Breakers

Mag-Gard® magnetic only circuit breakers comply with National Electrical Code (NEC) requirements for providing motor circuit protection when installed as part of a listed combination controller having motor overload protection.

Mag-Gard instantaneous trip circuit breakers (often referred to as motor circuit protectors) are similar in construction to thermal-magnetic circuit breakers. They are designed as disconnect devices for use in combination with motor starters. Mag-Gard circuit breakers are built without thermal detection elements (bimetals), therefore, they provide short circuit protection only. Mag-Gard circuit breakers have an adjustable amperage pick up so they can be set to open instantaneously at current values slightly above the motor starting inrush current. This setting coordinates the pick-up time-current response of the Mag-Gard with the overload relay of the starter to give the best possible motor protection. According to the 2002 NEC, "Where the setting specified in Table 430.52 is not sufficient for the starting current of the motor, the setting of an instantaneous trip circuit breaker shall be permitted to be increased but shall in no case exceed 1300 percent of the motor full-load current for other than Design E motors or Design B energy efficient motors and no more than 1700 percent of full-load motor current for Design E motors or Design B energy efficient motors. Trip settings above 800 percent for other than Design E motors or Design B energy efficient motors and above 1100 percent for Design E motors or Design B energy efficient motors shall be permitted where the need has been demonstrated by engineering evaluation. In such cases, it shall not be necessary to first apply an instantaneous-trip circuit breaker at 800 percent or 1100 percent." Current interrupting ratings for these UL recognized components are established in combination with motor starters and properly sized overload relays and contactors. Mag-Gard circuit breakers are tested in combination with Square D $^{ exttt{@}}$ starters per UL Standard 845.



Circuit Breaker

Molded Case Switches

Molded case switches are intended for use as disconnect devices only. UL Standard 489 requires molded case switches to be protected by a thermal-magnetic circuit breaker (or fuse) of equivalent rating. Molded case switches are labeled with their appropriate withstand ratings. Withstand rating is defined as the maximum current, at rated voltage, that the molded case switch will withstand, without damage, when protected by a circuit breaker (or fuse) with an equal continuous current rating.

Automatic molded case switches are similar in construction to thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, except that the thermal detection element is not present. These switches open instantaneously at a non-adjustable, factory preset, magnetic trip point calibrated to protect only the molded case construction, they are more compact than conventional disconnect switches and accept electrical

accessories for added flexibility. The following molded case switches are available from Square D:



KHL Automatic Molded Case Switch

Table 1: **Molded Case Switches**

| FH | 100 Ampere Frame |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| HD, HG, HJ, HL★ | 15–150 Ampere Frame |
| QB, QD, QG, QJ [★] | 70–250 Ampere Frame |
| КН | 250 Ampere Frame |
| JD, JG, JJ, JL★ | 150–250 Ampere Frame |
| LH | 400 Ampere Frame |
| M-frame [★] | 300-800 Ampere Frame |
| MH | 600-1000 Ampere Frame |
| NC | 1200 Ampere Frame |
| PH | 2000 Ampere Frame |
| PC | 2500 Ampere Frame |
| ★ | |

See Powerpact® H- and J-frame catalog, Class 611, for more information. Also, see Class 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact® circuit breakers.

Internal Operating Mechanisms

The following mechanisms allow the circuit breaker to operate:

- Thermal trip
- Magnetic trip
- Push-to-trip button
- Shunt trip
- Undervoltage trip

NOTE: Shunt trip and undervoltage trip are described in the Accessories section.

■ Tripping Mechanism

The tripping mechanism is an assembly within the circuit breaker frame that causes the circuit breaker to open automatically under sustained overload, short circuit, or high level ground fault conditions.

The tripping mechanisms in 2- and 3-pole circuit breakers operate such that an overcurrent on any given pole of the circuit breaker will cause all poles of the circuit breaker to open simultaneously. A thermal and magnetic factory calibration test (with current) is performed on each pole of every circuit breaker manufactured by Square D[®].

The sensing system of a thermal-magnetic circuit breaker is an integral part of the circuit breaker that continually monitors the current flowing through the circuit breaker. It detects abnormal current conditions and, depending on the magnitude of the current, initiates an inverse-time or an instantaneous tripping response. This action causes the tripping mechanism to open the circuit breaker contacts and interrupt current flow. The speed of the tripping process must be controllable and inversely matched to the severity of the overcurrent. The ability of a particular circuit breaker to interrupt a given level of overcurrent depends on the sensitivity of the circuit breaker.

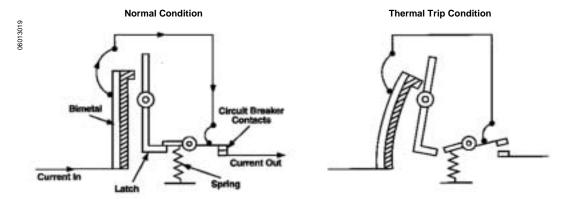
Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers have two tripping elements.

Thermal Trip

The molded case circuit breaker thermal trip element is a root means squared (RMS) sensing device. The bimetal thermal element is constructed from metals of dissimilar rates of expansion bonded together. The thermal portion responds to overloads by reacting to the heat generated both by the current flowing through the circuit breaker and by the heat contribution from the ambient conditions. The bending force of the bimetal causes the circuit breaker to trip. The deflection of the bimetal is predictable as a function of current and time. This is the inverse time tripping characteristics of the thermal element (i.e., the tripping time decreases as the magnitude of the current increases).

Square D calibrates the thermal elements for a specific amperage rating, and they are not field adjustable. The thermal trip elements are calibrated for 40° C ambient temperature per UL Standard 489.

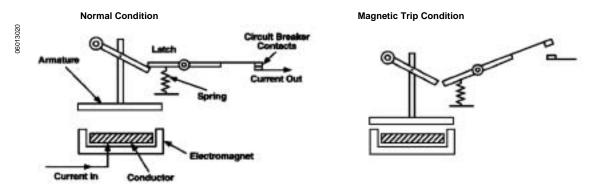
Figure 1: Thermal Trip Condition



Magnetic Trip

The magnetic (instantaneous) trip element uses an electromagnetic assembly, in series with the load current, to trip the circuit breaker instantaneously (with no intentional delay) at or above a predetermined current value. During a short circuit of significant magnitude, the high level current passing through the conductor rapidly increases the magnetic field of the electromagnet which attracts the armature. As the armature is drawn toward the electromagnet, it initiates an unlatching action and opens the circuit breaker contacts.

Figure 2: Magnetic Tip Condition



Line and Load Connections

Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, magnetic only circuit breakers, and molded case switches are provided with factory installed UL Listed mechanical-type aluminum alloy lugs suitable for either aluminum or copper wire. In addition to mechanical lugs, Square D can supply copper mechanical lugs, aluminum or copper Versa-Crimp[®] compression lugs, and power distribution connectors. Circuit breakers can be ordered without lugs to accept bus connections.

Figure 3: Mechanical and Versa-Crimp Lugs



Square D also offers I-Line[®] circuit breakers, which feature plug-on connectors. They are designed for easy installation and removal of the circuit breakers in our exclusive I-Line panelboards. I-Line circuit breakers use "blow-on" type connectors. In case of a short circuit, in the circuit being protected, the increased magnetic flux causes the plug-on connectors to grasp the panelboard bus bars even tighter. These connectors are an integral part of the I-Line circuit breakers, as is the breaker mounting bracket.

■ Push-To-Trip Button

Push-To-Trip is a standard feature of Square D[®] molded case circuit breakers that allows the circuit breaker to be manually tripped without exposure to live parts. The Push-To-Trip button is located on the face of each molded case circuit breaker for ease of periodic operation.

International I/O (ON/OFF) markings appear on the face of each Square D molded case circuit breaker and molded case switch in addition to the standard ON/OFF markings to indicate handle position. When tripped, the handle assumes a center position. To reset the breaker, the handle is moved to the

OFF position and then to the ON position. During normal on/off operation, the handle opens and closes the circuit breaker contacts but does not exercise the tripping mechanism. Square D suggests that the circuit breaker's tripping mechanism be exercised at least annually. Use of the Push-To-Trip system will also check:

- Alarm circuits
- · Emergency circuits
- Motor sequencing operations

For maintenance information, application, and field testing guides contact your local Square D sales office 1-888 Square D.

Circuit Breaker Tripping Characteristics

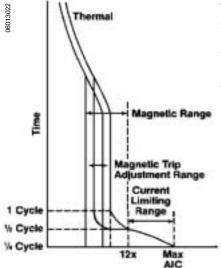
The tripping characteristics of thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers can be represented by a characteristic tripping curve that plots tripping time versus current level. The curve shows the amount of time required for a circuit breaker to trip for currents ranging from minor overloads to maximum interrupting capacity.

■ Thermal Tripping Characteristics

The left-hand portion of a tripping curve displays the circuit breaker's thermal response. On low level overcurrents, up to the magnetic tripping level, thermal tripping occurs when a bimetal in the circuit breaker responds to heat associated with overcurrent. The bimetal deflects, unlatching the mechanism, which causes the circuit breaker contacts to open. The larger the overcurrent, the faster the circuit breaker operates to open the circuit (inverse time).

Magnetic Tripping Characteristics

Figure 4: FI Characteristic Tripping Curve



Multiples of Rated Current

The right hand portion of a tripping curve displays the magnetic tripping response of the circuit breaker. This takes place when overcurrents of sufficient magnitude operate an internal magnetic armature that unlatches the tripping mechanism. Magnetic tripping occurs with no intentional delay.

For example, the FI circuit breaker time current characteristic tripping curve shows the tripping response of the circuit breaker for currents ranging from minor overloads to maximum interrupting capacity.

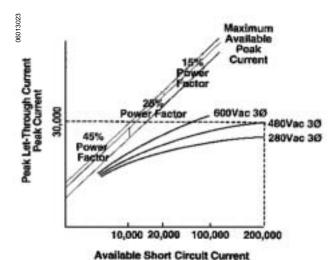
■ Circuit Breaker Coordination

To determine what level of coordination exists between molded case circuit breakers, a comparison of circuit breaker characteristic tripping curves is necessary.

A coordination study is an organized effort to achieve optimum electrical distribution system protection by determining the appropriate frame sizes, ampere ratings, and settings of overcurrent protective devices. When an overcurrent within the coordination limits occurs in a distribution system, only the protective device nearest the overload or fault opens. Lack of coordination between overcurrent devices can result in upstream devices opening and interrupting electrical distribution in other parts of the system.

■ Let-through Current Curves

Figure 5: Maximum Instantaneous Let-through Current



Let-through current curves show the extent to which a current limiting circuit breaker limits the peak current that could flow during a short circuit. On these curves, the slanting straight lines marked 15%, 25% and 45% power factor show the maximum theoretical peak currents that could flow in a faulted circuit having that particular short circuit power factory—with NO current limiting device in the circuit.

Short circuits which produce high fault currents typically are associated with low short circuit power factors; that is, high X/R ratios. Since different portions of a system will exhibit various available fault levels and power factors associated with those levels, UL has established that the following power factors be used in short circuit testing:

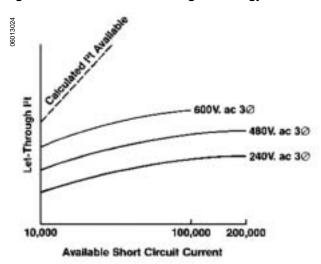
Table 2: Power Factors in Short Circuit Testing

| Test Current RMS Symmetrical (Amperes) | Power Factor (%) |
|---|------------------|
| 10,000 or Less | 45–50 |
| 10,000–20,000 | 25–30 |
| Over 20,000 | 15–20 |

Since the peak current let-through curves for the I-Limiter[®] current limiting circuit breakers were derived from tests at the current levels and power factors indicated, the degree of current limitation is expressed by the differential between the maximum available peak current and the actual test let-through peak current.

The curves extend from the threshold of current limitation through the maximum interrupting rating of the current limiting circuit breaker.

Figure 6: Maximum Let-through I²t Energy



Let-through I²t curves show the extent to which the current limiting circuit breaker limits energy let-through under short circuit conditions. The theoretical I²t let-through of symmetrical sinusoidal current can be calculated. At 100,000 amperes rms, this would be 83 x 10^6 ampere² seconds for ½ cycle if NO CURRENT LIMITING DEVICE WERE IN THE CIRCUIT. In contrast, the curves show that with the same level of 100,000 rms symmetrical short circuit amperes available, the 100 ampere current limiting circuit breaker would limit the energy flow 0.62×10^6 ampere² seconds at 480 volts or 0.27×10^6 ampere² seconds at 240 volts.

Construction

Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers are manufactured and tested according to the following standards and files:

- Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) Listed to UL489 Standard, File E10027,
- National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) AB-1 Standard,
- Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Certified to CSA C22.2 No. 5-02 Standard, File LR7551,
- International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 60947-2 Standard,
- Federal Specification W-C-375B/GEN as Class 11a, 11b; 12a, 12b; and 13a, 13b.

Magnetic only circuit breakers are manufactured and tested according to the following standards and files:

- Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) Recognized to UL489 Standard, File E10027,
- Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Certified to CSA C22.2 No. 5-02 Standard, File LR32390.

Molded case switches are manufactured and tested according to the following standards and files:

- Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) Listed to UL489 Standard, File E33117 or E87159,
- Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Certified to CSA C22.2 No. 5-02 Standard, File LR32390 or LR40970.

NOTE: Circuit breakers are to be applied by guidelines detailed in the NEC and other local electrical codes.

Specifications

Cases for molded case circuit breakers are constructed of a glass-reinforced insulating material that provides high dielectric strength. Current carrying components are isolated from the handle and accessory mounting area. The handle position indicates whether the circuit breaker is OFF, ON or tripped.

Square D[®] molded case circuit breakers:

- have common tripping of all poles,
- are equipped with a Push-To-Trip button to manually trip the circuit breaker,
- can be mounted and operated in any position,
- are fully tested, UL listed, CSA certified, and IEC rated for reverse connection without restrictive "LINE" or "LOAD" markings.

Tripping System

Square D® thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers have a permanent trip unit that contains a factory preset thermal trip element and a magnetic trip element in each pole. The thermal trip element is rms sensing. In circuit breakers with frame sizes greater than 100 ampere, the magnetic trip element is field adjustable. A single adjustment simultaneously adjusts the instantaneous trip point in each pole.

Terminations

All factory installed mechanical type lugs are UL Listed to accept solid or stranded conductors and can be used with wire rated at 60° C, 75° C, and 90° C (sized according to the NEC 75° C temperature rating). Most molded case circuit breakers are UL Listed to accept field installable mechanical type and compression type lugs.

UL Requirements.

A UL label on a Square D molded case circuit breaker indicates that the circuit breaker meets the requirements of UL Standard 489 for circuit breakers.

A UL label also means the production procedure is monitored by UL inspectors for continuing conformance to UL performance requirements. These requirements are based on sound engineering principles, research, records of test and field experience, and information gathered from users and inspection authorities. These requirements are subject to revision as necessary.

■ UL HACR Type

All UL 489 listed molded case circuit breakers are HACR type.

UL 489 Test Procedures

■ Limited Available Fault Current Tests

UL requires a series of tests on a single set of sample circuit breakers for compliance with UL Standard 489. The tests for thermal-magnetic breakers are described below.

Since molded case switches are derivatives of molded case circuit breakers, some testing of switches is ic

| dentical to that for circuit breakers. These tests include a 600% overload performance test. |
|--|
| □ 200% Thermal Calibration |
| Each pole of the circuit breaker must trip within a specified time limit when carrying 200% of its continuous current rating. |
| □ 135% Thermal Calibration |
| With all poles connected in series, the circuit breaker must trip within a specified time limit when carrying 135% of its continuous current rating. |
| □ Magnetic Calibration |
| If the circuit breaker has an adjustable magnetic tripping means, then it must trip within a specified percentage of the marked tripping current. |
| □ Overload |
| The circuit breaker is operated making and breaking 600% of its continuous current rating, but not less than 150 ampere. |
| For circuit breakers through 1600 ampere, the number of 600% operations is 50. For larger circuit |

iit breakers to 4000 ampere, the number of operations is 25.

Temperature Rise

While carrying 100% of rated current at a 40° C ambient temperature and mounted in open air, the circuit breaker is checked for temperature rise on a wring terminal. The temperature on the terminal shall not exceed a 50° C rise above ambient temperature and must be within specified limits.

Endurance

The circuit ibreaker must successfully complete the following number of switching operations:

Table 3: Circuit Breaker Endurance

| Frame Size Amperes | Full Load Operations | No Load Operations |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 0–100 | 6,000 | 4,000 |
| 101–225 | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| 226–600 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 601-800 | 500 | 3,000 |
| 801–2500 | 500 | 2,000 |
| 2501–4000 | 400 | 1,100 |

Calibration Retest

Both the 200% and 135% thermal calibration tests are repeated.

□ Short Circuit

For circuit breakers rated 240 Vac and higher, two short circuit tests per pole and one test with all poles connected in series is performed. For example, a 3-pole circuit breaker receives seven short circuit tests.

For circuit breakers rated 120/240 Vac, three tests are made with all poles connected in series.

The circuit breaker is connected to the test circuit using wire correctly sized for the rating of the circuit breakers. The line leads are not more than four feet in length and the load leads are not more than 10 inches in length.

NOTE: Successful testing requires that the current be interrupted while monitoring the integrity of the line-end load connection.

☐ Trip Out

The 200% thermal calibration test is repeated following the short circuit tests.

Dielectric

The circuit breaker must withstand, for one minute, twice its rated voltage plus 1000 Vac:

- between line and load terminals with the circuit breaker open, that is, with the circuit breaker in the tripped and off positions,
- between terminals of opposite polarity with the circuit breaker closed, and
- between live parts and the overall enclosure with the circuit breaker both open and closed.

No conditioning of the circuit breaker can take place during or between these tests. There also can be no failure of functional parts at the conclusion of the sequences.

High Available Fault Current Tests

After qualifying a set of circuit breakers to the standard tests, a manufacturer can have additional circuit breaker samples tested on higher than standard available fault currents.

The following performance requirements apply:

□ 200% Thermal Calibration

Each pole of the circuit breaker must trip within a specified time limit when carrying 200% of its continuous current rating.

Short Circuit

With the load side terminals connected by 10-inch lengths of specified cable, the circuit breaker is exposed to a short circuit current for a set time interval. After safe interruption, the circuit breaker is reset and closed again on the short circuit.

□ 250% Thermal Calibration

Each pole of the circuit breaker must trip within a specified time limit when carrying 250% of its continuous current rating.

Dielectric Withstand

The circuit breaker is subjected to twice its rated voltage, but not less than 900 Vac.

When the sample circuit breaker passes these tests, breakers of the same construction can be marked or labeled with the higher current interrupting rating.

Switching Duty

The switching duty (SWD) listing applies only to 15 ampere and 20 ampere circuit breakers rated at 277 Vac or less. The circuit breakers are subjected to specified temperature rise tests at predetermined periods during the endurance operations.

■ Performance Requirements for Magnetic Trip Only Circuit Breakers

Design performance verification is tested as follows:

- 1. Verification of calibration
- 2. Overload
- 3. Temperature rise
- 4. Mechanical and electrical endurance
- 5. Limited fault current
- 6. Re-verification of calibration
- 7. Dielectric

Ratings for Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Molded case circuit breakers are selected by their ratings. The ratings must meet or exceed the parameters of the electrical system on which they are used.

Voltage Rating

A circuit breaker may be rated either for alternating current (ac) or direct current (dc) system applications. The established voltage rating of a circuit breaker is based on design parameters such as clearance of current carrying parts and dielectric withstand tests both through air and over surfaces. Voltage ratings indicate the maximum voltage for the electrical system on which the circuit breaker can be applied. UL Standard 489 recognizes the following ratings:

Table 4: UL Standard 489 Recognized Voltage Ratings

| Volts for Alternating Current (ac) | Volts for Direct Current (dc) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 120 | 125 |
| 120/240 | 125/250 |
| 240 | 250 |
| 277 | 600 |
| 480Y/277 | |
| 480 | |
| 600 | |

A circuit breaker can be rated for either ac or dc system applications or both. Circuit breaker voltage ratings must be equal to or greater than the nominal voltage of the electrical system on which they are used.

Paragraph 240.85 of the 2002 NEC states that a circuit breaker must be applied in the following manner:

240.85—A circuit breaker with a straight voltage rating, such as 240 V or 480 V, shall be permitted to be applied in a circuit in which the nominal voltage between any two conductors does not exceed the circuit breaker's voltage rating. A two-pole circuit breaker shall not be used for protecting a 3-phase, corner-grounded delta circuit unless the circuit breaker is marked 1Ø–3Ø to indicate such suitability.

A circuit breaker with a slash rating, such as 120/240 V or 480Y/277 V, shall be permitted to be applied in a solidly grounded circuit where the nominal voltage of any conductor to ground does not exceed the lower of the two values of the circuit breaker's voltage rating and the nominal voltage between any two conductors does not exceed the higher value of the circuit breaker's voltage rating.

FPN: Proper application of molded case circuit breakers on 3-phrase systems, other than solidly grounded wye, particularly on corner grounded delta systems, considers the circuit breakers' individual pole-interrupting capability.

Continuous Current Rating

The continuous current rating (or handle rating) of a circuit breaker is defined by NEMA as: "The maximum direct current or rms current, in amperes, at rated frequency which a device or assembly will carry continuously without exceeding the specified limits of observable temperature rise." Continuous current amperage ratings established by the 2002 NEC, paragraph 240.6 are: 15 A, 20 A, 25 A, 30 A, 35 A, 40 A, 45 A, 50 A, 60 A, 70 A, 80 A, 90 A, 100 A, 110 A, 125 A, 150 A, 175 A, 200 A, 225 A, 250 A, 300 A, 350 A, 400 A, 450 A, 500 A, 600 A, 700 A, 800 A, 1000 A, 1200 A, 1600 A, 2000 A, 2500 A, 3000 A, 4000 A, 5000 A, 6000 A.

Paragraph 210.20 (A) and 215.3 of the 2002 NEC states:

210.20 (A)—Where a branch circuit supplies continuous loads or any combination of continuous and noncontinuous loads, the rating of the overcurrent device shall not be less than the noncontinuous load plus 125 percent of the continuous load.

Exception: Where the assembly, including the overcurrent devices protecting the branch circuit(s), is listed for operation at 100 percent of its rating, the ampere rating of the overcurrent device shall be permitted to be not less than the sum of the continuous load plus the noncontinuous load.

215.3—Feeders shall be protected against overcurrent in accordance with the provisions of Part I of Article 240. Where a feeder supplies continuous loads or any combination of continuous and noncontinuous loads, the rating of the overcurrent device shall not be less than the noncontinuous load plus 125 percent of the continuous load.

Exception No. 1: Where the assembly, including the overcurrent devices protecting the feeder(s), is listed for operation at 100 percent of its rating, the ampere rating of the overcurrent device shall be permitted to not less than the sum of the continuous load plus the noncontinuous load.

Exception No. 2: Overcurrent protection for feeders over 600 volts, nominal, shall comply with Prt IX of Article 240.

NEC defines a continuous load as: "A load where the maximum current is expected to continue for three hours or more."

UL Standard 489 states that circuit breakers must carry 100% of their continuous current rating indefinitely (without tripping) at 40° C in free air. Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers are sized per the NEC for 80% continuous current ratings in the intended enclosure. The continuous current rating is indicated on the front of each circuit breaker.

Interrupting Ratings

Square D[®] thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers can be standard interrupting, high interrupting, extra high interrupting, and time current limiting in construction and are UL Listed for the interrupting ratings as shown below.

UL recognizes component combinations (circuit breaker / circuit breaker and fuse / circuit breaker) for series connected interrupting ratings. All series rated combinations are marked on the end use equipment along with the statement, "Caution—Series Rated System."

For 100% rated applications, see Class 602, 611, 612, and 613 catalogs for more information.

Table 5: UL Listed Interrupting Ratings in kA (RMS Symmetrical Amperes)

| Ampacity | Catalog Prefix | Maximum Voltage | UL Listed Interrupting ratings (in kA) | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| | | | 240 Vac | 480 Vac | 600 Vac | 125 Vdc | 250 Vdc | 500 Vdc |
| Standard Interrup | oting | | | | | | | |
| | | 600 Vac | 25 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 10 | _ |
| 15-100 | FA | 480 Vac | 25 | 18 | _ | 10 | 10 | _ |
| | | 240 Vac | 10 | _ | _ | 5 | 5 | _ |
| 70–250 | KA | 600 Vac | 42 | 25 | 22 | 10 | 10 | _ |
| 125-600 | LA | 600 Vac | 42 | 30 | 22 | 10 | 10 | _ |
| 300-1000 | MA | 600 Vac | 42 | 30 | 22 | 10 | 10 | _ |
| 600–1200 | NA | 600 Vac | 100 | 50 | 25 | _ | _ | _ |
| 600–2000 | PA | 600 Vac | 65 | 50 | 42 | _ | _ | _ |
| High Interrupting | | | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 15–100 | FH | 600 Vac | 65 | 25 | 18 | 50 | 50 | _ |
| 70–250 | KH | 600 Vac | 65 | 35 | 25 | 50 | 50 | <u> </u> |
| 125–400 | LH | 600 Vac | 65 | 35 | 25 | 50 | 50 | <u> </u> |
| 300-1000 | MH | 600 Vac | 65 | 65 | 25 | 50 | 50 | _ |
| 600–2000 | PH | 600 Vac | 125 | 100 | 65 | <u> </u> | _ | _ |
| 15–100 | FH-DC | 500 Vdc | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20 |
| 70–250 | KH-DC | 500 Vdc | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20 |
| 125-400 | LH-DC | 500 Vdc | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20 |
| 300-1000 | MH-DC | 500 Vdc | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20 |
| 600–2500 | PA-DC | 500 Vdc | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | 25 |
| Extra High Interru | upting | - | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 15–100 | FC | 480 Vac | 100 | 65 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 110–250 | КС | 480 Vac | 100 | 65 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 300-600 | LC | 600 Vac | 100 | 65 | 35 | _ | _ | _ |
| 600-1200 | NC | 600 Vac | 125 | 100 | 65 | _ | _ | _ |
| 1600–2500 | PC | 600 Vac | 125 | 100 | 65 | _ | _ | _ |
| Current Limiting | ' | , | | | | | | |
| 20–100 | FI | 600 Vac | 200 | 200 | 100 | _ | _ | _ |
| 110–250 | KI | 600 Vac | 200 | 200 | 100 | _ | _ | _ |
| 300–600 | LI | 600 Vac | 200 | 200 | 100 | _ | _ | _ |

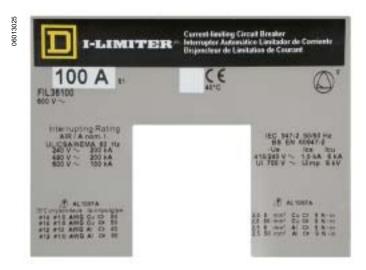
NOTE: These ratings apply to I-Line® circuit breakers and circuit breakers with or without lugs.

Table 6: Powerpact® UL Listed Interrupting Ratings in kA (RMS Symmetrical Amperes)

| Ampacity | Catalog Prefix | Maximum Voltage | UL Listed Interrupting ratings (in kA) | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|-----------------|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | 240 Vac | 480 Vac | 600 Vac | 125 Vdc | 250 Vdc | 500 Vdc |
| | HD | - 600 Vac | 25 | 18 | 14 | - 20 | 20 | TBD |
| 45 450 | HG | | 65 | 35 | 18 | | | |
| 15–150 | HJ | | 100 | 65 | 25 | | | |
| | HL | | 125 | 100 | 50 | | | |
| | QB | 240 Vac | 10 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 70.050 | QD | | 25 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 70–250 | QG | 600 Vac | 65 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | QJ | 240 Vac | 100 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | JD | 600Vac | 25 | 18 | 14 | 20 | 20 | TBD |
| 150–250 | JG | | 65 | 35 | 18 | | | |
| 130-230 | JJ | | 100 | 65 | 25 | | | |
| | JL | | 125 | 100 | 50 | | | |
| 300-800 | MG | - 600 Vac | 65 | 35 | 18 | _ | _ | _ |
| 300-000 | MJ | ouu vac | 100 | 65 | 25 | _ | _ | _ |

The ampere interrupting rating (AIR) of a circuit breaker is the highest current at rated voltage that the circuit breaker is intended to interrupt under standard test conditions. The interrupting rating is shown on the faceplate of the circuit breaker for each voltage level that the circuit breaker can use. Circuit breakers are selected with interrupting ratings equal to or greater than the available short circuit current at the point where the circuit breaker is applied in the system. Circuit breaker interrupting ratings are commonly expressed in rms symmetrical amperes. The industry standardization on rms symmetrical ampere ratings takes into account asymmetrical current conditions by specifying a power factor in the test circuit.

Figure 7: Circuit Breaker Faceplate Label



■ Ambient Temperature Rating

To meet the requirements of UL Standard 489, CSA, and IEC, molded case circuit breakers are designed, built and calibrated for use on 50/60 Hertz (Hz) ac systems in a 40° C ambient temperature.

The ambient temperature is the temperature of the air surrounding a circuit breaker. Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers are temperature sensitive devices, and their rated continuous current carrying capacity is based on a UL specified 40° C calibration temperature. The ambient temperature can affect the thermal (overload) tripping characteristics of thermal-magnetic circuit breakers. When applying the

circuit breaker at a temperature other than 40° C, it may be necessary to rerate the circuit breaker to compensate for ambient conditions. Conductors are sized using the ampacity rerating factors shown in NEC Table 310-16 when designating systems for ambient temperatures other than 40° C.

Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers use bimetal strips that bend in response to temperature changes. Current flowing through the circuit breaker creates most of the heat that causes the tripping action. The ambient temperature surrounding the circuit breaker either adds to or subtracts from this available heat.

■ Rerating of Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers for Ambient Conditions

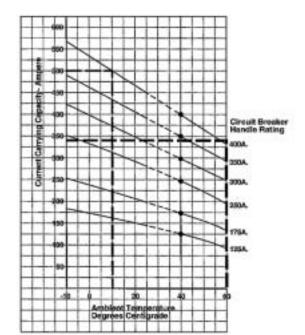
Square D[®] thermal-magnetic circuit breakers are to be applied in ambient temperatures within a range of -10° C to +60° C. These rerating guidelines should be followed:

- 1. At ambient temperatures between 25° C and 40° C, no rerating is necessary.
- 2. At ambient temperatures between -10° C and 24° C, thermal-magnetic circuit breakers carry more than their continuous current rating without tripping. Wire and equipment damage can result if they are not in the same low ambient environment as the circuit breaker.
 - If closer protection of the equipment and wire is required, the increased current carrying capacity of the circuit breaker at the lower ambient temperature should be taken into consideration.
- 3. At ambient temperatures between 41° C and 60° C thermal-magnetic circuit breakers carry less than their continuous current rating and must be carefully selected to prevent nuisance tripping.

The following procedure is used to determine the continuous current carrying capacity of a thermal-magnetic circuit breaker at ambient temperature other than 40° C (see data bulletin *Determining Current Carrying Capacity in Special Applications* for more information):

- 1. Refer to the ambient rerating curves for the circuit breaker type.
- Select the curve for the specific amperage rating of the circuit breaker involved. Note in the figure, below, that the curve crosses the 40° C ambient temperature line at the circuit breaker's UL Listed continuous current rating (handle rating).
- 3. Follow this curve to the ambient temperature in which the circuit breaker is to be installed.
- 4. Read the continuous current carrying capacity at this left axis point.
- 5. Apply any other applicable factors, such as 80% loading per the NEC.

Figure 8: LA Circuit Breaker Ambient Rerating Curves



For example, this figure shows the ambient rerating curves for the LA thermal-magnetic circuit breaker. Determine the continuous current carrying capacity of a 400 ampere LA circuit breaker applied at 40° C by finding 40 on the horizontal axis and reading up to the 400 ampere curve. The circuit breaker carries 400A, which is its rated capacity. If the circuit breaker is used on a continuous load (3 hours or more). Paragraph 220-10b of the NEC requires that loading not exceed 80% of the rating (400 ampere x .80 = 320 ampere).

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Frequency Rating

The standard rated frequency for circuit breakers is 60 Hz, but Square D[®] circuit breakers can be applied on 50 Hz systems without thermal or magnetic rerating. Other frequencies can affect the thermal, magnetic and short circuit tripping characteristics of circuit breakers.

Applying thermal-magnetic circuit breakers at frequencies above 50/60 Hz requires special consideration of the effects of high frequency on circuit breaker tripping characteristics. Thermal and magnetic operations must be treated separately.

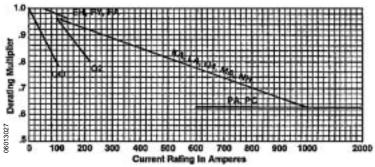
■ Thermal Tripping Performance

At frequencies below 60 Hz, the thermal rerating of thermal-magnetic circuit breakers is negligible. However, at frequencies above 60 Hz, thermal rerating is required. High frequency operation causes abnormal heat rise in the current carrying parts because of the skin effect. One of the most common frequency applications is at 400 Hz.

For example, when applying a 200 ampere KA circuit breaker on a 400 Hz system, the circuit breaker's current carrying capacity is as follows:

- Non-continuous loads (less than three hours): The KA circuit breaker may be applied at .92 of its rating, or 184 ampere.
- Continuous loads (3 hours or more): Paragraph 220-10b of the NEC requires that circuit breaker's loading does not exceed 80% of its rating when used for continuous loads. (Unless the circuit breaker is rated for operation at 100% of its rating). Therefore, the current carrying capacity of a 200 ampere KA circuit breaker operating under continuous load at 400 Hz would be 200 x .92 x .80 = 147 ampere.

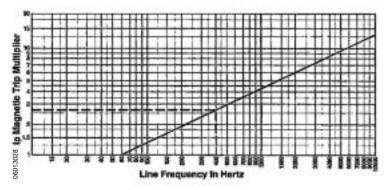
Figure 9: 400 Hz Thermal Rerating Multiplier



At frequencies above 60 Hz, the interrupting capacity of thermal-magnetic circuit breakers is less than the 60 Hz interrupting capacity. Unless specifically marked on 400 Hz systems, the interrupting capacity of Square D^{\circledR} circuit breakers is reduced to 1/10th of the 60 Hz interrupting capacity.

Magnetic Tripping Performance

Figure 10: 60 Hz Current Multipliers



At frequencies above 60 Hz, more current is necessary to magnetically trip a circuit breaker than at 60 Hz. The figure below shows the multipliers of 60 Hz current that it takes to magnetically trip a circuit breaker when applied at various frequencies. For example, at 60 Hz it takes 1000 amperes to magnetically trip a 200 ampere KA circuit breaker at its low setting. At 400 Hz it takes 2600 amperes (2.6 multiplier) to magnetically trip the same circuit breaker.

Rerating for Direct Current

Trip curves provide complete time-current characteristics of circuit breakers when applied on ac systems only. Thermal-magnetic circuit breakers (1000 ampere frame or less) on dc systems retain their thermal tripping characteristics, but a multiplier must be applied to the ac magnetic trip level to determine an equivalent dc trip level.

Below is a list of multipliers for the dc magnetic trip level of each type of thermal-magnetic circuit breaker:

Table 7: Rerating Multipliers for Direct Current

| Circuit Breaker | Magnetic Trip Level Multiplier |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| FA/FH/FC | 1.15 |
| KA/KH/KC | Hi Setting 1.15 |
| RA/RH/RC | Lo Setting 1.3 |
| LA/LH | Hi Setting 1.2 |
| LA/LII | Lo Setting 1.3 |
| MA/MH | Hi Setting 1.1 |
| IVIA/IVIT | Lo Setting 1.2 |

For example, the equivalent dc magnetic trip levels for a 200 ampere KA circuit breaker would be:

ac Hi Setting = 2000 ampere + 20%

dc Hi Setting = 2000 ampere x 1.15 = 2300 ampere + 20%

ac Lo Setting = 1000 ampere + 25%

dc Lo Setting = 1000 ampere x 1.3 = 1300 ampere + 25%

■ UL Listed 500 Vdc Rated Circuit Breakers

Square D has UL listed dc thermal-magnetic circuit breakers specifically designed for use on ungrounded dc systems having a maximum short circuit (loaded) voltage of 500 Vdc or a maximum floating (unloaded) voltage of 600 Vdc.

This UL Listed dc rating is available on FH. KH, LH, MH and PA molded case circuit breakers. Specific time current characteristic tripping curves are available for these applications.

Return and Exchange Policy

Molded case circuit breakers are factory sealed and no internal inspection or maintenance is required under normal conditions. **Important: DO NOT OPEN THE SEALED CASE.** Opening of the sealed case voids the UL label and the Square D[®] warranty.

All damaged or used circuit breakers should be replaced as a unit and returned to the factory for inspection. Upon receipt of the circuit breaker, Square D performs a thorough inspection of the circuit breaker and issues a test report (on request). Unused circuit breakers and circuit breakers returned for inspection must be returned as instructed by the local Square D sales office.

Circuit breakers sent to the factory for inspection or testing are not returned. Square D offers a new circuit breaker and allows a credit for the circuit breaker that was returned. Price and credit allowances for all replacements of molded case circuit breakers and trip units are determined by Class, as follows.

■ Class

New circuit breakers that have been broken by handling or assembling, by other than Square D, or in transit and have not been in service.

Allowance

A replacement circuit breaker is furnished and billed at list price minus the regular discount. When the circuit breaker in need of repair is returned, a credit allowance (42% of the billing price minus any transportation paid by Square D[®]) is issued against the invoice of the replacing order.

Class II

New circuit breakers that meet factory inspection standards and are interchangeable electrically and physically with standard units of current manufacture.

Allowance

A replacement circuit breaker is furnished at the list price minus the regular discount. When the unused circuit breaker is returned, a credit (in the amount of the billing price minus 20% restocking charge and any transportation paid by Square D) is issued.

Class III

Inoperative circuit breakers.

□ Allowance

A replacement circuit breaker is furnished at the list price minus the regular discount. Upon return of the circuit breaker claimed inoperative, full credit is issued on the basis of the replacement cost plus any transportation costs paid by the customer.

Examination by Square D must substantiate the claimed inoperative nature of the material returned.

Class IV

Exchange of permanent trip circuit breakers (KA, LA, MA or NA) furnished in lieu of circuit breakers specified with interchangeable trip. These circuit breakers can be identified by a label stating they are subject to this exchange policy.

Allowance

A replacement circuit breaker within the same frame size, but of a different trip rating than that exchanged, is furnished at the lowest recognized competitive list price for a trip unit of the same frame size and trip rating minus the regular discount. This exchange arrangement requires that the replaced circuit breaker be returned to Square D.

Catalog Numbers

10/2004

Square D circuit breakers are ordered by a catalog number that includes the breaker family, description, poles, voltage rating, amperage rating and suffix.

The table below shows a typical catalog number broken down by components. For example, FAL36050V2100, can be broken down as follows:

FΑ 100 ampere frame circuit breaker L Circuit breaker with lugs on both ends

3 Number of poles 6 Voltage rating

050 Continuous current amperage rating (handle rating)

V indicates the Visi-Blade® feature and the 2100 indicates a factory V and 2100

installed contact alarm. These two components are the suffix

Table 8: Breakdown of Typical Catalog Number

| | | FA | L | 3 | 6 | 050 | ٧ | 2100 |
|--|---|----|---|---|---|-----|---|------|
| Breaker Family FY - 30 Ampere Frame FA - 100 Ampere Frame KA - 250 Ampere Frame LA - 400 Ampere Frame MA 1000 Ampere Frame NA - 1200 Ampere Frame | NOTE: "A" is replaced by letter "H" for High Interrupting "A" is replaced by letter "C" for Extra High Interrupting "A" is replaced by letter "I" for Current Limiting. (FA, KA. LA circuit breakers only) | | | | | | | |
| F - Terminal Pads Only (N L - Lugs on Both Ends (Me P - Lugs OFF End Only | r (400 ampere frame maximum) | | _ | | | | | |
| Poles 1 - 1-Pole 2 - 2-Pole 3 - 3-Pole | | | | • | | | | |
| Voltage Rating 2 - 240 Vac 4 - 480 Vac 6 - 600 Vac | | | | | • | | | |
| Ampere Rating 015–090 - 15–90 Ampere 100–900 - 100–900 Ampe 1000–1200 - 1000–1200 A 000 or 0000 - Molded Cas 000X or 000XX - Molded C | re Rating Ampere Rating e Switch | | | | | 1 | | |
| A, B, C - indicated I-Line F CV - Indicates Visi-Blade® M - Indicates Automatic M | olded Case Switch | | | | | | · | |
| adjustable trip range) XXT - Indicates adjustable G - Indicates Ground Fault | eous Trip Only (Mag-Gard®) (i.e., 18M is 300-1100 ampere magnetic trip with responsive thermal (mining breakers) t Shunt Trip accessory s a factory installed accessory | | | | | | | |

BGUARE D

Table 9: Powerpact[®] Q-frame Catalog Numbering System[★]

| Number Segment | Character | Description | Q | В | L | 3 | 2 | 250 | 14 | L W |
|------------------------|-----------------|---|------|---------|--------|--------|---|-----|----|-----|
| Circuit Breaker Family | Q | | | | | | | | | |
| | В | 10 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| Circuit Breaker Type | D | 25 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| (Interrupting Rating) | G | 65 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| | J | 100 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| | Α | I-Line [®] | | | | | | | | |
| | E | Bolt-on I-Line | | | _ | | | | | |
| Connection Type | F | No lugs (Bus Connection) | | | _ | | | | | |
| Connection Type | L | Lugs on both ends | | | _ | | | | | |
| | M | Lugs on ON (I) end only | | | _ | | | | | |
| | Р | Lugs on OFF (O) end only | | | _ | | | | | |
| Doloo | 2 | 2-pole | | | | _ | | | | |
| Poles | 3 | 3-pole | | | | _ | | | | |
| 240 Volts Only | 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 70 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 80 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 90 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 100 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 110 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Continuous Current | 125 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Rating (Amperes) | 150 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 175 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 200 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 225 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 250 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 000 S 22 = Swit | ch (QB only) | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | 1 = AB | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2 = AC | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 polo | 3 = BA | | | | | | | | |
| LLine Phoeing | 2-pole | 4 = BC | | | | | | | | |
| I-Line Phasing | | 5 = CA | | | | | | | | |
| | | 6 = CB | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 note | None = ABC | | | | | | | | |
| | 3-pole | 6 = CBA | | | | | | | | |
| Special Ambient | С | A = 50 C | | | | | | | | |
| | | U = Control taps applied to ON (I) end | | | | | | | | |
| Control Taps | L | V = Control taps applied to OFF (O) end | | | | | | | _ | |
| | | W = Control taps applied to both ends | | | | | | | | |
| | | M = Lugs applied to OFF (O) end; studs with nuts and washers threaded onto ON (I) end | | | | | | | | |
| Termination Options | т | N = Lugs applied to ON (I) end; studs applied to OFF (O) end (nuts/was | sher | s in ba | ag, su | pplied |) | | | |
| | | P = Studs applied to ON (I) end; Lugs applied to OFF (O) end (nuts/wa | sher | rs in b | ag, su | pplied |) | | | |
| | | S = Studs on BOTH ends (nuts/ washers in bag, supplied) | | | | | | | | |
| | | D = Calibration test report supplied | | | | | | | | |
| | | F =Fungus treatment | | | | | | | | |
| Special Features | Υ | P = Handle Padlock Attachment, ON (I) or OFF (O) position | | | | | | | | |
| | | Q = Handle Padlock Attachment, OFF (O) position only | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

See Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact[®] circuit breakers.

[▲] May be collapsed if none.

May be collapsed if none. May be multiple options.

Table 10: Powerpact[®] H-frame Catalog Numbering System★

| Number Segment | Character | Description | Н | L | L | 3 | 6 | 150 | T▲ | - |
|------------------------|-----------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-----|----|---|
| Circuit Breaker Family | Н | | | | | | | | | |
| | D | 25 kA | | | | | | | | |
| Circuit Breaker Type | G | 65 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| (Interrupting Rating) | J | 100 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| | L | 125 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| | A | I-Line [®] | | | | | | | | |
| | D | Drawout | | | _ | | | | | |
| | F | Bus Bar | | | _ | | | | | |
| | K | Reverse I-Line | | | _ | | | | | |
| Connection Type | L | Lugs (Line/Load Side) | | | _ | | | | | |
| | M | Lugs (Line Side) | | | _ | | | | | |
| | N | Plug-in | | | _ | | | | | |
| | Р | Lugs (Load Side) | | | _ | | | | | |
| | S | Rear Connected | | | _ | | | | | |
| Poles | 2 | 2-pole | | | | _ | | | | |
| roles | 3 | 3-pole | | | | _ | | | | |
| Voltage | 6 | 600 Vac | | | | | | | | |
| Continuous Current | 150 | 15–150 ampere | | | | | | _ | | |
| Rating (Amperes) | 000 | Switch | | | | | | _ | | |
| | _ | Standard Fixed Trip Unit (suitable for reverse connection) | | | | | | | | |
| | F06 | 60 Ampere H-frame Only (no trip unit) | | | | | | | | |
| Trip Unit | F15 | 150 Ampere H-frame Only (no trip unit) | | | | | | | | |
| THP OHIL | Т | Complete Circuit Breaker (frame and removable trip unit) | | | | | | | | |
| | S15 | Molded Case Switch 150 Ampere H-frame Automatic Switch | | | | | | | | |
| | С | 100% Continuous Current Rating | | | | | | | | |

[★] See Powerpact H- and J-frame catalog, Class 611, for more information. Also, see Class 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact[®] circuit breakers.

[▲] May be collapsed if none.

[■] May be collapsed if none. May be multiple options.

