

# I/O Interface Modules Catalog 

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Square D offers a complete range of small, cost effective interface modules that allow the I/O signals from automation devices to be customized on a single point basis. The low profile analog and discrete interface modules offer:

## Adaptation

of voltage levels between programmable controllers, measurement devices, etc., to field devices such as sensors and actuators

## Amplification

of signals for control of loads requiring high power levels

## Conversion

of solid-state logic, analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog signals

## Isolation



HOW TO ORDER

Applies to all products listed in this catalog except for some of the accessory products listed on page 48.

| To Order Specify: | $\frac{\text { Catalog Number }}{\text { Type }}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| -Type Number | ABA-6AD121 |

Applies to some of the accessory products listed on page 48.

| To Order Specify: | Catalog Number |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| - Class Number | Class | Type |
| - Type Number | 9080 | MH334 |


| Family |  | Sample Cat. No. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pages 2-5 | ABA-6AD | The analog to digital conversion modules are designed to allow for flexibility in applications where only one or two analog input signals exist. These modules can be used in small PLC systems when a dedicated analog card is not available or in large systems where the dedicated analog card is not cost effective because it offers more channels than necessary. All modules are DIN rail mountable and meet UL, CSA (pending) and IEC ratings. |
|  | Pages 6-9 | ABA-6DA | The digital to analog conversion modules are designed to allow for flextibility in applications where only one or two analog output signals exist. These modules can be used in small PLC systems when a dedicated analog card is not available or in large systems where the dedicated analog card is not cost effective because it offers more channels than neccesary. All modules are DIN rail mountable and meet UL, CSA (pending) and IEC ratings. |
|  | Pages 10-13 | ABA-6SA | Threshold detection modules are available to monitor the level of a standard analog signal (0-10 VDC, 0-20 mA) in relation to fixed preset thresholds. They provide 2 discrete signals representing the state of the signal in relation to these 2 thresholds. All modules are DIN rail mountable and meet UL, CSA (pending) and IEC ratings . |
|  | Pages 14-16 | ABA-6LP | A potentiometer reference supply interface module is available to generate a stable reference voltage (or current) from a 24 VDC voltage to supply a potentiometer. These modules are characterised by a high level of stability compared to the variations in the ambient temperature and fluctuations in the supply voltage. All modules are DIN rail mountable and meet UL, CSA (pending) and IEC ratings. |
|  | Pages 18-22 | ABA-6TA | Modules for voltage/current analog transmitters are available to provide conversion between two analog signal types. Available with isolation or without isolation, these interface modules provide flexibility in small PLC or large PLC installations where long cable runs are required or a miss-match between a field device signal and a logic device signal exist. All modules are DIN rail mountable and meet UL, CSA (pending) and IEC ratings. |
|  | Pages 24-30 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABS-2E } \\ & \text { ABS-2S } \end{aligned}$ | The solid state relay interface modules are designed for use in systems that require high operating rates and/or silent operation. The discrete input/output modules are available to overcome the application considerations of multiple control voltages. These modules allow the designer to concentrate on the preferred field devices and can then install the interface modules to condition either input or output signals to the rated voltage of the PLC I/O points. All modules are DIN rail mountable and meet UL, CSA and IEC ratings. |
| Pages 32-46 |  | ABR-1E <br> ABR-1S <br> ABR-2E <br> ABR-2S | The electromechanical relay modules are designed for use in systems that require various contact (N/O, N/C or C/O) configurations. The discrete input/ output modules are available to overcome the application considerations of multiple control voltages. These modules allow the designer to concentrate on the preferred field devices and can then install the interface modules to condition either input or output signals to the rated voltages of the PLC I/O points. All modules are DIN rail mountable and meet UL, CSA and IEC ratings. |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AM1-D } \\ & 9080 \end{aligned}$ | Accessories (DIN track, marking labels, etc.) for use with the Interface Module family. |

## Analog / Digital Converters

## Telemecanique

The function of analog/digital converters is to transform a standard analog signal (0-10 V DC; 0-20 mA ; 4-20 mA) into a digital signal which is used by the discrete inputs of a processing unit (E.G., PLC)

The main use of analog/digital converters is in simple applications which only require a small number of analog inputs. They provide a low-cost solution to the acquisition of analog signals on a single point basis, thus saving money by avoiding the cost of an entire board.


The ABA-6AD range is comprised of two types of products :

## 8 bit analog/digital converters

These interfaces have an 8 bit resolution (the signal is coded in binary on 8 discrete outputs). They are designed for applications which only require limited precision and resolution.