Table 11: Powerpact[®] J-frame Catalog Numbering System[★]

| Number Segment | Character | Description | J | L | L | 3 | 6 | 250 | T▲ | - |
|------------------------|-----------|--|---|---|---|---|---|-----|----|---|
| Circuit Breaker Family | J | | | | | | | | | |
| | D | 25 kA | | | | | | | | |
| Circuit Breaker Type | G | 65 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| (Interrupting Rating) | J | 100 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| | L | 125 kA | | _ | | | | | | |
| | A | I-Line [®] | | | | | | | | |
| | D | Drawout | | | _ | | | | | |
| | F | Bus Bar | | | _ | | | | | |
| | K | Reverse I-Line | | | _ | | | | | |
| Connection Type | L | Lugs (Line/Load Side) | | | | | | | | |
| | M | Lugs (Line Side) | | | _ | | | | | |
| | N | Plug-in | | | | | | | | |
| | Р | Lugs (Load Side) | | | | | | | | |
| | S | Rear Connected | | | _ | | | | | |
| Poles | 2 | 2-pole | | | | | | | | |
| Poles | 3 | 3-pole | | | | _ | | | | |
| Voltage | 6 | 600 Vac | | | | | _ | | | |
| Continuous Current | 150 | 150–250 ampere | | | | | | _ | | |
| Rating (Amperes) | 000 | Switch | | | | | | _ | | |
| Trip Unit | _ | Standard Fixed Trip Unit (suitable for reverse connection) | | | | | | | ļl | |
| | F25 | 250 Ampere J-frame Only (no trip unit) | | | | | | | | |
| | Т | Complete Circuit Breaker (frame and removable trip unit) | | | | | | | | |
| | S17 | Molded Case Switch 175 Ampere J-frame Automatic Switch | | | | | | | | |
| | S25 | Molded Case Switch 250 Ampere J-frame Automatic Switch | | | | | | | | |
| | С | 100% Continuous Current Rating | | | | | | | | |
| Accessory Suffix Codes | * | | | | | | | | | |

[★] See Powerpact H- and J-frame catalog, Class 611, for more information. Also, see Class 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact[®] circuit breakers.

[▲] May be collapsed if none.

[■] May be collapsed if none. May be multiple options.

Table 12: Powerpact[®] M-frame Catalog Numbering System★

| Number Segment | Character | Description | М | G | Α | 3 | 6 | 800 | 6▲ | AB■ |
|------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| Circuit Breaker Family | М | | _ | | | | | | | |
| Circuit Breaker Type | G | 35 kA @ 480 Volts | | | | | | | | |
| (Interrupting Rating) | J | 65 kA @ 480 Volts | | _ | | | | | | |
| | A | I-Line [®] | | | | | | | | |
| | F | No lugs (Bus Connection) | | | _ | | | | | |
| Connection Type | L | Lugs on both ends | | | _ | | | | | |
| | М | Lugs on ON (I) end only | | | _ | | | | | |
| | Р | Lugs on OFF (O) end only | | | _ | | | | | |
| Poles | 2 | 2-pole | | | | _ | | | | |
| Poles | 3 | 3-pole | | | | _ | | | | |
| Voltage | 6 | 600 Vac | | | | | _ | | | |
| | 300 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 350 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 400 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Continuous Current | 450 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Rating (Amperes) | 500 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 600 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 700 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | 800 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | 1 = AB | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2 = AC | | | | | | | | |
| | 2-pole | 3 = BA | | | | | | | | |
| I-Line Phasing | z-poie | 4 = BC | | | | | | | | |
| I-Lille Filasilig | | 5 = CA | | | | | | | | |
| | | 6 = CB | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 polo | None = ABC | | | | | | | | |
| | 3-pole | 6 = CBA | | | | | | | | |

[★] See M-frame, P-frame, R-frame and NS630b—NS3200 Electronic Trip Circuit Breakers Catalog for more information. Also, see Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact[®] circuit breakers.

[▲] May be collapsed if none.

[■] May be collapsed if none. May be multiple options.

100 AMPERE FRAME

This section provides specific information on Square D[®] 100 ampere frame thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 13: Description of 100 Ampere Frame Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| HD, HG, HJ, HL | 15–150 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz 250 Vdc, 2-, 3-pole. |
| FA/FH | 15-100 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 250 Vdc, 1-, 2- and 3-pole. |
| FC | 15-100 ampere, 480 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole |
| FI | 20-100 ampere, 600 Vac 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole |
| FY | 15-30 ampere, 277 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 1-pole |

Applications

- · FI current limiting circuit breakers are used for electrical systems where high fault currents can occur.
- FA/FH, FC, and FI circuit breakers are used in industrial enclosures, panelboards, switchboards, busway plug-in units, combination starters, or motor control centers.
- FY thermal-magnetic circuit breakers are used in I-Line[®] panelboards and switchboards.

Table 14: 100 Ampere Frame Interrupting Ratings

| Catalog N | lumber | No. of | Cont. | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|--------|------------------|------------------------------------|----------|--------------|-----|-----|----------------|-------------|----------|---------------|----------------------------|--|
| Prefix | | Poles | Ampere Rating | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes | | | | | DC Volts | | | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415/240 | |
| | FY | 1 | 15–30 | 18 | 14 | 14 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 11a, 13b | 10/2.5 | |
| | | 1 | 15-100 | 10 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 5 | _ | _ | 11a | | |
| FAL 240 Vac | FA 240 Vac | 2 | 15–100 | 10 | 10 | _ | _ | _ | 5 | 5 | _ | 11b, 12b | 10/2.5 | |
| vao | Vac | 3 | 15–100 | 10 | 10 | - | _ | - | 5 | 5 | - | 11b, 12b | | |
| | | 1 | 15–100 | 25 | 18 | 18 | _ | _ | 10 | _ | _ | 11a, 12a, 13a | | |
| FAL 480 Vac | FA 480 Vac | 2 | 15–100 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 18 | _ | 10 | 10 | _ | 13b | 10/2.5 | |
| vac | Vac | 3 | 15–100 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 18 | _ | 10 | 10 | _ | 13b | | |
| FAL 600 | FA 600 | 2 | 15–100 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 10 | _ | 18a | 40/0.5 | |
| Vac | Vac | 3 | 15-100 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 10 | _ | 18a | 10/2.5 | |
| | | 1 | 15–30 | 65 | 65 | 65 | _ | _ | 10 | _ | _ | 13a | | |
| FHL* | FH* | 1 | 35-100 | 65 | 25 | 25 | _ | - | 10 | 10 | - | 13a | 10/2.5 | |
| | | 2, 3 | 15–100 | 65 | 65 | 25 | 25 | 18 | 50 | 50 | _ | 22a | | |
| FHL-DC▲ | _ | 3 | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | | 20K | _ | _ | |
| FCL | FC | 2, 3 | 20–100 | 100 | 100 | 65 | 65 | _ | _ | | <u> </u> | 22a | 10/2.5 | |
| FIL | FI | 2, 3 | 20-100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 | _ | 1_ | _ | 16a | 6/1.5 | |

^{*} Separate UL rating available for 240 Vac and 480 Vac grounded B single phase systems. Breakers must be ordered with 5861 suffix.

NOTE: For IEC 60947-2 rated S-line ratings, not UL listed, see Supplemental Digest.

[▲] UL Listed 500 Vdc rating for use on ungrounded systems. Must be connected 3 poles in series. Consult your local Square D sales office for additional information 1-888-Square D.

150 Ampere Powerpact® H-frame Molded Case Circuit Breakers* Table 15:

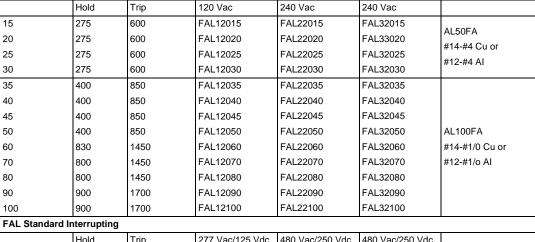
| Catalog N | Catalog Number No. of Cont. | | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|--------|----------|--------------|----------|--------|-----|----------------|-------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------|
| Prefix | | Poles | Ampere Rating | AC Vol | ts - RMS | S Symme | trical A | mperes | ı | OC Volt | s | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line [®] | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415 | 240 |
| HD | HDA | | | 25 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 14 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 19a | 18/4 | 25/6 |
| HG | HGA | 2.2 | 15–150 | 65 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 18 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 22a | 35/8 | 65/16 |
| HJ | HJA | 2, 3 | 15-150 | 100 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 25 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 23a | 65/16 | 100/25 |
| HL | HLA | | | 125 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 25a | 100/25 | 125/31 |

See Powerpact H- and J-frame catalog, Class 611, for more information. Also, see Class 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact® circuit

Selection Data

Table 16: 100 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers

| Ampere Rating | | netic Trip Amperes | One Pole Catalog No. | Two Pole Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| FAL Standar | d Interrupting | 9 | • | <u>'</u> | <u>'</u> | |
| | Hold | Trip | 120 Vac | 240 Vac | 240 Vac | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | FAL12015 | FAL22015 | FAL32015 | ALFOEA |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | FAL12020 | FAL22020 | FAL33020 | AL50FA |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | FAL12025 | FAL22025 | FAL32025 | #14-#4 Cu or |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | FAL12030 | FAL22030 | FAL32030 | #12-#4 AI |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | FAL12035 | FAL22035 | FAL32035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | FAL12040 | FAL22040 | FAL32040 | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | FAL12045 | FAL22045 | FAL32045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | FAL12050 | FAL22050 | FAL32050 | AL100FA |
| 60 | 830 | 1450 | FAL12060 | FAL22060 | FAL32060 | #14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | FAL12070 | FAL22070 | FAL32070 | #12-#1/o AI |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | FAL12080 | FAL22080 | FAL32080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | FAL12090 | FAL22090 | FAL32090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | FAL12100 | FAL22100 | FAL32100 | |



| | - | |
|---|-------|------|
| | 100 A | FT g |
| | 晋 | 1 |
| 1 | 面面 | 0 |
| A | | |

FAL One-pole 15-100 Ampere

FAL/FHL Two-pole 15-100 Ampere

| FAL Standard Ir | nterrupting | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | Hold | Trip | 277 Vac/125 Vdc | 480 Vac/250 Vdc | 480 Vac/250 Vdc | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | FAL14015 | FAL24015 | FAL34015 | AL50FA |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | FAL14020 | FAL24020 | FAL34020 | #14-#4 Cu or |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | FAL14025 | FAL24025 | FAL34025 | #12-#4 AI |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | FAL14030 | FAL24030 | FAL34030 | #12-#4 AI |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | FAL14035 | FAL24035 | FAL34035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | FAL14040 | FAL24040 | FAL34040 | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | FAL14045 | FAL24045 | FAL34045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | FAL14050 | FAL24050 | FAL34050 | AL100FA |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | FAL14060 | FAL24060 | FAL34060 | #14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | FAL14070 | FAL24070 | FAL34070 | #12-#1/o AI |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | FAL14080 | FAL24080 | FAL34080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | FAL14090 | FAL24090 | FAL34090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | FAL14100 | FAL24100 | FAL34100 | |

Continued on next page

Table 16: 100 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers (continued)



FAL/FHL/FCL Three-pole 15–100 Ampere

| Ampere Rating | | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes One Pole Catalog No. Two Pole Catalog No. | | 1 0 . 00 | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|------------------|---------------|---|---|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| FAL Standar | d Interruptin | g | • | • | • | • |
| | Hold | Trip | | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | _ | FAL26015 | FAL36015 | AL50FA |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | _ | FAL26020 | FAL36020 | #14-#4 Cu or |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | _ | FAL26025 | FAL36025 | #12-#4 AI |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | _ | FAL26030 | FAL36030 | #12-#4 AI |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | _ | FAL26035 | FAL36035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | _ | FAL26040 | FAL36040 | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | _ | FAL26045 | FAL36045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | _ | FAL26050 | FAL36050 | AL100FA |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FAL26060 | FAL36060 | #14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FAL26070 | FAL36070 | #12-#1/o AI |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FAL26080 | FAL36080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FAL26090 | FAL36090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FAL26100 | FAL36100 | |
| FHL High Int | errupting | • | • | • | • | • |

| FHL High Interrupting | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | Hold | Trip | 277 Vac/125 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | FHL16015 | FHL26015 | FHL36015 | AL50FA | | | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | FHL16020 | FHL26020 | FHL36020 | #14–#4 Cu or | | | |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | FHL16025 | FHL26025 | FHL36025 | #12-#4 AI | | | |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | FHL16030 | FHL26030 | FHL36030 | #12-#4 AI | | | |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | FHL16035 | FHL26035 | FHL36035 | | | | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | FHL16040 | FHL26040 | FHL36040 | | | | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | FHL16045 | FHL26045 | FHL36045 | | | | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | FHL16050 | FHL26050 | FHL36050 | AL100FA | | | |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | FHL16060 | FHL26060 | FHL36060 | #14-#1/0 Cu or | | | |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | FHL16070 | FHL26070 | FHL36070 | #12-#1/0 AI | | | |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | FHL16080 | FHL26080 | FHL36080 | | | | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | FHL16090 | FHL26090 | FHL36090 | | | | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | FHL16100 | FHL26100 | FHL36100 | | | | |



FIL Two- and Three-pole 20–100 Ampere

| FCL Extra | High Interrupt | ing | | | | • |
|-------------|------------------------------|--------|---|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| | Hold | Trip | | 480 Vac★ | 480 Vac | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | _ | FCL24015 | FCL34015 | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | _ | FCL24020 | FCL34020 | CU30FA |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | _ | FCL24025 | FCL34025 | #14-#10 Cu |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | _ | FCL24030 | FCL34030 | |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | _ | FCL24035 | FCL34035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | _ | FCL24040 | FCL34040 | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | _ | FCL24045 | FCL34045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | _ | FCL24050 | FCL34050 | AL100FA4 |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FCL24060 | FCL34060 | #14-#3 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FCL24070 | FCL34070 | #12-#1 AI |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FCL24080 | FCL34080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FCL24090 | FCL34090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FCL24100 | FCL34100 | |
| FIL I-Limit | ter [®] Current Lir | niting | | | | |
| | Hold | Trip | | 600 Vac | 600 Vac | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | | EII 20020 | EII 20020 | AL50FA |
| | 275 | | - | FIL26020 | FIL36020 | 1-#14-#4 Cu or |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | _ | FIL26030 | FIL36030 | 1 |

Continued on next page

1-#12-#4 AI

100 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers (continued) Table 16:

| Ampere Rating | AC Magne Settings A | | One Pole Catalog No. | Two Pole Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|------------------|------------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 40 | 400 | 850 | _ | FIL26040 | FIL36040 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | _ | FIL26050 | FIL36050 | |
| 60 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FIL26060 | FIL36060 | AL100FA |
| 70 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FIL26070 | FIL36070 | 1-#14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 80 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FIL26080 | FIL36080 | 1-#12-#1/0 AI |
| 90 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FIL26090 | FIL36090 | |
| 100 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FIL26100 | FIL36100 | |

[★] FCL 2-pole circuit breaker built using 3-pole module.

| Table 17: | Table 17: 100 Ampere Frame I-Line [®] Circuit Breakers | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ampere Rating | | netic Trip s Amperes | One Pole* Catalog No. | Two Pole [★] Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | | | |
| FA Standard | FA Standard Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Hold | Trip | | 240 Vac | 240 Vac | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA22015() | FA32015 | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA22020() | FA33020 | AL50FA 1-#14-#4 Cu or | | | | | | |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA22025() | FA32025 | 1-#12-#4 AI | | | | | | |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA22030() | FA32030 | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA22035() | FA32035 | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA22040() | FA32040 | | | | | | | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA22045() | FA32045 | | | | | | | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA22050() | FA32050 | AL100FA | | | | | | |
| 60 | 830 | 1450 | _ | FA22060() | FA32060 | 1-#14-#1/0 Cu or | | | | | | |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FA22070() | FA32070 | 1-#12-#1/0 AI | | | | | | |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FA22080() | FA32080 | | | | | | | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FA22090() | FA32090 | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FA22100() | FA32100 | | | | | | | |
| FA Standard | Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Hold | Trip | 277 Vac/125 Vdc | 480 Vac/250 Vdc | 480 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | FY14015() | FA24015() | FA34015 | | | | | | | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | FY14020() | FA24020() | FA34020 | AL50FA | | | | | | |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | FY14025()▲ | FA24025() | FA34025 | 1-#14-#4 Cu or | | | | | | |



FY/ FA/FH One-pole 1-1/2" Mounting Height

| - 198 |
|----------|
| |
| |
| A CHARLE |

FA/FH Two-pole 3" Mounting Height

| | l lald | Trin | 277 \/o o/42F \/do | 400 \/aa/250 \/da | 400 \/aa/2E0 \/da | |
|-------------|----------------|------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | Hold | Trip | 277 Vac/125 Vdc | 480 Vac/250 Vdc | 480 Vac/250 Vdc | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | FY14015()▲ | FA24015() | FA34015 | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | FY14020() [▲] | FA24020() | FA34020 | AL50FA 1-#14–#4 Cu or |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | FY14025() [▲] | FA24025() | FA34025 | 1-#12-#4 AI |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | FY14030() [▲] | FA24030() | FA34030 | |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | FA14035() | FA24035() | FA34035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | FA14040() [■] | FA24040() | FA34040 | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | FA14045() | FA24045() | FA34045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | FA14050() [■] | FA24050() | FA34050 | AL100FA |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | FA14060() [■] | FA24060() | FA34060 | 1-#14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | FA14070() [■] | FA24070() | FA34070 | 1-#12-#1/0 AI |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | FA14080() [■] | FA24080() | FA34080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | FA14090() [■] | FA24090() | FA34090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | FA14100() [■] | FA24100() | FA34100 | |
| FA Standard | d Interrupting | | • | • | | - |
| | | | | | | |

| FA Standard | FA Standard Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Hold | Trip | | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA26015() | FA36015 | | | | | | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA26020() | FA36020 | AL50FA | | | | | |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA26025() | FA36025 | 1-#14–#4 Cu or 1-#12–#4 AI | | | | | |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | _ | FA26030() | FA36030 | | | | | | |

BQUARE D

Continued on next page

Table 17: 100 Ampere Frame I-Line® Circuit Breakers (continued)

| Ampere Rating | , | gnetic Trip s Amperes | One Pole [★] Catalog No. | Two Pole [★] Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 35 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA26035() | FA36035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA26040() | FA36040 | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA26045() | FA36045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | _ | FA26050() | FA36050 | AL100FA |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FA26060() | FA36060 | 1-#14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FA26070() | FA36070 | 1-#12-#1/0 AI |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FA26080() | FA36080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FA26090() | FA36090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FA26100() | FA36100 | |
| FH High Inte | rrunting | • | • | • | • | • |



FA/FH Three-pole FC Two- and Three-pole 4-1/2" Mounting Height

| FH High Interru | ıptıng | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| | Hold | Trip | 277 Vac/125 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | FH16015() | FH26015() | FH36015 | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | FH16020() | FH26020() | FH36020 | AL50FA 1-#14–#4 Cu or |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | FH16025() | FH26025() | FH36025 | 1-#14-#4 Cu oi |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | FH16030() | FH26030() | FH36030 | |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | FH16035() | FH26035() | FH36035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | FH16040() | FH26040() | FH36040 | |
| 45 | 400 | 850 | FH16045() | FH26045() | FH36045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | FH16050() | FH26050() | FH36050 | AL100FA |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | FH16060() | FH26060() | FH36060 | 1-#14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | FH16070() | FH26070() | FH36070 | 1-#12–#1/0 AI |
| 80 | 800 | 1450 | FH16080() | FH26080() | FH36080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | FH16090() | FH26090() | FH36090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | FH16100() | FH26100() | FH36100 | |



FI Two- and Three-pole 4-1/2" Mounting Height

| FC Extra F | ligh Interruptin | g | • | • | • | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------|---|-----------|---------|----------------|
| | Hold | Trip | | 480 Vac | 480 Vac | |
| 15 | 275 | 600 | _ | FC24015() | FC34015 | |
| 20 | 275 | 600 | _ | FC24020() | FC34020 | CU30FA4 |
| 25 | 275 | 600 | _ | FC24025() | FC34025 | 1-#14-#10 Cu |
| 30 | 275 | 600 | _ | FC24030() | FC34030 | |
| 35 | 400 | 850 | _ | FC24035() | FC34035 | |
| 40 | 400 | 850 | _ | FC24040() | FC34040 | |
| 15 | 400 | 850 | _ | FC24045() | FC34045 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | _ | FC24050() | FC34050 | AL100FA4 |
| 60 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FC24060() | FC34060 | 1-#14-#3 Cu or |
| 70 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FC24070() | FC34070 | 1-#12–#1 AI |
| 30 | 800 | 1450 | _ | FC24080() | FC34080 | |
| 90 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FC24090() | FC34090 | |
| 100 | 900 | 1700 | _ | FC24100() | FC34100 | |
| FI I-Limite | r [®] Current Limi | ting | | | | • |
| | | | | | | |

600 Vac

FI26020()

FI26030()

Continued on next page

AL50FA

1-#14-#4 Cu or

1-#12-#4 AI

Hold

275

275

20

30

Trip

600

600

600 Vac

FI36020

FI36030

Table 17: 100 Ampere Frame I-Line® Circuit Breakers (continued)

| Ampere Rating | | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes | | Two Pole [★] Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 40 | 400 | 850 | _ | FI26040() | FI36040 | |
| 50 | 400 | 850 | _ | FI26050() | FI36050 | |
| 60 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FI26060() | FI36060 | AL100FA |
| 70 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FI26070() | FI36070 | 1-#14-#1/0 Cu or |
| 80 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FI26080() | FI36080 | 1-#12–#1/0 AI |
| 90 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FI26090() | FI36090 | |
| 100 | 800 | 1700 | _ | FI26100() | FI36100 | |

^{* 1-} and 2-pole circuit breaker catalog numbers are completed by adding the required phase connection letters as a suffix to the catalog number.

Powerpact® Selection Data

For Powerpact selection information see Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs.



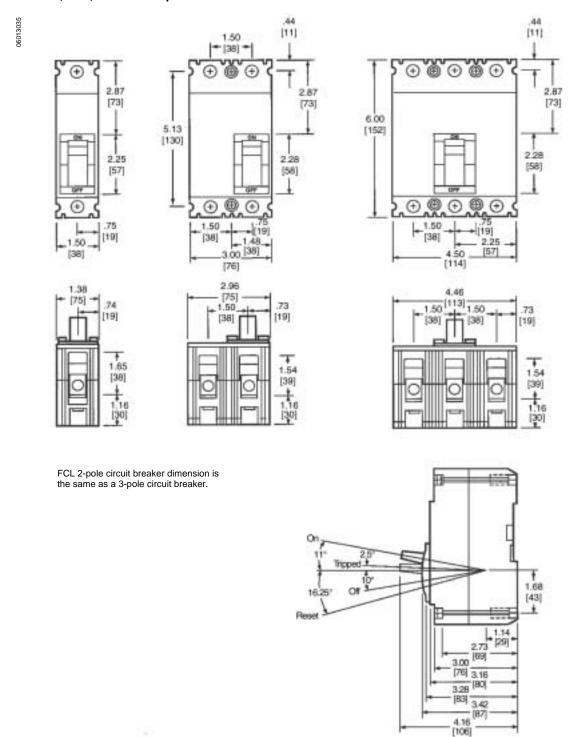
H-frame: Class 611

A Rated 277 Vac 15 and 20 ampere FY breakers are rated for switching duty (SWD). 15, 20, 25, and 30 ampere FA I-Line breakers are also available (no SWD rating).

Rated 277 Vac, 125 Vdc except FY, which has no dc rating. 15–30 ampere breakers suitable for use with 60°C or 75°C conductors. 35-100 ampere breakers are suitable for use with 75°C conductors.

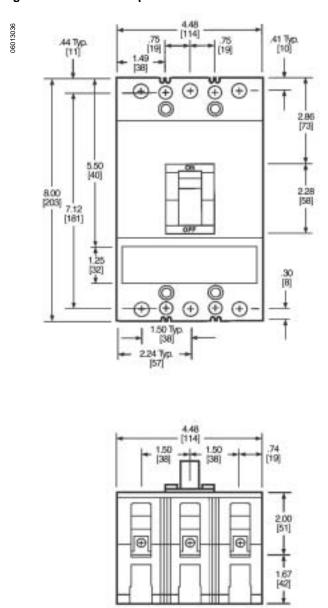
Dimensions

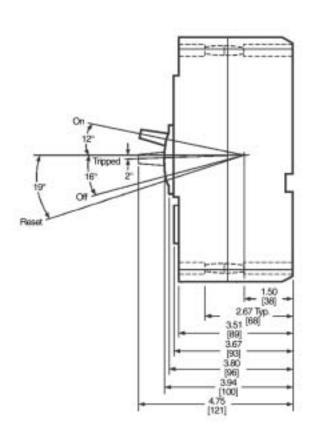
Figure 11: FAL, FHL, FCL 100 Ampere Frame



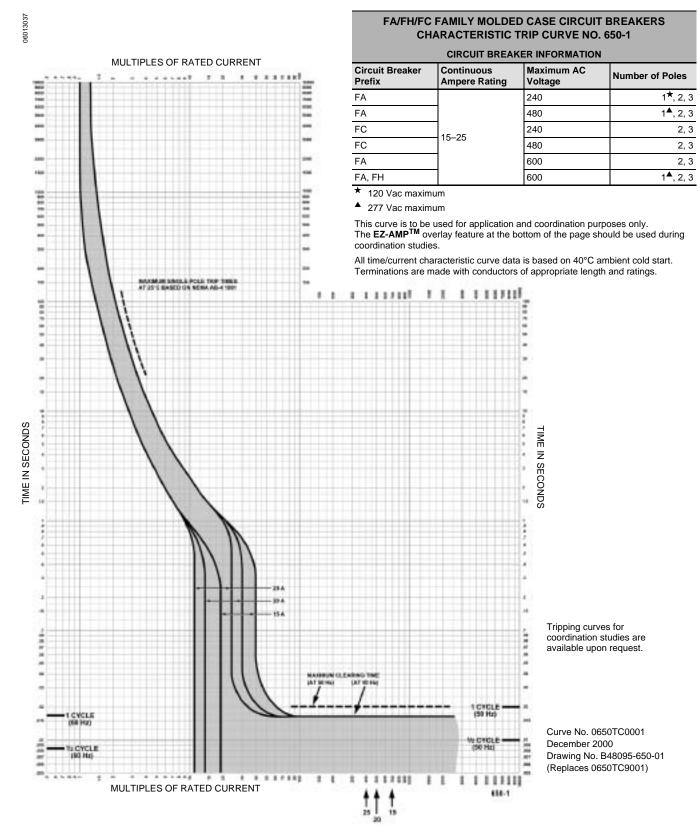
Dimensions: In. [mm]

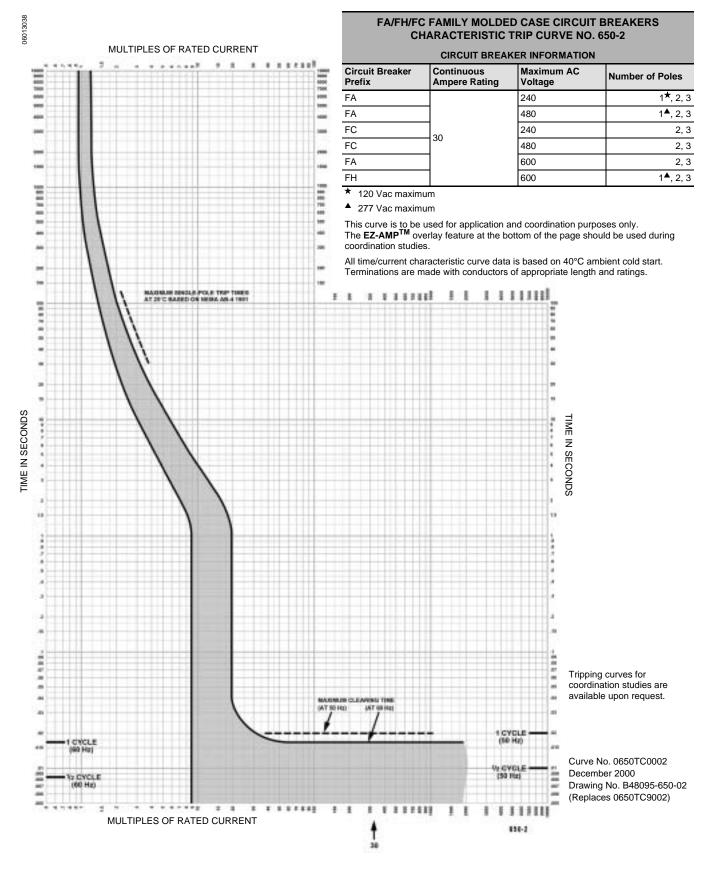
Figure 12: FIL 100 Ampere Frame

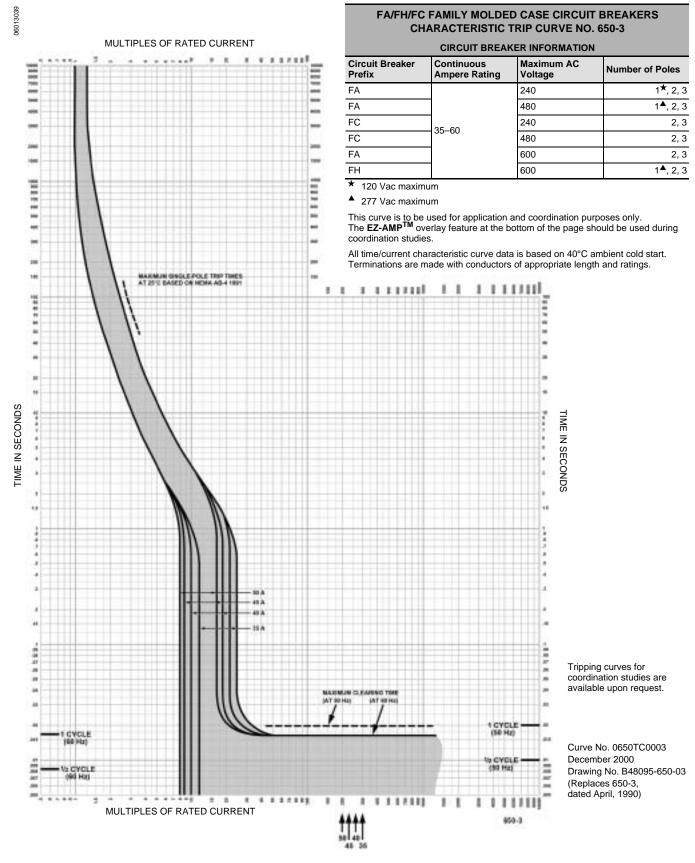


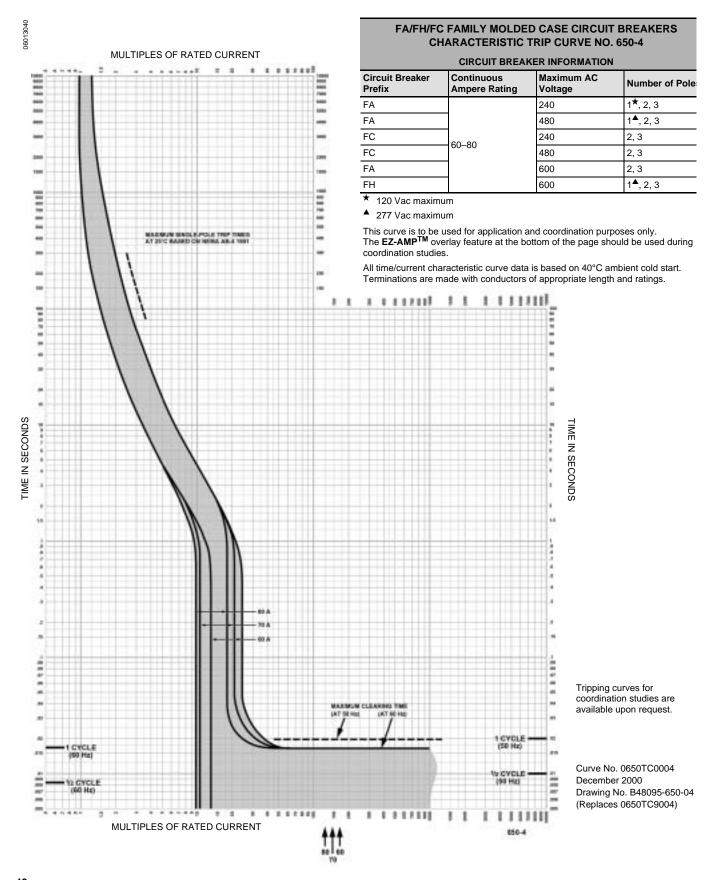


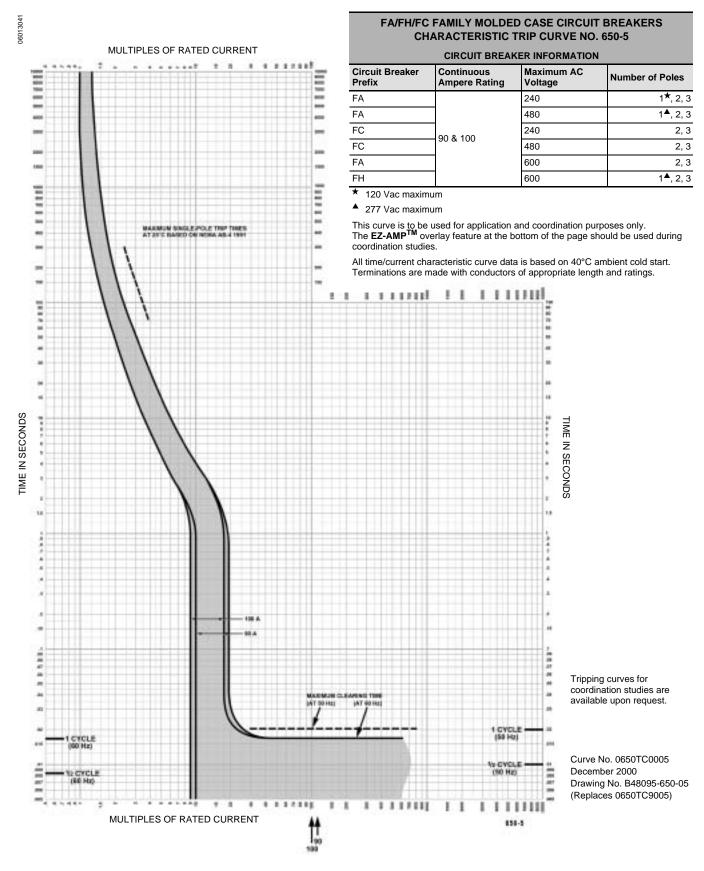
Tripping Curves

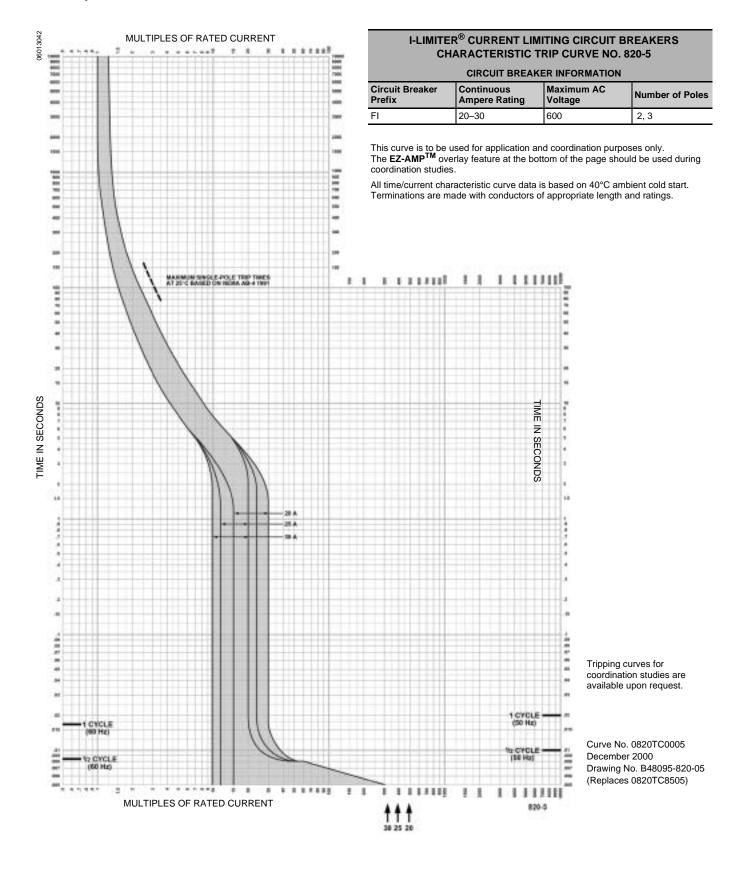


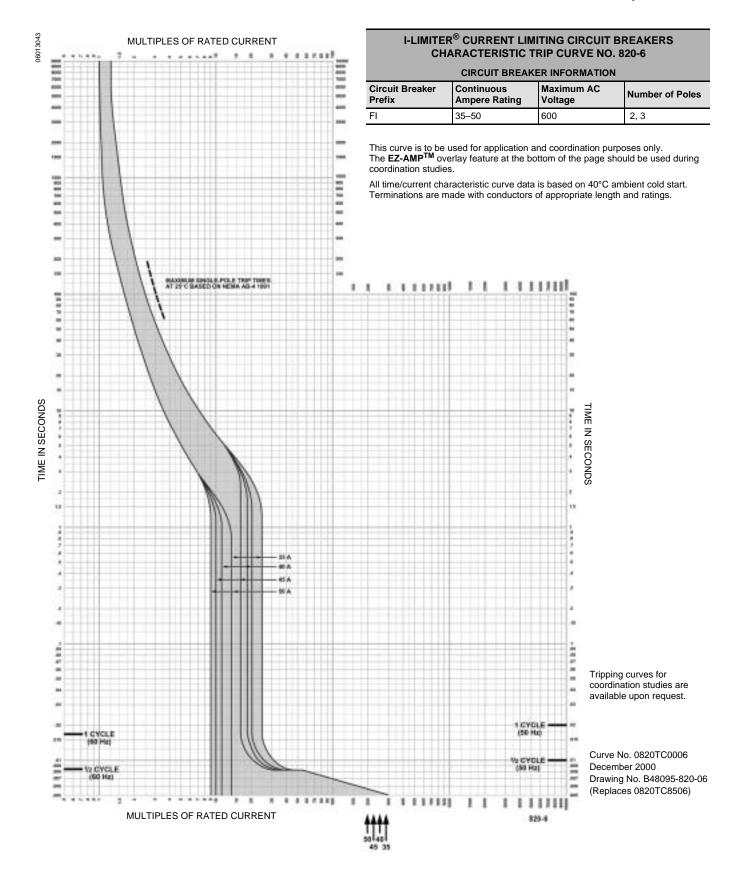


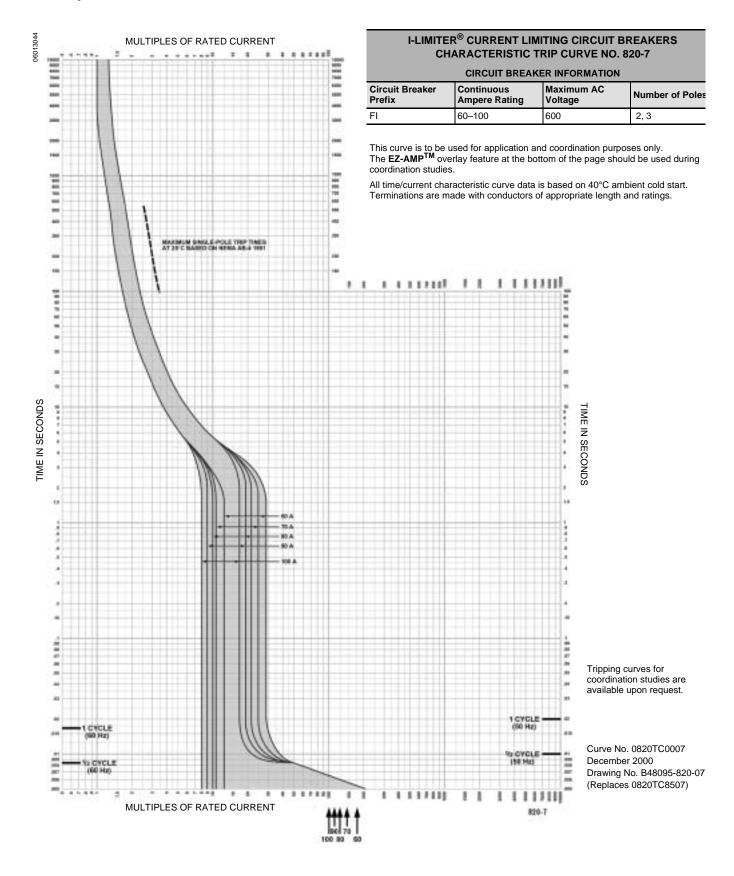


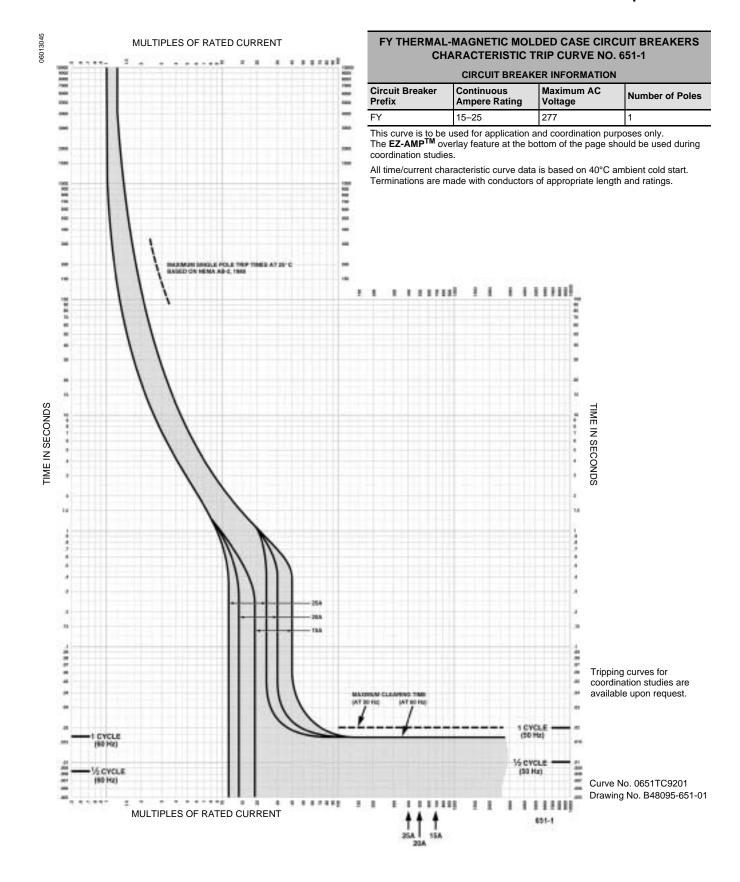


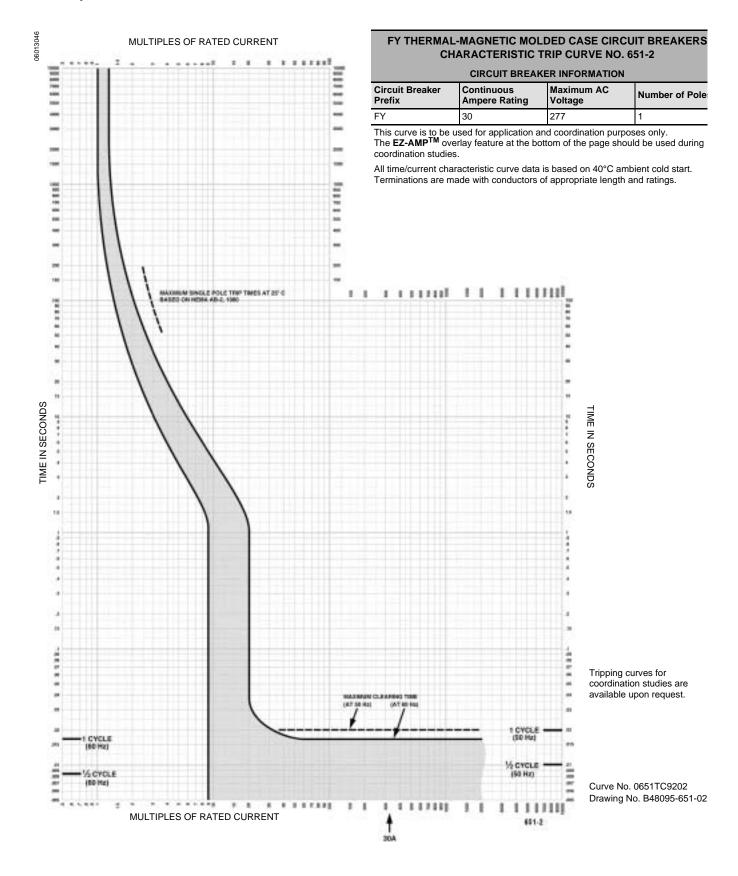




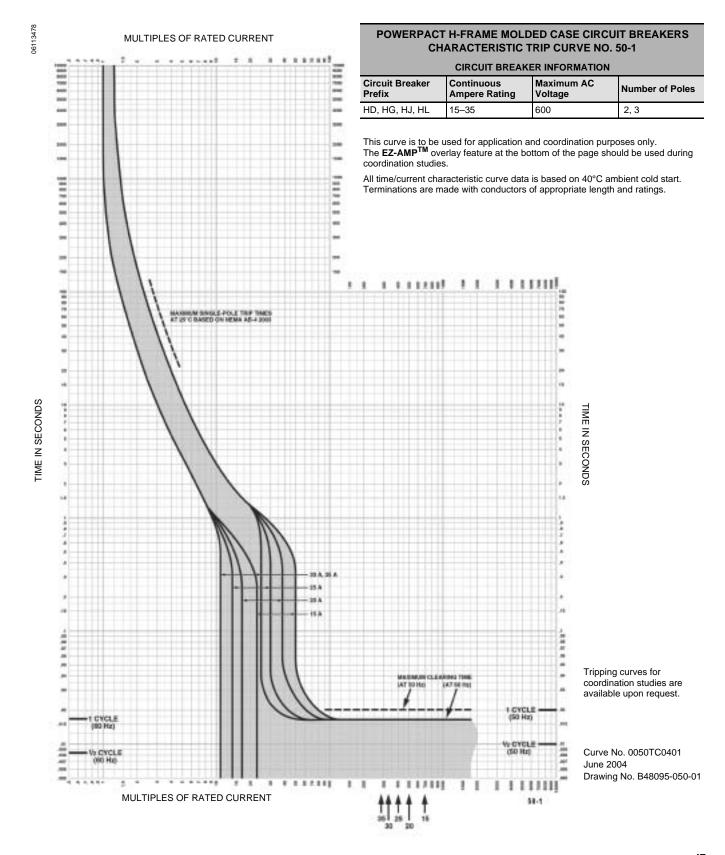


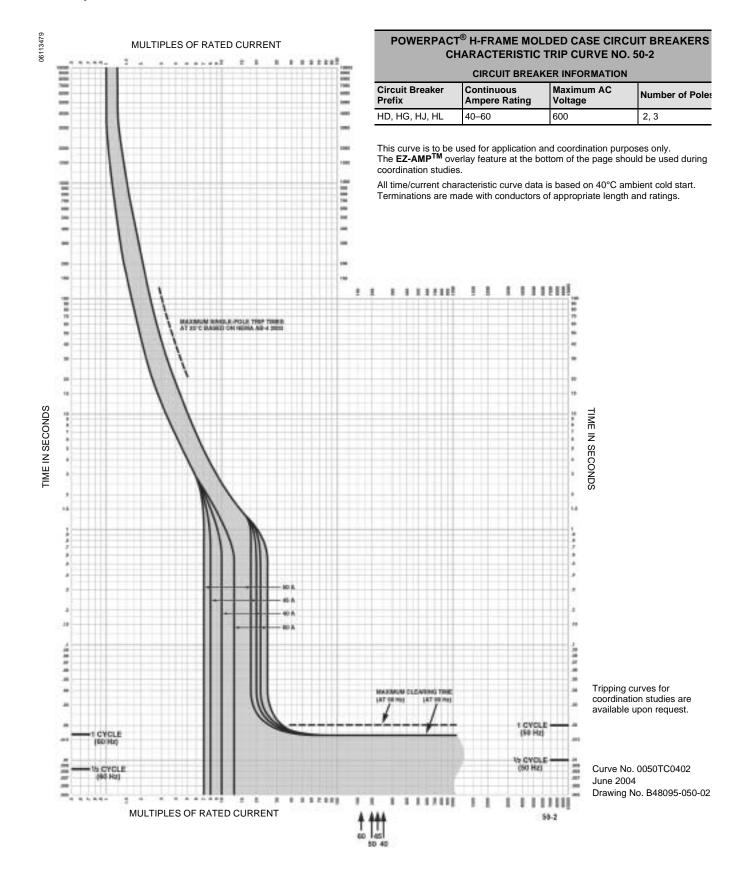


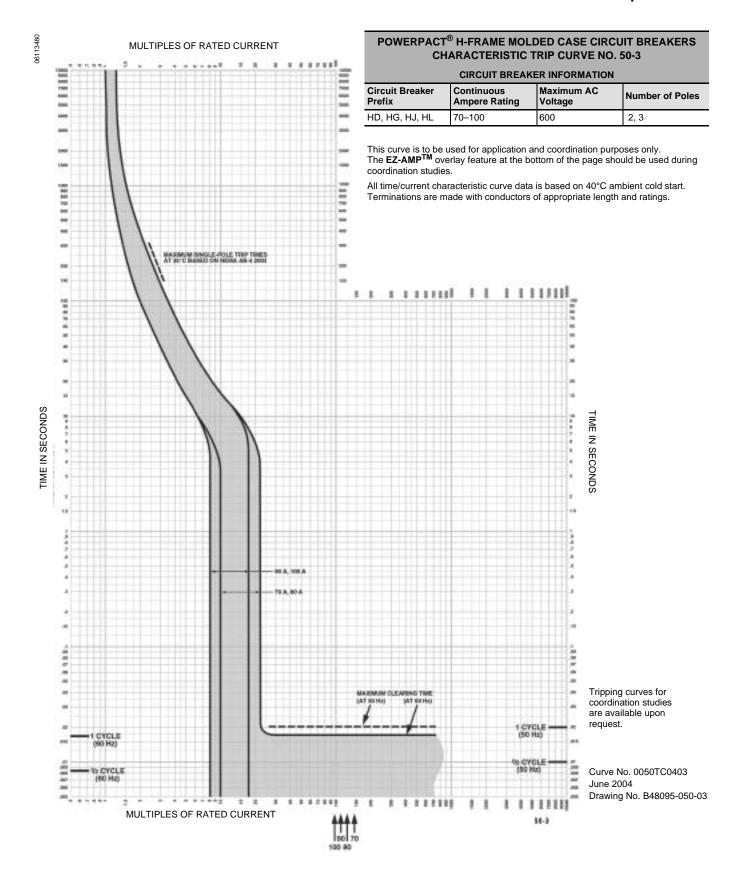


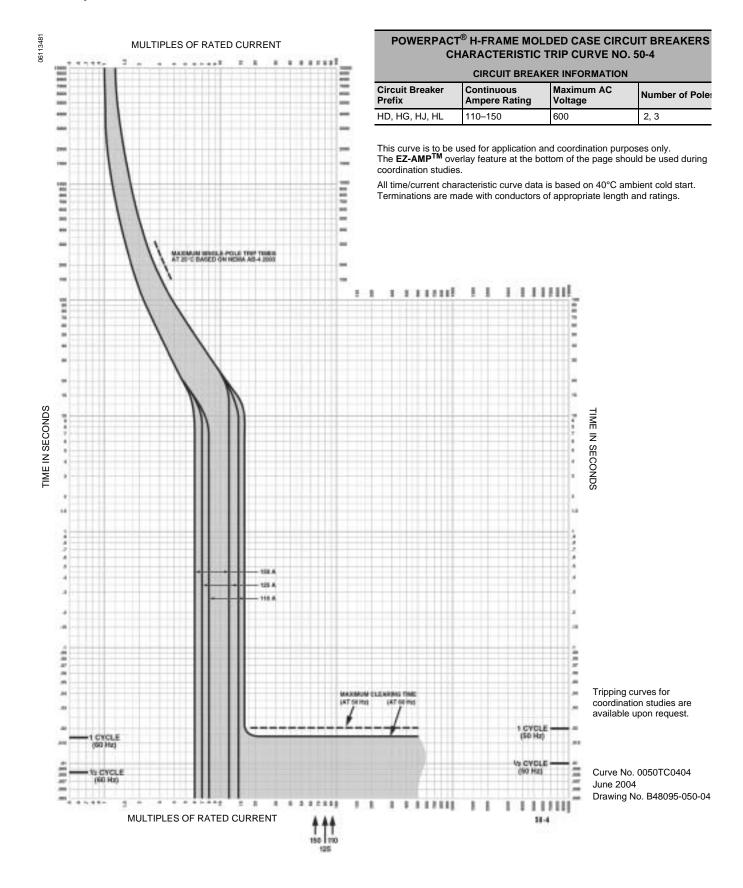


Powerpact® Tripping Curves





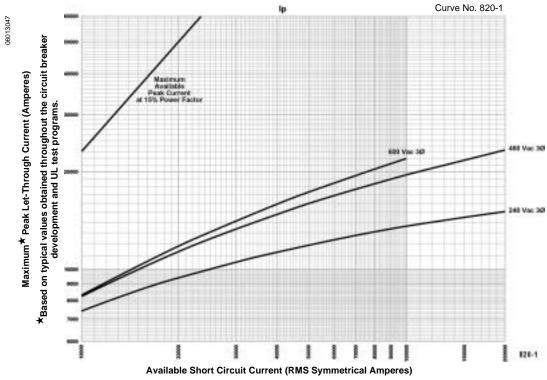


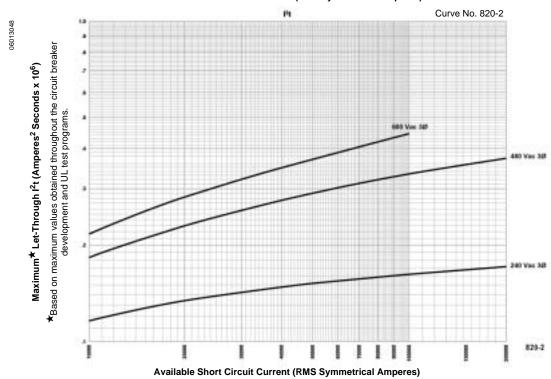


BGUARE D

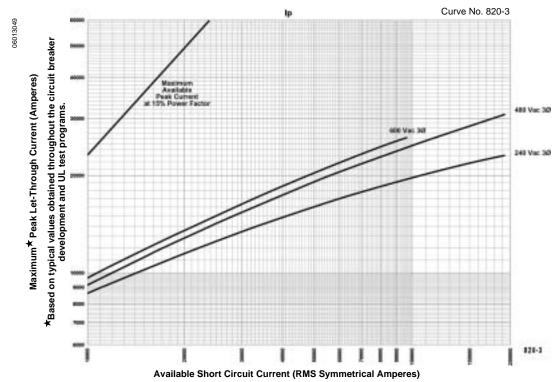
Let-through Curves

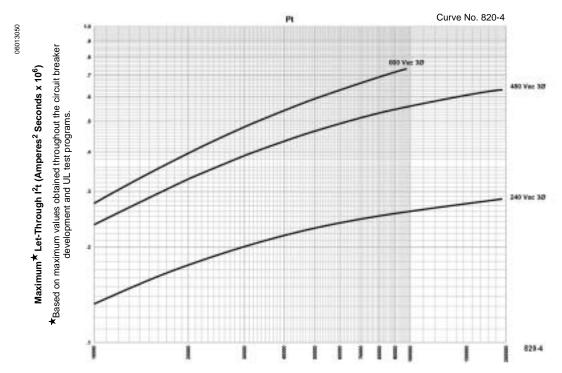
 $\begin{array}{c} \hbox{I-LIMITER}^{\circledcirc} \hbox{ CURRENT LIMITING CIRCUIT BREAKERS} \\ \hbox{FI 100 Ampere Frame at 240, 480 and 600 Vac, 3Ø} \\ \hbox{ 20 Amperes} \\ \hbox{ Curve No. 820-1 Peak Let-Through Current I}_p \\ \hbox{ and 820-2 Let-Through I}^2t \end{array}$





I-LIMITER® CURRENT LIMITING CIRCUIT BREAKERS FI 100 Ampere Frame at 240, 480 and 600 Vac, 3Ø 25–100 Amperes Curve No. 820-3 Peak Let-Through Current I_p and 820-4 Let-Through I²t

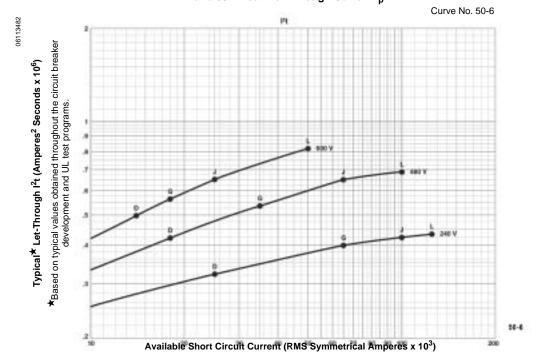


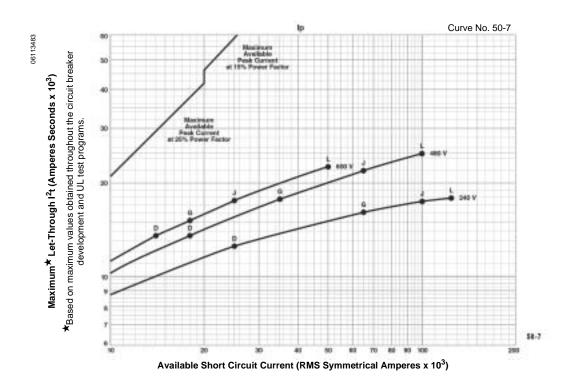


Available Short Circuit Current (RMS Symmetrical Amperes)

Powerpact® Let-through Curves

POWERPACT H-FRAME CIRCUIT BREAKERS H-frame 150 Ampere (HD, HG, HJ, and HL) 110–250 Amperes Curve No. 50-6 Let-Through I²t and 50-7 Peak Let-Through Current I_D





225 / 250 AMPERE FRAME

This section provides specific information on Square D[®] 225 / 250 ampere frame thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 18: Description of 225 / 250 Ampere Frame Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| QB, QD, QG, QJ | 100-225 ampere, 240 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole. |
| JD, JG, JJ, JL | 150-120 amperes, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 3-pole |
| KA/KH | 70–250 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz2- and 3-pole |
| KC | 110–250 ampere, 480 Vac 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole |
| KI | 110–250 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole current limiting |

Applications

- KI current limiting circuit breakers are used for electrical systems where high fault currents can
- KA/KH, KC and KI circuit breakers are used in industrial enclosures, panelboards, switchboards, busway plug-in units, combination starters and motor control centers.
- QB, QD, QG, QJ (250 ampere Q-frame) circuit breakers are used in individual enclosures, metering devices, panelboards 225 ampere maximum I-Line[®], and switchboards.

Table 19: 250 Ampere Powerpact® Q-frame Interrupting Ratings (225 Ampere I-Line)*

| Catalog | | No. of | No. of Ampore | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | | |
|---------------|--------|--------|------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------|------|
| Number | | | Ampere Rating | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes | | | | | | | DC Volt | s | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line | | | 120 | 120/ 240 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415/240 | |
| QBL QBM | QBA | 2 | 70–250 ▲ | _ | _ | 10 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 12b | 10/5 | |
| QMP QBF | QBE | 3 | 3 | 70 200 | _ | _ | 10 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 12b | 10/5 |
| QDL QDM | QDA | 2 | 70-250▲ | _ | _ | 25 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 14b | 10/5 | |
| QDP QDF | QDE | 3 | | _ | _ | 25 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 14b | 10/5 | |
| QGL QGM | QGA | 2 | 70–250 ▲ | _ | _ | 65 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 15b | 10/5 | |
| QGP QGF | QGE 3 | 3 | 70-230 | _ | _ | 65 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 15b | 10/5 | |
| QJL QJM | QJA | 2 | 70–250 ▲ | _ | _ | 100 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 15b | 10/5 | |
| QJP QJF | QJE | 3 | 70–250▲ | 208Y/1 | 20 Vac: 1 | 00 kA | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 10/5 | |

[★] See Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact[®] circuit breakers.

^{▲ 225} ampere I-Line.

Table 20: 250 Ampere Powerpact[®] J-frame Interrupting Ratings★

| Catalog Number No. of Cont. | | | | UL | Listed I | nterrup | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------|------------------|--------|---|---------|----------------|-------------|-----|--------------|----------------------------|-----|--------|--------|
| Prefix | | Poles | Ampere Rating | AC Vol | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes DC Volts | | | | | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | | | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line [®] | | | 120 | 120 240 480Y/ 277 480 600 | | | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415 | 240 | |
| JD | JDA | | | 25 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 14 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 19a | 18/4 | 25/6 |
| JG | JGA | 2 2 | 150–250 | 65 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 18 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 22a | 35/8 | 65/16 |
| JJ | JJA | 2, 3 | | 100 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 25 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 23a | 65/16 | 100/25 |
| JL | JLA | | | 125 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 20 | 20 | TBD | 25a | 100/25 | 125/31 |

See Powerpact H- and J-frame catalog, Class 611, for more information. Also, see Class 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact[®] circuit breakers.

Table 21: 250 Ampere Frame Interrupting Ratings

| Catalog No. | | No. of | NO.OT | UL Lis | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|-----|--------------|-----|----------|-----|-----|--------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Number | Number Prefix Poles Ampere Rating | | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes | | | | | | DC Volts | | | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line | | | 120 | 120/ 240 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415/240 |
| KAL | KA | 2, 3 | 70–250 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 25 | 25 | 22 | 10 | 10 | _ | 19a, 20a | 10/2.5 |
| KHL★ | KH★ | 2, 3 | 70–250 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 25 | 10 | 10 | _ | 23a | 10/2.5 |
| KHL- DC▲ | _ | 3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20 | _ | _ |
| KCL | KC | 2, 3 | 110-250 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 65 | 65 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 23a | 65/65 |
| KIL | KI | 2, 3 | 110–250 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 100 | _ | _ | _ | 16a | 130/65 |

[★] Separate UL rating available for 240 Vac and 480 Vac grounded B single phase systems. Breakers must be ordered with 5861 suffix.

Selection Data

Table 22: 250 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers



KAL/KHL Two- and Three-pole 70–250 Ampere

| Ampere Rating | AC Magne | etic Trip Settings | Two Pole Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| KAL Standard Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | | |
| 70 | 350 | 700 | KAL26070 | KAL36070 | | | | | | | |
| 80 | 400 | 800 | KAL26080 | KAL36080 | | | | | | | |
| 90 | 450 | 900 | KAL26090 | KAL36090 | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 500 | 1000 | KAL26100 | KAL36100 | | | | | | | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KAL26110 | KAL36110 | A1 250KA | | | | | | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KAL26125 | KAL36125 | AL250KA 1-#6-350 kcmil | | | | | | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KAL26150 | KAL36150 | 1-#0-330 KCIIII | | | | | | |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KAL26175 | KAL36175 | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 1000 2000 | | KAL26200 | KAL36200 | | | | | | | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KAL26225 | KAL36225 | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KAL26250 | KAL36250 | | | | | | | |

Continued on next page

UL Listed 500 Vdc rating for use on ungrounded systems. Must be connected 3 poles in series. Consult your local Square D[®] sales office for additional information 1-888-Square D.

Table 22: 250 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers (continued)

| Ampere Rating | AC Magneti Amperes★ | c Trip Settings | Two Pole Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| KHL High Interrup | KHL High Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | 350 | 700 | KHL26070 | KHL36070 | | | | | | | | | |
| 80 | 400 | 800 | KHL26080 | KHL36080 | | | | | | | | | |
| 90 | 450 | 900 | KHL26090 | KHL36090 | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 500 | 1000 | KHL26100 | KHL36100 | | | | | | | | | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KHL26110 | KHL36110 | AL250KA | | | | | | | | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KHL26125 | KHL36125 | 1-#6-350 kcmil | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KHL26150 | KHL36150 | 1-#6-350 KCIIII | | | | | | | | |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KHL26175 | KHL36175 | | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | KHL26200 | KHL36200 | | | | | | | | | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KHL26225 | KHL36225 | | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KHL26250 | KHL36250 | | | | | | | | | |
| KCL Extra High In | terrupting | • | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 480 Vac | 480 Vac | | | | | | | | | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KCL24110 | KCL34110 | | | | | | | | | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KCL24125 | KCL24125 | AL250KA | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KCL24150 | KCL34150 | 1-#6-350 kcmil | | | | | | | | |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KCL24175 | KCL34175 | | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | KCL24200 | KCL34200 | AL 250KI | | | | | | | | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KCL24225 | KCL34225 | AL250KI 1-1/0-350 kcmil | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KCL24250 | KCL34250 | 1-1/0-350 KCMII | | | | | | | | |
| KIL I-Limiter® Cur | rent Limiting | • | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac | 600 Vac | | | | | | | | | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KIL26110 | KIL36110 | | | | | | | | | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KIL26125 | KIL36125 | AL250KA | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KIL26150 | KIL36150 | 1-#6-350 kcmil | | | | | | | | |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KIL26175 | KIL36175 | | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | KIL26200 | KIL36200 | AL250KI | | | | | | | | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KIL26225 | KIL36225 | 1-1/0-350 kcmil | | | | | | | | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KIL26250 | KIL36250 | 1-1/U-30U KCITIII | | | | | | | | |

[★] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.



KIL Two- and Three-pole 110–250 Ampere

KA Two- and Three-pole 70–250 Ampere 4-1/2" Mounting Height

Table 23: 250 Ampere Frame I-Line® Circuit Breakers

| Ampere Rating | AC Magneti Amperes▲ | c Trip Settings | Two Pole★ Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| KA Standard Inter | rupting | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | |
| 70 | 350 | 700 | KA26070() | KA36070 | |
| 80 | 400 | 800 | KA26080() | KA36080 | |
| 90 | 450 | 900 | KA26090() | KA36090 | |
| 100 | 500 | 1000 | KA26100() | KA36100 | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KA26110() | KA36110 | AL250KA |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KA26125() | KA36125 | 1-#6-350 kcmil |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KA26150() | KA36150 | 1-#6-350 KCIIIII |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KA26175() | KA36175 | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | KA26200() | KA36200 | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KA26225() | KA36225 | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KA26250() | KA36250 | |

Continued on next page



Table 23: 250 Ampere Frame I-Line® Circuit Breakers (continued)

| Ampere Rating | AC Magi | netic Trip Settings s [▲] | Two Pole★ Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| KH High Interrupti | ing | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600Vac/250Vdc | |
| 70 | 350 | 700 | KH26070() | KH36070 | |
| 80 | 400 | 800 | KH26080() | KH36080 | |
| 90 | 450 | 900 | KH26090() | KH36090 | |
| 100 | 500 | 1000 | KH26100() | KH36100 | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KH26110() | KH36110 | AL250KA |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KH26125() | KH36125 | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KH26150() | KH36150 | 1-#6-350 kcmil |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KH26175() | KH36175 | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | KH26200() | KH36200 | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KH26225() | KH36225 | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KH26250() | KH36250 | |
| KC Extra High Inte | errupting | | | | |
| | Low | High | 480 Vac | 480 Vac | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KC24110() | KC34110 | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KC24125() | KC34125 | AL250KA |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KC24150() | KC34150 | 1-#6-350 kcmil |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KC24175() | KC34175 | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | KC24200() | KC34200 | A1 050KI |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KC24225() | KC34225 | AL250KI |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KC24250() | KC34250 | 1-1/0-350 kcmil |
| KI I-Limiter® Curre | ent Limiting | l ' | • | • | • |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac | 600 Vac | |
| 110 | 550 | 1100 | KI26110() | KI36110 | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | KI26125() | KI36125 | AL250KA |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | KI26150() | KI36150 | 1-#6-350 kcmil |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | KI26175() | KI36175 | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | KI26200() | KI36200 | AL OFOICE |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | KI26225() | KI36225 | AL250KI |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | KI26250() | KI36250 | 1-1/0-350 kcmil |



KI Two- and Three-pole 110–250 Ampere 4-1/2" Mounting Height

Powerpact® Selection Data

For Powerpact selection information see Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs.





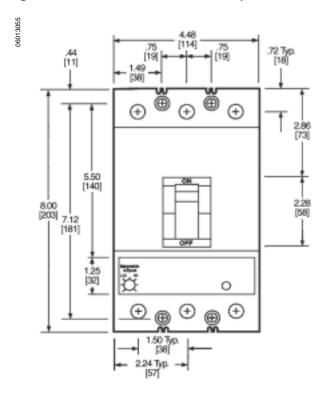
J-frame: Class 611

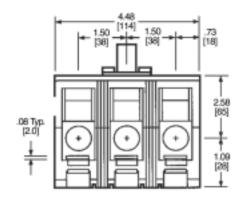
[★] Two pole circuit breaker catalog numbers are completed by adding required phase connection letters as a suffix to the catalog number.

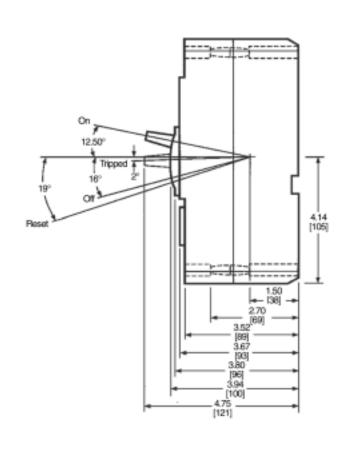
[▲] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

Dimensions

Figure 13: KAL, KHL, KCL, KIL 250 Ampere Frame

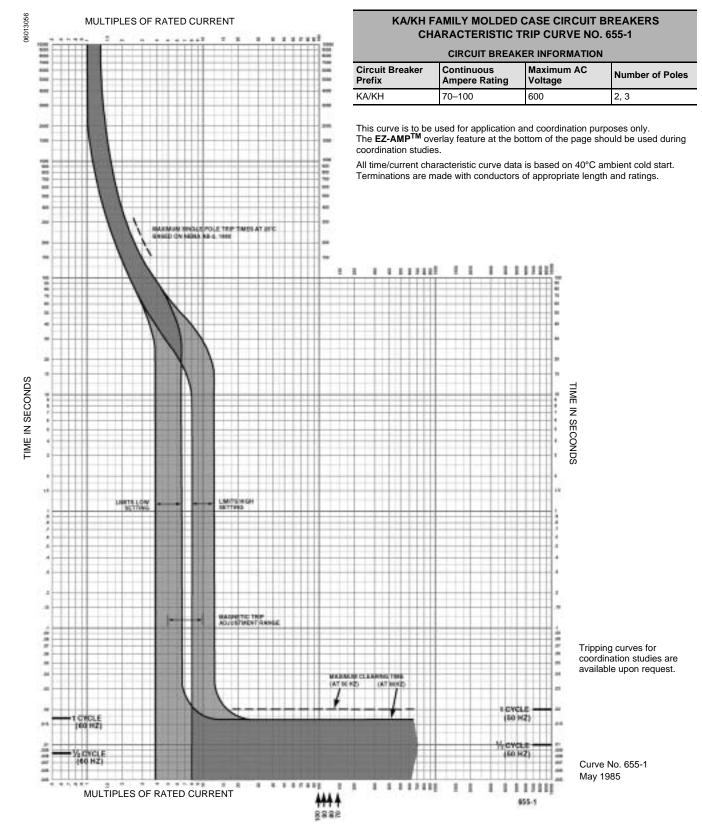


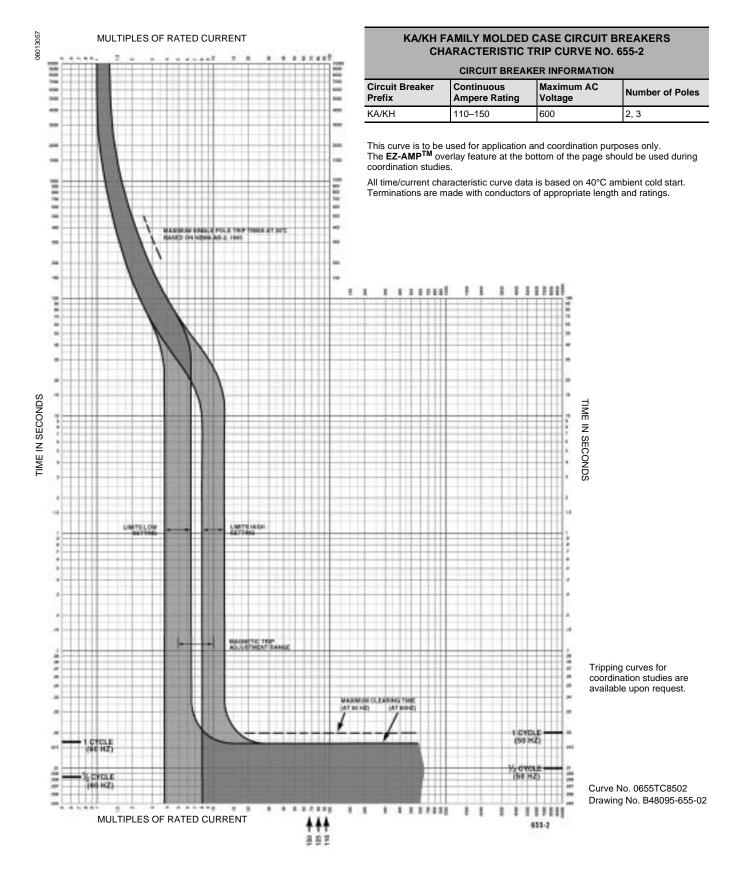


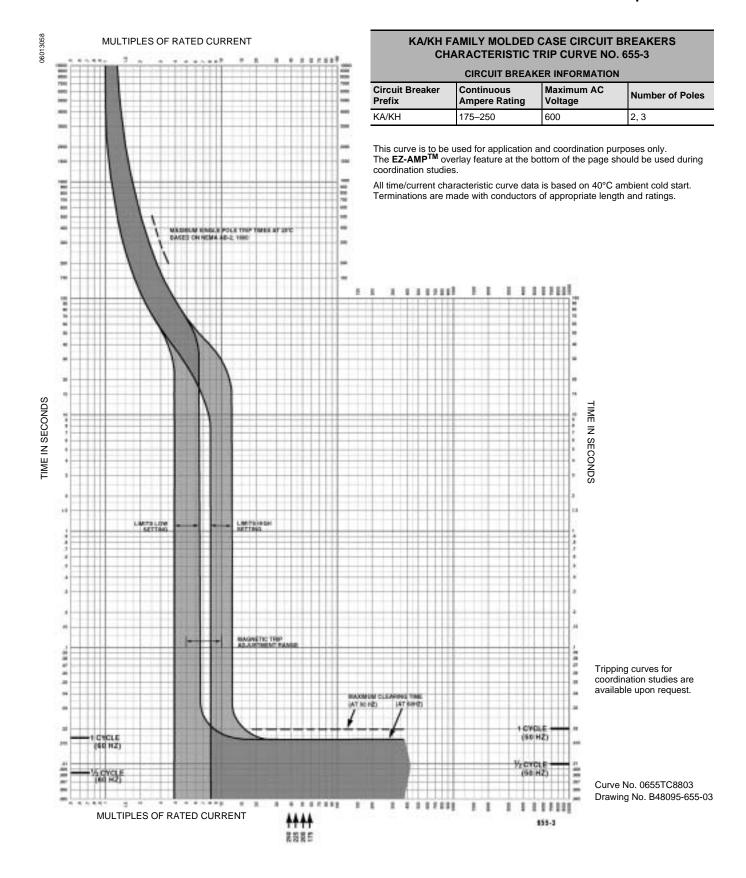


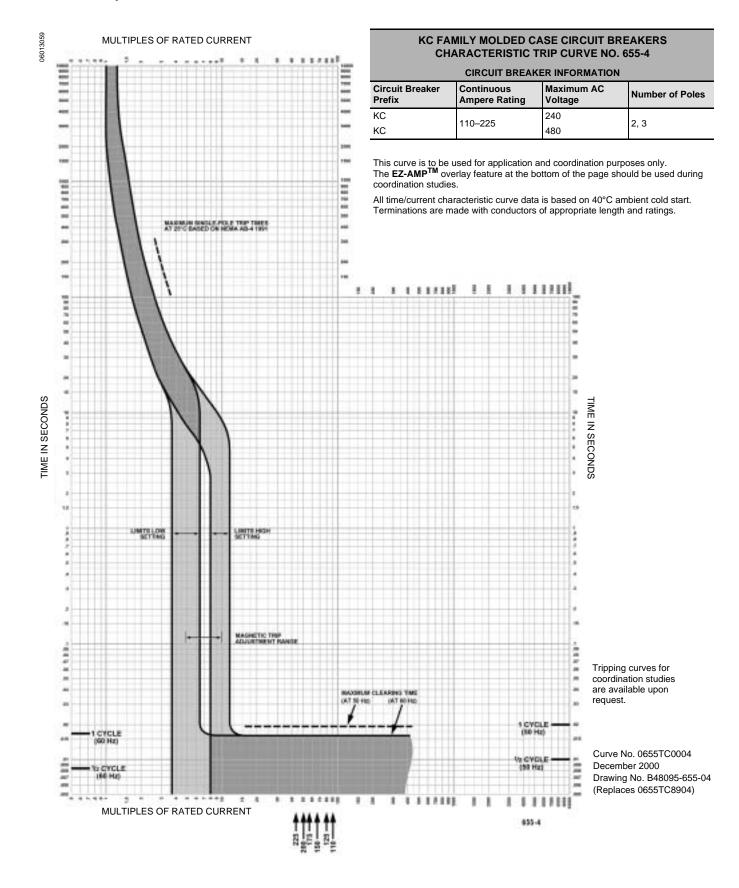
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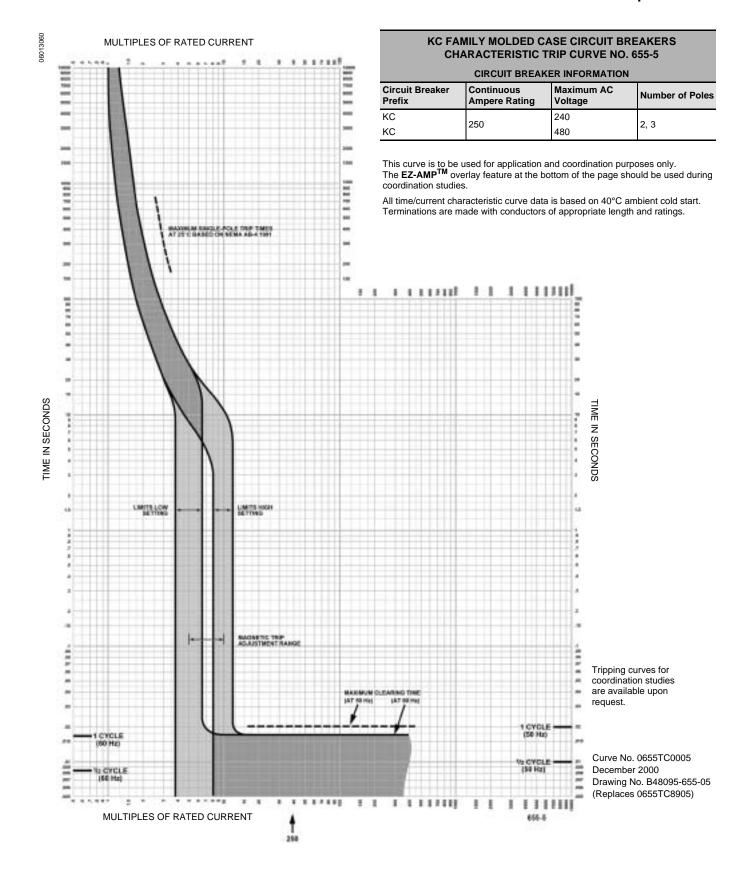
Tripping Curves

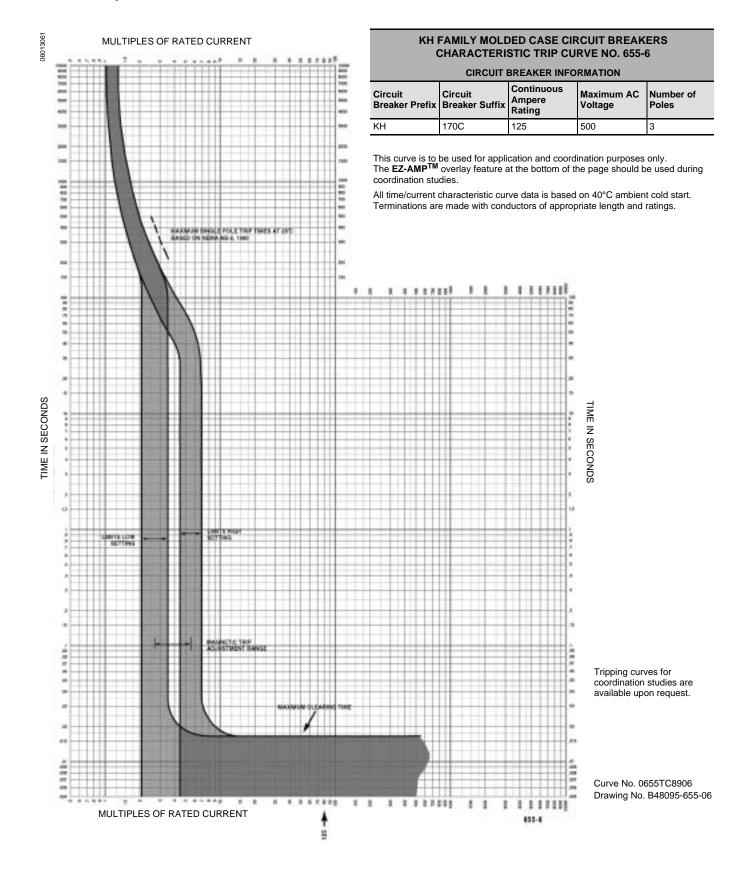


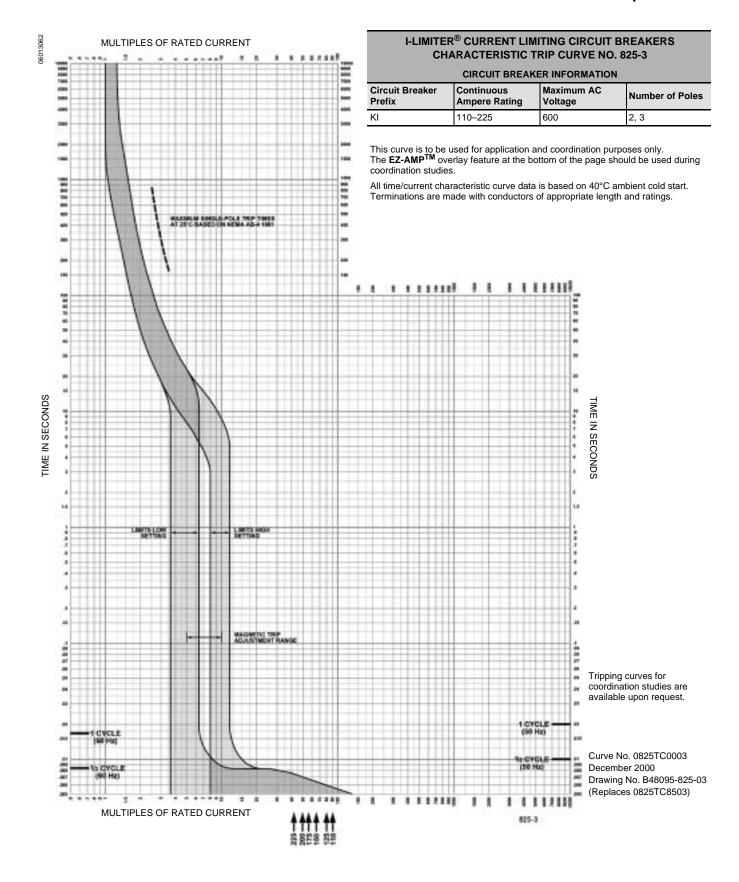


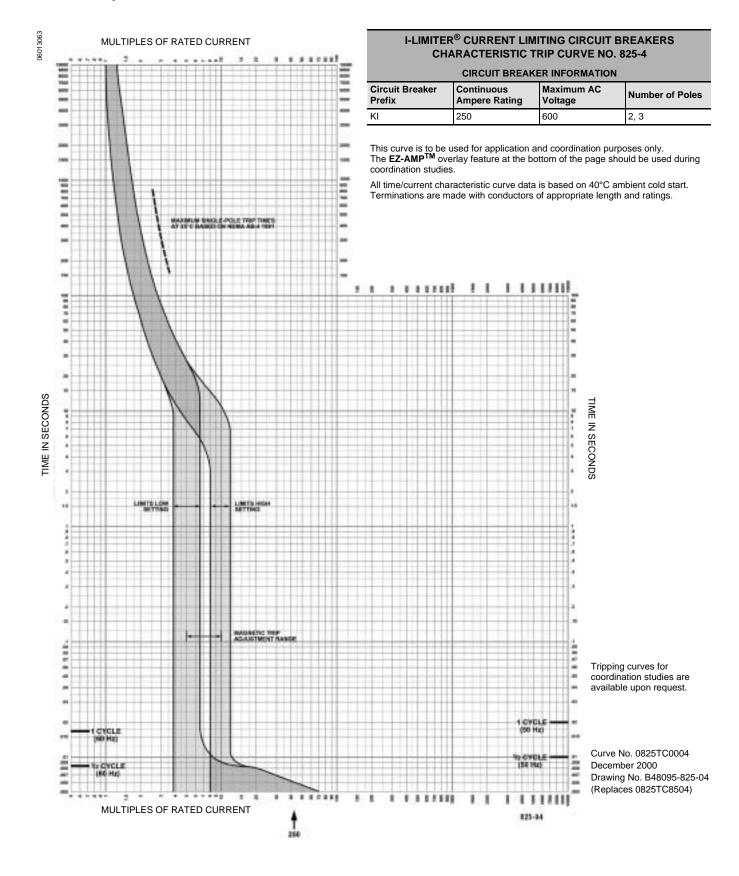




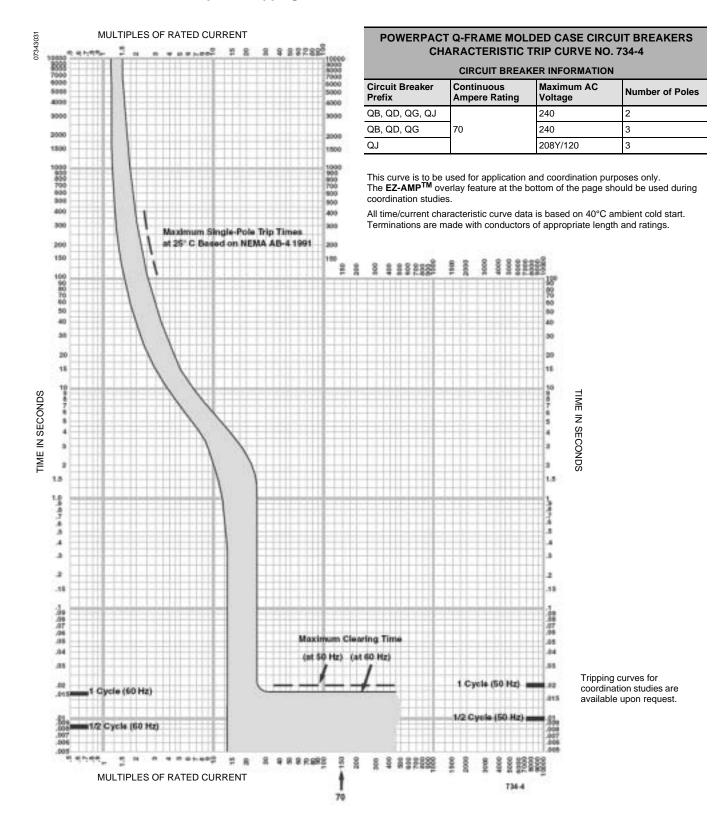


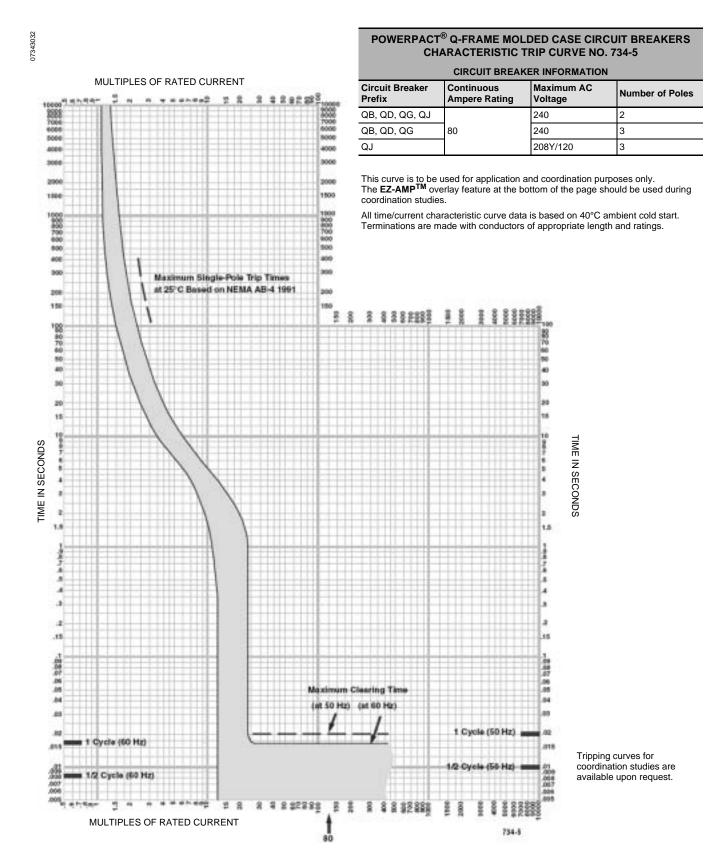






Powerpact® Tripping Curves







1800

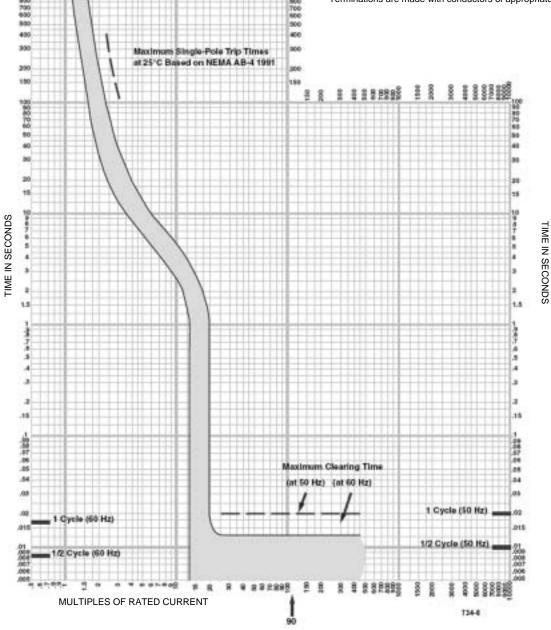
CHARACTERISTIC TRIP CURVE NO. 734-6 CIRCUIT BREAKER INFORMATION MULTIPLES OF RATED CURRENT Circuit Breaker Continuous **Maximum AC Number of Poles** Voltage Prefix Ampere Rating QB, QD, QG, QJ 240 QB, QD, QG 90 240 3 QJ 208Y/120 3

This curve is to be used for application and coordination purposes only.

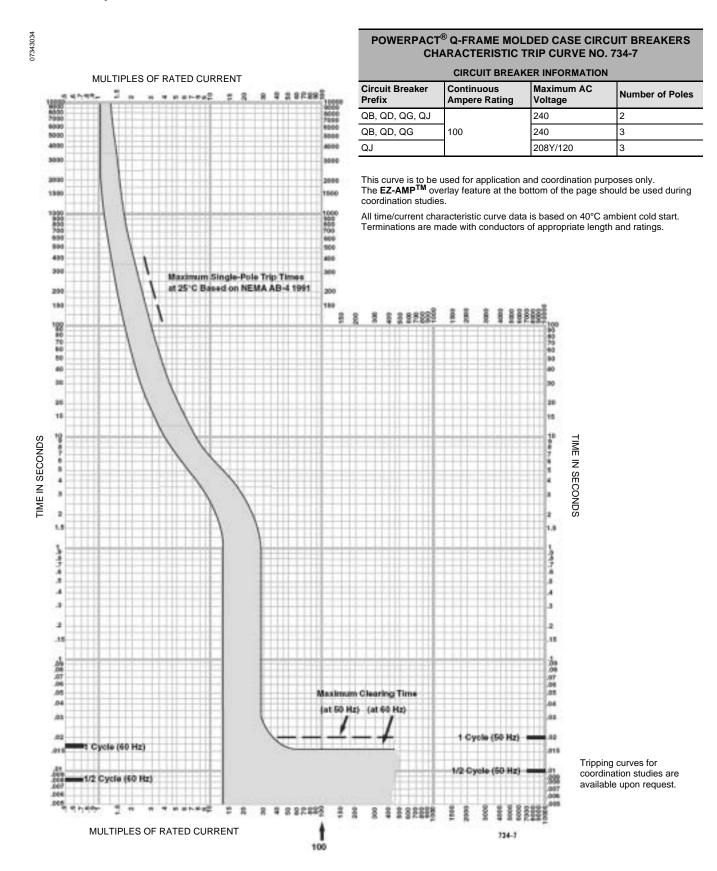
The **EZ-AMPTM** overlay feature at the bottom of the page should be used during coordination studies.