The analog input is referenced to the 0 VDC of the module supply.
Input range: 0-10 VDC; 0-20 mA; 4-20 mA


## 12 bit analog/digital converters

These interfaces have a 12 bit resolution (the signal is coded in binary on 12 discrete outputs). They are designed for applications which require a high level of precision and high resolution.

The analog input is differential, which provides improved immunity to interference.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Input range : } & 0-10 \mathrm{VDC} \\
& 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}
\end{array}
$$

1 The ABF - H14H020 ( 2 M Ribbon cable with female connectors) can be used to connect the interface module to the terminal block connector (ABE - 6HE14M).
2 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.
3 Location for 5 characters (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers.

4 Mounts on the common 35 mm DIN 3 track or the DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available track.


ABA-6AD81


ABA-6AD123


ABE-6HE14M


ABF-H14H020


ABC-6HE14F


ABF-C14N050

## Analog/Digital Converters

Telemecanique

## Operation

ABA-6AD modules convert analog to digital signals on command from the processing unit in the form of a "Hold" sampling signal, as shown in the diagram below.
This mode of operation enables the discrete outputs on several modules to be connected in parallel to the same discrete inputs on the processing unit, and thus a simple multiplexing of several analog inputs.

Operating Diagram


The principles of analog measurement must be observed, in particular :

- shielded twisted pair cable should be used, minimum cross-section 24AWG/0.22 mm²
- only circuits with the same earth reference should be connected in the same multipair cable
- measurement cables should be kept separate from discrete I/O cables (especially those of relay outputs) and power cables
- parallel routing should be avoided (there should be at least $7.8 \mathrm{in} . / 20 \mathrm{~cm}$ between cables) and intersections should be made at right angles


## Cabling digital I/O

They are connected using a ribbon cable fitted with 2 14-pin female connectors. Terminal block connector ABE6 HE 14 M is used to connect the cable to the device screw terminals.

Multiplexing several analog inputs (diagram with 2 analog inputs)


Dimensions
$\overline{\text { ABA-6AD }}$


|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.86 | 98.0 |
| B | 3.56 | 90.5 |
| C | 3.74 | 95.0 |
| D | 0.89 | 22.5 |
| E | 2.39 | 60.6 |


| Approvals | UL File E 39281, CSA pending and IEC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conforming to standards | IEC 947-1; VDE 0110b. UL 508 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to IEC-529 (protection against direct contact) |  |  | IP 20B |
| Protective treatment |  |  |  | Tropical Climate |
| Flame resistance | Conforming to IEC 696-2-1 | Incandescent wire |  | $1562^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 850^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-27 | Semi-sinusoidal waves 11 ms |  | 50 g |
| Vibration resistance <br> Resistance to electrostatic discharges | Conforming to IEC 68-2-6 | $10-55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 5 g |
|  | Conforming to IEC 801-2 | Level 2 | kV | 4 |
| Radio Frequency Immunity Resistance to rapid transients | Confirming to IEC 801-3 | Level 3 | V/m | 10 |
|  | Conforming to IEC 801-4 | On supply | kV | 2 |
|  | Level 3 | On I/O | kV | 1 |
| Resistance to shock waves | Conforming to IEC 255-4 | Waveform $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s} ; 0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ | kV | 0.5 |
| Cross-sections which can be connected | Flexible cable, no cable end | 1 wire |  | 20 to 14 AWG / 0.5 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | 1 wire |  | 24 TO 14 AWG / 0.22 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | 2-wire |  | 24 TO 18 AWG / 0.2 to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Solid cable | 1 wire |  | 20 TO 14 AWG / 0.5 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Operating position | Any |  |  |  |
| Ambient air temperature around the device | Operation | Mounted vertically, touching |  | 32 to $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | Devices 2 cm apart |  | 32 to $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage |  |  | -40 to $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-40$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Insulation voltage | Terminals/fixing rails |  | kV | 2 |
| Installation category | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | II |
| Degree of pollution | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | 2 |
| Mounting | Standard rails |  |  | See pages 47-48 |