POWERPACT® Q-FRAME MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

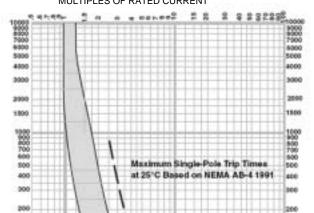
All time/current characteristic curve data is based on 40°C ambient cold start. Terminations are made with conductors of appropriate length and ratings.



Tripping curves for coordination studies are available upon request.



MULTIPLES OF RATED CURRENT



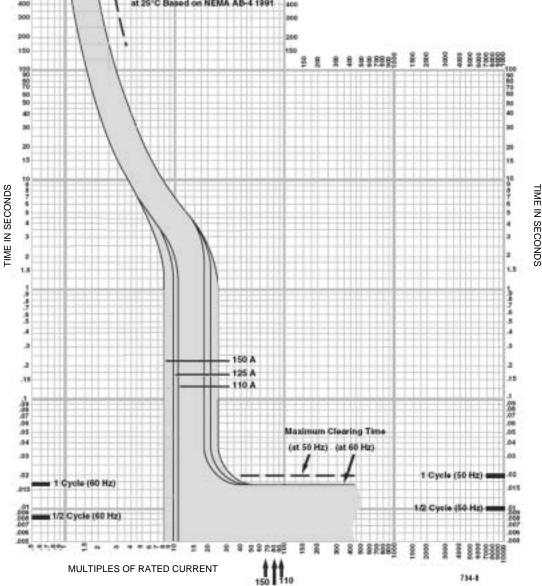
POWERPACT® Q-FRAME MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS **CHARACTERISTIC TRIP CURVE NO. 734-8**

CIRCUIT BREAKER INFORMATION

| | Continuous Ampere Rating | Maximum AC Voltage | Number of Poles |
|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| QB, QD, QG, QJ | | 240 | 2 |
| QB, QD, QG | 110–150 | 240 | 3 |
| QJ | | 208Y/120 | 3 |

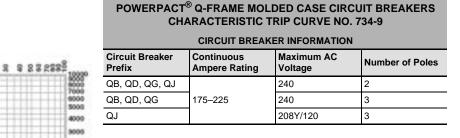
This curve is to be used for application and coordination purposes only. The **EZ-AMPTM** overlay feature at the bottom of the page should be used during

All time/current characteristic curve data is based on 40°C ambient cold start. Terminations are made with conductors of appropriate length and ratings.



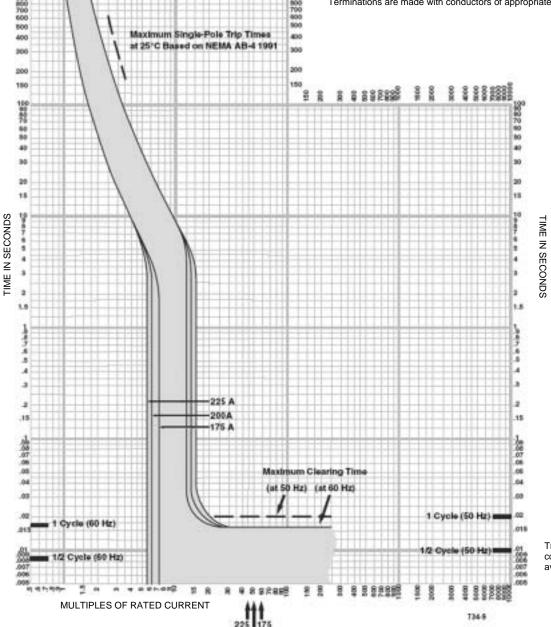
Tripping curves for coordination studies are available upon request.

MULTIPLES OF RATED CURRENT



This curve is to be used for application and coordination purposes only. The **EZ-AMPTM** overlay feature at the bottom of the page should be used during

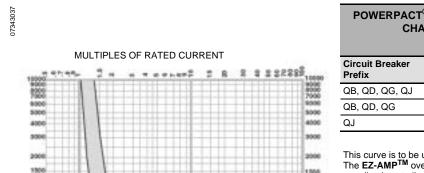
All time/current characteristic curve data is based on 40°C ambient cold start. Terminations are made with conductors of appropriate length and ratings.



Tripping curves for coordination studies are available upon request.

07343036

1600

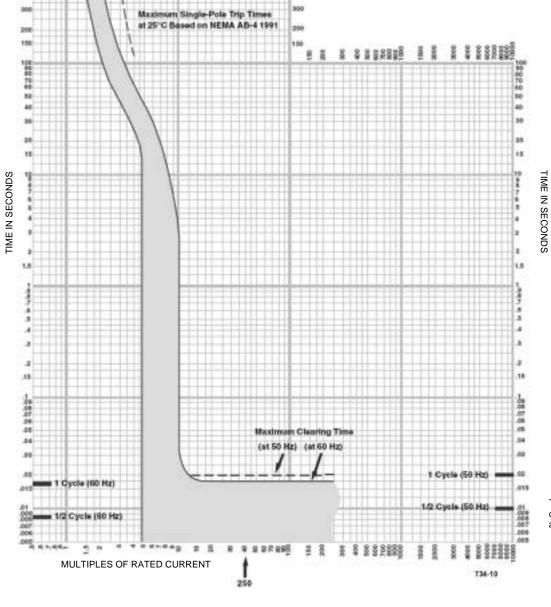


POWERPACT® Q-FRAME MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS **CHARACTERISTIC TRIP CURVE NO. 734-10 CIRCUIT BREAKER INFORMATION**

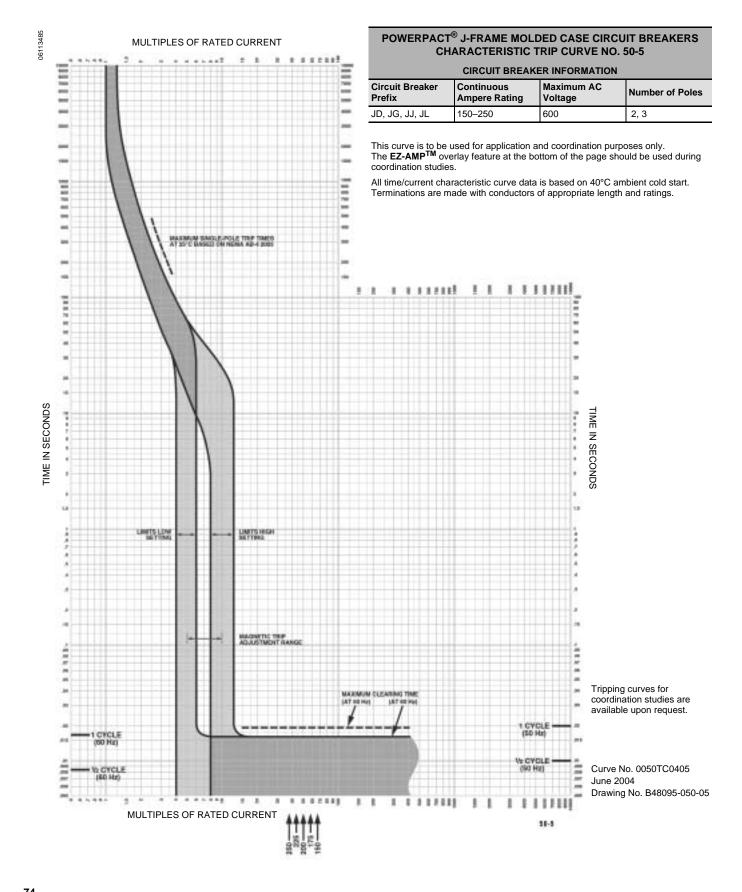
| Circuit Breaker Prefix | Continuous Ampere Rating | Maximum AC Voltage | Number of Poles | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| QB, QD, QG, QJ | | 240 | 2 | |
| QB, QD, QG | 250 | 240 | 3 | |
| QJ | | 208Y/120 | 3 | |

This curve is to be used for application and coordination purposes only. The **EZ-AMPTM** overlay feature at the bottom of the page should be used during

All time/current characteristic curve data is based on 40°C ambient cold start. Terminations are made with conductors of appropriate length and ratings.

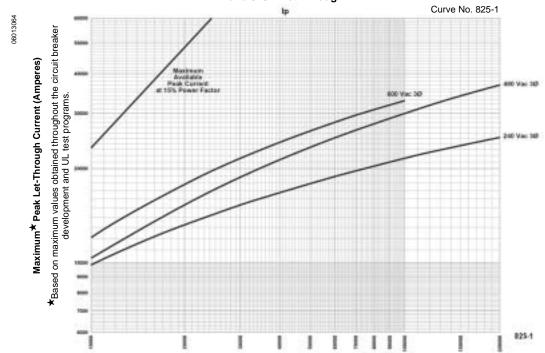


Tripping curves for coordination studies are available upon request.

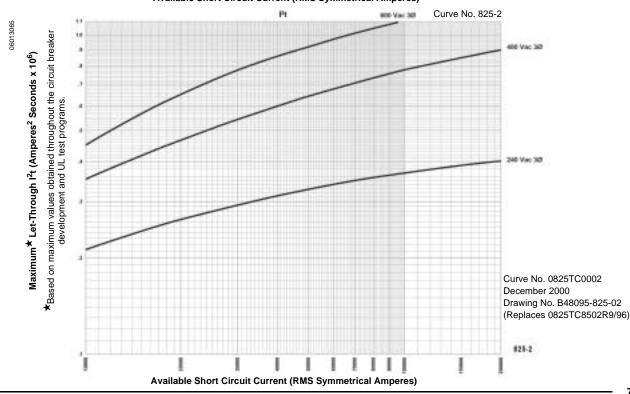


Let-through Curves

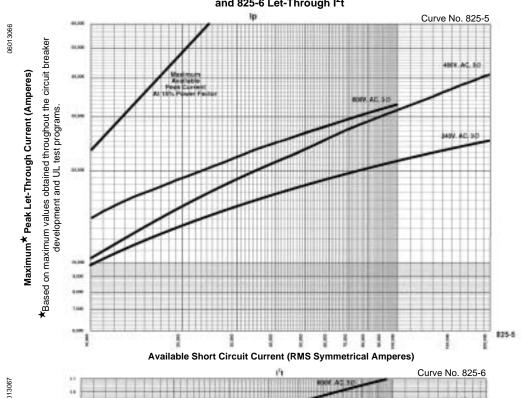
I-LIMITER® CURRENT LIMITING CIRCUIT BREAKERS KI 250 Ampere Frame at 240, 480 and 600 Vac, 3Ø 110–250 Amperes Curve No. 825-1 Peak Let-Through Current I_p and 825-2 Let-Through I²t

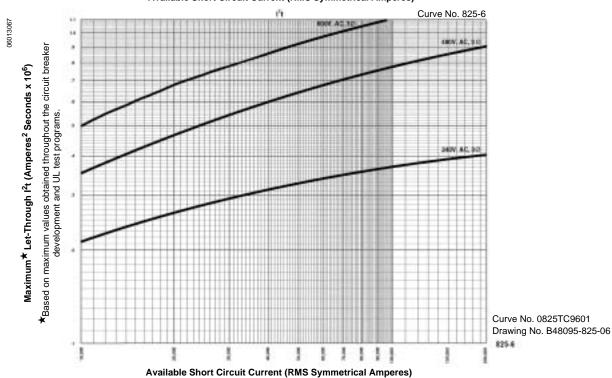


Available Short Circuit Current (RMS Symmetrical Amperes)



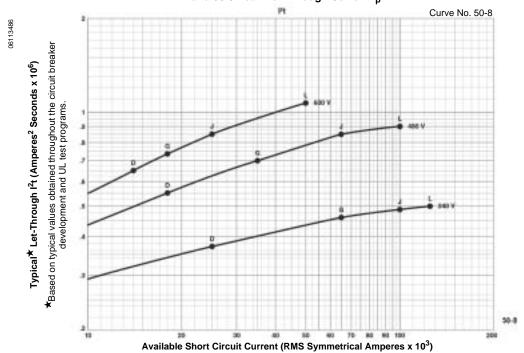
I-LIMITER[®] CURRENT LIMITING CIRCUIT BREAKERS KI Series 2 250 Ampere Frame at 240, 480 and 600 Vac, 3Ø 110–250 Amperes Curve No. 825-5 Peak Let-Through Current I_p and 825-6 Let-Through I²t

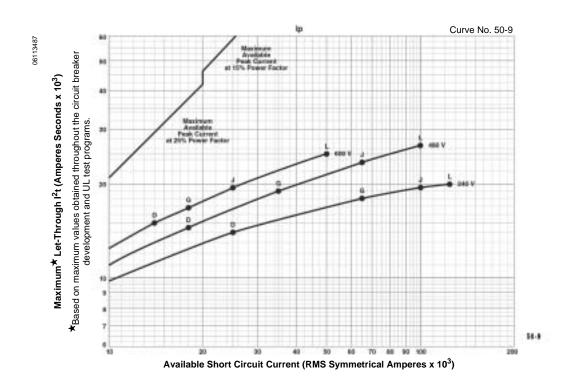




Powerpact® Let-through Curves

POWERPACT J-FRAME CIRCUIT BREAKERS J-frame 250 Ampere (JD, JG, JJ, and JL) 110–250 Amperes Curve No. 50-8 Let-Through I²t and 50-9 Peak Let-Through Current I_D





400 AMPERE FRAME

This section provides specific information on Square D[®] 400 ampere frame thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 24: Description of 400 Ampere Frame Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Q4 | 250–400 ampere, 240 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole |
| LA/LH | 125–400 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 250 Vdc, 2- and 3-pole |

Applications

Q4, LA and LH, circuit breakers are used in industrial enclosures, panelboards, switchboards, busway plug-in units, combination starters and motor control centers.

Table 25: 400 Ampere Frame Interrupting Ratings

| Catalog | Number | No. of | Cont. | | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 |
|---------------|---------------------|--------|------------------|-------|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|----------|-----|----------------|----------------------------|
| Prefix | | Poles | Ampere Rating | AC Vo | AC Volts - RMS | | C Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes | | | DC Volts | | W-C-3/5B/G-BN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage |
| Unit Mount | I-Line [®] | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 380/220 |
| Q4L | Q4 | 2, 3 | 250-400 | 25 | 25 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 14b | _ |
| LAL | LA | 2, 3 | 125-400 | 42 | 42 | 30 | 30 | 22 | 10 | 10 | _ | 21a | 20/5 |
| LHL★ | LH★ | 2, 3 | 125-400 | 65 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 25 | _ | _ | _ | 23a | 20/5 |
| LHL-DC▲ | _ | 3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20 | _ | _ |

[★] Separate UL rating available for 240 Vac and 480 Vac grounded B single phase systems. Breakers must be ordered with 5861 suffix.

Selection Data

Table 26: 400 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers



Q4/LA/LH Two- and Three-pole 6" Mounting Height

| Ampere Rating | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes▲ | | | | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|
| Q4L Standard Inte | rrupting | | | | |
| ' | Low | High | 240 Vac | 240 Vac | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | Q4L2250 | Q4L3250 | AL400LA |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | Q4L2300 | Q4L3300 | 1-#1-600 kcmil or |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | Q4L2350 | Q4L3350 | 2-#1-250 kcmil |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | Q4L2400 | Q4L3400 | 2-#1-250 KCMIII |

Continued on next page

[▲] UL Listed 500 Vdc rating for use on ungrounded systems. Must be connected 3 poles in series. Consult your local Square D sales office for additional information 1-888-Square D.

Table 26: 400 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers (continued)



Q4L/LAL/LHL Two- and Three-pole 125–400 Amperes

| Ampere Rating | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes▲ | | Two Pole* Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| LAL Standard Interrupting | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | LAL26125 | LAL36125 | | | | | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | LAL26150 | LAL36150 | | | | | |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | LAL26175 | LAL36175 | | | | | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | LAL26200 | LAL36200 | AL400LA | | | | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | LAL26225 | LAL36225 | 1-#1-600 kcmil or | | | | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | LAL26250 | LAL36250 | 2-#1-250 kcmil | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | LAL26300 | LAL36300 | | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | LAL26350 | LAL36350 | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | LAL26400 | LAL36400 | | | | | |
| LHL High Interrup | ting | | | • | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | LHL26125 | LHL36125 | | | | | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | LHL26150 | LHL36150 | | | | | |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | LHL26175 | LHL36175 | | | | | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | LHL26200 | LHL36200 | AL400LA | | | | |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | LHL26225 | LHL36225 | 1-#1-600 kcmil or | | | | |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | LHL26250 | LHL36250 | 2-#1-250 kcmil | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | LHL26300 | LHL36300 | | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | LHL26350 | LHL36350 | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | LHL26400 | LHL36400 | | | | | |

Table 27: 400 Ampere Frame I-Line® Circuit Breakers

| Ampere Rating | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes≜ | | Two Pole [★] Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Q4 Standard Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 240 Vac | 240 Vac | | | | | | |
| 250 300 350 400 | 1250 1500 1750 2000 | 2500 3000 3500 4000 | Q422250() Q422300() Q422350() Q422400() | Q432250 Q432300 Q432350 Q432400 | AL400LA 1-#1-600 kcmil or 2-#1-250 kcmil | | | | | |
| LA Standard Interr | rupting | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | |
| 125 150 | 625 750 | 1250 1500 | LA26150() LA26150() | LA36125 LA36150 | | | | | | |
| 175 200 225 | 875 1000 1125 | 1750 2000 2250 | LA26175() LA26200() LA26225() | LA36175 LA36200 LA36225 | AL400LA | | | | | |
| 250 300 | 1250 1500 | 2500 3000 | LA26250() LA26300() | LA36250 LA36300 | 2-#1-250 kcmil | | | | | |
| 350 400 | 1750 2000 | 3500 4000 | LA26350() LA26400() | LA36350 LA36400 | | | | | | |

Continued on next page

Table 27: 400 Ampere Frame I-Line® Circuit Breakers (continued)

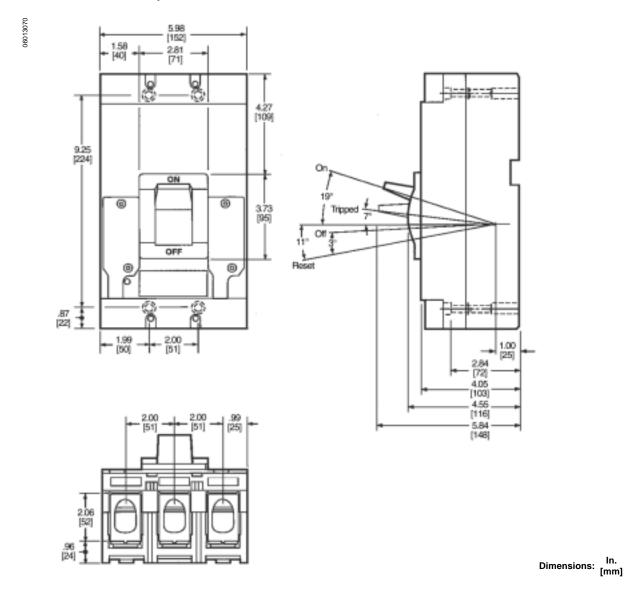
| Ampere Rating | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes [♣] | | • | | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|----------------------|---|------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| LH High Interruption | ng | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | |
| 125 | 625 | 1250 | LH26125() | LH36125 | |
| 150 | 750 | 1500 | LH26150() | LH36150 | |
| 175 | 875 | 1750 | LH26175() | LH36175 | |
| 200 | 1000 | 2000 | LH26200() | LH36200 | AL400LA |
| 225 | 1125 | 2250 | LH26225() | LH36225 | 1-#1-600 kcmil or |
| 250 | 1250 | 2500 | LH26250() | LH36250 | 2-#1-250 kcmil |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | LH26300() | LH36300 | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | LH26350() | LH36350 | |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | LH26400() | LH36400 | |

^{*} Two pole circuit breaker catalog numbers are completed by adding required phase connection letters as a suffix to the catalog number

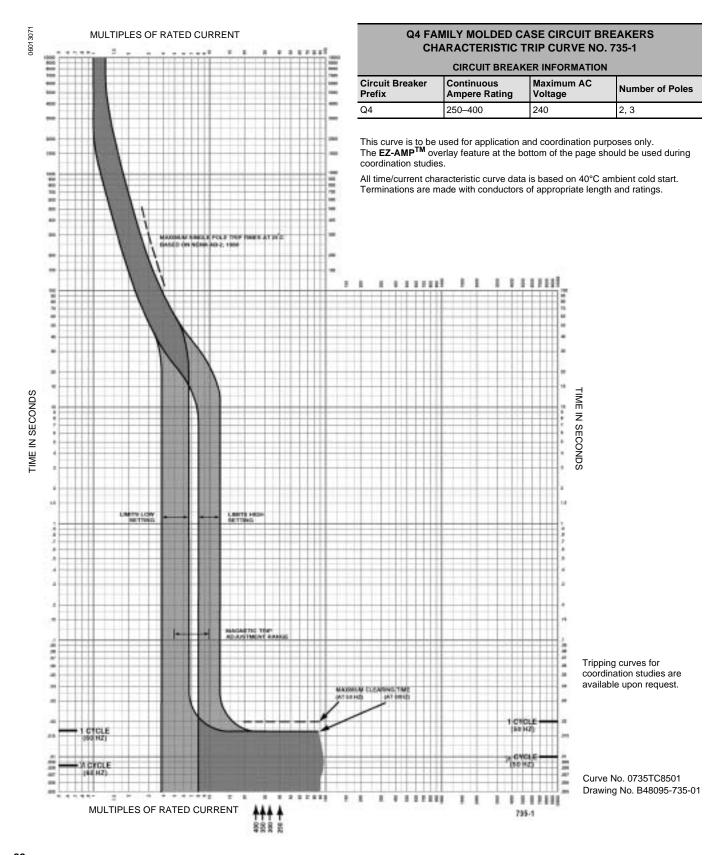
[▲] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% / +30% (Low) and -20% / + 30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

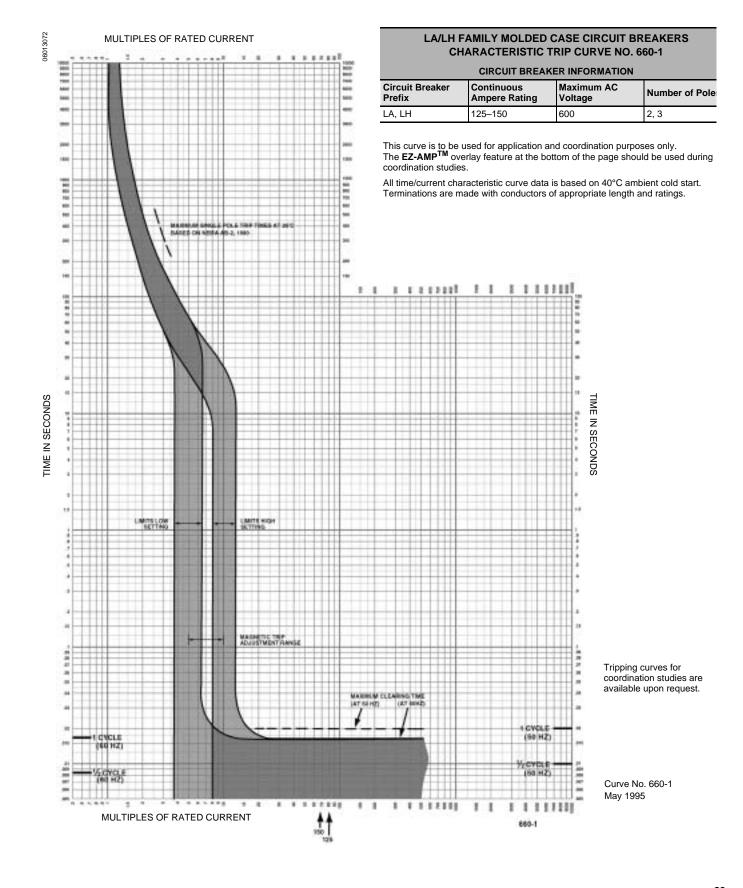
Dimensions

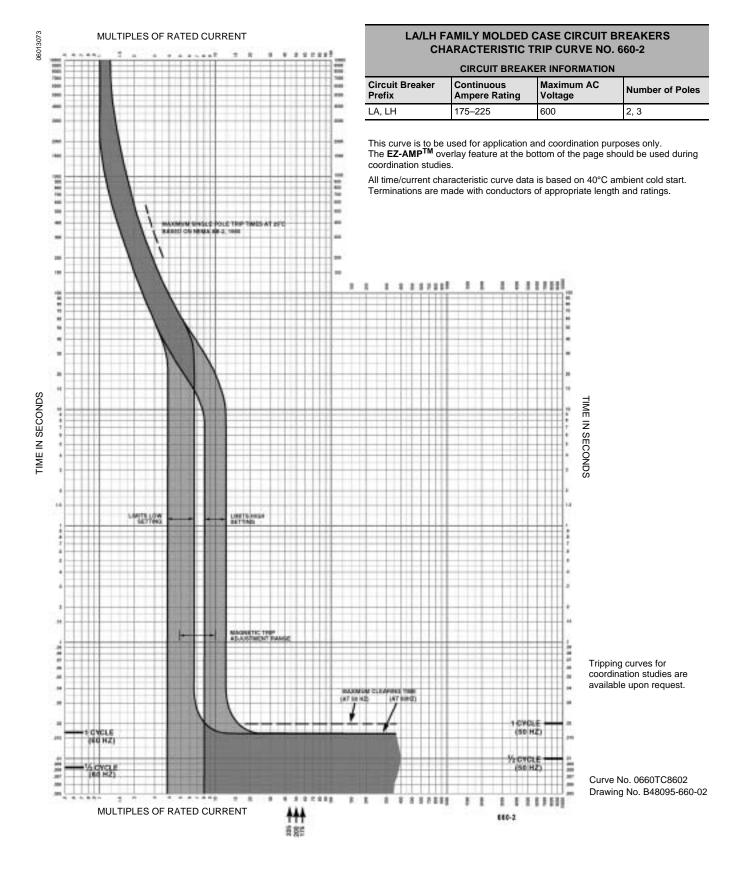
Figure 14: Q4L, LAL, LHL 400 Ampere Frame

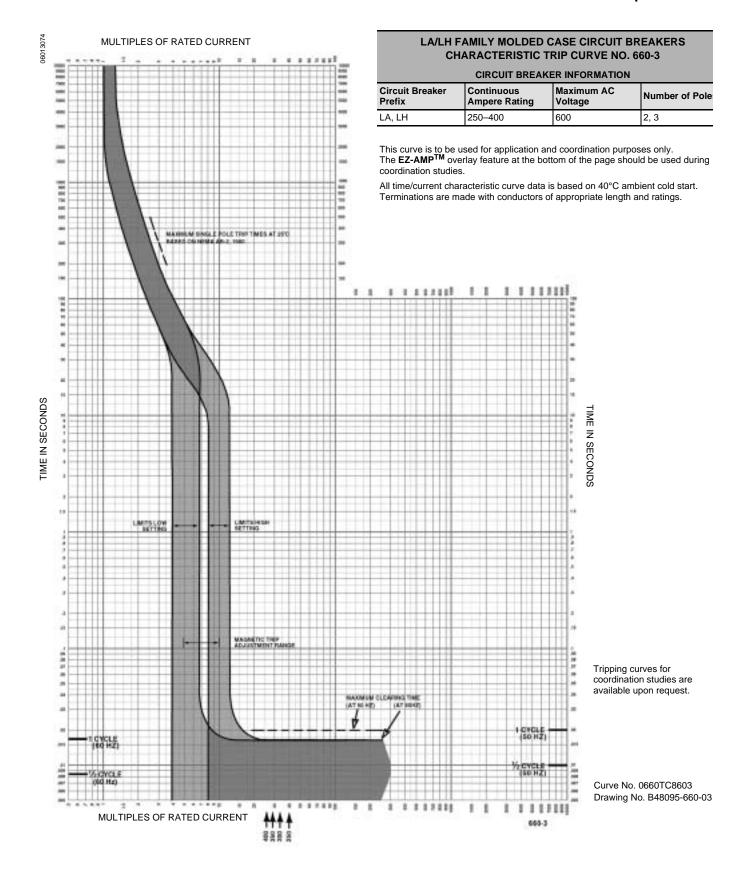


Tripping Curves









600 AMPERE FRAME

This section provides specific information on Square D[®] 600 ampere frame thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 28: Description of 600 Ampere Frame Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breakers | Description |
|------------------|---|
| LC/LI | 300–600 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole |

Applications

LC and LI circuit breakers are used in industrial enclosures, panelboards, switchboards, busway plugin units, combination starters and motor control centers.

Table 29: 600 Ampere Frame Interrupting Ratings

| Catalog | Number | No. of Cont. | | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | | |
|---------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------------------------|-----|--------------|----------|-----|--------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----|---------|
| Prefix | | Poles | Ampere Rating | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes | | | DC Volts | | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | | | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line [®] | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415/240 |
| LCL | LC | 2, 3 | 300-400 | _ | 100 | _ | 65 | 35 | _ | _ | _ | 23a | 65/65 |
| LCL | LC | 2, 3 | 450-600 | _ | 100 | _ | 65 | 35 | _ | _ | _ | 23a | 65/50 |
| LIL | LI | 2, 3 | 300–600 | _ | 200 | _ | 200 | 100 | _ | _ | _ | 23a | _ |

Selection Data

Table 30: 600 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers



| Ampere Rating | AC Magneti Amperes★ | c Trip Settings | Two Pole Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| LCL Extra High Int | CL Extra High Interrupting | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac | 600 Vac | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3200 | LCL26300 | LCL36300 | AL600Li35 | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3200 | LCL26350 | LCL36350 | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 3200 | LCL26400 | LCL36400 | 2-#1-350 kcmil | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4200 | LCL26450 | LCL36450 | A1 0001 IF | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 4200 | LCL26500 | LCL36500 | AL600LI5 2-4/0-500 kcmil | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 4200 | LCL26600 LCL36600 | | 2-4/U-500 KCMII | | | | |
| LIL I-Limiter® Curr | ent Limiting | | | | • | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3200 | LIL26300 | LIL36300 | AL600LI35 | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3200 | LIL26350 | LIL36350 | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 3200 | LIL26400 | LIL36400 | 2-#1-350 kcmil | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4200 | LIL26450 | LIL36450 | AL COOLIE | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 4200 | LIL26500 | LIL36500 | AL600LI5 | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 4200 | LIL26600 | LIL36600 | 2-4/0-500 kcmil | | | | |

[★] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

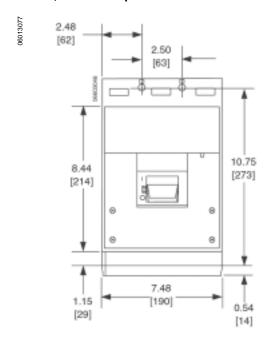
Table 31: 600 Ampere I-Line® Mount Circuit Breakers

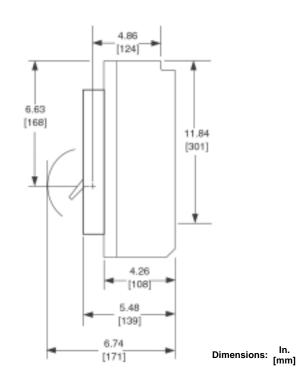
| Ampere Rating | AC Magnet Amperes▲ | ic Trip Settings | Two Pole* Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| C Extra High Interrupting | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac | 600 Vac | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3200 | LC26300() | LC36300 | AL 0001:05 | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3200 | LC26350() | LC36350 | AL600Li35 2-#1-350 kcmil | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 3200 | LC26400() | LC36400 | 2-#1-350 KCMIII | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4200 | LC26450() | LC36450 | AL600LI5 | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 4200 | LC26500() | LC36500 | | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 4200 | LC26600() | LC36600 | 2-4/0-500 kcmil | | | | |
| LI I-Limiter® Curre | nt Limiting | • | | • | • | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3200 | li26300() | li36300 | AL 0001:05 | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3200 | li26350() | li36350 | AL600Li35 | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 3200 | li26400() | li36400 | 2-#1-350 kcmil | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4200 | LI26450() | LI36450 | AL 000115 | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 4200 | LI26500() | LI36500 | AL600LI5 | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 4200 | LI26600() | LI36600 | 2-4/0-500 kcmil | | | | |

^{*} Two pole circuit breaker catalog numbers are completed by adding required phase connection letters as a suffix to the catalog number

Dimensions

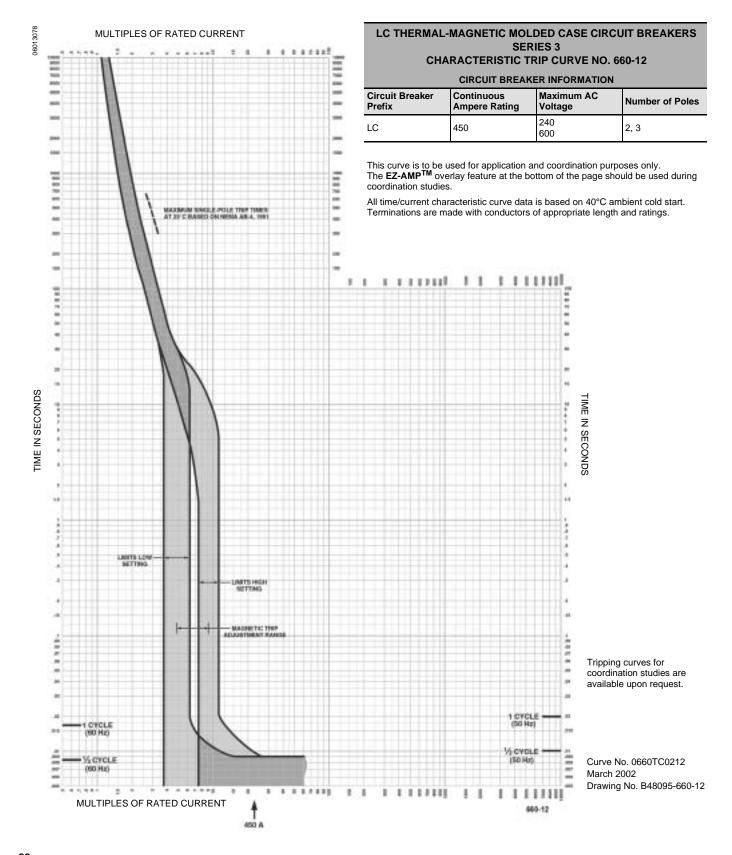
Figure 15: LCL, LIL 600 Ampere Frame

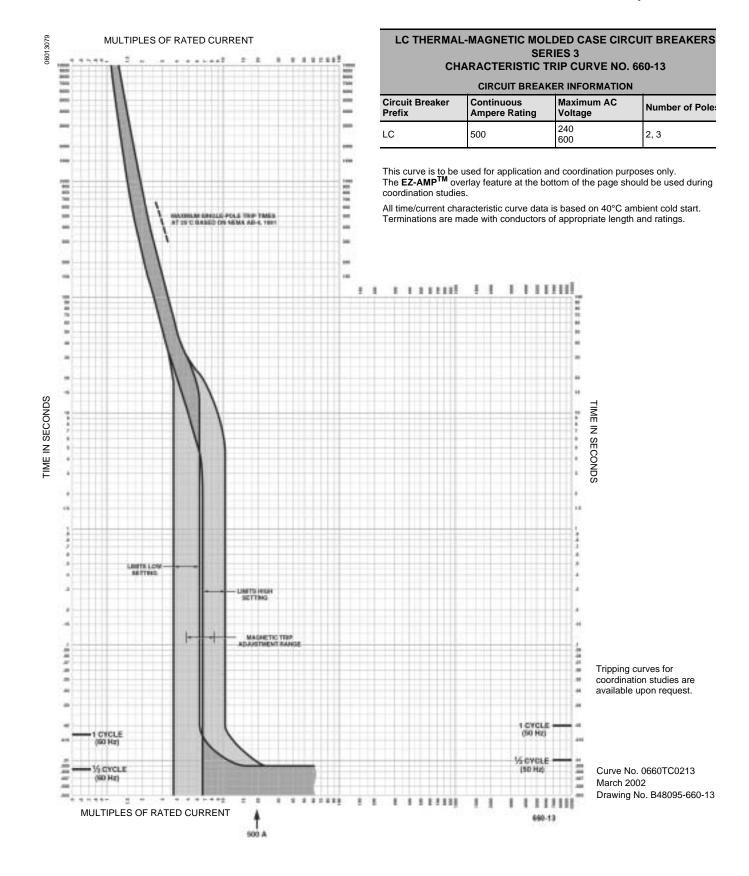


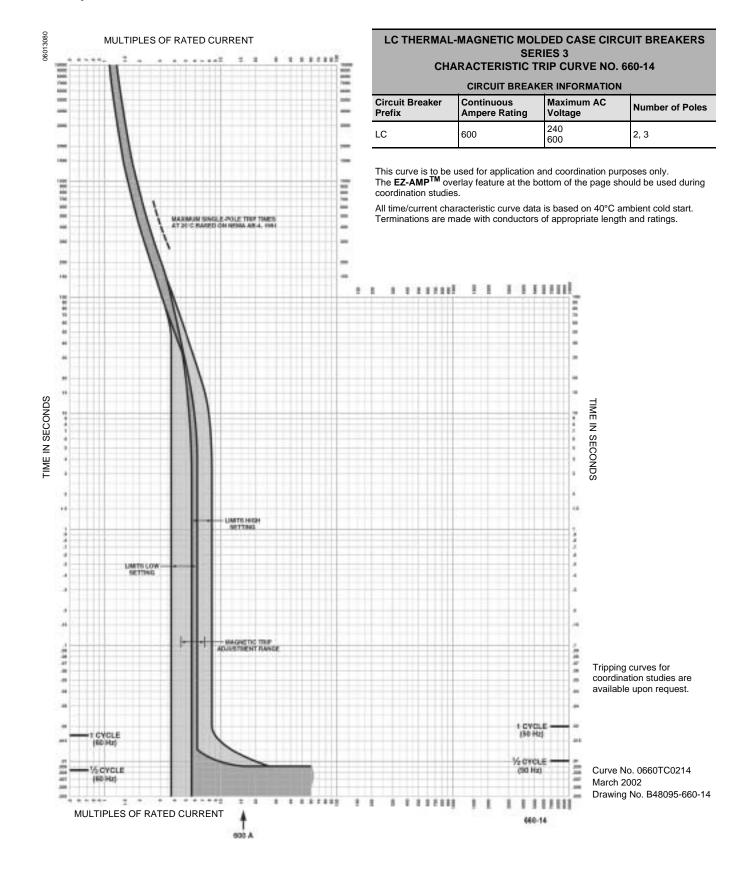


[▲] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

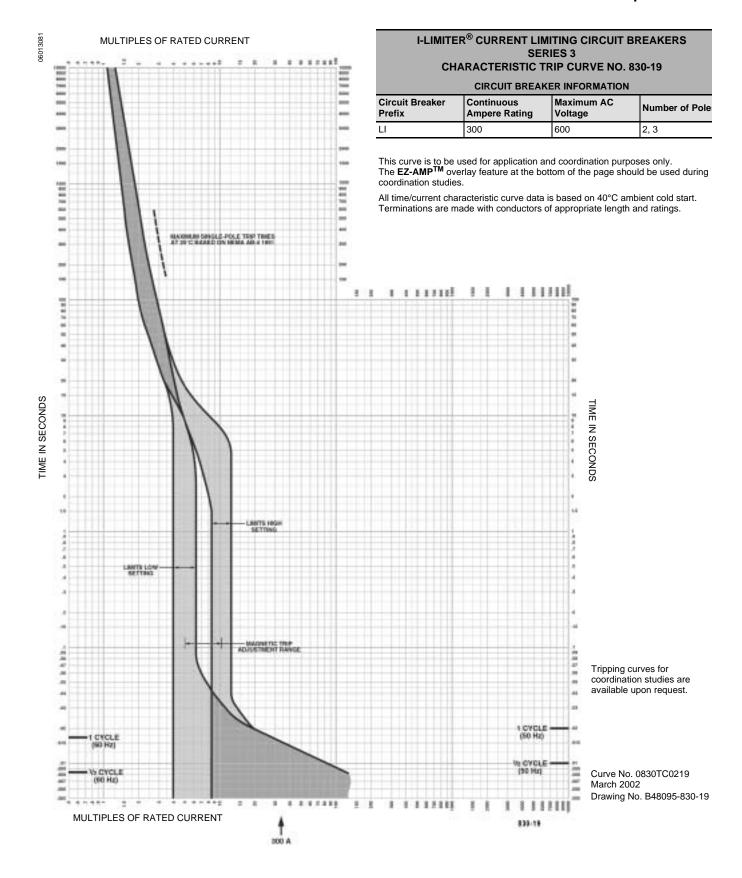
Tripping Curves

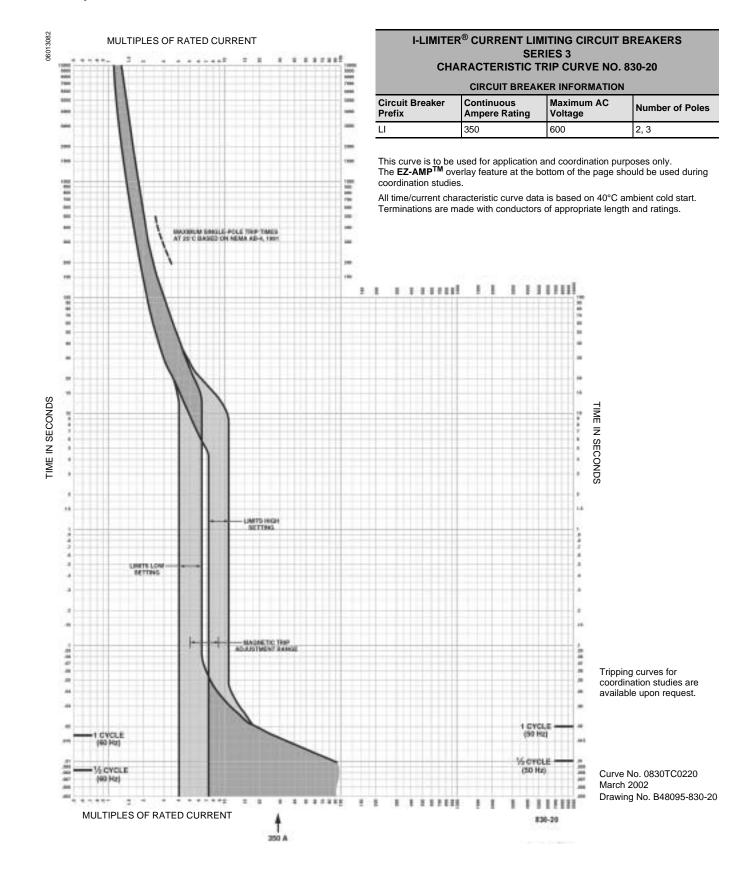




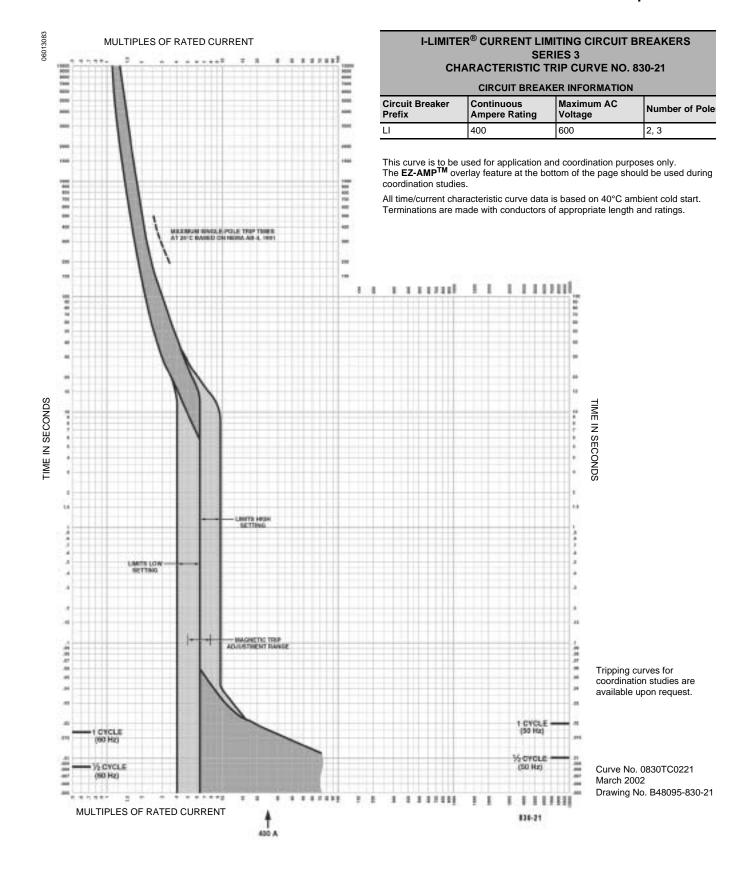


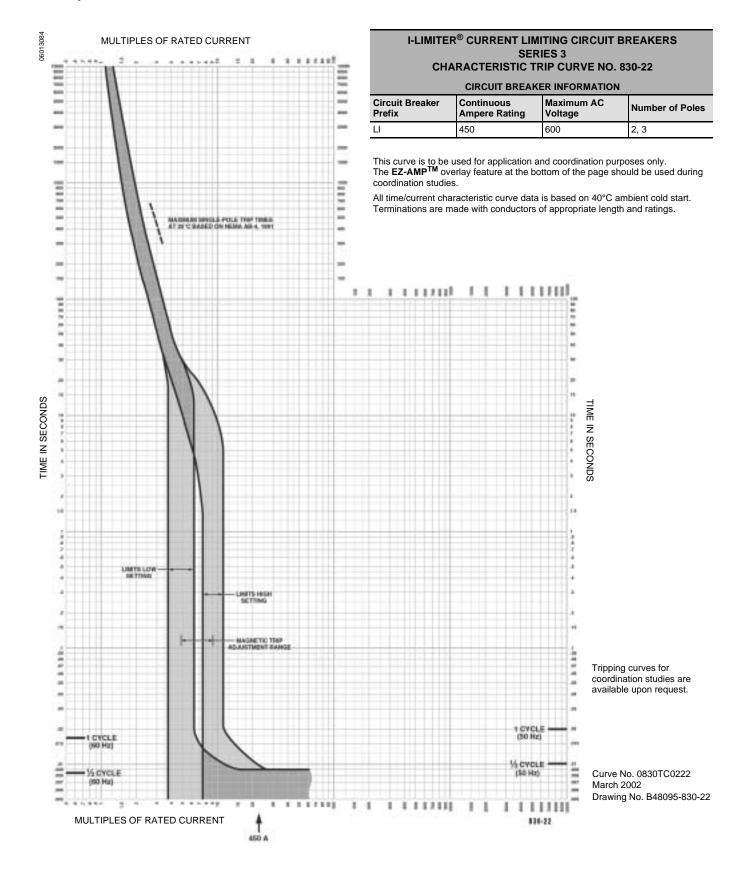




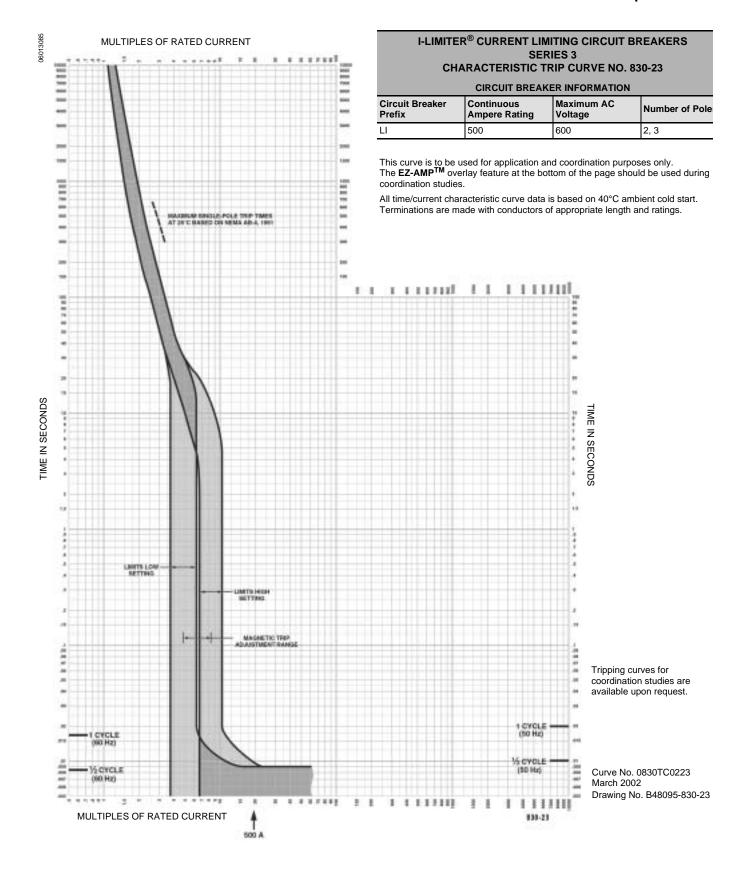


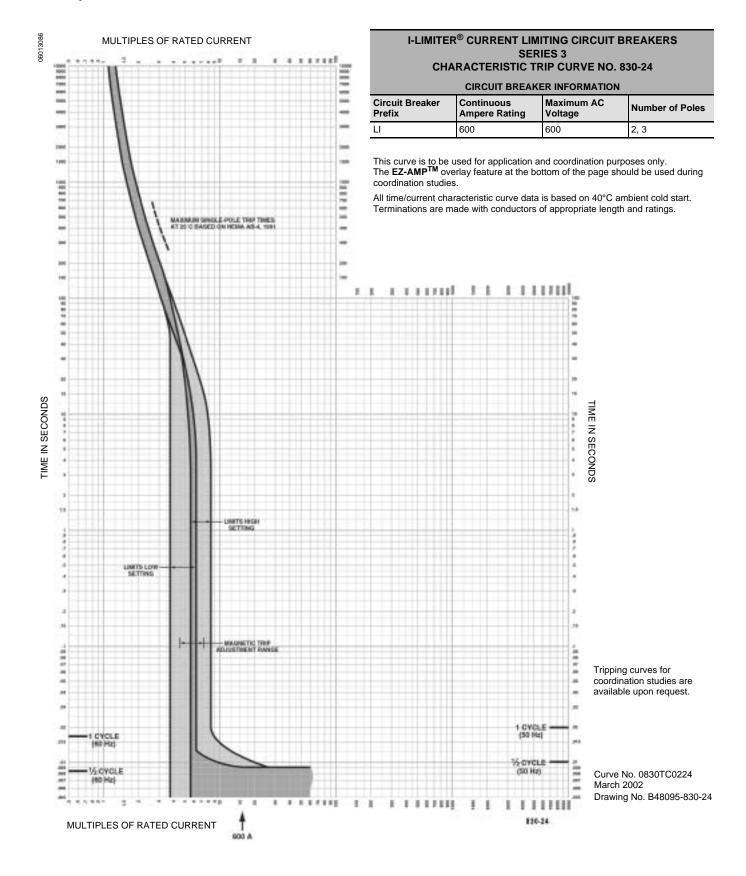






BQUARE D

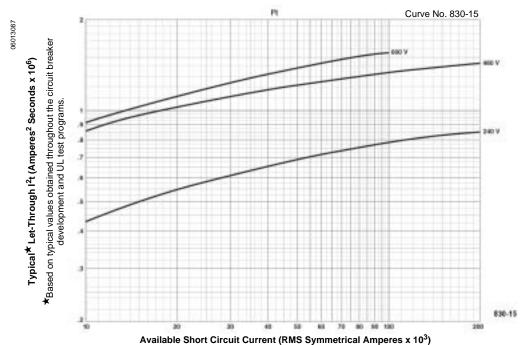


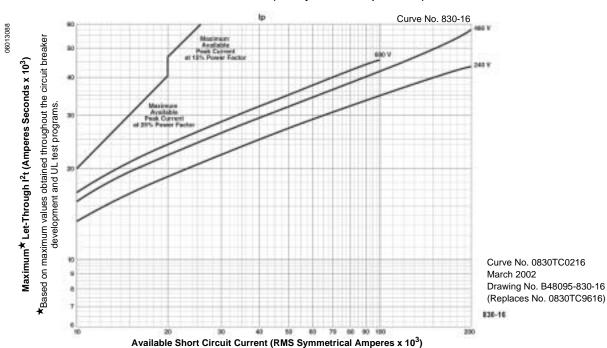




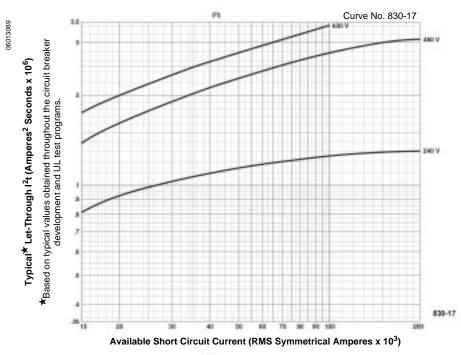
Let-through Curves

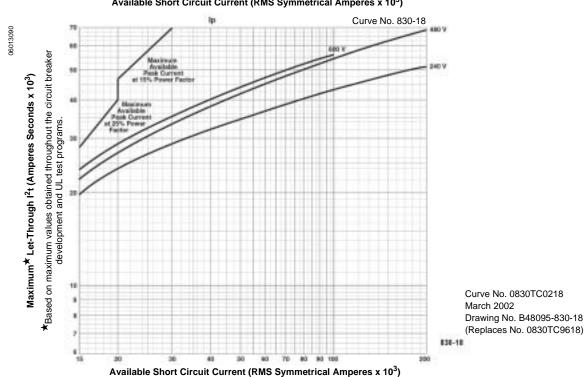
I-LIMITER® CURRENT LIMITING CIRCUIT BREAKERS
LI Series 2, 3 and LXI Series 2B, 3B 400 Ampere Frame at 240, 480 and 600 Vac, 3Ø
300–400 Amperes
LXI Series 2B, 3B 250 Ampere Frame at 240, 480, and 600 Vac, 3Ø
100–250 Ampere
Curve No. 830-15 Let-Through I²t and 830-16 Peak Let-Through Current I_D





I-LIMITER® CURRENT LIMITING CIRCUIT BREAKERS
LI Series 2, 3 and LXI Series 2B, 3B 600 Ampere Frame at 240, 480 and 600 Vac, 3Ø
450–600 Amperes
Curve No. 830-17 Let-Through I²t
and 830-18 Peak Let-Through Current I_p







800 / 1000 AMPERE FRAME

This section provides specific information on Square D^{\otimes} 800 / 1000 ampere frame thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 32: Description of 800 / 1000 Ampere Frame Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| MG/MJ | 300-800 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole |
| MA/MH | 300-800 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 250 Vdc, 2- and 3-pole |
| MAL/MHL | 300-1200 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 250 Vdc, 2- and 3-pole |

Applications

MA / MH circuit breakers are used in industrial enclosures, panelboards, switchboards, busway plug-in units, combination starters and motor control centers.

Table 33: 800 / 1000 Ampere Frame Interrupting Ratings

| Catalog Number Prefix | | No. of Poles | Cont. Ampere Rating | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|----------------------------|---------|
| | | | | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes DC Volts | | | | | | 3 | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line [®] | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415/240 |
| MAL | _ | 2, 3 | 300-1000 | 42 | 42 | 30 | 30 | 22 | 14 | 14 | _ | 21a | 30/30 |
| _ | MA | 2, 3 | 300-800 | 42 | 42 | 30 | 30 | 22 | 14 | 14 | _ | 21a | 30/30 |
| MHL★ | _ | 2, 3 | 300-1000 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 25 | _ | _ | _ | 23a | 65/33 |
| _ | мн★ | 2, 3 | 300-800 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 25 | 14 | 14 | _ | 23a | 65/33 |
| LHL-DC▲ | _ | 3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 20 | _ | _ |

^{*} Separate UL rating available for 240 Vac and 480 Vac grounded B single phase systems. Breakers must be ordered with 5861 suffix. See Supplemental Digest for specific ratings.

Table 34: 800 Ampere Powerpact® M-frame Molded Case Circuit Breakers★

| Catalog N | umber | per No. of | Cont. | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | |
|---------------|----------|------------|------------------|---|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|----------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Prefix | | Poles | Ampere Rating | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes DC Volts | | | | | | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 125 | 250 | 500 | | 415/240 |
| MG | A | 2, 3 | 300-800 | 65 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 18 | _ | _ | _ | 22a | 35/17.5 |
| MJ | A | 2, 3 | 300-800 | 100 | 100 | 65 | 65 | 25 | _ | _ | _ | 23a | 50/25 |

^{*} See Powerpact Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs for other Powerpact and Masterpact[®] circuit breakers.

UL Listed 500 Vdc rating for use on ungrounded systems. Must be connected 3 poles in series. Consult your local Square D sales office for additional information 1-888-Square D.

See the Introduction section, Powerpact M-frame Catalog Numbering System, for available information.

1000

MA/MH Two- and Three-pole 9" Mounting Height 300–800 Amperes



MAL/MHL Two- and Three-pole 300–1000 Amperes

Selection Data

Table 35: 800 Ampere I-Line® Circuit Breakers

| Ampere Rating | AC Magnet Amperes▲ | c Trip Settings | Two Pole [★] Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| MA Standard Interrupting | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | MA26300() | MA36300 | | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | MA26350() | MA36350 | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | MA26400() | MA36400 | | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4500 | MA26450() | MA36450 | AL900MA | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 5000 | MA26500() | MA36500 | 3-#3/0-500 kcmil | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 6000 | MA26600() | MA36600 | | | | | |
| 700 | 3500 | 7000 | MA26700() | MA36700 | | | | | |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | MA26800() | MA36800 | | | | | |
| MH High Interrupti | ing | • | II. | 1 | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | MH26300() | MH36300 | | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | MH26350() | MH36350 | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | MH26400() | MH36400 | | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4500 | MH26450() | MH36450 | AL900MA | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 5000 | MH26500() | MH36500 | 3-#3/0-500 kcmil | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 6000 | MH26600() | MH36600 | | | | | |
| 700 | 3500 | 7000 | MH26700() | MH36700 | | | | | |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | MH26800() | MH36800 | | | | | |

Two pole circuit breaker catalog numbers are completed by adding required phase connection letters as a suffix to the catalog number.

Table 36: 1000 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers

| Ampere Rating | AC Magneti Amperes▲ | c Trip Settings | Two Pole* Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MAL Standard Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | MAL26300 | MAL36300 | | | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | MAL26350 | MAL36350 | | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | MAL26400 | MAL36400 | | | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4500 | MAL26450 | MAL36450 | | | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 5000 | MAL26500 | MAL36500 | AL900MA | | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 6000 | MAL26600 | MAL36600 | 3-#3/0-350 kcmil | | | | | |
| 700 | 3500 | 7000 | MAL26700 | MAL36700 | | | | | | |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | MAL26800 | MAL36800 | | | | | | |
| 900 | 4500 | 9000 | MAL26900 | MAL36900 | | | | | | |
| 1000 | 5000 | 10000 | MAL261000 | MAL361000 | | | | | | |
| 1200 | 5100 | 10200 | MHL261200 | MHL361200 | AL1000MA | | | | | |
| 1200 | 5100 | | WITILZ01200 | WITL301200 | 4-#1/0-500 kcmil | | | | | |

Continued on next page

[▲] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

Table 36: 1000 Ampere Frame Unit Mount Circuit Breakers (continued)

| Ampere Rating | AC Magneti Amperes▲ | c Trip Settings | Two Pole [★] Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MHL High Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | |
| 300 | 1500 | 3000 | MHL26300 | MHL36300 | | | | | | |
| 350 | 1750 | 3500 | MHL26350 | MHL36350 | | | | | | |
| 400 | 2000 | 4000 | MHL26400 | MHL36400 | | | | | | |
| 450 | 2250 | 4500 | MHL26450 | MHL36450 | | | | | | |
| 500 | 2500 | 5000 | MHL26500 | MHL36500 | AL900MA | | | | | |
| 600 | 3000 | 6000 | MHL26600 | MHL36600 | 3-#3/0-500 kcmil | | | | | |
| 700 | 3500 | 7000 | MHL26700 | MHL36700 | | | | | | |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | MHL26800 | MHL36800 | | | | | | |
| 900 | 4500 | 9000 | MHL26900 | MHL36900 | | | | | | |
| 1000 | 5000 | 10000 | MHL261000 | MHL361000 | | | | | | |
| 1200 | F100 | 10200 | MAI 201200 | MAI 201200 | AL1000MA | | | | | |
| 1200 | 5100 | | MAL261200 | MAL361200 | 4-#1/0-350 kcmil | | | | | |

Two pole circuit breaker catalog numbers are completed by adding required phase connection letters as a suffix to the catalog number.

Powerpact[®] Selection Data

For Powerpact selection information see Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs.

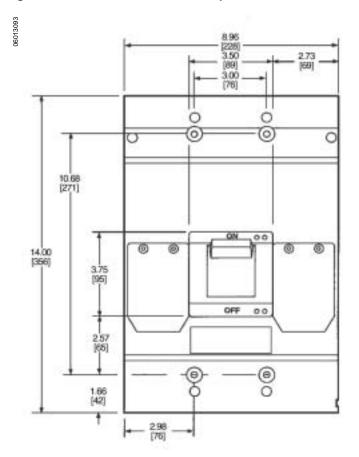


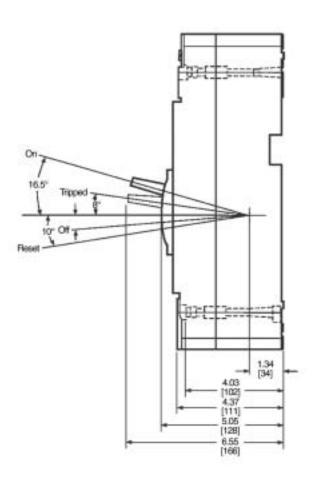
M-frame: Class 612

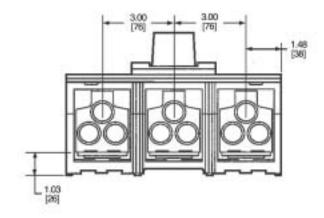
[▲] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

Dimensions

Figure 16: MAL, MHL 800 / 1000 Ampere Frame

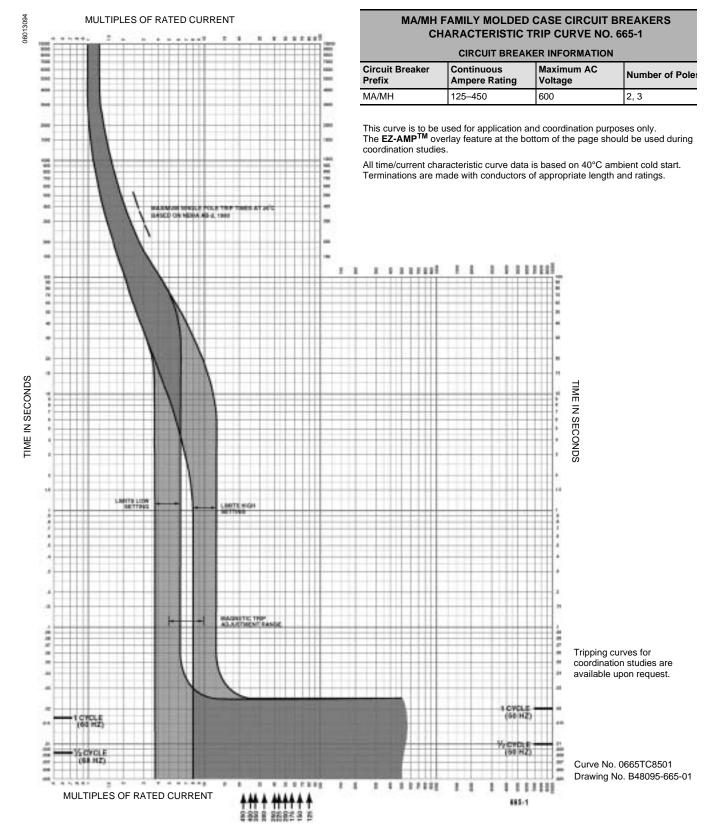


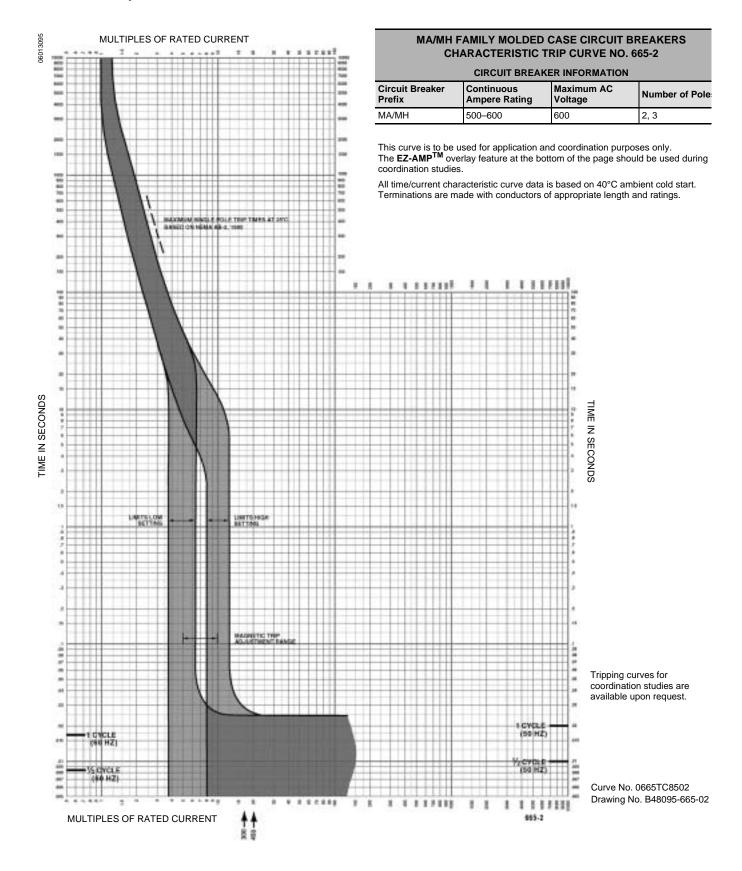


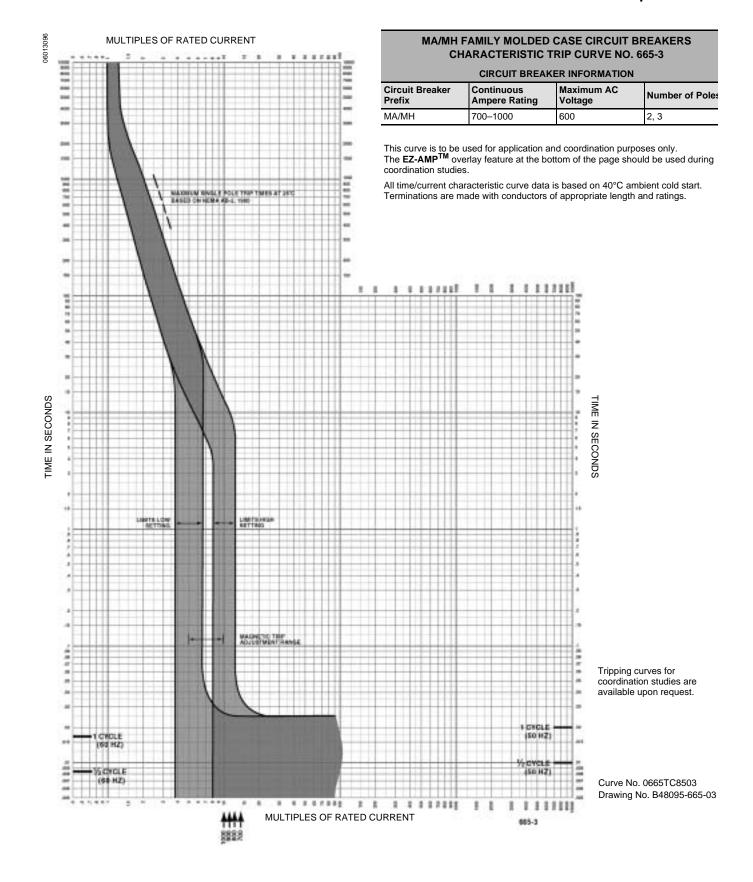


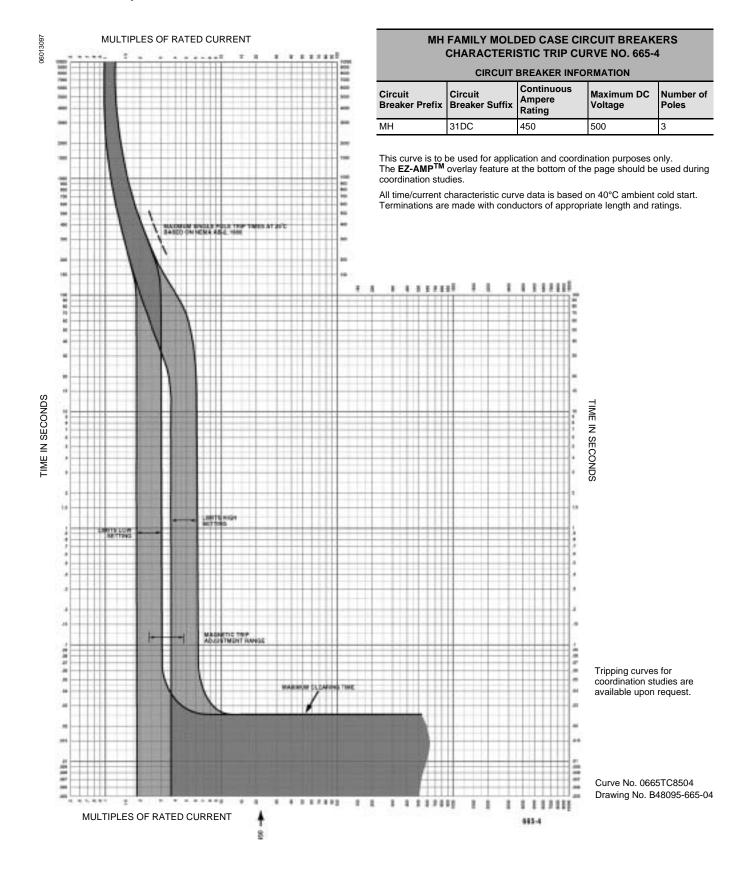
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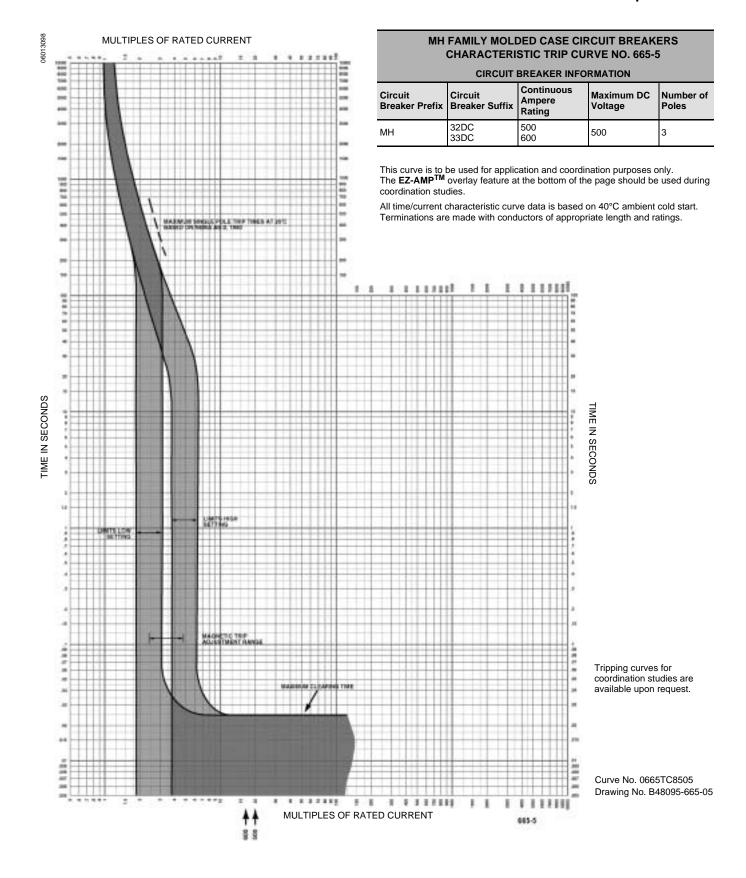
Tripping Curves

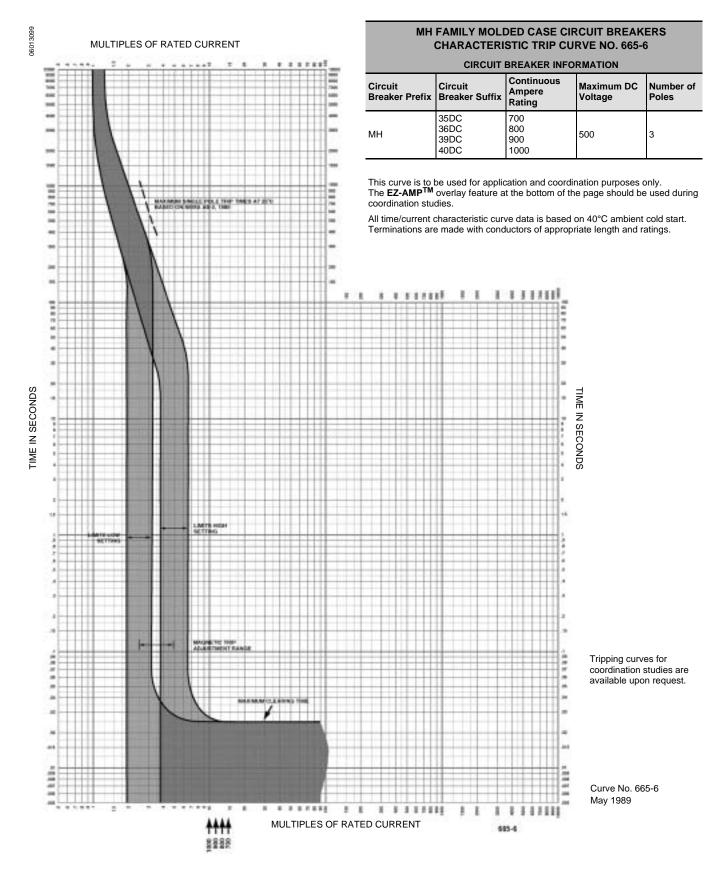


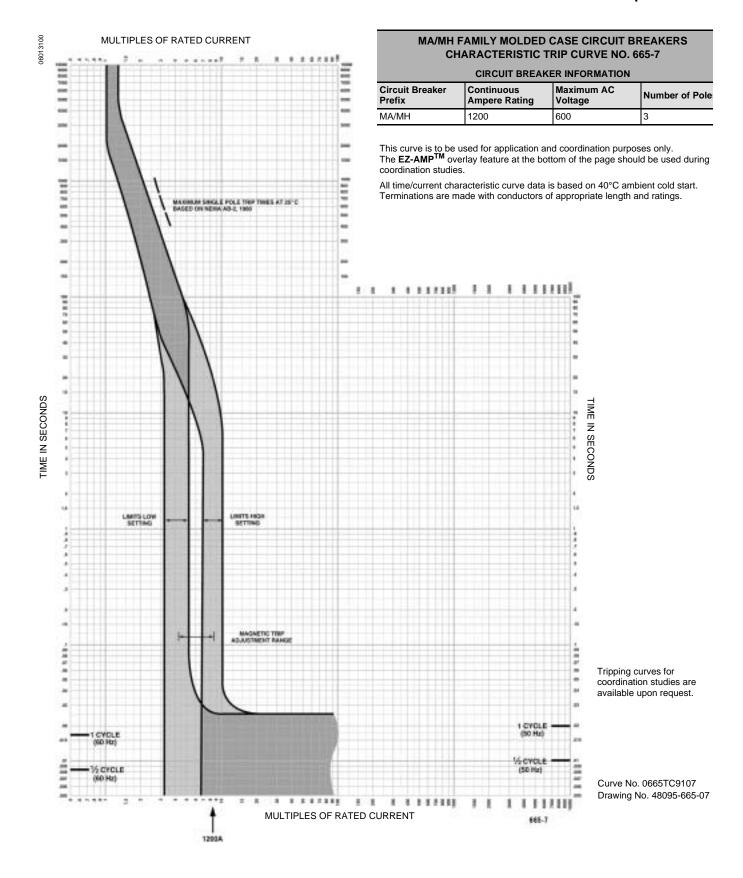


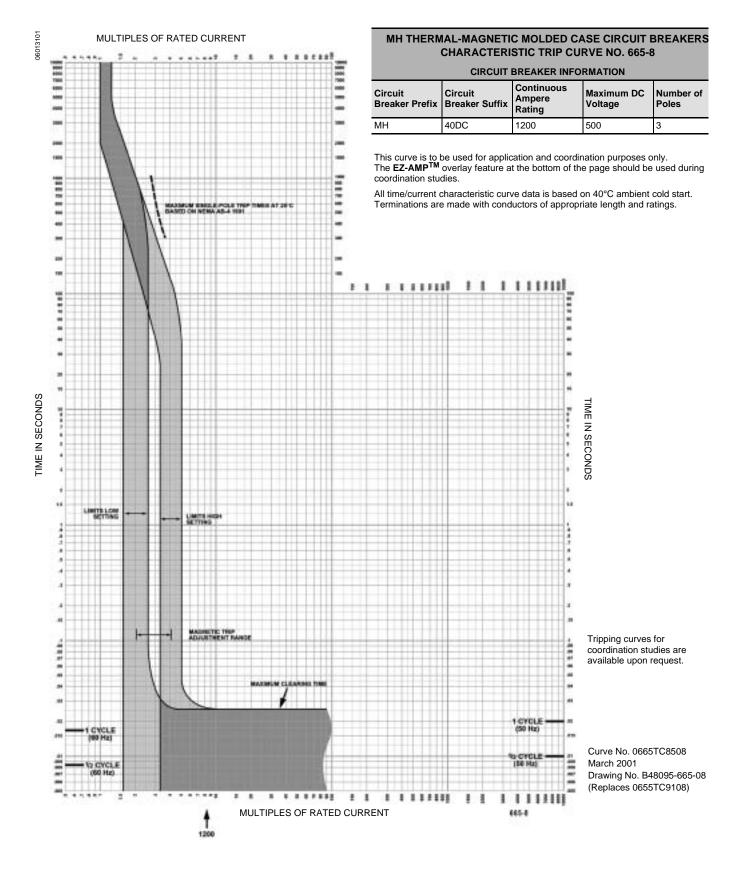




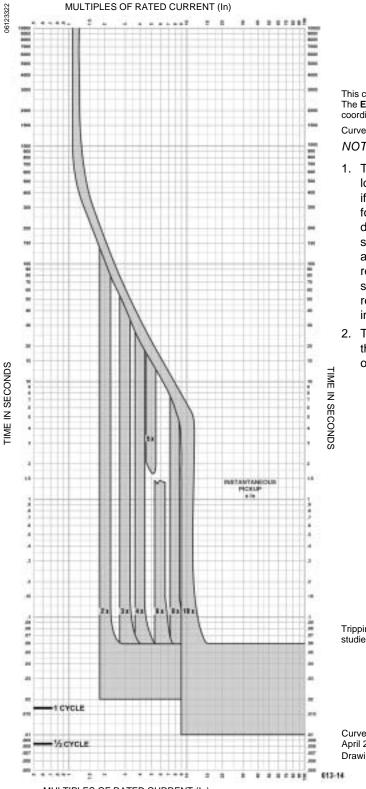








Powerpact® Tripping Curves



ELECTRONIC TRIP 1.0 CHARACTERISTIC TRIP CURVE NO. 613-14

CIRCUIT BREAKER INFORMATION

Long-time Pickup and Delay Instantaneous Pickup and Delay 2x-10x

This curve is to be used for application and coordination purposes only. The **EZ-AMPTM** overlay feature at the bottom of the page should be used during

Curves apply from -30°C to +60°C ambient temperature.

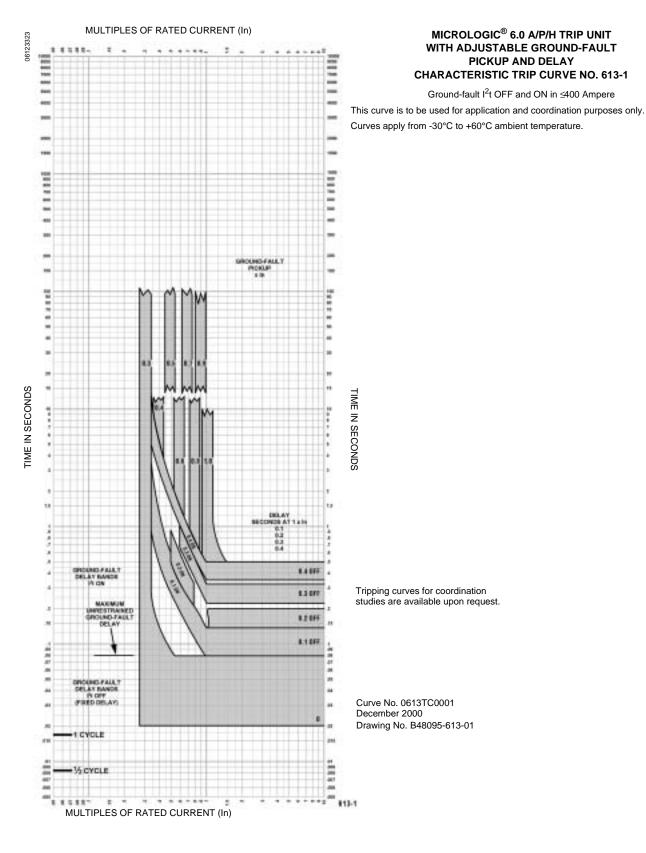
NOTE:

- 1. There is a thermal-imaging effect that can act to shorten the long-time delay. The thermal-imaging effect comes into play if a current above the long-time delay pickup value exists for a time and then is cleared by the tripping of a downstream device or the circuit breaker itself. A subsequent overload will cause the circuit breaker to trip in a shorter time than normal. The amount of time delay reduction is inverse to the amount of time that has elapsed since the previous overload. Approximately 20 minutes is required between overloads to completely reset thermalimaging.
- Total clearing times shown include the response times of the trip unit, the circuit breaker opening, and the extinction of the current.

Tripping curves for coordination studies are available upon request.

Curve No. 0613TC0114 April 2001 Drawing No. B48095-613-14

MULTIPLES OF RATED CURRENT (In)



1200 AMPERE FRAME

This section provides specific information on Square D[®] 1200 ampere frame thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 37: Description of 1200 Ampere Frame Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| NA/NC | 600-1200 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3-pole |

Applications

NA and NC circuit breakers are used in industrial enclosures, panelboards and switchboards.

Table 38: 1200 Ampere Frame Interrupting Ratings

| Catalog Number No. | | No. Cont. | | UL Listed Interrupting Rating (kA) | | | | | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-----|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Prefix | Number | of Ampere Rating | | | | | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/Ics (kA) AC Voltage | | |
| Unit Mount | I-Line [®] | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | | 415/240 |
| NAL | NA | 2, 3 | 600–1200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 50 | 25 | 23a | 50/25 |
| NCL | NC | 2, 3 | 600-1200 | 125 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 | 25a | 70/35 |

Selection Data

Table 39: 1200 Ampere Unit Mount Circuit Breakers

| Ampere Rating | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes | | Two Pole Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| NAL High Interrupt | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac | 600 Vac | |
| 600 | 4000 | 8000 | NAL26600 | NAL36600 | |
| 700 | 4000 | 8000 | NAL26700 | NAL36700 | |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | NAL26800 | NAL36800 | AL1200NE6 |
| 900 | 5000 | 10000 | NAL26900 | NAL36900 | 4-#3/0-600 kcmil |
| 1000 | 5000 | 10000 | NAL261000 | NAL361000 | |
| 1200 | 5000 | 10000 | NAL261200 | NAL361200 | |
| NCL Extra High Inte | errupting | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac | 600 Vac | |
| 600 | 4000 | 8000 | NCL26600 | NCL36600 | |
| 700 | 4000 | 8000 | NCL26700 | NCL36700 | AL1200NE6 |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | NCL26800 | NCL36800 | 4-#3/0-600 kcmil |
| 900 | 5000 | 10000 | NCL26900 | NCL36900 | 4-#3/0-600 KCIIII |
| 1000 | 5000 | 10000 | NCL261000 | NCL361000 | |
| 1200 | 5000 | 10000 | NCL261200 | NCL361200 | |



NAL/NCL Two- and Three-pole 600–1200 Amperes

Table 40: 1200 Ampere Frame I-Line® Circuit Breakers



NA/NC
Two- and Three-pole
15" Mounting Height
600–1200 Amperes

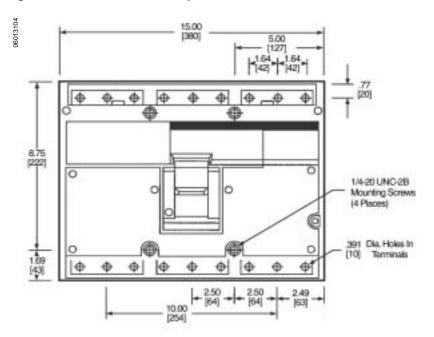
| Ampere Rating | AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes▲ | | Two Pole* Catalog No. | Three Pole Catalog No. | Standard Lug Kit Wire Range | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| NA High Interrupti | NA High Interrupting | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 240 Vac | 240 Vac | | | | | | | |
| 600 | 4000 | 8000 | NA26600() | NA36600 | | | | | | | |
| 700 | 4000 | 8000 | NA26700() | NA36700 | AL 4200NIE6 | | | | | | |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | NA26800() | NA36800 | AL1200NE6 4-#3/0-600 kcmil | | | | | | |
| 900 | 5000 | 10000 | NA26900() | NA36900 | 4-#3/0-600 KCIIII | | | | | | |
| 1000 | 5000 | 10000 | NA261000() | NA361000 | | | | | | | |
| 1200 | 5000 | 10000 | NA261200() | NA361200 | | | | | | | |
| NC Extra High Inte | rrupting | | | | • | | | | | | |
| | Low | High | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | 600 Vac/250 Vdc | | | | | | | |
| 600 | 4000 | 8000 | NC26600() | NC36600 | | | | | | | |
| 700 | 4000 | 8000 | NC26700() | NC36700 | AL 4000NIE0 | | | | | | |
| 800 | 4000 | 8000 | NC26800() | NC36800 | AL1200NE6 | | | | | | |
| 900 | 5000 | 10000 | NC26900() | NC36900 | 4-#3/0-600 kcmil | | | | | | |
| 1000 | 5000 | 10000 | NC261000() | NC361000 | | | | | | | |
| 1200 | 5000 | 10000 | NC261200() | NC361200 | | | | | | | |

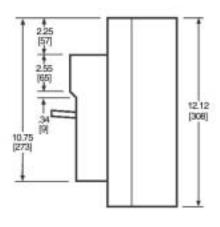
^{*} Two pole circuit breaker catalog numbers are completed by adding required phase connection letters as a suffix to the catalog number.