Special Characteristics

| Digital output |  |  |  | 8 bits | 12 bits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply |  |  | VDC | $24 \pm 20 \%$ | $24 \pm 20 \%$ |
|  |  | Supply voltage <br> Maximum voltage without damage | VDC | Including ripple | Including ripple 30 |
|  |  | Maximum current consumed | mA | 50 + output current | 17 + output current |
| Analog input | Voltage | Range | VDC | 0-10 | 0-10 |
|  |  | Filtering |  | LC filter | LC filter |
|  |  | Passband | Hz | 20,000 | 400 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode | VDC | NA | 15 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | 60 | 60 |
|  |  | VDC input impedance | kOhm | $\geq 200$ | $\geq 200$ |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
|  | Current | Range | mA | 0-20; 4-20 | 0-20 |
|  |  | Filtering |  | LC filter | LC filter |
|  |  | Passband | Hz | 20,000 | 400 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode | VDC | NA | 15 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | 3.5 | 3.5 |
|  |  | VDC input impedance | Ohm | 50 | 50 |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| "HOLD" input |  | Rated voltage | VDC | 24 | 24 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage | VDC | 30 | 30 |
|  |  | State 1 (ON) $\mathrm{U} \geq$; $\mathrm{I} \geq$ |  | $18 \mathrm{VDC} ; 2 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 18 VDC; 2 mA |
|  |  | State 0 (OFF) $\mathrm{U} \leq$; $\mathrm{I} \leq$ |  | $12 \mathrm{VDC} ; 1.2 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $12 \mathrm{VDC} ; 1.2 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Discrete digital outputs |  | Number |  | 8 | 12 |
|  |  | Rated voltage | VDC | 24 | 24 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage (0 mA) | VDC | V DC-1 | V DC-1 |
|  |  | Maximum current per output | mA | 25 | 25 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage drop | VDC | 4 | 4 |
|  |  | Impedance | kOhm | 125 | 125 |
| Conversion | Temperature error coefficient Resolution | Conversion time | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | 10 | 20 |
|  |  | Non linearity |  | $\pm 1$ LSB | $\pm 1 / 2$ LSB |
|  |  | Maximum error at $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\pm 1$ LSB | $\pm 1$ LSB |
|  |  | 0-10 VDC input | ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 50 | 25 |
|  |  | 0-20 mA input | ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 80 | 40 |
|  |  | 4-20 mA input | ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 90 | NA |
|  |  | 0-10 VDC input | mV | 39 | 2.441 |
|  |  | 0-20 mA input | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 78.1 | 4.883 |
|  |  | 4-20 mA input | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 65.5 | NA |

## Digital/Analog Converters

## Telemecanique

The function of digital/analog converters is to generate a standard analog signal (0-10 VDC ; 0-20 mA) from a digital signal sent by a processing unit (PLC) which is connected to the digital inputs of the converter.

The main use of digital/analog converters is in applications which only require a small number of analog outputs. They provide a low-cost solution to the generation of analog signals on a single point basis, thus saving money by avoiding the cost of an entire board.


The ABA-6DA range is comprised of two types of products:

## 8 bit digital/analog converters

These interfaces have an 8 bit resolution (the signal is coded in binary on 8 discrete inputs). They are designed for applications which only require limited precision and resolution.

The analog output is referenced to the 0 VDC of the module supply.
Output range: $\quad \begin{aligned} & 0-10 \mathrm{VDC} ; \pm 10 \mathrm{VDC} ; \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}\end{aligned}$


## 12 bit digital/analog converters

These interfaces have a 12 bit resolution (the signal is coded in binary on 12 discrete inputs). They are designed for applications which require a high level of precision and high resolution.

Output range: $\quad \begin{aligned} & 0-10 \mathrm{VDC} ; \pm 10 \mathrm{VDC} ; \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \end{aligned}$

1 The ABF - H14H020 ( 2 M Ribbon cable with female connectors) can be used to connect the interface module to the terminal block connector (ABE - 6HE14M).
2 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.
3 Location for 5 characters (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers.
4 Mounts on the common 35mm DIN 3 track or the DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available track.


ABA-6DA81


## ABA-6DA123



## ABE-6HE14M



## ABF-H14H020



ABC-6HE14F


ABF-C14N050

## Operation

ABA-6DA modules convert digital to analog signals on command from the processing unit in the form of a discrete 24 VDC "HOLD" signal, as shown in the diagram below.
This mode of operation enables several modules to be connected in parallel to the same discrete outputs on the processing unit thus creating a simple multiplexing of several analog outputs.

## Operating Diagram



The principles of analog measurement must be observed, in particular :

- shielded twisted pair cable should be used, minimum cross-section 24AWG10.22 mm².
- only circuits with the same earth reference should be connected in the same multipair cable.
- measurement cables should be kept separate from discrete I/O cables (especially those of relay outputs) and power cables.
parallel routing should be avoided (there should be at least $7.8 \mathrm{in} . / 20 \mathrm{~cm}$ between cables) and intersections should be made at right angles.