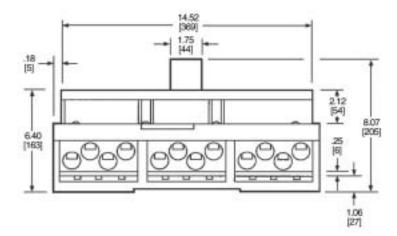
[▲] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

Dimensions

Figure 17: NAL, NCL 1200 Ampere Frame

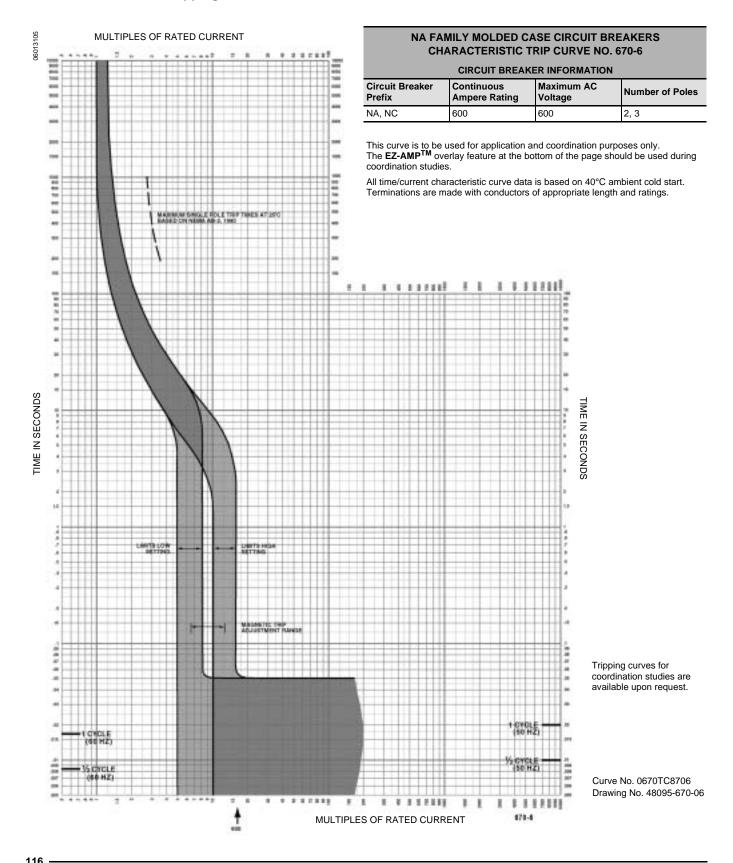


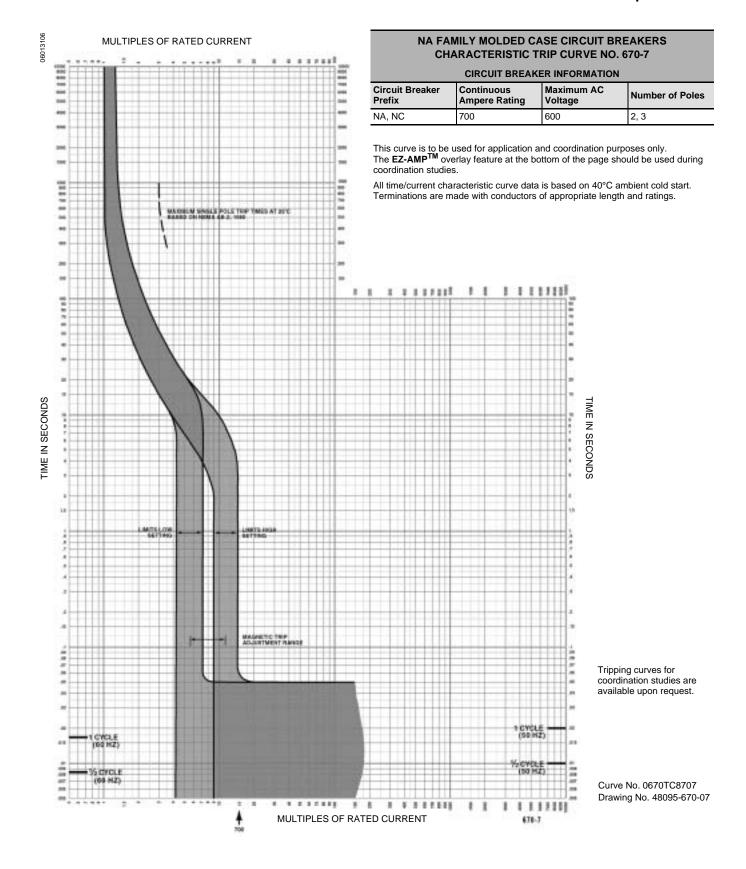


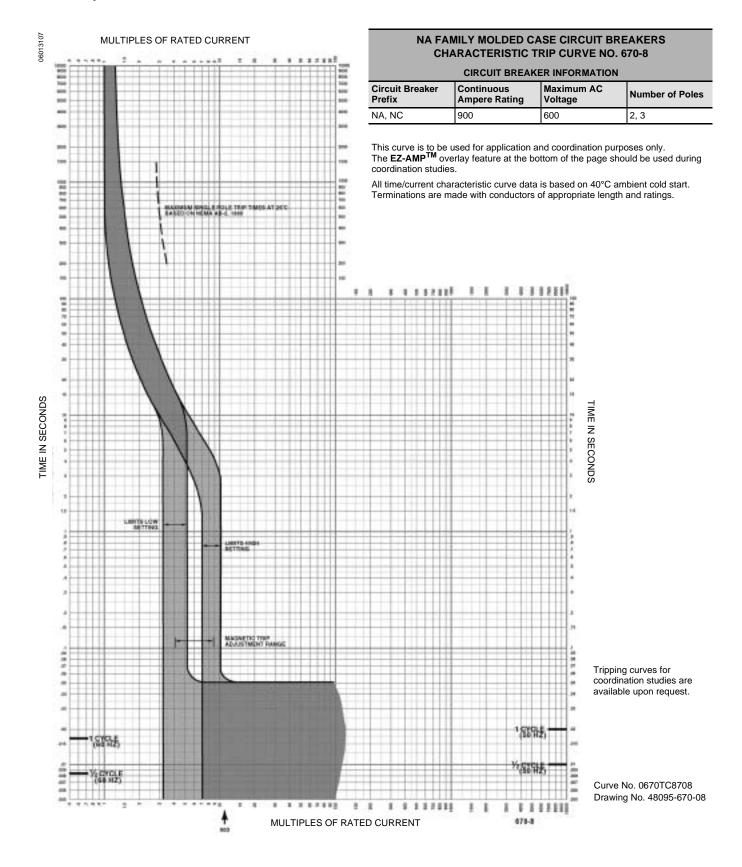


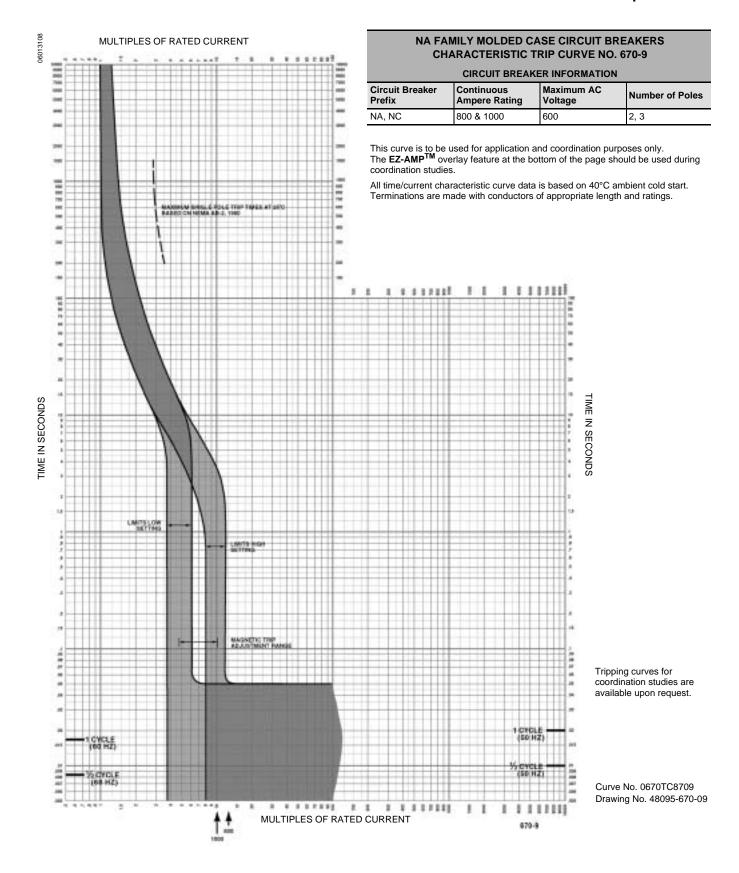
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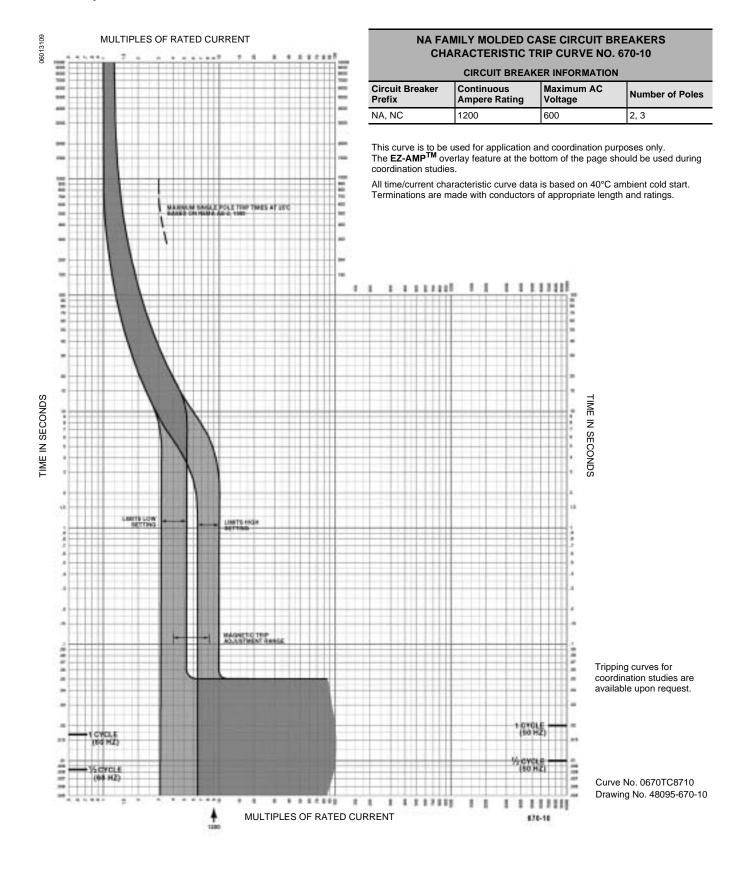
Tripping Curves













2000 / 2500 AMPERE FRAME

This section provides specific information on Square D[®] 2000 / 2500 ampere frame thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 41: Description of 2000 / 2500 Ampere Frame Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| PAF/PHF | 600–2000 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 2- and 3- pole |
| PCF | 600-2500 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, |
| FCF | 2- and 3-pole |

Applications

PAF, PHF and PCF circuit breakers are used in industrial enclosures, switchboards and busway plugin units.

Table 42: 2000 / 2500 Ampere Frame Interrupting Ratings

| Catalog | No. of | Cont. | U | L Liste | d Interru | upting I | Federal Specs. | IEC 60947-2 | | |
|------------------|--------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|--------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----|---------|
| Number Prefix | Poles | Ampere Rating | AC Volts - RMS Symmetrical Amperes | | | DC Volts | W-C-375B/GEN | Icu/lcs (kA) AC Voltage | | |
| Unit Mount | | | 120 | 240 | 480Y/ 277 | 480 | 600 | 500 | | 415/240 |
| PAF | 2, 3 | 600-1200 | 65 | 65 | 50 | 50 | 42 | _ | 24a | 50 |
| PAF-DC | 3 | 1200- 2000 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 25K | _ | _ |
| PHF★ | 2, 3 | 600–2000 | 125 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 | _ | 25a | 100 |
| PCF★ | 2, 3 | 1600- 2500 | 125 | 125 | 100 | 100 | 65 | _ | 25a | 100 |

^{*} Separate UL rating available for 240 Vac and 480 Vac grounded B single phase systems. Breakers must be ordered with 5861 suffix. See Supplemental Digest for specific ratings.

Selection Data

Table 43: 2000 Ampere Unit Mount Circuit Breakers



PAF/PHF Two- and Three-pole 600–2000 Amperes

| Amporo | npere AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes* | | Two Pole | - 600 Vac | Three Pole - 600 Vac | | |
|--------------|--|------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Rating | | | Frame Only | Rating Columns Two Per Kit | Frame Only | Rating Columns Three Per Kit | |
| | Low | High | Catalog No. | Kit Catalog No. | Catalog No. | Kit Catalog No. | |
| PAF Standard | Interrupting | - Complete | Breaker Requires Fra | ame and Rating Colu | nns | | |
| 600 | 3200 | 9000 | | PA2600RC | | PA3600RC | |
| 700 | 3200 | 9000 | | PA2700RC | | PA3700RC | |
| 800 | 3200 | 9000 | | PA2800RC | | PA3800RC | |
| 1000 | 3500 | 9000 | | PA21000RC | | PA31000RC | |
| 1200 | 3500 | 9000 | PAF2026 | PA21200RC | PAF2036 | PA31200RC | |
| 1400 | 4500 | 9000 | | PA21400RC | | PA31400RC | |
| 1600 | 5000 | 10000 | | PA21600RC | | PA31600RC | |
| 1800 | 6500 | 11000 | | PA21800RC | | PA31800RC | |
| 2000 | 8000 | 12000 | | PA22000RC | | PA32000RC | |

Continued on next page

Table 43: 2000 Ampere Unit Mount Circuit Breakers (continued)

| Amnoro | Ampere Rating AC Magnetic Trip Settings Amperes* | | Two Pole | - 600 Vac | Three Pole - 600 Vac | |
|--|--|-------|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | Frame Only | Rating Columns Two Per Kit | Frame Only | Rating Columns Three Per Kit |
| | Low | High | Catalog No. | Kit Catalog No. | Catalog No. | Kit Catalog No. |
| PHF High Interrupting - Complete Breaker Requires Frame and Rating Columns | | | | | | |
| 600 | 3200 | 9000 | | PA2600RC | | PA3600RC |
| 700 | 3200 | 9000 | | PA2700RC | | PA3700RC |
| 800 | 3200 | 9000 | | PA2800RC | | PA3800RC |
| 1000 | 3500 | 9000 | | PA21000RC | | PA31000RC |
| 1200 | 3500 | 9000 | PHF2026 | PA21200RC | PHF2036 | PA31200RC |
| 1400 | 4500 | 9000 | | PA21400RC | | PA31400RC |
| 1600 | 5000 | 10000 | | PA21600RC | | PA31600RC |
| 1800 | 6500 | 11000 | | PA21800RC | | PA31800RC |
| 2000 | 8000 | 12000 | | PA22000RC | | PA32000RC |

[★] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

Table 44: 2500 Ampere Unit Mount Circuit Breakers

| Ac Magnetic | | netic | Two Pole - 600 Va | ac | Three Pole - 600 Vac | | |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Ampere Rating | Trip Sett Amperes | | Frame Only | Rating Columns Two Per Kit | Frame Only | Rating Columns Three Per Kit | |
| | Low | High | Catalog No. Kit Catalog No. | | Catalog No. | Kit Catalog No. | |
| PCF High Inte | rrupting - Co | mplete Brea | ker Requires Frame | and Rating Columns | | | |
| 1600 | 6000 | 12000 | | PC21600RC | | PC31600RC | |
| 1800 | 6000 | 12000 | PCF2526 | PC21800RC | PCF2536 | PC31800RC | |
| 2000 | 6000 | 12000 | FUFZ0Z0 | PC22000RC | FGF2000 | PC32000RC | |
| 2500 | 8000 | 14000 | | PC22500RC | | PC32500RC | |

[★] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are -20% /+30% (Low) and -20% /+30% (High) from the nominal values shown.

Figure 18: PAF/PCF Circuit Breaker with Terminal Pad Kit



Dimensions

Figure 19: PAF, PHF 2000 Ampere Frame

10/2004

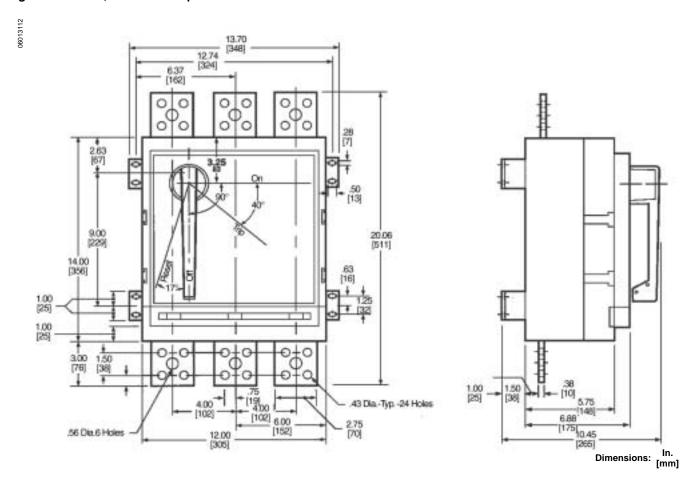
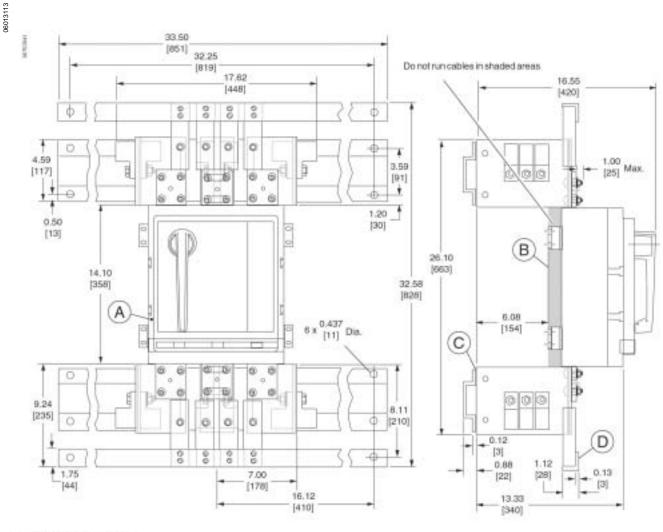


Figure 20: Circuit Breaker with Terminal Pads—PALTB for PAF, PHF Ampere Frame



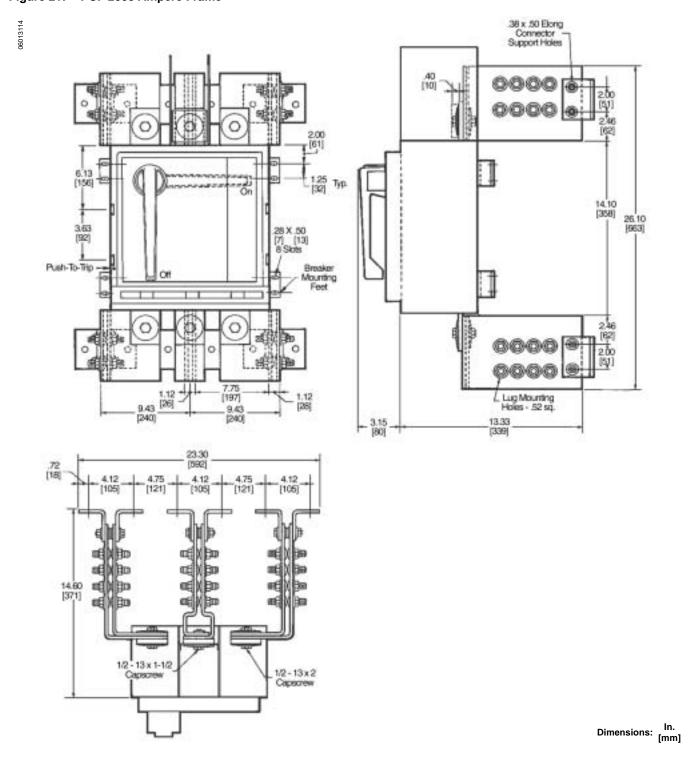
A-Push-to-trip Button

B-Mounting Plane

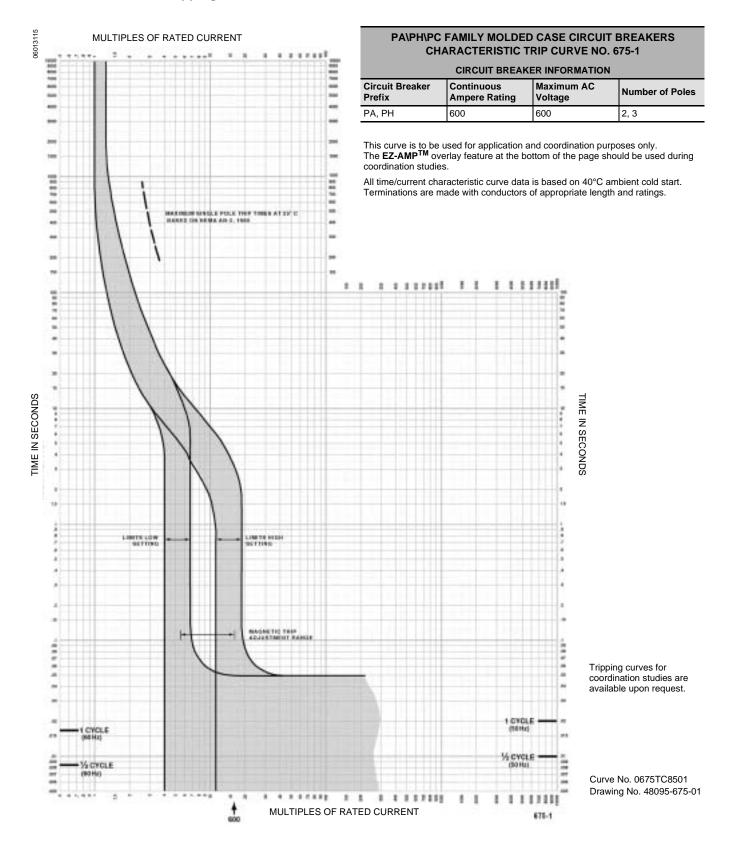
C-Rear Support

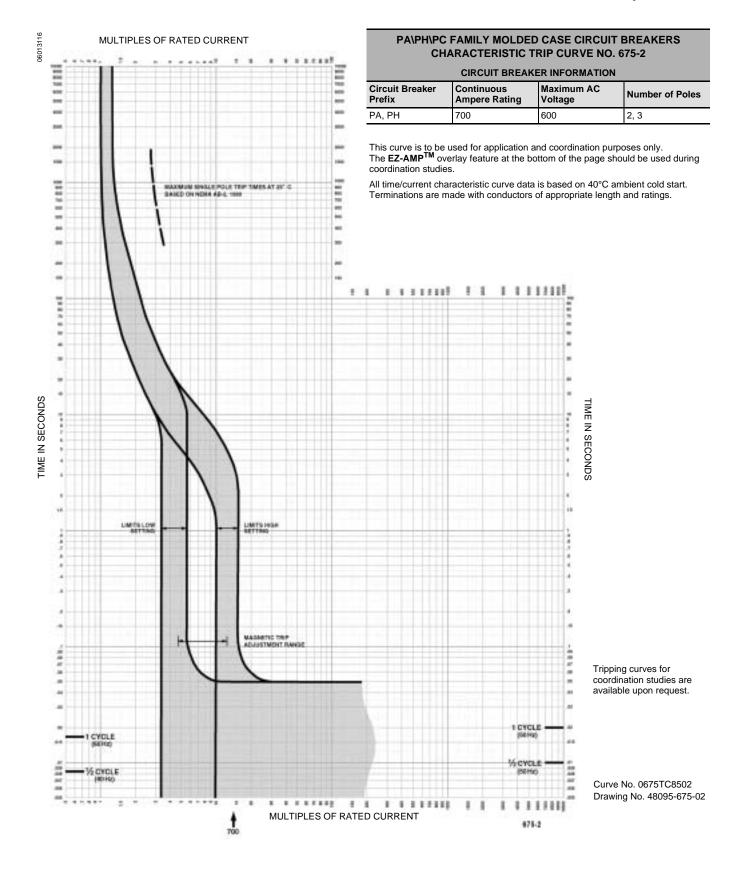
D-Front Support

Figure 21: PCF 2000 Ampere Frame

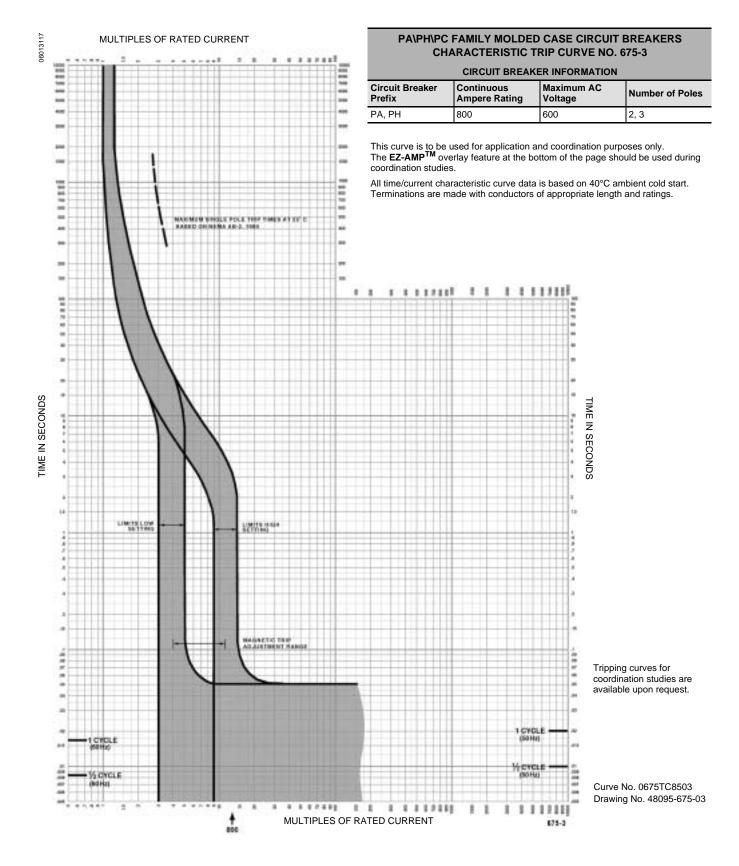


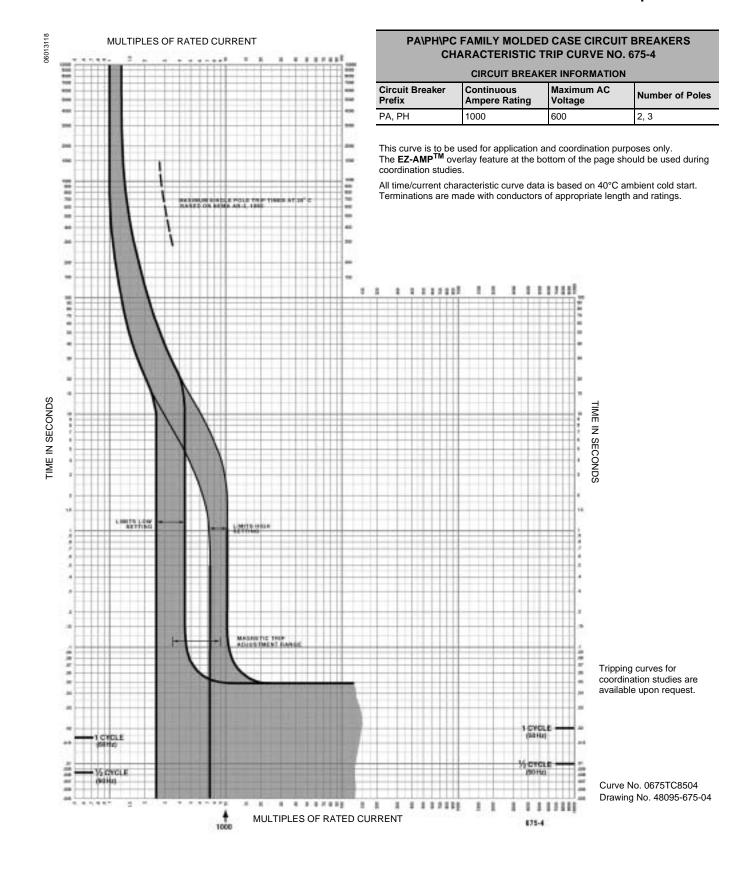
Tripping Curves

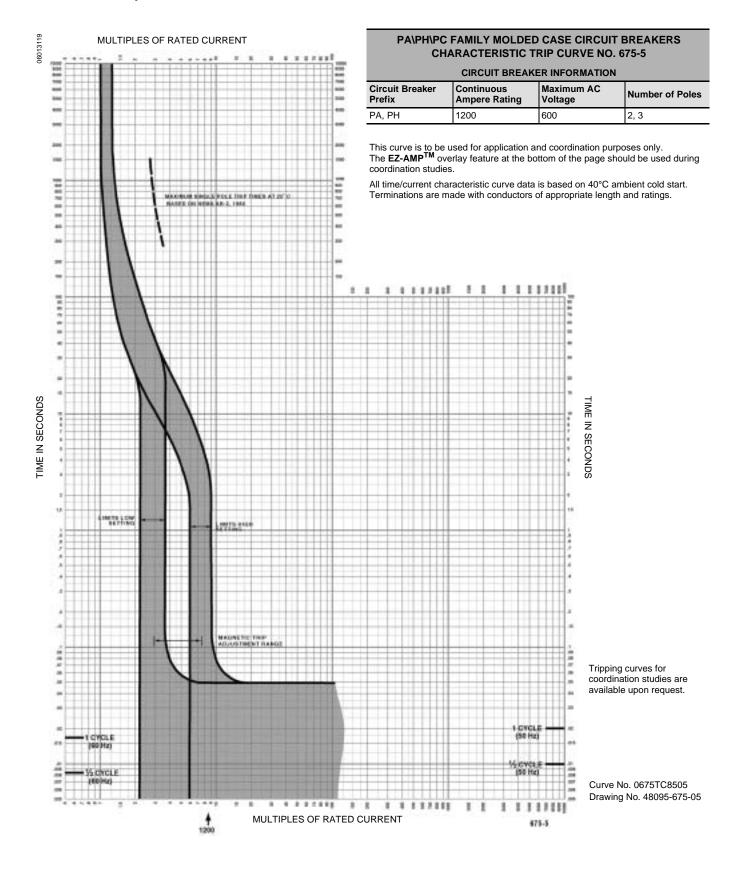


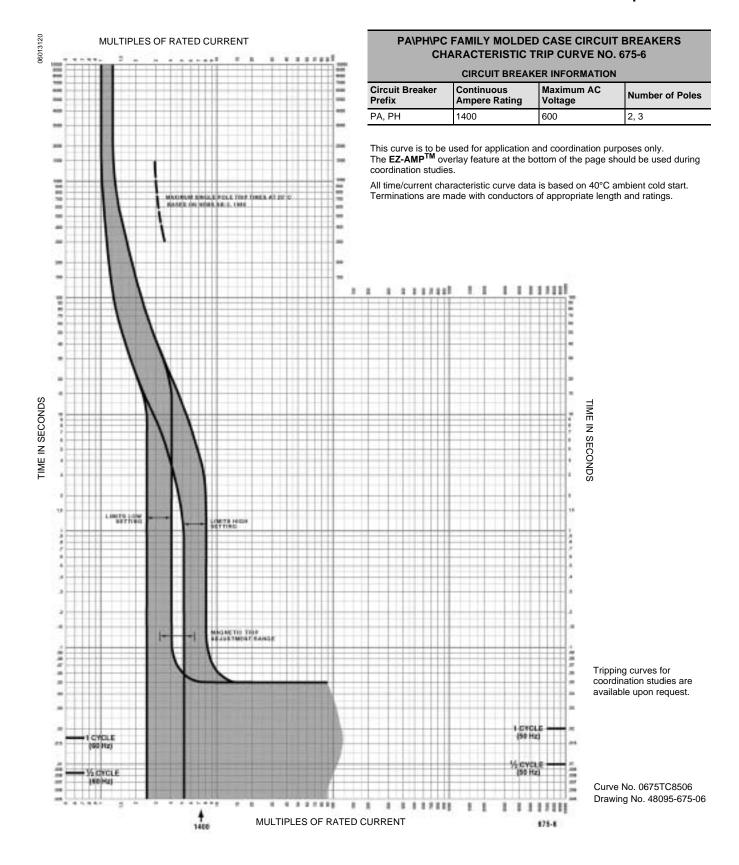


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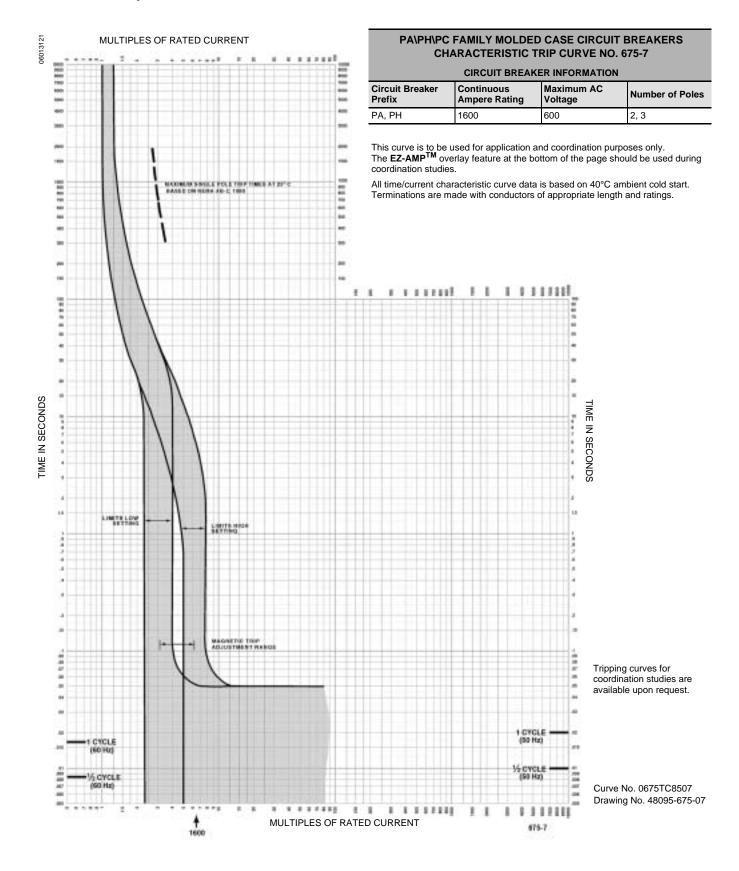




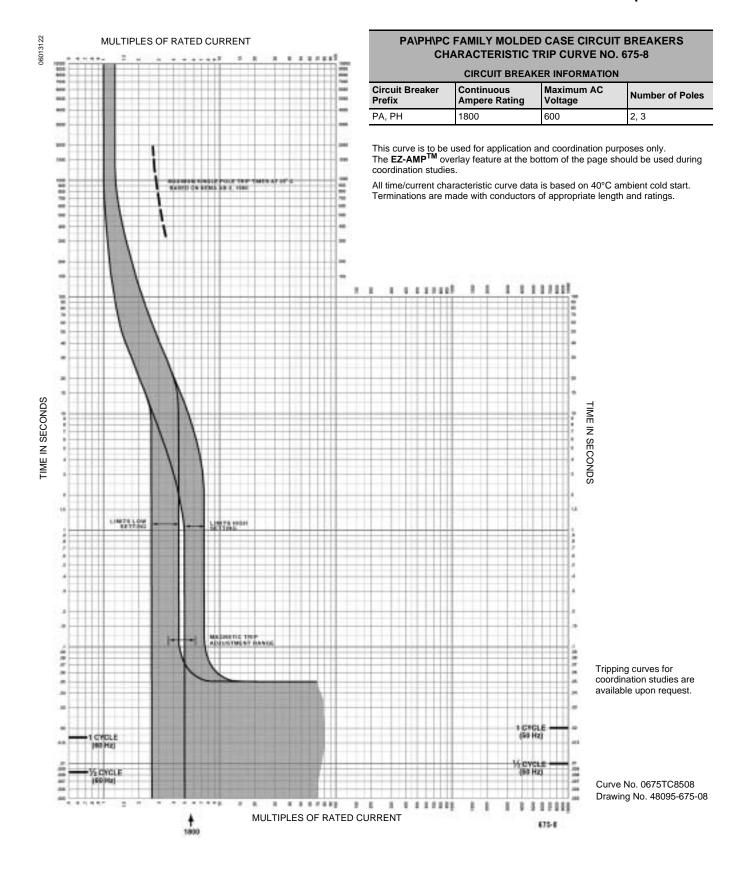


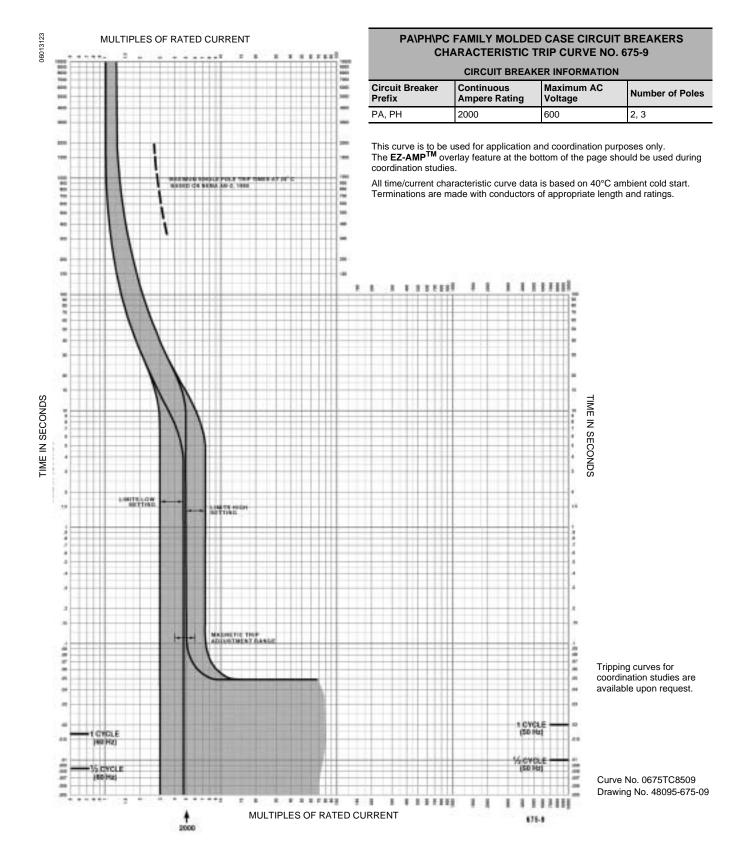


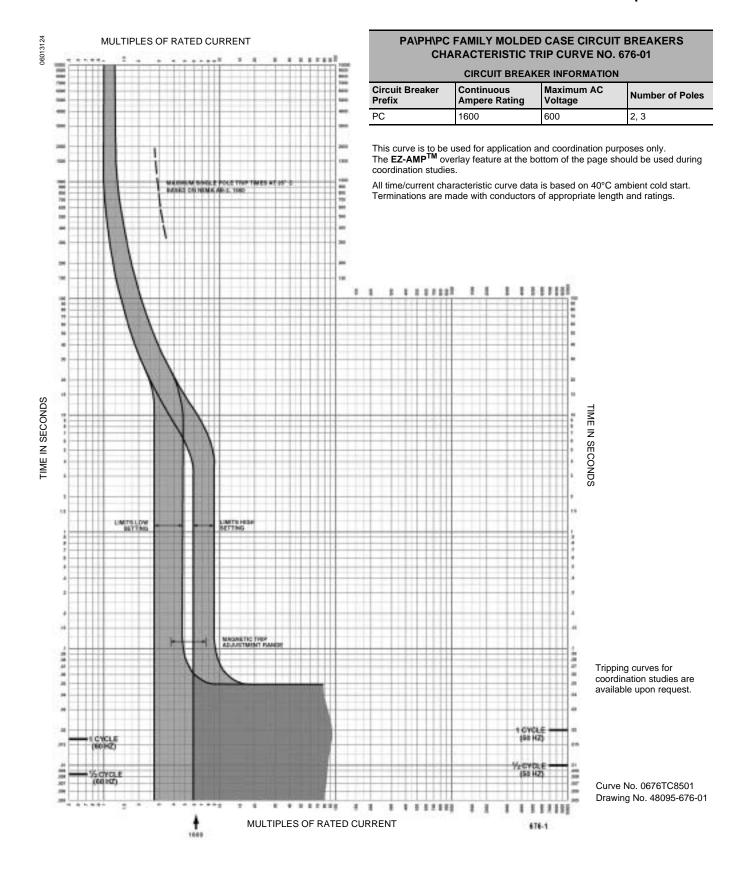
10/2004

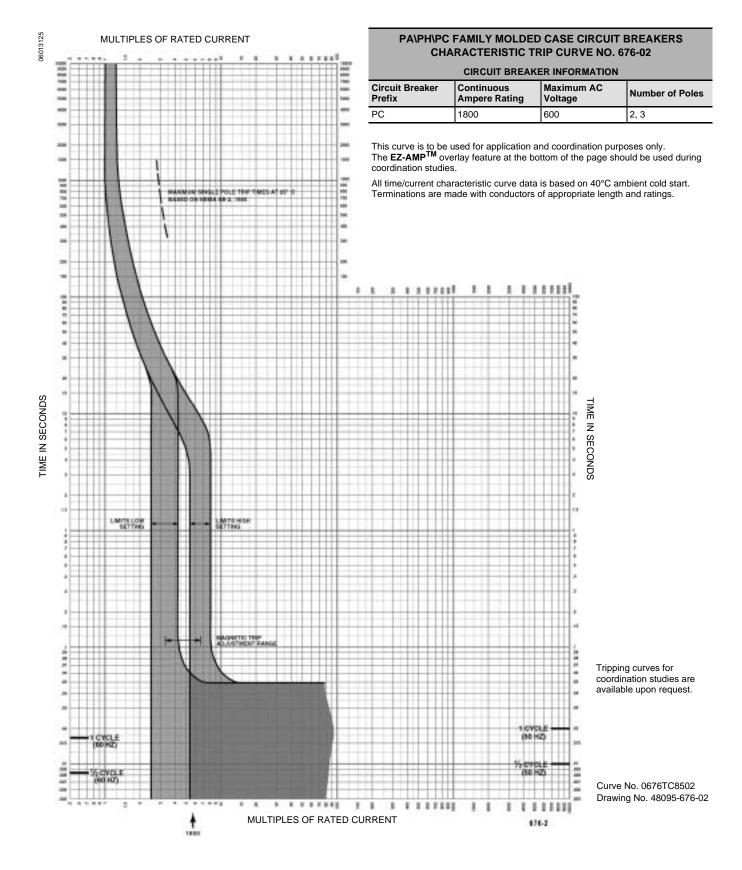




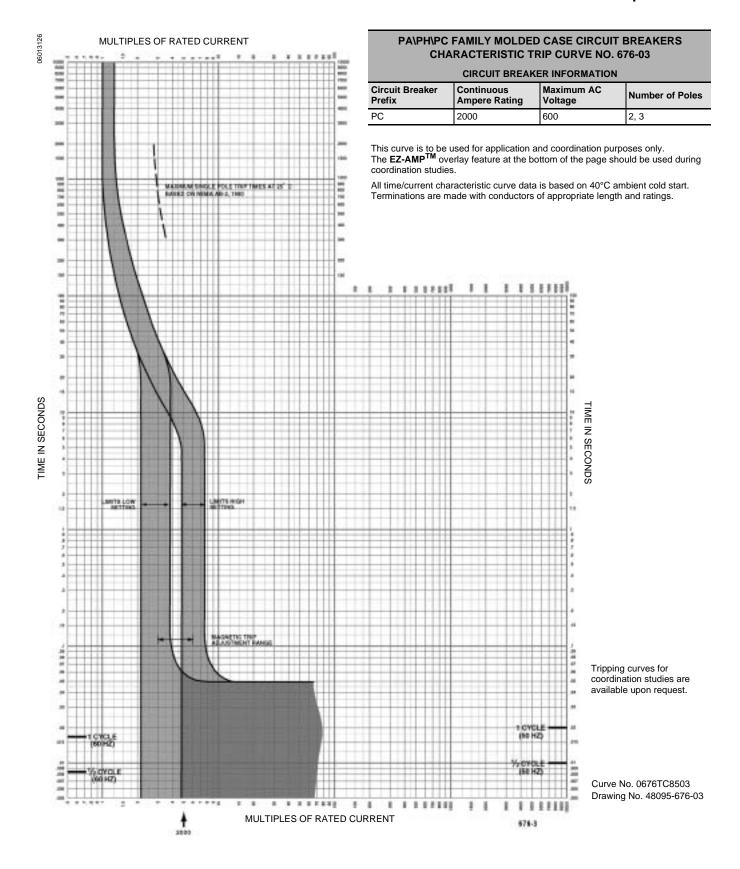




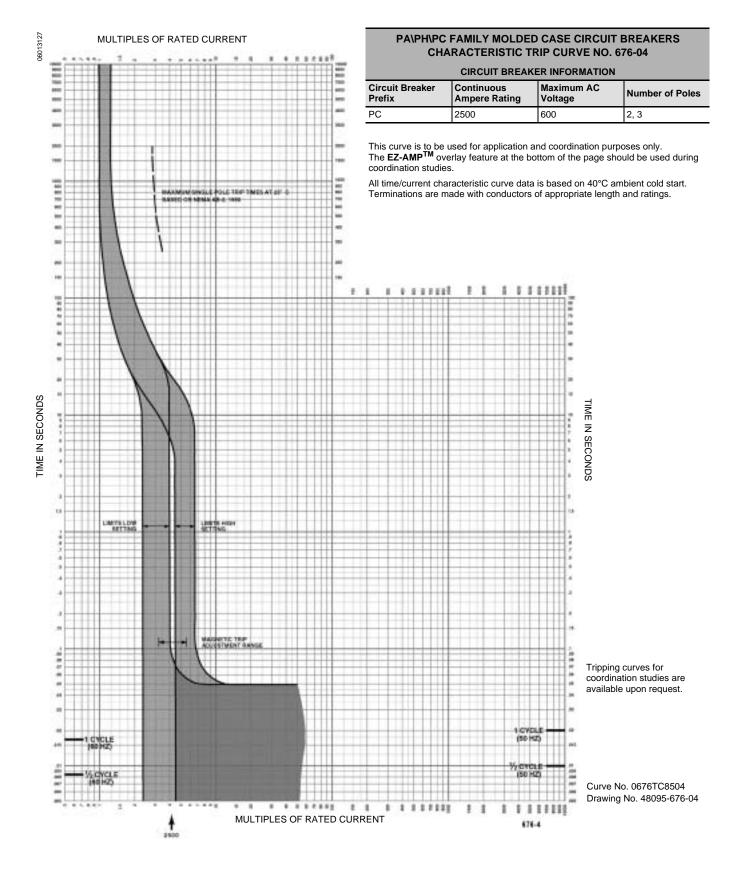




BQUARE D



10/2004





Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers

MAGNETIC ONLY MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

This section provides specific information on Square D[®] magnetic only molded case circuit breakers. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 45: Description of Magnetic Only Circuit Breakers

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| | 3–1200 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 3-pole, instantaneous trip |

Characteristics

Mag-Gard magnetic only instantaneous trip circuit breakers are similar in construction to thermal-magnetic circuit breakers. Mag-Gard circuit breakers were tested per UL Standard 485, in combination with Square D starters at the following available fault currents:

Table 46: Combination Starters - NEMA Application Data

| | Mag-Gard Motor Circuit Protector Type | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| NEMA Type | Voltage | Enclosure | Available Amperes RMS Symmetrical | | | | | | |
| 0 & 1 | 0-480 | Standard [★] & Oversize | 22,000 | | | | | | |
| 0 & 1 | 481-600 | Standard [★] & Oversize | 10,000 | | | | | | |
| 0-2 with Current Limiting Module | 600 | Oversize | 100,000 | | | | | | |
| 0-3 with Current Limiting Module | 600 | Standard★ | 100,000 | | | | | | |
| 0-3 | 600 | NEMA 7 & 9 | 5,000 | | | | | | |
| 2 | 600 | Oversize | 22,000 | | | | | | |
| 2-6 | 600 | Standard* | 22,000 | | | | | | |
| 4 with Current Limiting Panel | 600 | Standard* | 100,000 | | | | | | |
| 4 & 5 | 600 | NEMA 7 & 9 | 10,000 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 0-480 | Standard* | 30,000 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 481-600 | Standard* | 22,000 | | | | | | |

[★] Standard enclosure includes non-oversize NEMA Types 1, 4 & 4X Stainless, 4X Polyester, and 12.

Ampere Rating

The Mag-Gard ampere rating is its continuous current carrying capacity. Continuous currents larger than the ampere rating can damage the circuit breaker. Mag-Gard circuit breakers do not contain thermal trip elements.

The current range over which the instantaneous magnetic trip point may be adjusted is the adjustable trip range amperes.

Magnetic Adjustment

FA through NA frame Mag-Gard circuit breakers have an adjustable instantaneous magnetic trip.

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Selection Data

Table 47: Magnetic Only Circuit Breakers

| | | Trip Range Amperes | 3-Pole | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------|----------------|
| | | | | Catalog Number |
| 3-1200 Am | nperes, 600 V | ac, 50/60 Hz ≜ | | |
| | 3 | 8-28 | _ | FAL3600311M |
| | 7 | 18-70 | _ | FAL3600712M |
| | 15 | 50-180 | _ | FAL3601513M |
| | 30 | 50-180 | _ | FAL3603013M |
| FAL■ | 30 | 100-350 | _ | FAL3603015M |
| | 50 | 75-260 | _ | FAL3605014M |
| | 50 | 150-580 | _ | FAL3605016M |
| | 100 | 150-580 | _ | FAL3610016M |
| | 100 | 300-1100 | _ | FAL3610018M |
| | 3 | 9-33 | _ | GJL36003M01 |
| | 7 | 21-77 | _ | GJL36007M02 |
| | 15 | 45-165 | _ | GJL36015M03 |
| GJL | 30 | 90-330 | _ | GJL36030M04 |
| | 50 | 150-550 | _ | GJL36050M05 |
| | 75 | 225-825 | _ | GJL36075M06 |
| | 150 | 750-1500 | | KAL3615026M |
| | 130 | 400-800 | | KAL3625021M |
| | | | | KAL3625022M |
| | | 500-1000 | _ | |
| Z A I | | 625-1250 | _ | KAL3625025M |
| KAL | 250 | 750-1500 | _ | KAL3625026M |
| | | 875-1750 | _ | KAL3625029M |
| | | 1000-2000 | _ | KAL3625030M |
| | | 1125-2250 | _ | KAL3625031M |
| | | 1250-2500 | _ | KAL3625032M |
| | | 500-1000 | _ | LAL3640022M |
| | | 750-1600 | _ | LAL3640028M |
| | | 1000-2000 | _ | LAL3640030M |
| LAL | 400 | 1125-2250 | _ | LAL3640031M |
| _, (_ | 100 | 1250-2500 | _ | LAL3640032M |
| | | 1500-3000 | _ | LAL3640033M |
| | | 1750-3500 | _ | LAL3640035M |
| | | 2000-4000 | _ | LAL3640036M |
| | 600 | | _ | MAL36600 |
| | 800 | | _ | MAL36800 |
| | 1000 | | _ | MAL361000 |
| | | 625-1250 | 25M | |
| | | 750-1500 | 26M | |
| | | 1000-2000 | 30M | |
| | | 1500-3000 | 33M | |
| MAL ^{★★} | | 2000-4000 | 36M | |
| | | 2500-5000 | 40M | |
| | | 3000-6000 | 42M | |
| | | 3500-7000 | 44M | |
| | | 4000-8000 | 45M | |
| | | 4500-8600 | 46M | |
| | | 5000-9000 | 47M | |

Continued on next page

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Table 47: Magnetic Only Circuit Breakers (continued)

| Ampere F | Rating | Adjustable* Trip Range Amperes | Suffix | 3-Pole | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|----------------|--|--|
| | | | | Catalog Number | | |
| 3-1200 Amperes, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz▲ | | | | | | |
| | | 4000-8000 | _ | NAL36120045M | | |
| NAL | 1200 | 4500-9000 | _ | NAL36120046M | | |
| | | 5000-10000 | _ | NAL36120047M | | |

[★] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are ±20% from the nominal values shown.

Adjustable Instantaneous-trip Circuit Breakers for Single Motor Circuit Protection

Adjustable instantaneous-trip circuit breakers are intended for use in combination with motor starters with overload relays for the protection of motor circuits from short circuits. Other specific applications include rectifiers and resistance welders. These circuit breakers contain a magnetic trip element in each pole with the trip point adjustable from the front. Interrupting ratings are determined by testing the instantaneous-trip circuit breakers in combination with a contactor and overload relay.

 This selection table is suitable for motors, other than NEMA Design E, with locked-rotor indicating code letters per NEC Table 430.7 (b) as follows:

| Horsepower | Motor Code Letters | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| 1/2 or less | A–L | | | |
| 3/4 to 1-1/2 | A–K | | | |
| 2 to 3 | A–J | | | |
| 5 to 25 | A–H | | | |
| 30 to 125 | A–G | | | |
| 150 or more | A–F | | | |

For other motors order a special thermal-magnetic circuit breaker with magnetic trip settings for the specific motor— specify motor horsepower, voltage, frequency, full-load current and code letter or locked rotor current.

- 2. Determine motor hp rating from the motor nameplate.
- 3. Refer to the table at right and select an instantaneous- trip circuit breaker with an Ampere rating recommended for the hp and voltage involved.
- 4. Select an adjustable trip setting of at least 800%, not to exceed 1300%, of the motor full-load amperes (FLA) for other than Design E motors. For Design E motors, select an adjustable trip setting of at least 1100% not to exceed 1700% of FLA.
- 5. The NEC 1300% maximum setting may be inadequate for instantaneous-trip circuit breakers to withstand current surges typical of the magnetization current of autotransformer type reduced voltage starters, or open transition wye-delta starters during transfer from "start" to "run," constant hp multi-speed motors, and motors labeled "high efficiency." Select thermal-magnetic circuit breakers from page 6-35 for those applications.
- Part-winding motors, per NEC 430.3, should have two circuit breakers selected from the above at not more than one half the allowable trip setting for the horsepower rating. The two circuit breakers should operate simultaneously as a disconnecting means per NEC 430.103.

^{▲ 250} Vdc ratings are available except on NA. Consult factory for trip range. No UL component recognition.

FAL frame has line and load restriction and cannot be reverse connected.

^{**}Each ampere rating can be ordered with any designated trip range for the frame by adding the proper suffix to catalog numbers.

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Table 48: Adjustable Instantaneous Trip Circuit Breakers for Single Motor Circuit Protection NOTE: Based on NEC 430.52 and NEC Table 430.150.

| • | Hp Ratings of Induction Type Squirrel- cage and Wound Rotor Motors | | *Full Load Amperes | Mag-Gard [®] Circuit Breaker | **Magnetic Trip Settings | | GJL Family Mag-Gard Circuit Breaker | **Magnetic Trip Settings | | |
|-----------|---|--------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------|--|-----------------------------|-------|-------|
| Three-Ph | | ase 60 Hz ac | | | | | | | | |
| 200 Volts | 230 Volts | 460 Volts | 575 Volts | | Catalog No. | MIN | MAX | Catalog No. | MIN | MAX |
| | | | 1/2 | 0.8 | FAL3600311M [★] | 1000% | 3500% | GJL36003M01 [▲] | 1100% | 4100% |
| | | 1/2 | | 1 | FAL3600311M [★] | 800% | 2800% | GJL36003M01▲ | 900% | 3300% |
| | | | 3/4 | 1.1 | FAL3600311M | 700% | 2500% | GJL36003M01▲ | 800% | 3000% |
| | | 3/4 | 1 | 1.4 | FAL3600311M | 600% | 2000% | GJL36003M01 | 600% | 2400% |
| | | 1 | | 1.8 | FAL3600311M | 400% | 1600% | GJL36003M01 | 500% | 1800% |
| | 1/2 | | | 2 | FAL3600311M | 400% | 1400% | GJL36003M01 | 500% | 1700% |
| | | | 1-1/2 | 2.1 | FAL3600311M | 400% | 1300% | GJL36003M01 | 400% | 1600% |
| 1/2 | | | | 2.3 | FAL3600311M [■] | 300% | 1200% | GJL36003M01 | 400% | 1400% |
| | | 1-1/2 | | 2.6 | FAL3600712M | 700% | 2700% | GJL36003M01 | 300% | 1300% |
| | | | 2 | 2.7 | FAL3600712M | 700% | 2600% | GJL36003M01 [■] | 300% | 1200% |
| | 3/4 | | | 2.8 | FAL3600712M | 600% | 2500% | GJL36003M01 [■] | 300% | 1200% |
| 3/4 | | | | 3.2 | FAL3600712M | 600% | 2200% | GJL36007M02 | 700% | 2400% |
| | | 2 | | 3.4 | FAL3600712M | 500% | 2100% | GJL36007M02 | 600% | 2300% |
| | 1 | | | 3.6 | FAL3600712M | 500% | 1900% | GJL36007M02 | 600% | 2100% |
| | | | 3 | 3.9 | FAL3600712M | 500% | 1800% | GJL36007M02 | 500% | 2000% |
| 1 | | | | 4.1 | FAL3600712M | 400% | 1700% | GJL36007M02 | 500% | 1900% |
| | | 3 | | 4.8 | FAL3600712M | 400% | 1500% | GJL36007M02 | 400% | 1600% |
| | 1-1/2 | | | 5.2 | FAL3600712M | 300% | 1300% | GJL36007M02 | 400% | 1500% |
| 1-1/2 | ,_ | | | 6 | FAL3600712M | 300% | 1200% | GJL36007M02 | 400% | 1300% |
| 1 1/2 | | | 5 | 6.1 | FAL3600712M | 300% | 1100% | GJL36015M03 | 700% | 2700% |
| | 2 | | - | 6.8 | FAL3601513M | 700% | 2600% | GJL36015M03 | 700% | 2400% |
| | _ | 5 | | 7.6 | FAL3601513M | 700% | 2400% | GJL36015M03 | 600% | 2200% |
| 2 | | | | 7.8 | FAL3601513M | 600% | 2300% | GJL36015M03 | 600% | 2100% |
| | | | 7-1/2 | 9 | FAL3601513M | 600% | 2000% | GJL36015M03 | 500% | 1800% |
| | 3 | | ,_ | 9.6 | FAL3601513M | 500% | 1900% | GJL36015M03 | 500% | 1700% |
| 3 | _ | 7-1/2 | 10 | 11 | FAL3601513M | 500% | 1600% | GJL36015M03 | 400% | 1500% |
| | | 10 | | 14 | FAL3603015M | 700% | 2500% | GJL36030M04 | 600% | 2400% |
| | 5 | | | 15.2 | FAL3603015M | 700% | 2300% | GJL36030M04 | 600% | 2200% |
| | - | | 15 | 17 | FAL3603015M | 600% | 2100% | GJL36030M04 | 500% | 1900% |
| 5 | | | 5 | 17.5 | FAL3603015M | 600% | 2000% | GJL36030M04 | 500% | 1900% |
| | | 15 | | 21 | FAL3603015M | 500% | 1700% | GJL36030M04 | 400% | 1600% |
| | 7-1/2 | 10 | 20 | 22 | FAL3605016M | 700% | 2600% | GJL36030M04 | 400% | 1500% |
| 7-1/2 | 7 172 | | 20 | 25.3 | FAL3605016M | 600% | 2300% | GJL36030M04 | 400% | 1300% |
| /_ | | 20 | 25 | 27 | FAL3605016M | 600% | 2100% | GJL36050M05 | 600% | 2000% |
| | 10 | 20 | | 28 | FAL3605016M | 500% | 2100% | GJL36050M05 | 500% | 2000% |
| | 10 | | 30 | 32 | FAL3605016M | 500% | 1800% | GJL36050M05 | 500% | 1700% |
| 10 | | | 30 | 32.2 | FAL3605016M | 500% | 1800% | GJL36050M05 | 500% | 1700% |
| 10 | | 25 | | 34 | FAL3605016M | 400% | 1700% | GJL36050M05 | 400% | 1600% |
| | | 30 | | 40 | FAL3605016M | 400% | 1500% | GJL36050M05 | 400% | 1400% |
| | | 30 | 40 | 40 | FAL3610018M | 700% | 2700% | GJL36050M05 | 400% | 1300% |
| | 15 | | 40 | 41 | FAL3610018M | 700% | 2600% | GJL36050M05 GJL36075M06 | 400% | 1300% |
| 15 | 10 | | | | | | | _ | | |
| 15 | | 40 | 50 | 48.3 | FAL3610018M | 600% | 2300% | GJL36075M06 | 500% | 1700% |
| | 20 | 40 | 50 | 52 | FAL3610018M | 600% | 2100% | GJL36075M06 | 400% | 1600% |
| 20 | 20 | | 60 | 54 | FAL3610018M | 600% | 2000% | GJL36075M06 | 400% | 1500% |
| 20 | | | 60 | 62 | FAL3610018M | 500% | 1800% | GJL36075M06 | 400% | 1300% |
| | | 50 | | 65 | FAL3610018M | 500% | 1700% | GJL36075M06 | 300% | 1300% |

Continued on next page

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers

Table 48: Adjustable Instantaneous Trip Circuit Breakers for Single Motor Circuit Protection (continued) NOTE: Based on NEC 430.52 and NEC Table 430.150.

| Hp Ratings of Induction Type Squirrel- cage and Wound Rotor Motors Three-Phase 60 Hz ac | | | Load | Mag-Gard [®] ★ Circuit Breaker | | etic Trip ings | GJL Family Mag-Gard Circuit | **Magnetic Trip Settings | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|-----|
| | ı | ı | | Amperes | Catalog No. | MINI | MAY | Breaker Catalog No. | BAINI | MAY |
| 200 Volts | 230 Volts | 460 Volts | 5/5 VOITS | | | MIN | MAX | Catalog No. | MIN | MAX |
| | 25 | | | 68 | FAL3610018M | 400% | 1600% | | | |
| | | 60 | 75 | 77 | FAL3615024M | 600% | 1400% | | | |
| 25 | | | | 78.2 | FAL3615024M | 600% | 1400% | | | |
| | 30 | | | 80 | FAL3615024M | 600% | 1400% | | | |
| 30 | | | | 92 | KAL3625025M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | 75 | | 96 | KAL3625025M | 700% | 1300% | | | |
| | | | 100 | 99 | KAL3625025M | 600% | 1300% | | | |
| | 40 | | | 104 | KAL3625026M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| 40 | | | | 120 | KAL3625029M | 700% | 1500% | | | |
| | | 100 | | 124 | KAL3625029M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | | 125 | 125 | KAL3625029M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | 50 | | | 130 | KAL3625029M | 700% | 1300% | | | |
| | | | 150 | 144 | KAL3625030M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| 50 | | | | 150 | KAL3625030M | 700% | 1300% | | | |
| | 60 | | | 154 | KAL3625031M | 700% | 1500% | | | |
| | | 125 | | 156 | KAL3625031M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| 60 | | | | 177.1 | KAL3625032M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | 150 | | 180 | KAL3625032M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | 75 | | 200 | 192 | KAL3625032M | 700% | 1300% | | | |
| 75 | | | | 221 | LAL3640033M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | 200 | | 240 | LAL3640035M | 700% | 1500% | | | |
| | | | 250 | 242 | LAL3640035M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | 100 | | | 248 | LAL3640035M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| 100 | | | | 285 | LAL3640036M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | | 300 | 289 | LAL3640036M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | 250 | | 302 | LAL3640036M | 700% | 1300% | | | |
| | 125 | | | 312 | LAL3640036M | 600% | 1300% | | | |
| | | | 350 | 336 | MAL3660040M | 700% | 1500% | | | |
| 125 | | | | 359 | MAL3660040M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | 150 | | | 360 | MAL3660040M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | 300 | | 361 | MAL3660040M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | | 400 | 382 | MAL3660040M | 700% | 1300% | | | |
| | | 350 | | 414 | MAL3660042M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | | 500 | 472 | MAL3660044M | 700% | 1500% | | | |
| | | 400 | | 477 | MAL3660044M | 700% | 1500% | | | |
| | 200 | | | 480 | MAL3660044M | 700% | 1500% | | | |
| 200 | | | | 552 | MAL3680045M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | | 500 | | 590 | MAL3680045M | 700% | 1400% | | | |
| | 250 | | | 602 | MAL3680045M | 700% | 1300% | | | |

Motor full-load currents are taken from NEC Table 430.150. Select wire and circuit breakers on basis of horsepower rather than nameplate full-load current per NEC 430.6 (A) for general motor applications. Do not use these values to select overload relay thermal units. See Digest pages 14-129-14-152 for selection of thermal units when actual full load current is not known. The voltages listed are rated motor voltages. Corresponding nominal system voltages are 200 to 208, 220 to 240, 440 to 480 and 550 to 600 volts.

[▲] See NEC 430.52 (A) for breaker settings above 800%.

If due to motor starting characteristics, trip settings at the 1300% maximum permitted level are needed, the next size Mag-Gard[®] circuit breaker should be chosen.

^{**}Only MIN and MAX settings are shown, intermediate settings are available on all circuit breakers.

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers **Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers**

MULTIPLES OF LOW SETTING (NOMINAL VALUE) IN AMPERES (SEE TABLE 2) -100 MITS HIGH 47M TIME IN SECONDS TIME IN SECONDS 1 MULTIPLES OF LOW SETTING (NOMINAL VALUE) IN AMPERES (SEE TABLE 2)

MAG-GARD® INSTANTANEOUS TRIP MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT **BREAKERS CHARACTERISTIC TRIP CURVE NO. 680-1**

A Mag-Gard circuit breaker characteristic curve is shown. Any value of current to the right of the shaded area will trip the Mag-Gard circuit breaker. The Mag-Gard circuit breaker will not trip for any value of current to the left of the shaded area. For any value of current within the shaded area, the Mag-Gard circuit breaker will either hold in indefinitely or trip instantaneously. To prevent damage to the Mag-Gard circuit breaker, proper overload protection must be provided (NEC 430-52). The shaded area represents the UL 489 tolerances. They are ±25% on low settings and ±20% on high setting. Where trip values are not high enough due to excessive inrush currents, thermal-magnetic circuit breakers may be used if sized in accordance with NEC Table 430-152.

| Table 1 | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------|------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Suffix Number | Setting | netic Trip Nominal ues | Align Arrow | | | | |
| | Low | High | | | | | |
| M01 | 9 | 33 | 1111 Multiples | | | | |
| M02 | 21 | 77 | 476 Multiples | | | | |
| M03 | 45 | 165 | 222 Multiples | | | | |
| M04 | 90 | 330 | 111 Multiples | | | | |
| M05 | 150 | 550 | 67 Multiples | | | | |
| M06 | 225 | 825 | 44 Multiples | | | | |
| 11M | 8 | 28 | 1250 Multiples | | | | |
| 12M | 18 | 70 | 555 Multiples | | | | |
| 13M | 50 | 180 | 200 Multiples | | | | |
| 14M | 75 | 260 | 133 Multiples | | | | |
| 15M | 100 | 350 | 100 Multiples | | | | |
| 16M | 150 | 580 | 67 Multiples | | | | |
| 18M | 300 | 1100 | 33 Multiples | | | | |
| 21M | 400 | 800 | 25 Multiples | | | | |
| 22M | 500 | 1000 | 20 Multiples | | | | |
| 25M | 625 | 1250 | 16 Multiples | | | | |
| 26M | 750 | 1500 | 13 Multiples | | | | |
| 28M | 750 | 1600 | 13 Multiples | | | | |
| 29M | 875 | 1750 | 11 Multiples | | | | |
| 30M | 1000 | 2000 | 10 Multiples | | | | |
| 31M | 1125 | 2250 | 9 Multiples | | | | |
| 32M | 1250 | 2500 | 8 Multiples | | | | |
| 33M | 1500 | 3000 | 6.7 Multiples | | | | |
| 35M | 1750 | 3500 | 5.7 Multiples | | | | |
| 36M | 2000 | 4000 | 5 Multiples | | | | |
| 40M | 2500 | 5000 | 4 Multiples | | | | |
| 42M | 3000 | 6000 | 3.3 Multiples | | | | |
| 44M | 3500 | 7000 | 2.8 Multiples | | | | |
| 45M | 4000 | 8000 | 2.5 Multiples | | | | |
| 46M | 4500 | 8600 | 2.2 Multiples | | | | |
| 47M | 4500 | 9000 | 2 Multiples | | | | |

Table 2

| Frame Size | Maximum Clearing Time |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| G | .008 Seconds |
| F | .016 Seconds |
| K | .016 Seconds |
| L | .016 Seconds |
| M | .025 Seconds |
| N | .050 Seconds |

Tripping curves for coordination studies are available upon request.

Curve No. 0680TC9401 Drawing No. B48095-680-01 (Replaces 680-1 dated 4/91)

33 16

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Molded Case Switches

MOLDED CASE SWITCHES



This section provides specific information on Square D[®] molded case switches. For more information, see the Introduction in this catalog.

Description

Table 49: Description of Molded Case Switches

| Circuit Breaker | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Molded Case | 100–2500 ampere, 600 Vac, 50/60 Hz, |
| Switches | 2- and 3- pole automatic molded case switches |

Reverse Connection

Square D, molded case switches have been fully tested and are UL listed for reverse connection without restrictive "LINE" or "LOAD" markings.

Selection Data

Table 50: Molded Case Switches

| Ampere Rating | 2-Pole | 3-Pole | UL Li | sted Withst | and Rating | Trip Point (Automati | Lug Kit | | |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------|---------------|
| Rating | | | 240 Vac | 480 Vac | 600 Vac | 250 Vdc | AC [▲] | DC▲ | ilistalleu |
| 600 Vac Aut | tomatic | • | <u> </u> | • | | | • | | |
| 100 | FHL26000M | FHL36000M | 65 | 25 | 18 | 10 | 1500 | 1725 | AL100FA |
| 150 | _ | FHL3600015M | 65 | 25 | 18 | _ | 2500 | _ | AL150FA |
| 250 | KHL26000M | KHL36000M | 65 | 35 | 25 | 10 | 4500 | 5175 | AL250KA |
| 400 | LHL26000M | LHL36000M | 65 | 35 | 25 | 10 | 8000 | 9600 | AL400LA |
| 600 | MHL260006M | MHL360006M | 65 | 65 | 25 | 10 | 9000 | 9900 | AL900MA |
| 800 | MHL260008M | MHL360008M | 65 | 65 | 25 | 10 | 9000 | 9900 | AL900MA |
| 1000 | MHL26000M | MHL36000M | 65 | 65 | 25 | 10 | 9000 | 9900 | AL900MA |
| 1200 | NCL2600012M | NCL3600012M | 125 | 100 | 65 | _ | 16000 | N/A | AL1200N E6 |
| 2000 | PHF260000M | PHF360000M | 125 | 100 | 65 | - | 16000 | N/A | N/A |
| 2500 | PCF260000M | PCF360000M | 125 | 100 | 65 | _ | 16000 | N.A | N/A |

The "Withstand Rating" is the maximum current, at rated voltage, that the molded case switch will withstand without damage when protected by a circuit breaker with an equal continuous current rating.

[▲] UL magnetic trip setting tolerances are ±20% from the nominal values shown.

Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers Molded Case Switches

Powerpact® Selection Data

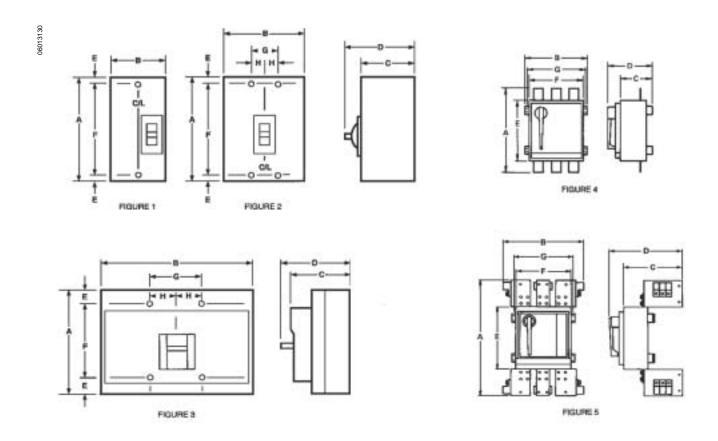
NOTE: For Powerpact selection information see Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs.





Thermal-Magnetic / Magnetic Only Molded Case Circuit Breakers **Molded Case Switches**

Dimensions



| Molded Case Switch Catalog Number | No Order | No. Poles | Figure No. | re No. | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|--|--|--|
| Profix | 110, 110,00 | r gard no. | A | В | C | D | E | F | G | н | | | |
| Cu. | 2 | (1 | - 6 | 3 | 3.16 | 4.13 | .44 | 5.13 | 1111 | 4444 | | | |
| FHL | 3 | 2 | 8 | 4.47 | 3.16 | 4.13 | .44 | 5,13 | 1.5 | .75 | | | |
| KHL | 2&3 | 2 | 8 | 4.47 | 3.66 | 4.75 | .44 | 7.13 | 1.5 | ,75 | | | |
| LHL | 2 & 3 | 2 | 11 | 5.97 | 4.06 | 5.84 | .88 | 9.25 | 2 | 1 | | | |
| MHL | 2&3 | 2 | 14 | 8.97 | 4.53 | 6.5 | 1.66 | 10.69 | 3 | 1.5 | | | |
| NCL | 2 & 3 | 3 | 12.12 | 14.98 | 8.40 | 8.07 | 1.69 | 8.75 | 5.00 | 2.50 | | | |
| PHF | 2&3 | 4 | 20.10 | 13.75 | 7.25 | 10.41 | 14.00 | 12.00 | 12.75 | ++++ | | | |
| PCF | 283 | 5 | 26.10 | 23.30 | 13.33 | 18.48 | 14.00 | 12.00 | 12.75 | **** | | | |

10/2004

ACCESSORIES

NOTE: For Powerpact[®] and Masterpact[®] accessory information see Class 611, 612, 613, and 734 catalogs.

This section describes the UL Listed accessories available for Square D[®] thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers, Mag-Gard[®] magnetic only instantaneous trip circuit breakers and molded case switches. These accessories increase application versatility and meet the demands of modern electrical distribution systems.

The following table lists the accessories available for Square D thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, magnetic only circuit breakers and molded case switches.

Table 51: Accessories Available

| | | Circuit Breaker Frame | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|-----------------------|----|----|----|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Accessory | FA | FH | FC | FI | FY | QB [▲] QD [▲] QG [▲] QJ [▲] | KA | кн | кс | КІ | Q4 | LA | LI | LC | LH | MA | МН | NA | NC | PAF | PHF | PCF |
| Shunt Trip | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Ground Fault Shunt Trip | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | х | х | Х |
| Undervoltage Trip | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | х | Х | Х |
| Auxiliary Switch | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Alarm Switch | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Cylinder Lock [★] | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | | | | | |
| Ground Fault Module | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Handle Padlock Attachment | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Walking Beam | Х | | | | | | Х | | | | | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | | | | | |
| Front Mount Mechanical Interlock | | | | | | х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Combination Handle Tie and Lock Off | Х | Х | х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Handle Extension | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | |
| Electrical Operator | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | Х | | | | Х | Х | | | Х | Х | Х | _ | | Х | Х | Х |

[★] Cylinder locks not available on FA/FH Mag-Gard circuit breakers.

Factory and Field Installation Types

NOTE: See Catalog Numbers for an explanation of the catalog numbering system.

Some electrical accessories are factory installed while others are field installable.

■ Factory Installed Accessories

Factory installed accessories are internally mounted and provided with minimum 18-inch lead wires. Factory installed devices cannot be removed or repaired in the field.

Factory installed accessories are ordered by adding the correct suffix number to the standard circuit breaker catalog number (i.e., a 3-pole, 600 Vac, 100 ampere molded case circuit breaker with a 120/240 Vac shunt trip would be FAL361001021). Suffix numbers for some combinations of factory

[▲] For Powerpact Q-frame information see Class 734.

installed electrical accessories are listed in this section. If the combination is not listed in one of the tables, order the combination by description.

The table below shows suffix numbers for the following combinations of factory installed accessories for the FA, FH, FC, FI, KA, KH, KC, and KI thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, magnetic only circuit breakers and molded case switches. Additional combinations are available; please contact your local Square D[®] sales office: 1-888 Square D.

Table 52: Suffixes for Factory Installed Accessories

NOTE: The FA 1-pole Circuit Breaker is not included in this table.

| Device | Shunt Trip | | | Shunt Trip |) | | voltage rip | | voltage rip | Auxi | liary Swi | tches | Not Compatible |
|--------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|------------|----------------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Suffix | 24 Vdc | 48 Vdc | 24 Vac | 120/240 Vac | 277/480 Vac | 24 Vdc | 48 Vdc | 120 Vac | 240 Vac | 1A-1B | 2A-2B | 3A-3B | With: |
| 1027 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1386 | Х | | | | | | | | | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1426 | Х | | | | | | | | | | Х | | FA 2P |
| 1472 | Х | | | | | | | | | | | х | FA 2P, FA 3P, FI, KC, KI |
| 1028 | | Х | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1390 | | Х | | | | | | | | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1433 | | Х | | | | | | | | | Х | | FA 2P |
| 1477 | | Х | | | | | | | | | | х | FA 2P, FA 3P, FI, KC, KI |
| 1042 | | | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1441 | | | Х | | | | | | | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1442 | | | Х | | | | | | | | Х | | FA 2P |
| 1021 | | | | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| 1380 | | | | Х | | | | | | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1422 | | | | X | | | | | | | Х | | FA 2P |
| 1466 | | | | Х | | | | | | | | х | FA 2P, FA 3P, FI, KC, KI |
| 1037 | | | | | Х | | | | | | | | |
| 1388 | | | | | Х | | | | | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1427 | | | | | Х | | | | | | Х | | FA 2P |
| 1127 | | | | | | Х | | | | | | | |
| 1616 | | | | | | Х | | | | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1625 | | | | | | Х | | | | | Х | | FA 2P |
| 1128 | | | | | | | Х | | | | | | FI, KC, KI |
| 1627 | | | | | | | Х | | | | Х | | FA, 2P, FI, KC, KI |
| 1670 | | | | | | | Х | | | | | Х | FA 2P, FA 3P, FI, KC, KI |
| 1121 | | | | | | | | Х | | | | | |
| 1590 | | | | | | | | Х | | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1595 | | | | | | | | Х | | | Х | | FA 2P |
| 1631 | | | | | | | | Х | | | | Х | FA 2P, FA 3P, FI, KC, KI |
| 1124 | | | | | | | | | Х | | | | |
| 1581 | | | | | | | | | Х | Х | | | FA 2P |
| 1619 | | | | | | | | | Х | | Х | | FA 2P |

Continued on next page

Table 52: Suffixes for Factory Installed Accessories (continued)

NOTE: The FA 1-pole Circuit Breaker is not included in this table.

| Device | Shun | nt Trip | | Shunt Trip | | Undervoltage Trip | | Undervoltage Trip | | Auxiliary Switches | | | Not Compatible |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Suffix | 24 Vdc | 48 Vdc | 24 Vac | 120/240 Vac | 277/480 Vac | 24 Vdc | 48 Vdc | 120 Vac | 240 Vac | 1A-1B | | | With: |
| 1611 | | | | | | | | | Х | | | Х | FA 2P, FA 3P, FI, KC, KI |
| 1212 | | | | | | | | | | Х | | | FA 2P use 1202 suffix |
| 1352 | | | | | | | | | | | Х | | |
| 1354 | | | | | | | | | | | X ★ 1 | | FA 2P |
| 1364 | | | | | | | | | | | | X ★ 2 | FA 2P |
| 1218 | | | | | | | | | | | | X ★ 3 | FA 2P, FA 3P, FI, KC, KI |

^{★1—}Circuit breaker has 2 sets of 2A2B auxiliary contacts.

■ Factory Installed Combinations of Electrical Accessories

Table 53: Available Factory Installed Accessory Combinations

| FA, FH, FC and FI T Circuit B | | Magnetio | • |
|----------------------------------|--------|----------|--------|
| Accessory | 1-Pole | 2-Pole | 3-Pole |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B) | | Х | Х |
| A/S (3A3B or 4A4B) | | | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), B/A | | Х | Х |
| A/S (3A3B or 4A4B), B/A | | | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), B/A, S/T | | | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), S/T | | | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), B/A, UVR | | | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), UVR | | | Х |
| B/A | Х | Х | Х |
| B/A, S/T | | Х | Х |
| B/A, UVR | | Х | Х |
| S/T | | Х | Х |
| S/T, B/A, UVR | | | Х |
| S/T, UVR | | | Х |
| UVR | | Х | Х |
| CL | | | Х |
| CL, A/S (1A1B or 2A2B) | | | Х |
| CL, B/A, A/S (1A1B or 2A2B) | | | Х |
| CL, B/A | | | Х |
| CL, B/A, S/T | | | Х |
| CL, S/T | | | Х |
| CL, B/A, UVR | | | Х |
| CL, UVR | | | Х |

| KA and KH Circuit Breakers | • |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Accessory | 2, 3 Pole |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B) | Х |
| A/S (4A4B or 5A5B or 6A6B) | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B), B/A | Х |
| A/S (4A4B or 5A5B or 6A6B), B/A | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B), B/A, S/T | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B), S/T | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B), B/A, UVR | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B), UVR | Х |
| B/A | Х |
| B/A, S/T | Х |
| B/A, UVR | Х |
| S/T | Х |
| S/T, B/A, UVR | Х |
| S/T, UVR | Х |
| UVR | Х |
| CL | Х |
| CL, A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B) | Х |
| CL, B/A, A/S (1A1B or 2A2B or 3A3B) | Х |
| CL, B/A | Х |
| CL, B/A, S/T | Х |
| CL, S/T | Х |
| CL, B/A, UVR | Х |
| CL, UVR | Х |

| KC and KI Circuit Break | ers |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Accessory | 2, 3 Pole |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B) | X |
| A/S (3A3B or 4A4B) | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), B/A | X |
| A/S (3A3B or 4A4B), B/A | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), B/A, S/T | Χ |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), S/T | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), B/A, UVR | Х |
| A/S (1A1B or 2A2B), UVR | Х |
| B/A | Х |
| B/A, S/T | Х |
| B/A, UVR | Х |
| S/T | Х |
| S/T, B/A, UVR | Х |
| S/T, UVR | Х |
| UVR | Х |
| CL | Х |
| CL, A/S (1A1B or 2A2B) | Х |
| CL, B/A, A/S (1A1B or 2A2B) | Х |
| CL, B/A | Х |
| CL, B/A, S/T | Х |
| CL, S/T | Х |
| CL, B/A, UVR | Х |
| CL, UVR | Χ |

Cylinder Lock not available on FA/FH Mag-Gard®

LEGEND - A/S=Auxiliary Switch, B/A=Bell Alarm, S/T=Shunt Trip, UVR=Undervoltage Trip, CL=Cylinder Lock

^{★2—}The FA 3-pole, FI, KC, and KI circuit breakers will include 1A1B in the left pole and 2A2B in the right pole to achieve 3A3B.

^{★3—}Circuit breaker has 2 sets of 3A3B contacts.

■ Field Installable Accessories

Field installable accessories can be installed, interchanged or replaced in the field without affecting the circuit breaker's UL listing or interrupting ratings. Field installable accessories cannot be used in a mounting location or a pole that has a factory installed only accessory. Field installable electrical accessories and circuit breakers are shipped separately. The following thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, magnetic only circuit breakers and molded case switches accept UL Listed, Square D[®] field installable accessories:

- Q4, LA, and LH Series 4 and higher
- LI and LC Series 1 and higher
- MA and MH Series 2 and higher
- · PA, PH, and PC Series 4 and higher
- NA and NC Series 1 and higher

Shunt Trip

The shunt trip accessory is used to trip the circuit breaker from a remote location by using a trip coil energized from a separate circuit. When energized by a push button or other pilot device, the shunt trip causes the circuit breaker to trip. The trip coil has coil clearing contacts to break the coil circuit when the circuit breaker opens.

Shunt trips are available for 2- and 3-pole thermal-magnetic circuit breakers, magnetic only circuit breakers and molded case switches with standard control voltage ratings to 480 Vac or 24 Vdc. Additional ac control voltage ratings to 600 Vac are supplied with a 120 Vac rated coil and a control voltage transformer for user mounting. Control voltages above 480 Vac are not UL Listed. A 120 Vac shunt trip operates at 55% or more of rated voltage and all other shunt trips operate at 75% or more of rated voltage.

Ground Fault Shunt Trip

A ground fault shunt trip operates in the same manner as a standard shunt trip, except that since the trip coil is rated for continuous duty, no coil clearing contact is needed. This accessory was designed for use with the Micrologic[®] Ground Fault Module (GFM).

Table 54: Shunt Trip—Selection Data

| | Control Voltage | Factory Installed Shunt Trip Suffix | Field Installable Shunt Trip Catalog Number★ |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| | 24 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1042 | () 1042 |
| | 48 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1048 | () 1048 |
| | 120-240 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1021 | () 1021 |
| | 120-240 Vac 400 Hz | 1046▲ | ()1046▲ |
| | 208-480 Vac 50/60 Hz | _ | ()1086■ |
| | 277-480 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1037 | () 1037★★ |
| Ob T.::- | 600 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1026▲ | ()1026▲ |
| Shunt Trip | 6 Vdc | 1040 | () 1040 |
| | 12 Vdc | 1039 | () 1039 |
| | 24 Vdc | 1027 | () 1027 |
| | 48 Vdc | 1028 | () 1028 |
| | 72 Vdc | 1038 | () 1038 |
| | 125 Vdc | 1029 | () 1029 |
| | 250 Vdc | 1030 | () 1030 |
| Ground Fault Shunt Trip | 24 Vac 50/60 Hz | G | () G ★★ |

^{*} Complete accessory catalog number by adding appropriate circuit breaker prefix (LA1, MA1, NA1, or PA1).

[▲] Not UL LIsted

[■] PA1 prefix only.

^{★★}Not available with PA1 prefix.

Figure 22: Ground Fault and Shunt Trip Wiring Diagram

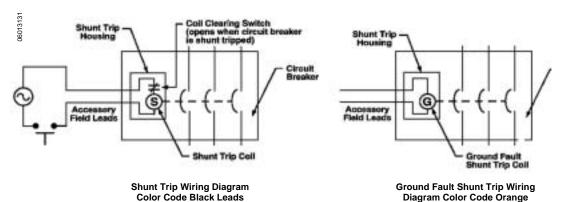


Table 55: Shunt Trip Electrical Specifications

| Voltage | Voltage Rating | | n Current ips (RMS) | | den Max. 'A | Minimum Recommended Supply Transformer (VA) |
|---------|----------------|------|------------------------|------|----------------|--|
| | 24 | 850 | (3650) | 20.4 | (88) | 25 |
| | 48 | 540 | | 26 | | 50 |
| | 120 | 240 | (4000) | 29 | (54) | 50 |
| AC | 208 | 515 | (500) | 107 | (104) | 50 |
| | 240 | 740 | | 154 | | 50 |
| | 277 | 50 | | 13.9 | | 25 |
| | 480 | 93 | | 44.6 | | 50 |
| DC | 6 | 1714 | (6000) | 10.3 | (36) | _ |
| | 12 | 800 | (6000) | 9.6 | (72) | _ |
| | 24 | 1500 | (460) | 36 | (11) | _ |
| | 48 | 750 | (920) | 36 | (44) | _ |
| | 72 | 200 | (208) | 14.4 | (15) | _ |
| | 125 | 350 | (80) | 43.7 | (10) | _ |
| | 250 | 60 | (160) | 15 | (40) | _ |

⁽⁾ Values in parenthesis apply to field installable devices used in PA/PC frame breakers.

Table 56: Shunt Trip & Undervoltage Trip Clearing Times

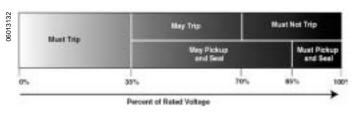
| Circuit Breaker | Average Clearing Time, Milliseconds |
|-----------------|--|
| FA | 16 |
| KA | 20 |
| LA, Q4 | 25 |
| MA | 33 |
| NA | 35 |
| PA, PC | 40 |
| | • |

Undervoltage Trip

The undervoltage trip accessory reduces the possibility of damage to the electrical equipment when a reduction or loss of system voltage occurs. When the voltage drops below a level established by UL 489 requirements for more than 3 milliseconds, the undervoltage trip mechanism (undervoltage trip release) trips the circuit breaker or molded case switch and prevents it from being reclosed until this voltage level is restored.

Table 57: UL 489 Undervoltage Trip Requirements

| To Trip Circuit Breaker | Undervoltage Trip <u>MUST</u> Trip | Undervoltage Trip <u>MAY</u> Trip | | rvoltage Trip ST NOT Trip |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----|---|
| Percent of Rated Voltage | 0% | 70% 35% | 85% | 100% |
| To reseal Undervoltage Tip | | Undervoltage Trip MAY Pickup and | | Undervoltage Trip MUST Pickup and Seal |



Undervoltage trip accessories are available on 2- and 3-pole circuit breakers and molded case switches with standard control voltage ratings to 240 Vac or 24 Vdc. Additional ac control voltage ratings up to 600 Vac can be supplied with a 120 Vac rated device and control voltage transformer for user mounting. Optional dc voltage ratings up to 250 Vdc are available and can be supplied with a 24 Vdc undervoltage trip release and a step down resistor for field installation. Voltage ratings above 24 Vac or 240 Vdc are not UL listed.

Table 58: Undervoltage Trip—Selection Data

| Voltage | Factory Installed Suffix | Field Installable Catalog Number* |
|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 24 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1143 | () 1143 |
| 48 Vac 400 Hz | 1157▲ | () 1157▲ |
| 120 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1121 | () 1121 |
| 208 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1122 | () 1122 |
| 240 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1124 | () 1124 |
| 277 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1142▲ | () 1142▲ |
| 380 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1148▲ | () 1148▲ |
| 415 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1149▲ | () 1149▲ |
| 440 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1134▲ | () 1134▲ |
| 480 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1125▲ | () 1125▲ |
| 600 Vac 50/60 Hz | 1126▲ | ()1126▲ |
| 6 Vdc | 1136 | () 1136 |
| 12 Vdc | 1133 | () 1133 |
| 24 Vdc | 1127 | () 1127 |
| 48 Vdc | 1128 | ()1128▲ |
| 72 Vdc | 1135 [■] | () 1135▲ |
| 125 Vdc | 1129 [■] | () 1129▲ |
| 250 Vdc | 1130 [®] | () 1130▲ |

Complete accessory catalog number by adding appropriate circuit breaker prefix (LA1, MA1, NA1, or PA1). Compatibility with circuit breaker must be verified.

Not UL Listed.

UL Listed only on PA, PC, PE circuit breakers.

Undervoltage Trip Time-delay Unit

The undervoltage trip time-delay unit, when connected in series with a 120 Vac undervoltage trip, introduces an adjustable time delay of .1 to .6 seconds in the release of the undervoltage trip coil. This prevents momentary voltage fluctuations from releasing the undervoltage trip coil and nuisance tripping the circuit breaker.

The time delay unit can be mounted separately (Catalog Number UVTD), or mounted in a 1-1/2-inch single pole FA I-Line[®] circuit breaker space (Catalog Number UVTD1). It can be wired into existing circuits already equipped with 120 Vac undervoltage trip.

Table 59: Undervoltage Trip Electrical Specifications



UVTD Undervoltage Trip Time-delay Unit

| Voltage | Rating | Maximum Current in Milliamps (RMS) | Maximum Inrush | Coil Burden (VA) Sealed | Minimum Recommended Supply Transformer (VA) |
|---------|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| | 24 | 170 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 25 |
| | 120 | 63 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 25 |
| | 208 | 30 | 6.2 | 4.1 | 25 |
| | 240 | 32 | 7.6 | 5.5 | 25 |
| AC | ★ 277 | 63 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 25 |
| AC | ★380 | 63 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 25 |
| | ★ 415 | 63 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 25 |
| | ★ 440 | 63 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 25 |
| | ★ 480 | 63 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 25 |
| | ★600 | 63 | 7.6 | 5.4 | 25 |
| | 6 | 400 | 2.4 | 2.4 | _ |
| | 12 | 185 | 2.2 | 2.2 | _ |
| | 24 | 69 | 1.6 | 1.6 | _ |
| DO | ▲ 48 | 64 | 3.1 | 3.1 | _ |
| DC | ▲ 72 | 45 | 3.2 | 3.2 | _ |
| | ▲ 125 | 40 | 5 | 5 | _ |
| | ▲ 250 | 21 | 5.2 | 5.2 | _ |
| | ▲300 | 21 | 6.2 | 6.2 | _ |

[★] Includes a separate control voltage transformer. (Not UL Listed).

[▲] Includes a separate resistor.

Auxiliary Switch

The auxiliary switch accessory monitors the circuit breaker's contact status and provides a remote signal indicating whether the contact is open or closed. When the circuit breaker is in the OFF or tripped state, the auxiliary switch's A contact is open and the B contact is closed. When the circuit breaker is ON, the B contact is open and the A contact is closed.

Maximum Ratings:

10 Ampere 120 Vac or 240 Vac

1/3 hp
 120 Vac or 240 Vac (1/4 hp-FA and KA)

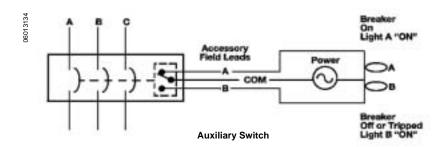
• 4 Ampere 120 Vac lamp load

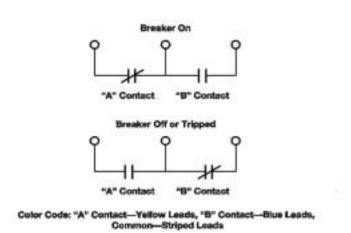
1/2 Ampere 120 Vdc1/4 Ampere 120 Vdc

Table 60: Auxiliary Switch—Selection Data

| Type of Contacts | Factory Installed Suffix | Field Installable Catalog Number |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1A and 1B | 1212 | () 1212 |
| 2A and 2B | 1352 | () 1352 |
| 3A and 3B | 1364 | ()1364★ |

[★] Complete accessory catalog number by adding appropriate circuit breaker prefix (LA1, MA1, NA1 or PA1).





Auxiliary Switch Wiring Diagram

Alarm Switch

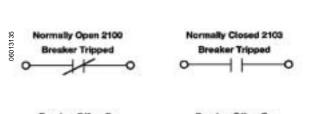
The alarm switch accessory monitors the circuit breaker's trip status and is used to provide a remote warning signal indicating the circuit breaker has tripped. This signal can be used in conjunction with a horn, pilot light or some other indicator.

The contact on the standard alarm switch is open when the circuit breaker is in the OFF or ON position and is closed when the circuit breaker is in the tripped position.

Alarm switches are actuated when the circuit breaker is tripped as a result of an overload, short circuit, undervoltage trip operation, shunt trip operation or a result of a manual Push-To-Trip operation.

Standard construction is with Normally Open (N.O.) contacts. Maximum ratings are 7A at 120 Vac or 240 Vac.

Table 61: Alarm Switch—Selection Data



| Type of Contacts | Factory Installed Suffix | Field Installable Catalog Number [★] |
|------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Normally Open | 2100 | () 2100 |
| Normally Closed | 2103▲ | () 2103▲ |

Complete accessory catalog number by adding appropriate circuit breaker prefix (NA1 only).

Table 62: Endurance Operations For Electrical Accessories

| Circuit Breaker | | Square D [®] Certified Operations | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--|--------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| Frame Size | Circuit | Breaker | Auviliant Switch | Shunt Trip UVR | Auviliant Switch | Shunt Trip UVR |
| | Load | No Load | - Auxiliary Switch | Alarm Switch | Auxiliary Switch | Alarm Switch |
| 400 4 | 6,000 | 4,000 | 10,000 | 600 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| 100 Ampere | 6,000 | 4,000 | 10,000 | 600 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| 225 Ampere | 4,000 | 4,000 | 8,000 | 400 | 8,000 | 8,000 |
| 250 Ampere | 1,000 | 5,000 | 6,000 | 100 | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| 400 Ampere | 1,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 100 | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| 600 Ampere | 500 | 2,000 | 500 | 50 | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| 800 Ampere | 500 | 2,000 | 500 | 50 | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| 1200 Ampere | 500 | 2,000 | 500 | 50 | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| 2500 Ampere | 500 | 2,000 | 500 | 50 | 2,500 | 2,500 |

Operations are at rated voltage and current.

One tripping operation is defined as a close-trip-reset operation of the circuit breaker.

[▲] Not UL listed.

Micrologic® Ground Fault Module

The Micrologic Ground Fault Module (GFM) is a UL Listed self-powered ground fault sensing device that signals a circuit breaker ground fault shunt trip. It is available for use with unit mount or I-Line[®] construction circuit breakers.



Ground Fault Module

Table 63: Ground Fault Module—Selection Data

| Companion Circuit | | Enclosure Sp | Ground Fault Pickup | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Breaker Prefix | Catalog Number | Panelboard Switchboa Enclosu | | Adjustment Range Amperes |
| FAL, FHL, FCL, FA, FH, FC | GFM100FA | LA | KA | 20–100 |
| FIL, FI | GFM100FI | LA | LA | 20–100 |
| KAL, KHL, KCL, KIL, KA, KH, KC, KI | GFM250 | LA | LA | 40–200 |

Fewer components are required at the branch level since the GFM eliminates the need for a control test panel and relay device. The integral Push-To-Test button allows testing at the job site and eliminates the need for costly primary injection testing. The GFM uses electronic circuitry to provide branch circuit ground fault protection using a compact module that mounts directly to the OFF and lugs of the circuit breaker. By eliminating the need for wiring external ground fault relays and sensors, the GFM saves space and reduces labor costs.