## Cabling digital inputs

They are connected using a ribbon cable fitted with 2 14-pin female connectors. Terminal block connector ABE6 HE 14 M is used to connect the individual wires of the cable to the screw terminals.

Multiplexing several analog outputs (diagram for analog outputs with 12 bit converters)


Dimensions

## ABA-6DA



|  | Inches | mm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 3.86 | 98.0 |
| B | 3.56 | 90.5 |
| C | 3.74 | 95.0 |
| D | 0.89 | 22.5 |
| E | 2.39 | 60.6 |



Special Characteristics

| Digital input |  |  | 8 bits | 12 bits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $24 \pm 20 \%$ | $24 \pm 20 \%$ |
| Supply | Supply voltage | VDC | Including ripple | Including ripple |
|  | Maximum voltage without damage | VDC | $\pm 30$ | $\pm 30$ |
|  | Maximum current consumed | mA | 55 | 70 |
| Analog output Voltage | Range | VDC | 0-10 | 0-10 |
|  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | $\pm 15$ | $\pm 15$ |
|  | VDC output impedance | kOhm | 100 | 100 |
|  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| Current | Range | mA | 0-20 | 0-20 |
|  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | $\pm 15$ | $\pm 15$ |
|  | VDC output impedance | mOhm | >5 | >5 |
|  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| "HOLD" and Discrete digital input | Rated voltage | VDC | 24 | 24 |
|  | Maximum voltage | VDC | 30 | 30 |
|  | State 1 (ON) $\mathrm{U} \geq$; $\mathrm{I} \geq$ |  | $18 \mathrm{VDC} ; 0.4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $18 \mathrm{VDC} ; 0.4 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
|  | State 0 (OFF) U $\leq$; $\mathrm{I} \leq$ |  | $12 \mathrm{VDC} ; 0.2 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 12VDC ; 0.2 mA |
| Conversion | Conversion time | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | 20 | 13 |
|  | Non linearity |  | $\pm 1 / 2$ LSB | $\pm 1 / 4$ LSB |
|  | Maximum error at $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathbf{~}$ |  | $\pm 1 / 2$ LSB | $\pm 1 / 2$ LSB |
| Temperature | 0-10 VDC output | ppm/ $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 50 | 25 |
| error | 0-20 mA output | ppm/ $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 50 | 40 |
| coefficient | $\pm 10$ VDC | ppm/ $/{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 100 | 35 |
| Resolution | 0-10 VDC output | mV | 39 | 2.441 |
|  | $\pm 10$ VDC output | mV | 78.1 | 4.883 |
|  | 0-20 mA output | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | 78.1 | 4.883 |

## Analog Threshold Detectors

Telemecanique

The function of these modules is to monitor the level of a standard analog signal ( $0-10 \mathrm{VDC} ; 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) in relation to fixed preset thresholds. They provide 2 discrete signals representing the state of the signal in relation to the "High" and "Low" limits.

The main use for analog threshold detectors is in simple applications. They offer a low-cost solution to provide discrete regulation functions (High Level/Low Level), pressure switch type functions, and functions where pressure regulators are used with analog output sensors.


The ABA-6SA range is comprised of two types of products, available in two versions, with or without liquid crystal display (LCD) :

## Threshold detectors with solid state outputs

These interfaces have two 24 VDC transistor outputs for switching a current of up to 50 mA . The outputs are directly compatible with the inputs of a PLC. They must be interfaced for controlling preactuators.

The analog input is not isolated from the discrete outputs and the module power supply.

Input range: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ DC
0-20 mA

## Threshold detectors with relay outputs

These interfaces have two relay outputs whose common is connected to the 24 VDC module supply. The relays switch a current of up to 2 A . The outputs are directly compatible with the inputs of a PLC. They can directly control preactuators requiring up to 12 W .

The analog input is differential and isolated from the discrete outputs and the module supply.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Input range : } & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \\
& 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}
\end{array}
$$

1 Potentiometer for adjusting upper threshold "High"
2 Potentiometer for adjusting lower threshold "Low"
3 Test points for measuring the signal and the thresholds using a digital voltmeter (only versions without displays). 4 Liquid crystal display (LCD) (only versions with displays)
5 Switch for selecting the value to be displayed
1 and 4 : input signal
2 : "Low" threshold
3 : "High" threshold
6 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.
7 Location for 5 character (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers.
8 Mounts on the common 35 mm DIN 3 or the DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available track.