Standard features include:

- All GFMs supplied for I-line mounting, are easily converted to unit mount by removing the I-line brackets.
- Molded case circuit breakers using the GFM require a ground fault shunt trip (add suffix G to the circuit breaker catalog number when ordering).
- All GFMs must be used with a 3-pole breaker.
- Up to 200,000 ampere short circuit withstand rating at 600 Vac.
- Adjustable ground fault pickup settings

GFM100FA and GFM100FI modules are adjustable from 20 ampere through 100 ampere. GFM250 module is adjustable from 40 ampere through 200 ampere.

Adjustable ground fault delay settings

Actual time-delay varies with the magnitude of the ground fault.

Sealable adjustments

A clear plastic shield that fits over posts protruding from the module and can be sealed by attaching a sealing wire through the hole in the posts.

■ Integral Push-To-Trip Button

A button on the face of the GFM allows testing of the ground fault system without the need for any peripheral equipment. This meets the requirements of NEC230-95(c).

NOTE: A 120Vac 60Hz power source capable of supplying 0.5A is required to power the test feature.

Zone selective interlocking

Zone selective interlocking (ZSI) is standard with upstream Micrologic trip system circuit breakers. The GFM can also be zone interlocked with the GC-100 ground fault system by using a restraint interface module (Catalog Number RIM32).

Ground fault indication

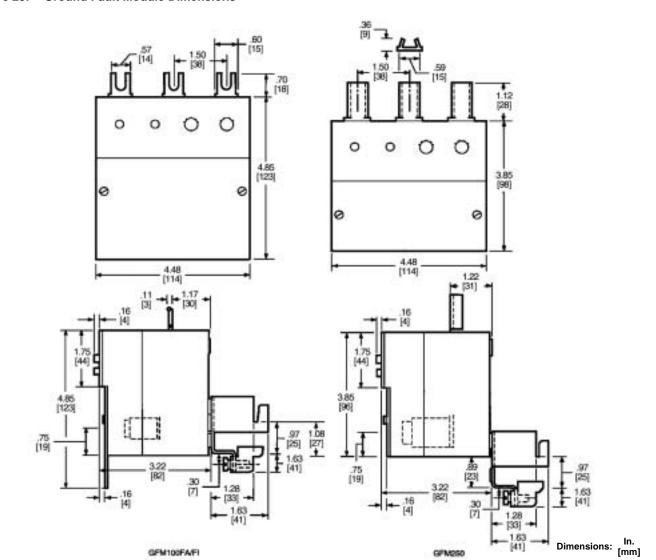
A pop-out indicator on the face of the GFM indicates the module has sensed a ground fault and initiated a tripping signal to the companion circuit breaker.

Neutral current transformer

A neutral current transformer (CT) is supplied with each GFM for 3-phase 4-wire applications or 1-phase 3-wire applications.

Figure 23: Ground Fault Module Dimensions

06013137



Electrical Operators



Electrical operators provide ON, OFF and reset control from remote location of thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers, magnetic only molded case circuit breakers and molded case switches. When a remote indication of the circuit breaker status is required, use of circuit breaker with a 1A1B auxiliary switch for ON-OFF indication or with an alarm switch for trip indication.

Electrical Operator Endurance

The UL Standard 489 endurance requirement for an electrical operator is equal to the circuit breaker's no-load endurance requirement. For example, 100 ampere circuit breakers are required to sustain a minimum of 4,000 operations to meet UL requirements. There are two types of electrical operators available: side mount and top mount.

■ Side Mount Electrical Operators (MO1)

Side mount electrical operators are field installable on FA, FH, FC, FI, KA, KH, KC, KL, Q4, LA, LH, MA and MH families of molded case circuit breakers and molded case switches. Unit mount circuit breakers require a separate mounting pan to mount the circuit breaker flush with the electrical operator. The operators may be field installed on circuit breakers in I-Line[®] panelboards and



switchboards without a mounting pan, but require 4-1/2 inches of circuit breaker mounting space. The operators require a single pole, double throw maintained contact switch and 120 Vac control voltage.

■ Top Mount Electrical Operators (MO2)

Top mount electrical operators are field installable on KA, KH, KC, KL, Q4, LA, LH, MA, MH, PA, PH and PC families of circuit breakers. They are intended for use on indoor, NEMA Type 1 applications. The top mount electrical operator requires a single pole, double throw switch and the proper control voltage.

The PAMO2 is an electronically controlled motor-gear reduction operating mechanism that installs to the top surface of a PA, PH or PC circuit breaker or molded case switch. The device can be operated in the ON or OFF position using low energy control circuitry. The PAMO2 requires momentary, continuous or solid state contacts and the correct control voltages.

Table 64: Electrical Operators

| Characteristics Of Electrical Operators | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|------------------|-------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Motor | Circuit | | | | | | | |
| Operator Catalog No. | Breaker Prefix | Time (Sec.) | Inrush (Peak) | Cont. | Endurance Operations | | | |
| Side Mount Motor Operators | | | | | | | | |
| FAMO1 | FA/FH/FC/FI | .80 | 2.0 | .71 | 4000 | | | |
| KAMO1 | KA/KH/KC/KI | .90 | 2.0 | .71 | 4000 | | | |
| LAMO1 | Q4/LA/LH | .65 | 18.0 | 4.2 | 3000 | | | |
| MAMO1 | MA/MH | .65 | 18.0 | 4.2 | 3000 | | | |
| Top Mounted M | otor Operato | rs | | | | | | |
| KAMO2120AC5C | KA/KH/KC/KI | .30 | 13.6 | 5.5 | 5000 | | | |
| KAMO2120AC | KA/KH/KC/KI | .30 | 16.0 | 6.0 | 5000 | | | |
| KAMO2240AC | KA/KH/KC/KI | .30 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 5000 | | | |
| KAMO224DC | KA/KH/KC/KI | .30 | 35.0 | 22.5 | 5000 | | | |
| KAMO2125DC | KA/KH/KC/KI | .30 | 13.2 | 6.6 | 5000 | | | |
| LAMO2120AC5C | Q4/LA/LH | .30 | 13.6 | 5.0 | 5000 | | | |
| LAMO2120AC | Q4/LA/LH | .30 | 14.0 | 5.5 | 5000 | | | |
| LAMO2240AC | Q4/LA/LH | .30 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 5000 | | | |
| LAMO224DC | Q4/LA/LH | .30 | 35.0 | 22.5 | 5000 | | | |
| LAMO2125DC | Q4/LA/LH | .30 | 13.2 | 6.6 | 5000 | | | |
| MAMO2120AC5C | MA/MH | .30 | 23 | 9.4 | 5000 | | | |
| MAMO2120AC | MA/MH | .30 | 14.0 | 5.5 | 5000 | | | |
| MAMO2240AC | MA/MH | .30 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 5000 | | | |
| MAMO224DC | MA/MH | .30 | 35.0 | 22.5 | 5000 | | | |
| MAMO2125DC | MA/MH | .30 | 13.2 | 6.5 | 5000 | | | |
| PAMO2 | PA/PH/PC | .30 | 40.0 | 10.0 | 5000 | | | |

| | Electrical O _I | perator— | Selection Data | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Motor Operator Catalog No. | Circuit Breaker Prefix | Control Voltage | Recommend- ed Control Transformer | Mounting Pan Cat. No. |
| Side Mount N | lotor Operat | ors | | |
| | FA/FH/FC/FI | | | N/A |
| FAMO1 | FAL/FHL/FC L/FIL | 120 Vac | EO-1 50VA | FAMOP |
| | KA/KH/KC/KI | | | N/A |
| KAMO1 | KAL/KHL/KC L/KIL | 120 Vac | EO-1 50VA | KAMOP |
| | Q4/LA/LH | | | N/A |
| LAMO1 | Q4L/LAL/LH L | 120 Vac | EO-3 150VA | LAMOP |
| MAMO1 | MA/MH | 120 Vac | EO-3 50VA | N/A |
| IVIAIVIOT | MAL/MHL | 120 Vac | EO-3 50VA | FAMOP |
| Top Mounted | Motor Oper | ators | | 1 |
| | | | | _ |
| KAMO2120AC | KA/KH/KC/KI | 120 Vac | EO-4 300VA | <u> </u> , |
| KAMO2240AC | KA/KH/KC/KI | 240 Vac | EO-4 300VA | N/A |
| KAMO224DC | KA/KH/KC/KI | 24 Vac | | _ |
| KAMO2125DC | KA/KH/KC/KI | 125 Vac | | |
| LAMO2120AC | Q4/LA/LH | 120 Vac | EO-4 300VA | 1 |
| LAMO2240AC | Q4/LA/LH | 240 Vac | EO-4 300VA | 1 |
| LAMO224DC | Q4/LA/LH | 24 Vac | | 1 |
| LAMO2125DC | Q4/LA/LH | 125 Vac | | |
| | | | | |
| MAMO2120AC | MA/MH | 120 Vac | EO-1 300VA | N/A |
| MAMO2240AC | MA/MH | 240 Vac | EO-1 300VA | |
| MAMO224DC | MA/MH | 24 Vac | | |
| MAMO2125DC | MA/MH | 125 Vac | | |
| PAMO2 | PA/PH/PC | 120 Vac 48 Vdc 24 Vdc | EO-1 200VA | |

Figure 24: Electrical Operator Side Mount Dimensions and Wiring Diagram

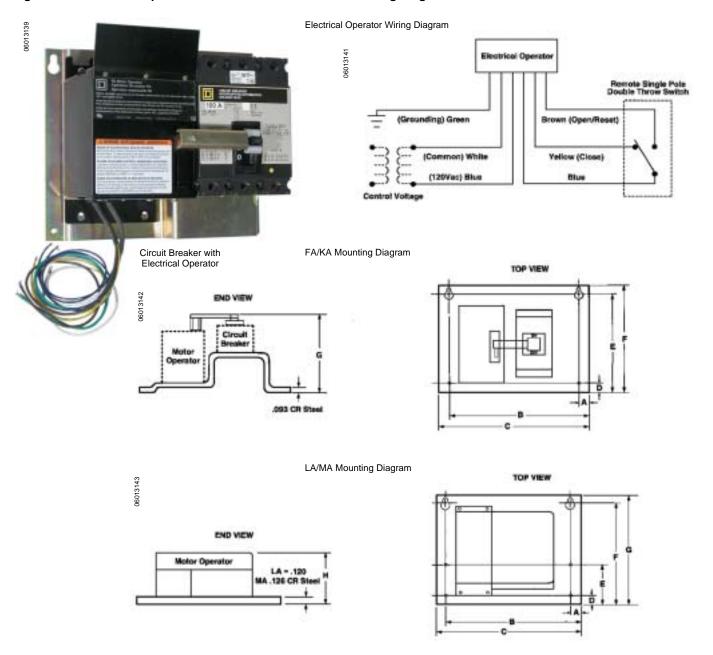
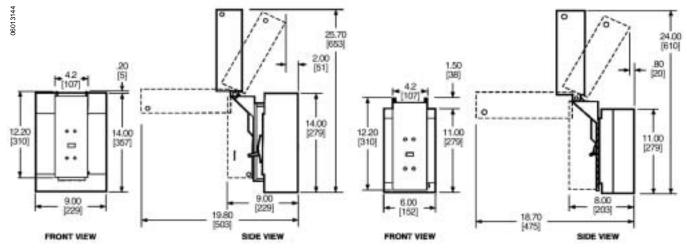


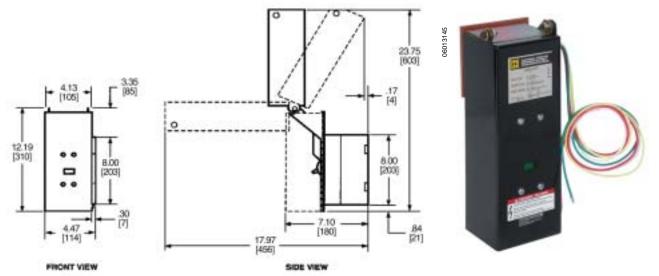
Table 65: Electrical Operator Mounting Dimensions, Inches (mm)

| Electrical | , | 4 | ı | 3 | (| С | ı | ס | | E | ı | - | (| 3 | ı | Н |
|------------|-----|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------|-------|------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------|--------|
| Operator | IN | mm | IN | mm | IN | mm | IN | mm | IN | mm | IN | mm | IN | mm | IN | mm |
| FAMO1 | .40 | 10.16 | 10.20 | 259.08 | 10.69 | 269.24 | .40 | 10.16 | 7.72 | 196.09 | 8.58 | 217.93 | 5.72 | 14.29 | | _ |
| KAMO1 | .40 | 10.16 | 10.20 | 259.08 | 10.50 | 269.24 | .40 | 10.16 | 7.72 | 196.09 | 8.58 | 217.93 | 5.81 | 147.57 | _ | _ |
| LAMO1 | .50 | 12.70 | 12.06 | 306.32 | 12.50 | 317.50 | 2.38 | 60.45 | 6.13 | 166.70 | 9.63 | 244.60 | 12.25 | 311.15 | 7.53 | 191.26 |
| MAMO1 | .45 | 11.43 | 15.06 | 382.52 | 14.94 | 379.48 | 2.37 | 60.20 | 6.74 | 171.19 | 10.88 | 276.35 | 13.50 | 342.90 | 7.53 | 191.26 |

Figure 25: Top Mount Electrical Operator Dimensions and Wiring Diagrams

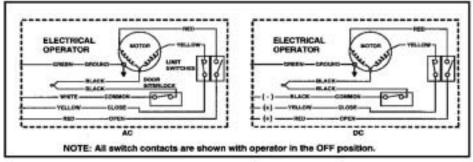


Mounting Dimensions for Electrical Operator Mounted on MAL or MHL Circuit Breaker or Switch Mounting Dimensions for Electrical Operator Mounted on LAL, LHL, Q4L Circuit Breaker or Switch



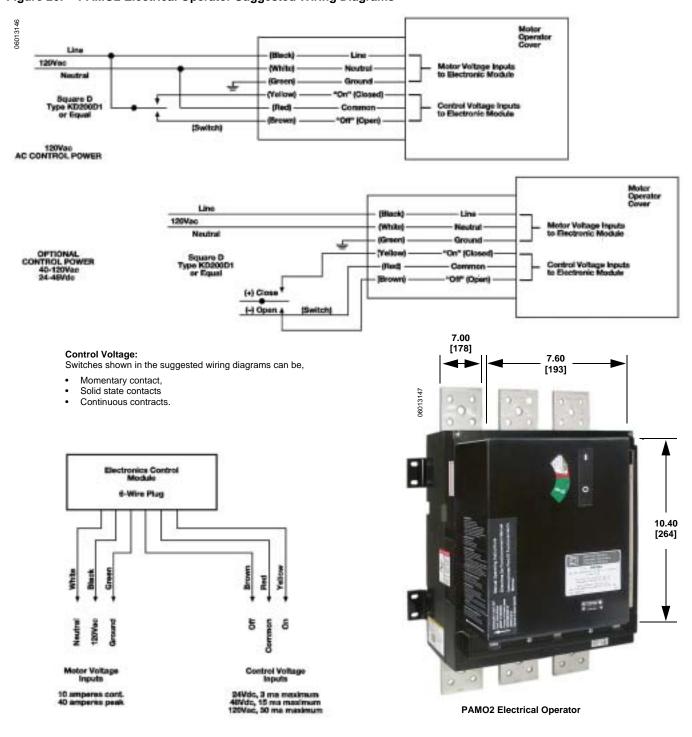
Mounting Dimensions for Electrical Operator Mounted on KAL, KHL, FIL, or KIL Circuit Breaker or Switch

Top Mounted Electrical Operator



Internal Schematic

Figure 26: PAMO2 Electrical Operator Suggested Wiring Diagrams

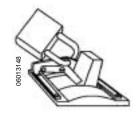


BGUARE D

Circuit Breaker Handle Accessories

Several handle accessories are available to lock the circuit breaker. See table below to select the desired accessories.

Table 66: Circuit Breaker Handle Accessories—Selection Data



Padlock Attachment

| A | Circuit Bracker | No. of Dolor | Cotalo a Namban | Locks Circuit Breaker | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----|--|
| Accessories | Circuit Breaker | No. of Poles | Catalog Number | ON* | OFF | |
| | PA, PC | 2, 3 | PAPAF | _ | Х | |
| | FY | 1 | HPAFYQ | Х | Х | |
| | Q2 | 2, 3 | HPAFYQ | Х | Х | |
| Handle Padlock | FA,FH, FC | 1, 2, 3 | HPAFK | Х | Х | |
| Attachment | FI, KI, KA, KH, KC | 2, 3 | HPAFK | Х | Х | |
| | LA, LH, Q4, MA, MH | 2, 3 | HPALM | Х▲ | Х | |
| | LC, LI | 2, 3 | HPALI | Х | Х | |
| | NA, NC | 2, 3 | HPANE | Х | Х | |
| Handle Extension | LA, LH, Q4 | 2, 3 | LAHEX | _ | _ | |
| Handle Extension | MA, MH, NA, NC | 2, 3 | MAHEX | _ | _ | |
| Handle Extension & | LC, LI | 2, 3 | AHEXLI | _ | _ | |
| Padlock Attachment | LA, LH, Q4, MA, MH | 2, 3 | HPAXLM | x★ | Х | |
| | 2-FA | 3 | FKHT | _ | _ | |
| Handle Tie | 2-KA, 2-FI or 2-KI or 1-FI & 1-KI | 2, 3 | FKHT | _ | _ | |
| | 2LA or 2 Q4 | 2, 3 | LAHT | _ | _ | |
| California Title 24 | FY | (3) Single Pole | FY3HT | _ | _ | |
| Combination Handle Tie & Lock-off | FA, FH, FC | (3) Single Pole | FY3HT | _ | _ | |

[★] Circuit breaker will trip free when locked in the ON position.

Circuit Breaker Cylinder Locks

A key cylinder lock prevents the circuit breaker from being reset or turned ON. Cylinder locks **cannot** be used to lock the circuit breaker in the ON position. The cylinder lock key can be removed in the UNLOCKED or LOCKED OFF position. A key cylinder lock is available for Square $D^{\textcircled{\tiny{B}}}$ FA, KA, LA and MA frame circuit breakers.



LA1CL Cylinder Lock

Table 67: Cylinder Lock—Selection Data

| Accessory | Circuit Breaker | Factory Installed Catalog No. (Suffix) | Field Installed Catalog Number |
|---------------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | FA, FH, FC, FI, KA, KH, KC, KI | CL * | _ |
| Cylinder Lock | LA, LH, Q4 | _ | LA1CL |
| | MA, MH | _ | MA1CL |

^{*} Factory installed cylinder locks are available for -pole circuit breakers only. Cylinder locks are not available on FA/FH Mag-Gard® magnetic only circuit breakers.

Walking Beam Mechanical Interlock

The walking beam mechanical interlock is used with two circuit breakers to maintain essential loads during power outages. It is UL Listed for FA, KA, LA and MA circuit breakers, 15 ampere through 1000 ampere. Manual and automatic transfer schemes use these interlocked circuit breakers.

Mechanically interlocked circuit breakers are intended to prohibit both power sources from being simultaneously connected to the load. The circuit breakers are equipped with an actuator button that operates with and detects the position of the circuit breaker contacts.

[▲] MA, MH circuit breakers will not lock in the ON position.

Walking beam interlocks are available with circuit breakers for unit mounting, but identical frame size breakers must be used. The circuit breakers can be manually or motor operated.

Unit Mounting

Pre-drilled and tapped mounting pans ease the mounting of all required components. To establish the correct dimensional relationships, Square D suggests using the mounting pans when installing these interlocks.

Table 68: Walking Beam—Selection Data

| Circuit | Breaker | Walking Beam Assembly | Mounting Pan | |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------|--|
| Catalog | Number | Catalan Number | Catalog Number | |
| Prefix | Suffix | Catalog Number | Catalog Number | |
| Manually Operated | - | | | |
| FAL | WB | FA4WB | FAWBP4 | |
| KAL | WB | KA4WB | KAWBP4 | |
| LAL, LHL | WB | LA6WB | LAWBP6 | |
| MAL, MHL | WB | MA9WB | MAWBP9 | |
| Electrically Operated | | | | |
| FAL | WBMO | FA9WB | KAWBP9 | |
| KAL | WBMO | KA9WB | KAWBP9 | |
| LAL, LHL | WBMO | LA10WB | LAWBP10 | |
| MAL, MHL WB | | MA13WB | MAWBP13 | |

Figure 27: Walking Beam Mechanical Interlock



Requires two circuit breakers with WB suffix, one walking beam assembly and one mounting pan.

Dimensions

The dimensions shown below are for two unit-mounted circuit breakers that are installed on the appropriate mounting pan include the walking beam assembly. The dimensions also show the electrically operated version.

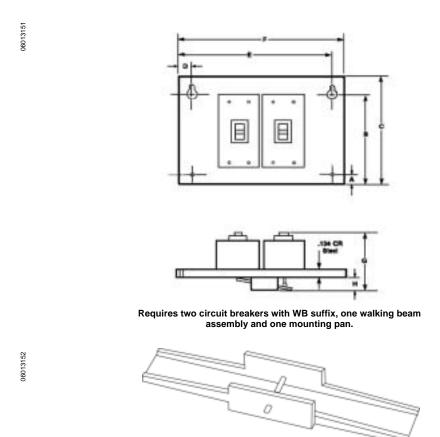


Table 69: Electrical Operator Mounting Dimensions, Inches (mm)

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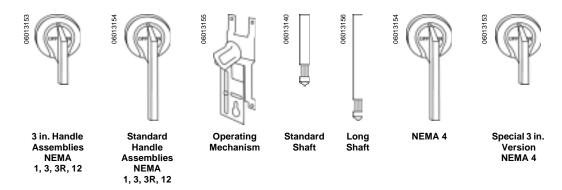
| Circuit Breaker | Dimensions (Inches) | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|-------|------|-----|--|--|
| Circuit breaker | Α | В | С | D | Е | F | G | Н | | |
| Manually Operated | | | | | | | | | | |
| FAL | .562 | 5.74 | 6.38 | .50 | 10.25 | 10.75 | 5.77 | 1.5 | | |
| KAL | .50 | 7.81 | 8.50 | .50 | 10.25 | 10.75 | 6.38 | 1.5 | | |
| LAL, LHL | .75 | 10.25 | 11.25 | .52 | 13.37 | 14.00 | 7.48 | 1.5 | | |
| MAL, MHL | .68 | 12.39 | 14.12 | .56 | 19.56 | 20.12 | 8.13 | 1.5 | | |
| Electrically Operat | ed | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | | |
| FAL | .50 | 7.88 | 8.50 | .50 | 19.25 | 19.75 | 7.22 | 1.5 | | |
| KAL | .50 | 9.75 | 10.25 | .50 | 19.25 | 19.75 | 7.31 | 1.5 | | |
| LAL, LHL | .75 | 12.75 | 13.75 | .56 | 22.56 | 23.12 | 9.03 | 1.5 | | |
| MAL, MHL | .68 | 13.43 | 14.12 | .56 | 28.56 | 29.12 | 8.13 | 1.5 | | |

Operating Mechanisms

Door Mounted

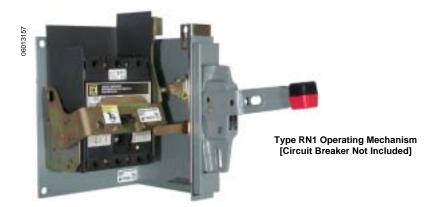
Type L door mounted, variable depth operating mechanisms are kits featuring heavy duty, all metal construction with trip indication. All of the operating mechanisms can be padlocked in the OFF position when the enclosure door is open. The kits include handle assemblies, padlocks, door drilling template and shafts. Handle assemblies can be locked in the OFF position with up to three padlocks that also lock the door closed. The 3-inch handle accepts one padlock. A door drilling template is supplied with each kit to ease installation. The kits are rated for installation into NEMA Type 1, 3, 3R and 12 enclosures. All NEMA Type 1, 3, 3R and 12 handle assemblies are painted; the handle is flat black; and the base ring is silver.

Figure 28: Door Mounted Variable Depth Operating Mechanisms



■ Flange Mounted, Variable Depth

Designed for installation in custom built control enclosures where main or branch circuit protective devices are required. All circuit breaker operating mechanisms are field convertible or either right- or left-hand flanged mounting.



Door Closing Mechanisms

Class 9423 door closing mechanisms are designed for use on small to medium size single door control enclosures. They are primarily designed for use with the Class 9422 flange-mounted disconnect switches and circuit breaker operating mechanisms. However, they can be used independently.

When used on properly designed and gasketed NEMA Type 12 industrial use enclosures, they meet NFPA 70 standards.

UL Listed Terminations

Square D supplies all thermal-magnetic molded case circuit breakers, Mag-Gard[®] instantaneous trip circuit breakers and molded case switches (1200 ampere frame and smaller) with mechanical-type aluminum alloy lugs suitable for use with either aluminum or copper wire.

I-line® circuit breakers are supplied with mechanical-type lugs on the OFF end.

Additionally, Square D offers a large selection of UL Listed lugs to meet individual termination requirements for almost every application. Besides the mechanical lugs, Square D can supply copper mechanical lugs or our exclusive aluminum or copper Versa-Crimp[®] compression lugs. Power distribution connectors permit multiple conductor installation in control panel applications.

Control Wire Terminations

Mechanical lugs with provisions for separate control wire terminations are available in kit form. They can be field or factory installed.

The FA-T adaptor has been designed for mounting on the FA 100 ampere frame circuit breaker, between the breaker lug and its terminal. It has a tab extension suitable for attachment of 250-inch slip-on connectors. Fully insulated type connectors must be used to prevent live parts from extending into the wiring gutter area.

On larger frame circuit breakers, provision is made for securing the control wire directly to the circuit breaker lug with provided #6-32 screws, threaded directly into the lug body. Use ring type connectors crimped to the control wire to provide secure terminations for control wiring. These control terminations are UL recognized components for use with Square D[®] circuit breakers.

Table 70: Control Wire Termination Kits—Selection Data

| Breaker Prefix | Catalog Number | Qty. Per Kit | UL Listed Wire Size |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| FA, FAL, FH, FHL, FC, FCL | FA-T [★] | 2 | _ |
| KA, KAL, KH, KHL, KC, KCL | AL250 KAT | 2 | One #4-#300 MCM Al or Cu |
| | | | One #1-#600 MCM Al or Cu |
| LA, LAL, LH, LHL | | 2 | or |
| | | | Two #1-#250 MCM Al or Cu |
| MA, MAL, MH, MHL | AL900 LAT | 1 | Three 3/0-#500 MCM Al or Cu |
| NA, NAL, NC, NCL | AL1200 NE6T | 1 | Four 3/0-#600 MCM Al or Cu |

[★] Use fully insulated 250 slip-on connectors.

Lug Delete

In certain applications, a circuit breaker does not require lugs on one or both ends. This can be accomplished by ordering a standard circuit breaker and removing the lugs. The alternative is to order the circuit breaker without lugs.

Table 71: Lug—Selection Data

| Lug Conf | Circuit Breaker Catalog Number | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| ON End OFF End | | "Prefix" Indication |
| No Lugs | No Lugs | "F" (e.g. KAF36150) |
| No Lugs | Lugs | "P" (e.g. KAP36150) |



Table 72: Mechanical Lug Kit Wire Ranges and Torques—Selection Data

| Lug Kit | No. of Lugs Per Kit | Circuit Breaker | Number of Wires Per Lug and Wire Ranges | | Lug Mounting Screw Torque | | Wire Binding Screw Torque | | | |
|-----------|------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--------|---------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | No. Wires | Domestic | Metric | Lb-in. | N•m | Wire | Lb-in. | N•m |
| AL50FA | 3 | FA, FH, FI | 1 | #14-#4 Cu or #12-#4 Al | 2.5–25 mm ² 4–25 mm ² | 40 | 4.5 | Cu #14-#4 STR/SOL Al #12-#4 STR Al #12-#10 SOL | 35 35 15 | 4.0 4.0 1.7 |
| AL100FA4 | 3 | FC | 1 | #14-#3 Cu or #12-#1 Al | | 65 | 7.3 | Cu #14-#3 STR Cu #14-#8 SOL AI #8-#1 STR AI #12-#10 SOL | 65 65 65 65 | 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 |
| AL100FA | 3 | FA, FH, FI | 1 | #14–1/0 Cu or #12–1/0 Al | 2.5–50 mm ² 4–50 mm ² | 40 | 4.5 | Cu #14–1/0 STR AI #12–1/0 STR AI #12–#10 SOL | 80 80 40 | 9.0 9.0 4.5 |
| AL100TF | 3 | FA, FH | 1 | #12–#3 Cu | | 50 | 5.7 | Cu #12–#3 STR Cu #12–#10 SOL | 50 50 | 5.6 5.6 |
| AL250KA | 3 | KA, KH, KC, KI | 1 | #6-#350 kcmil | 25-185 mm ² | 80 | 9.0 | | 250 | 28.2 |
| AL250KI | 3 | KC, KI | 1 | 1/0-#350 kcmil | 50–185 mm ² | 80 | 9.0 | | 250 | 28.2 |
| AL400LA | 1 | Q4, LA, LH | 1 2 | #0-#600 kcmil or #1-#250 kcmil | 50–300 mm ² 50–120 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | | 300 | 33.9 |
| AL800MA7 | 1 | MA, MH | 2 | #500-#750 kcmil | 240-300 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | | 300 | 33.9 |
| AL900MA | 1 | MA, MH | 3 | 3/0-#500 kcmil | 95–240 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | | 300 | 33.9 |
| AL1000MA | 1 | MA, MH | 4 | 1/0-#350 kcmil | 50-185 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | | 300 | 33.9 |
| AL1200NE6 | 1 | NA, NC | 4 | 3/0-#600 kcmil | 95–300 mm ² | 250 | 28.2 | | 330 | 37.3 |
| AL2500PA | 2 | PAF, PHF, PCF | 1 | 3/0-#750 kcmil | 95-300 mm ² | 840 | | | 550 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| CU30FA4 | 3 | FC | 1 | #14–#10 Cu | | N/A | N/A | #14-#10 STR/SOL | 35 | 4.0 |
| CU100FA | 3 | FA, FH, FI | 1 | #14–#1 Cu | 2.5–50 mm ² | 50 | 5.7 | Cu #3-#1 STR Cu #6-#4 STR Cu #8 STR/SOL Cu #14-#10 STR/SOL | 50 45 40 35 | 5.7 5.1 4.5 4.0 |
| CU100TF | 3 | FA, FH | 1 | #12–#3 Cu | | 50 | 5.7 | Cu #12–#3 STR Cu #12–#10 SOL | 50 50 | 5.7 5.7 |
| CU250KA | 3 | KA, KH, KC, KI | 1 | #6-#250 MCM Cu | 16–20 mm ² | 80 | 9.0 | | 250 | 22.6 |
| CU400LA | 1 | Q4, LA, LH | 2 | #1-#600 MCM Cu #1-#250 MCM Cu | 50–300 mm ² 50–120 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | | 300 | 33.9 |
| CU1000MA | 1 | MA, MH | 3 | 3/0-#500 MCM Cu | 95–240 mm ² | 300 | 33.9 | | 300 | 33.9 |
| CU1200NE6 | 1 | NA, NC | 4 | 3/0-#600 MCM Cu | 95–300 mm ² | 250 | 28.2 | 330 | • | 37.3 |

STR = Stranded, SOL = Solid



Table 73: Versatile Compression Lug Kit Wire Ranges and Mounting Screw Torques—Selection Data

| Lug Kit | No. of Lugs | Circuit Breaker | Versatile System | Wire Ranges★ | Lug Mo | _ | Versa-Crimp [®] | Mounting Hole |
|------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|--------|------|--------------------------|---------------|
| | Per Kit | | Domestic | Metric | Lb-in. | N•m | - Tool Type | Dia./(Inches) |
| VC100FA | 1 | FA, FH, FC, FI | #8-1/0 | 10-50 mm ² | 50 | 5.7 | VC-6 | .265 |
| VC250KA3 | 1 | KA, KH, KC, KI | #4-#300 MCM | 25-150 mm ² | 50 | 5.7 | VC-6 | .265 |
| VC250KA35 | 1 | KA, KH, KC, KI | #250-#350 MCM | 120-185 mm ² | 50 | 5.7 | VC-6 | .375 |
| VC400LA3 | 2 | LA, LH, Q4 | #4-#300 MCM | 25-150 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | VC-6 | .375 |
| VC400LA5 | 1 | LA, LH, Q4 | 2/0-#500 MCM | 70–240 mm ² | 250 | 28.2 | VC-6 | .390 |
| VC400LA7 | 1 | LA, LH, Q4 | #500-#750 MCM AI or #500 MCM Cu | 240–300 mm ² Al or 240 mm ² Cu | 250 | 28.2 | VC-6FT or VC-8 | .390 |
| VC800MA5 | 2 | MA, MH | 2/0-#500 MCM | 70–240 mm ² Cu | 300 | 33.9 | VC-6 | .500 |
| VC800MA7 | 2 | MA, MH | #500-#750 MCM Al or #500 MCM Cu | 240–300 mm ² Al or 240 mm ² Cu | 300 | 33.9 | VC-6FT or VC-8 | .500 |
| VC1200NE5 | 4 | NA, NC | 2/0-#500 MCM | 70–240 mm ² Cu | 600 | 67.8 | VC-6 | .500 |
| VC1200NE7 | 4 | NA, NC | #500-#750 MCM Al or #500 MCM Cu | 240–300 mm ² Al or 240 mm ² Cu | 600 | 67.8 | VC-6FT or VC-8 | .500 |
| VC2000PA5 | 1 | PA, PH | 2/0-#500 MCM | 70–240 mm Cu ² | 600 | 67.8 | VC-6 | .500 |
| VC2000PA7 | 1 | PA, PH, PCF | #500-#750 MCM AI or #500 MCM Cu | 240–300 mm ² Al or 240 mm ² Cu | 800 | 67.8 | VC-6FT or VC-8 | .500 |
| CVC100FA | 1 | FA, FH, FI | #6-1/0 | 16-50 mm ² Cu | 50 | 5.7 | VC-6 | .265 |
| CVC250KA3 | 1 | KA, KH, KC, KI | 2/0-#300 MCM Cu | 70–150 mm Cu ² | 50 | 5.7 | VC-6 | .265 |
| CVC400LA3 | 2 | LA, LH, Q4 | 2/0-#300 MCM Cu | 70–150 mm ² Cu | 180 | 20.0 | VC-6 | .375 |
| CVC400LA5 | 1 | LA, LH, Q4 | #250-#500 MCM Cu | 120–240 mm ² Cu | 250 | 28.2 | VC-6 | .390 |
| CVC800MA5 | 2 | MA, MH | #250-#500 MCM Cu | 120–240 mm ² Cu | 300 | 33.9 | VC-6 | .500 |
| CVC1200NE5 | 4 | NA, NC | #250-#500 MCM Cu | 120–240 mm ² Cu | 600 | 67.8 | VC-6 | .500 |
| CVC1200NE7 | 4 | NA, NC | #500-#750 MCM Cu | 240-300 mm ² Cu | 600 | 67.8 | VC-6FT or VC-8 | .500 |

[★] Unless otherwise specified, wire ranges are for both aluminum and copper conductors.



PDC4LA250

Power Distribution Connectors

Power distribution connectors can be used for multiple lead wire connections on one circuit breaker. Field installable kits, including aluminum alloy connectors and all necessary mounting hardware, are available for the Square D[®] FA, KA, LA, Q4 and MA molded case circuit breakers. Each is UL Listed (per UL Standard 486a) for copper wire only. Power distribution connectors are for use on the OFF end of the circuit breaker only, when the OFF end is connected to the load.

Table 74: Power Distribution Connectors—Selection Data

| Lug Kit | No. of Lugs Per Kit | Circuit Breaker | Wire Ranges (Copper only) | | | ounting Torque | Wire Bir | nding Screw | Torque |
|-----------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Domestic | Metric | Lb-in. | N•m | Wire Size | Lb-in. | N•m |
| PDC6FA6 | FA, FH, FI | 6 | #14-#6 | 2.5–16 mm ² | 40 | 4.5 | #14–#10 #8–#6 | 20 25 | 2.3 2.8 |
| PDC3FA2 | FA, FH, FI | 3 | #14-#2 | 2.5–35 mm ² | 40 | 4.5 | #14–#8 #6–#2 | 35 40 | 4.0 4.5 |
| PDC6KA4 | KA, KH, KC, KI | 6 | #14-#4 | 2.5–25 mm ² | 80 | 9.0 | #14–#10 #8–#4 | 20 35 | 2.3 4.0 |
| PDC3KA20 | KA, KH, KC, KI | 3 | (2) #14–#1 | 2.5–50 mm ² | 80 | 80 9.0 | #14–#8 #4–#1 | 35 40 | 40 45 |
| | | | (1) #12–2/0 | 4–70 mm ² | | | #12-2/0 | 50 | 57 |
| PDC6LA20 | LA, LH, Q4 | 6 | #12–2/0 | 4–70 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | #12 #6–#10 #20–#4 | 35 45 50 | 4.0 5.1 5.7 |
| PDC12LA4 | LA, LH, Q4 | 12 | #14-#4 | 2.5–25 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | #14–#10 #8–#4 | 20 35 | 2.3 4.0 |
| PDC4LA250 | LA, LH, Q4 | 4 | (3) #14–#1 | 2.5–35 mm ² | 2.5–35 mm ² | 20.0 | #6-#14 #1-#4 | 35 40 | 4.0 4.5 |
| PDC4LA230 | LA, LH, Q4 | 4 | (1) 2/0 #250 kcmil | 35–120 mm ² | 160 | 20.0 | 2/0-4/0 #250 kcmil | 180 190 | 14.7 21.4 |
| PDC6MA20 | MA, MH, ME, MX | 6 | #12-2/0 | 4.70 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | #12 #6-#10 2/0-#4 2/0-#4 | 35 45 50 50 | 40 51 57 57 |
| PDC12MA4 | MA, MH, ME, MX | 12 | #14-#4 | 2.5–25 mm ² | 180 | 20.0 | #14–#10 #8–#4 | 20 35 | 2.3 4.0 |

Rear Connecting Studs



Rear connecting studs are designed to allow rear termination in applications, such as control panels where wire gutter space may be limited. The studs can be bolted directly to the bus bars or lugs can be attached to the studs. Long and short studs should be alternated on adjacent poles to assure proper electrical clearance. These studs are not UL Listed.

Table 75: Rear Connecting Studs—Selection Data

| | | | | Dimensions | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Circuit Breaker Catalog Number | Ampere Ratings | Stud Catalog Number | | Inches Millimet | | | | | | |
| Prefix | | | Overall Length | Back of Circuit Breaker | Diameter | Threads / Inches | | | | |
| FAL, FHL | 15–100 | FAS-20 | 2.25 5.72 | 2.00 5.08 | 0.125 0.318 | 16 5.30 | | | | |
| FAL, FHL | 15–100 | FAS-42 | 4.875 2.383 | 4.25 0.795 | 0.125 0.318 | 16 6.30 | | | | |
| KAL, KHL | 70–225 | KAS-21 | 2.25 5.72 | 2.125 5.398 | 0.50 1.27 | 13 5.19 | | | | |

Continued on next page



Table 75: Rear Connecting Studs—Selection Data (continued)

| | | | | Dimensi | ons | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Circuit Breaker Catalog Number | Ampere Ratings | Stud Catalog Number | | Inche: Millimet | | |
| Prefix | | | Overall Length | Back of Circuit Breaker | Diameter | Threads / Inches |
| KAL, KHL | 70–225 | KAS-45 | 2.125 13.018 | 4.825 11.748 | 0.50 1.27 | 13 5.19 |
| LAL, LHL | 125–400 | LAS-54 | 6.188 15.718 | 5.50 13.97 | 0.75 1.905 | 16 6.30 |
| LAL, LHL | 125–400 | LAS-114 | 12.188 30.958 | 11.50 29.21 | 0.75 1.905 | 16 6.30 |
| MAL, MHL | 300-1000 | MAS-54 | 6.188 15.718 | 5.50 13.97 | 1.25 3.175 | 12 4.72 |
| MAL, MHL | 300–1000 | MAS-114 | 12.188 30.958 | 11.50 29.21 | 1.25 3.175 | 12 .472 |

Use alternate length studs on adjacent poles to obtain proper voltage spacing.

I-Line[®] Accessories

■ Top-feed I-Line

I-Line panelboards may require the use of a top-feed I-Line circuit breaker in applications where a topfeed main circuit breaker is required. This involves having the I-Line jaw connectors on the OFF end of the circuit breaker, as opposed to the standard location on the ON end. To designate this construction, place MT at the end of the circuit breaker catalog number (i.e. KA36150 becomes KA36150MT). Not available for FY circuit breakers.

■ I-Line Electric Joint Compound

I-Line circuit breakers, I-Line busway plug-on units, and I-Line panelboards and switchboards are supplied with factory applied joint compound on the plug-on connectors. The compound contributes to the overall performance of the connection. If removed, the joint compound should be reapplied. Order catalog number PIC-7201 for a 2-ounce container of compound especially formulated for the I-Line, QMB and Model IV MCC connections.

KA Insert Kit

The standard lugs supplied with KA, KH, KC and KI circuit breakers and molded case switches (Series 2 and higher) are secured with a screw fastened through the circuit breaker terminal into the lug body. If the standard lug is removed and a bolted connection to the circuit breaker terminal pad is desired, the AL250KAIN threaded insert kit is required to make this connection. The AL250KAIN is inserted below the terminal pad and secured by a wire retaining clip. See figure below.

Table 76: Insert Kit—Selection Data

| Kit Catalog | Inserts Per kit | Circuit Breakers |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|
| AL250KAIN | 3 | KA, KH, KC, KI |

LC, LI, LE, LX and LXI Circuit Breaker Termination Clip Kit

The standard lugs supplied with LC and LI circuit breakers are secured by means of a screw fastened through the circuit breaker terminal into the lug body. If the standard lug is removed and a bolted connection to the circuit breaker terminal is desired, the AL600IN threaded terminal clip kit is required to make this connection. The AL600IN clip snaps onto the bottom of the terminal. For ordering information, see the chart below.

Table 77: Termination Clip Kit—Selection Data

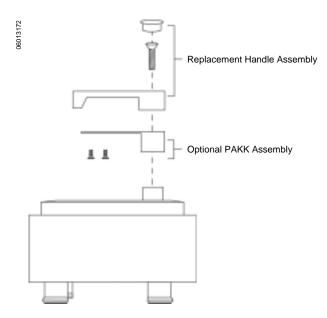
| Kit Catalog | Inserts Per kit | Circuit Breakers |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------|
| AL250KAIN | 3 | KA, KH, KC, KI |

Replacement Handles

Replacement handle assemblies for PAF, PHF and PCF circuit breakers (manufactured after March 1975) are available as follows:

Table 78: Replacement Handles—Selection Data

| Circuit Breaker Catalog | Replacement Handle |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Number Prefix | Catalog Number |
| PAF, PHF, PCF | HRPA |



Mechanical Key Interlock Adaptor Plate

An adaptor plate is available for PAF, PHF and PCF circuit breakers that can be added under the circuit breaker handle to allow mechanical interlocking with a key interlock (not included). The kit, Catalog Number PAKK, includes all the necessary hardware to mount onto the circuit breaker handle.

Visi-blade® Circuit Breakers



Mag-Gard Circuit Breaker LAF36400

Visi-blade construction is a modification to the cover of a thermal-magnetic circuit breaker, a molded case switch, or a Mag-Gard[®] circuit breaker, which provides a window through which the position of the movable contacts can be verified. Luminescent paint is applied to the moveable contact arms to indicate their position. Visi-blade circuit breakers are UL Listed except for the FH. Visi-blade construction is available only on circuit breakers listed in the following table. Add suffix letter V to the circuit breaker catalog number (i.e. FAL36100V).

Table 79: Visi-blade Circuit Breakers

| Amperes |
|----------|
| 15–100 |
| 70–250 |
| 125-400 |
| 300–1000 |
| |

[★] FH Visi-blade circuit breaker is not UL Listed.



Sub-feed Lugs

Sub-feed lug kits are UL Listed for use on listed equipment. They have plug-on jaw construction and plug-on to the I-Line[®] bus stack in the same manner as branch circuit breakers. Lugs on these devices accommodate the same wire sizes as the equivalent ampere rated circuit breakers.

Table 80: I-Line Sub-feed Lug Kits-Selection Data

| Ampere Rating | Ht. (In.) | Catalog Number | Max. Short Circuit System Ratings RMS Symmetrical Amperes | | | Protected by Circuit Breaker | Standard I-Line Panelboard | |
|---------------|-----------|-------------------|--|---------|---------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | 240 Vac | 480 Vac | 600 Vac | Circuit Breaker | | |
| 100 | 4-1/2 | SL100 | 65,000 | 25,000 | 18,000 | FH | HCN, HCM, HCW, HCWM, HCWM-U | |
| 225 | 4-1/2 | 4-1/2 | SL225 | 65,000 | 35,000 | 25,000 | KH | HCM. HCW. HCWM. HCWM-U |
| | | | 4-1/2 | 3L225 | 200,000 | 200,000 | 100,000 | KI |
| 400 | 6 | SL400 ★ | 65,000 | 35,000 | 25,000 | LH | HCW, HCWM, HCWM-U | |
| 800 | 9 | SL800 | 65,000 | 65,000 | 25,000 | MH | HCM, HCW, HCWM, HCWM-U | |
| 1200 | 15 | SL1200 | 126,000 | 100,000 | 65,000 | NC | HCW, HCWM, HCWM-U | |

[★] SL400 cannot be used in HCM panelboards due to inadequate wire bending space.

Table 81: Terminations

| Catalog No. | No. Poles | Ampere Rating | Standard Lug Kit Catalog No. | Standard Lug Wire Size [★] |
|-------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| SL100 | 3 | 100 | AL100FA | #4-1/0 Cu or #12-1/0 Al |
| SL225 | 3 | 225 | _ | #4-#300 kcmil |
| SL400 | 3 | 400 | AL400LA | (1) #1-#600 kcmil or (2)-#1-#250 kcmil |
| SL800 | 3 | 800 | AL800MA | (3) 3/0-#500 kcmil |
| SL1200 | 3 | 1200 | AL1200NE6 | (4) 3/0-#600 kcmil |

[★] Unless otherwise specified, wire sizes apply to both aluminum and copper conductors.

| Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc. ● 230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370 ● General Inquiries: (800) 670-4183 ● www.stevenengineering.com | |
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