ABA-6SA01S


ABA-6SA31R

| Type | Input signal (from field device) | 24V Discrete outputs (to PLC) | I/O isolation | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight lb./kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Without display | $\pm 10 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Solid state | Without | ABA-6SA00S | 1 | . 140.065 |
|  |  | Relay | With | ABA-6SA00R | 1 | . 140.065 |
|  | 0-20 mA | Solid state | Without | ABA-6SA30S | 1 | . 140.065 |
|  |  | Relay | With | ABA-6SA30R | 1 | . 140.065 |
| With LCD display | $\pm 10 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Solid state | Without | ABA-6SA01S | 1 | . 140.065 |
|  |  | Relay | With | ABA-6SA01R | 1 | . 140.065 |
|  | 0-20 mA | Solid state | Without | ABA-6SA31S | 1 | . 140.065 |
|  |  | Relay | With | ABA-6SA31R | 1 | . 140.065 |

## Analog Threshold Detectors

Telemecanique

## Operation

The setpoint thresholds are set using two potentiometers located on the module face. Adjustment is made easy by monitoring the setpoint value at two test points on the front of the module (version without display) or by reading the value on the digital display. (Option selector switch must be set for this feature).

A digital voltmeter set to 2 VDC is used for performing measurements at the test points.
Operating diagram


## ABA-6SA•eS



ABA-6SA••R


## Dimensions

ABA-6SA•0S/R


|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.86 | 98.0 |
| B | 3.56 | 90.5 |
| C | 3.74 | 95.0 |
| D | 0.89 | 22.5 |
| E | 2.39 | 60.6 |


| Approvals | UL File E 39281, CSA pending and IEC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conforming to standards | IEC 947-1; VDE 0110b. UL 508 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to IEC-529 (protection against direct contact) |  |  | IP 20B |
| Protective treatment |  |  |  | Tropical Climate |
| Flame resistance | Conforming to IEC 696-2-1 | Incandescent wire |  | $1562{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 850^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-27 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Semi-sinusoidal waves } \\ & 11 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ |  | 50 g |
| Vibration resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-6 | $10-55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 5 g |
| Resistance to electrostatic discharges | Conforming to IEC 801-2 | Level 3 | kV | 8 |
| Radio Frequency Immunity | Conforming to IEC 801-3 | Level 3 | V/m | 10 |
| Resistance to rapid transients | Conforming to IEC 801-4 Level 3 | On supply | kV | 2 |
|  |  | On I/O | kV | 1 |
| Resistance to shock waves | Conforming to IEC 255-4 | Waveform 1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s} ; 0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ | kV | 0.5 |
| Cross-sections which can be connected | Flexible cable, no cable end | 1 wire |  | 20 to 14 AWG / 0.5 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Flexible cable with cable end | 1 wire |  | 24 TO 14 AWG / 0.22 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  |  | 2-wire |  | 24 TO 18 AWG / 0.2 to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Solid cable | 1 wire |  | 20 TO 14 AWG / 0.5 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Operating position | Any |  |  |  |
| Ambient air temperature around the device | Operation | Mounted vertically, touching |  | 32 to $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | Devices 2 cm apart |  | 32 to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage |  |  | -40 to $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-40$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Insulation voltage | Terminals/fixing rails |  | kV | 2 |
| Installation category | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | II |
| Degree of pollution | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | 2 |
| Mounting | Standard rails |  |  | see pages 47-48 |

## Special Characteristics

| Reference |  |  |  | ABA-6SA•eS | ABA-6SAe@R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply |  | Supply voltage | VDC | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \pm 20 \% \\ & \text { including ripple } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \pm 20 \% \\ & \text { including ripple } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Maximum voltage without damage | VDC | 30 | 30 |
|  |  | Maximum current | mA | 7 + output current | 30 + output current |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| Input | Voltage | Range | VDC | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 10$ |
|  |  | Filtering |  | LC filtering | LC filtering |
|  |  | Passband | Hz | 1000 | 100 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode | VDC | NA | $\pm 500$ |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | $\pm 50$ | $\pm 50$ |
|  |  | VDC input impedance | kOhm | $\geq 200$ | $\geq 200$ |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
|  | Current | Range | mA | 0... 20 | 0... 20 |
|  |  | Filtering |  | LC filtering | LC filtering |
|  |  | Passband | Hz | 1000 | 100 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode | VDC | NA | 500 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | 5 | 5 |
|  |  | VDC input impedance | Ohm | 100 | 100 |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| Digital display |  | Type |  | LCD 3.5 digits $\pm 19.99$ | LCD 3.5 digits $\pm 19.99$ |
|  |  | Indication |  | Sign + measurement | Sign + measurement |
|  |  | Height of digits | mm | 5 | 5 |
|  |  | Precision of displays |  | $\pm 2$ digits | $\pm 2$ digits |
|  |  | Resolution |  | $10 \mathrm{mV} / 10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $10 \mathrm{mV} / 10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Adjustment of thresholds |  | Voltage range | VDC | $\pm 10$ | $\pm 10$ |
|  |  | Current range | mA | 0-20 | 0-20 |
| Discrete outputs |  | Type |  | Positive logic transistor | N/O relay contact |
|  |  | Voltage | VDC | 24 | 24 |
|  |  | Maximum current | A | 0.05 | 2 resistive load 0.1 inductive load |
| Switching |  | Hysteresis |  | $20 \mathrm{mV} / 20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $20 \mathrm{mV} / 20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
|  |  | Error in range at $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $10 \mathrm{mV} / 10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $10 \mathrm{mV} / 10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
|  |  | Temperature error cœefficient | ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 75 | 75 |
|  |  | Error in range at $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | \% | 0.4 full scale | 0.4 full scale |
| Isolation |  | Analog input/24 VDC supply | V eff | NA | 500 |
|  |  | Open contacts | $V$ eff | NA | 750 |

## Potentiometer Reference Supply

## Telemecanique

The function of these modules is to generate a stable reference voltage (or current) to supply a potentiometer from a 24VDC voltage.
These reference sources are used with precision potentiometers for setpoint displays, or detection of linear or rotational positions.

## Diagrams

ABA-6LP01

$\frac{R p \times R L}{R L+R p} \quad 330 \mathrm{~W}$
$R L+R p$
ABA-6LP12


Rp $500 \mathrm{~W} \frac{R p \times R L}{R p} 330 \mathrm{~W}$

Ambient temperature derating curves


$$
{ }_{(\mathrm{mA})}^{\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{A}}}
$$





There are 2 versions of the ABA-6LP voltage reference source in the range: - a 10 VDC $\pm 0.5$ VDC voltage source

- a $10 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{VDC}$ voltage source plus a $20 \mathrm{~mA} \pm 1 \mathrm{~mA}$ current source.

1 Potentiometer for adjustment of voltage or current to compensate for the imprecision of the external potentiometer and adjust the full scale.

2 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.

3 Location fo 5 character (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers.

4 Mounts on the common 35 mm DIN 3 or DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available track.


ABA-6LP12

| Input Supply | Output <br> Voltage | Output Current | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VDC | VDC | mA |  |  | $\mathrm{lb} . / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| 15-30 | 10 | - | ABA-6LP01 | 1 | .15/0.070 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 10 | 20 | ABA-6LP12 | 1 | .15/0.070 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Dimensions



|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.86 | 98.0 |
| B | 3.56 | 90.5 |
| C | 3.74 | 95.0 |
| D | 0.89 | 22.5 |
| E | 2.39 | 60.6 |

## Potentiometer Reference Supply

Telemecanique


Special Characteristics

| Reference |  |  |  | ABA-6LP01 | ABA-6LP12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply |  | Supply voltage | VDC | 15-30 | $24 \pm 20$ \% |
|  |  | Maximum voltage without damage | VDC | 30 | 30 |
|  |  | Maximum current | mA | 10 + output current | 10 + output current |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| Output | Voltage | Rated voltage | VDC | 10 | 10 |
|  |  | Voltage adjustment range | VDC | $\pm 0.5$ | $\pm 0.5$ |
|  |  | Maximum current | mA | 30 (see curve page 14) | 20 (see curve page 14) |
|  |  | Effect of the load | \% | $\leq 0.25$ (25mV) | $\leq 0.25$ (25mV) |
|  |  | Effect of the temperature | ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 30 | 30 |
|  | Current | Rated current | mA | NA | 20 |
|  |  | Current adjustment range | mA | NA | $\pm 1$ |
|  |  | Load | Ohm | NA | $\leq 500$ |
|  |  | Effect of 0 to 500 Ohm load | \% | NA | $\leq 0.25$ full scale (50uA) |
|  |  | Effect of the temperature | ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | NA | 40 |

Notes

## Voltage/Current Analog Transmitters

Telemecanique

The functions of the voltage/current analog transmitter in automated control and monitoring systems include:

- adapting signals sent from sensors to make them compatible with the receiving equipment (regulator; PLC; measurement station, etc)
- adapting output signals (setpoints) sent from processing units (PLCs; PCs; etc) to preactuators (speed controllers; regulators; progressive valves, etc)
- increasing the transmission distance and providing good immunity against interference (transforming a voltage signal to a current signal)

The products are characterised by: a single 24 VDC power source; a high level of precision; and a high passband of up to 100 Hz which is suitable for most industrial process applications.

## Non isolated transmitter

 ABA-6TA•॰A

Isolated transmitter
ABA-6TA•eB


The ABA-6TA range is comprised of 2 types :

## Non-isolated transmitters

These interfaces are designed for applications where electrical isolation between the input and the output is not required.

## Isolated transmitters

These interfaces are designed for applications where electrical isolation between the transmitting and receiving equipment is necessary.
They provide isolation between the signals themselves, and between the signals and the 24 VDC interface supply.

1 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.
2 Location for 5 character (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers.
3 Mounts on the common 35 mm DIN 3 or the DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available track.


ABA-6TA21A

| Electrical isolation | Input signal (From Field Device) | Output signal (to PLC) | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight lb.kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Without | 0-10 VDC | 4-20 mA | ABA-6TA12A | 1 | .14/0.065 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0-20 mA | ABA-6TA13A | 1 | .14/0.065 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

4-20 mA 0-10 VDC $\quad$ ABA-6TA21A $14 / 0.065$
$0-20 \mathrm{~mA} \quad 0-10$ VDC $\quad$ ABA-6TA31A $1 \quad .15 / 0.065$

With
$\pm 10$ VDC $\pm 10$ VDC

| ABA-6TA00B 1 | $14 / 0.065$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $0-10$ VDC | $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | ABA-6TA13B | 1 | $.14 / 0.065$ |


| 4-20 mA | 0-10 VDC | ABA-6TA21B | 1 | .14/0.065 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0-20 mA | ABA-6TA23B | 1 | .14/0.065 |
| 0-20 mA | 0-10 VDC | ABA-6TA31B | 1 | .15/0.065 |
|  | 0-20 mA | ABA-6TA33B | 1 | .15/0.065 |
|  | 4-20 mA | ABA-6TA32B | 1 | .15/0.065 |


| Electrical isolation | Analog signals |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input | Output (to PLC) |  |  |  |
|  | (From Field Device) | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0-10 V | 4-20 mA | 0-20 mA |
| Without | 0-10 VDC | No | No | Yes | Yes |
|  | 4-20 mA | No | Yes | No | No |
|  | 0-20 mA | No | Yes | No | No |
| With | $\pm 10 \mathrm{VDC}$ | Yes | No | No | No |
|  | 0-10 VDC | No | Yes■ | No | Yes |
|  | 4-20 mA | No | Yes | Yes $\boldsymbol{A}$ | Yes |
|  | 0-20 mA | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

[^0]
## Voltage/Current Analog Transmitters

## Telemecanique

| Approvals | UL File E39281,CSA pending and IEC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conforming to standards | IEC 947-1; VDE 0110b, UL 508 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to IEC 529 (protection against direct contact) |  |  | IP 20B |
| Protective treatment |  |  |  | Tropical Climate |
| Flame resistance | Conforming to IEC 695-2-1 | Incandescent wire |  | $1562{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 850^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-27 | Semi-sinusoidal waves 11 ms |  | 50 g |
| Vibration resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-6 | $10-55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 5 g |
| Resistance to electrostatic discharges | Conforming to IEC 801-2 | Level 3 | kV | 8 |
| Radio Frequency Immunity | Conforming to IEC 801-3 | Level 3 | V/m | 10 |
| Resistance to rapid transients | Conforming to IEC 801-4 Level 3 | On supply | kV | 2 |
|  |  | On I/O | kV | 1 |
| Resistance to shock waves | Conforming to IEC 255-4 | Waveform $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s} ; 0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ | kV | 0.5 |
| Cross-sections which may be connected | Flexible cable, no cable end | 1 wire |  | 20 to 14 AWG / 0.5 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Flexible cable with cable end | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \text { wire } \\ \hline \text { 2-wire } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 24 to 14 AWG / 0.22 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ 24 to 18 AWG / 0.2 to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Solid cable | 1 wire |  | 20 to 14 AWG / 0.5 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Operating position | Any |  |  |  |
| Ambient air temperature around the device | Operation | Mounted vertically, touching |  | 32 to $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | Devices 2 cm apart |  | 32 to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Storage |  |  | -40 to $185^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-40$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Insulation voltage | Terminals/fixing rails |  | kV | 2 |
| Installation category | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | II |
| Degree of pollution | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | 2 |
| Mounting | Standard rails |  |  | see pages 47-48 |

## Connections

Non Isolated Transmitter


Isolated Transmitter


The principles of analog measurement must be observed, in particular :

- Shielded twisted pair cable should be used, minimum cross-section 24AWG/0.22 mm².
- Only circuits with the same ground should be connected in the same multipair cable.
- The measurement cables should be kept separate from the discrete I/O cables (especially those of relay outputs) and power cables
- Parallel routing should be avoided (there should be at least $7.8 \mathrm{in} / 20 \mathrm{~cm}$ between cables) and intersections should be at right angles.
- Connect the shield to the ground of the receiver component.


## Special Characteristics

| Type of interface |  |  |  | ABA-6TA•๑A (Non Isolated) | ABA-6TA•eB (Isolated) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply |  | Supply voltage | VDC | $24 \pm 20 \%$ including ripple | $24 \pm 20 \%$ including ripple |
|  | Maximum current | Maximum voltage without damage | VDC | 30 | 30 |
|  |  | Voltage output | mA | 27 | 102 |
|  |  | Current output | mA | 42 | 117 |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| Input | Voltage | Range | VDC | 0-10 | $0-10 / \pm 10$ |
|  |  | Filtering |  | LC filter | LC filter |
|  |  | Passband | Hz | 100 | 100 |
|  |  | Attenuation ( $\mathrm{F}>100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | \%/kHz | 1 | 1 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode | VDC | NA | 15 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | 60 | 60 |
|  |  | VDC input impedance | k Ohm | $\geq 200$ | $\geq 200$ |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
|  | Current | Range | mA | 0-20; 4-20 | 0-20; 4-20 |
|  |  | Filtering |  | LC filter | LC filter |
|  |  | Passband | Hz | 100 | 100 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode | VDC | NA | 15 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | 3.5 | 3.5 |
|  |  | VDC input impedance | Ohm | 50 | 50 |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
| Output | Voltage | Range | VDC | 0-10 | 0-10 $\pm 10$ |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline N A \\ \hline 60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 630 \\ \hline 60 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | VDC output impedance | Ohm | 100 | 100 |
|  |  | Minimum load | kOhm | 100 | 100 |
|  |  | Residual ripple |  | NA | 30 mV ; 40 kHz |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
|  |  |  |  | Short-circuits | Short-circuits |
|  |  |  |  | Overvoltages | Overvoltages |
|  | Current | Range | mA | 0-20; 4-20 | 0-20; 4-20 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in common mode | VDC | NA | 630 |
|  |  | Maximum voltage in serial mode | VDC | 3.5 | 3.5 |
|  |  | VDC output impedance | mOhm | 5 | 5 |
|  |  | Maximum load | Ohm | 500 | 500 |
|  |  | Residual ripple |  | NA | 30 mV ; 40 kHz |
|  |  | Built-in protection |  | Reversed polarity | Reversed polarity |
|  |  |  |  | Short-circuits | Short-circuits |
|  |  |  |  | Overvoltages | Overvoltages |
| Transfer |  | Error at $68{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | \% | $\pm 0.2$ full scale | $\pm 0.1$ full scale |
|  |  | Error on 32 to $140{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 0$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range | \% | $\pm 0.8$ full scale | $\pm 0.9$ full scale |
|  |  | Temperature error coefficient | \%/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | $\pm 0.015$ full scale | $\pm 0.02$ full scale |
| Isolation |  | I/O | kV | NA | 1.5 |
|  |  | Input and output/supply | kV | NA | 1.5 |

## Voltage/Current Analog Transmitters

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|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.86 | 98.0 |
| B | 3.56 | 90.5 |
| C | 3.74 | 95.0 |
| D | 0.65 | 16.5 |
| E | 2.39 | 60.6 |

ABA-6TAIIB


|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.86 | 98.0 |
| B | 3.56 | 90.5 |
| C | 3.74 | 95.0 |
| D | 0.89 | 22.5 |
| E | 2.39 | 60.6 |

( Telemecanique

Notes

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## Solid State Relay Interface Modules

Telemecanique

The ABS-2 solid state relay interface modules are designed for interfacing discrete digital control signals exchanged in automation equipment between a PLC, and field devices (contactors, solenoid valves, pilot lights, proximity sensors...).

They are used in equipment requiring the advantages of electronic technology : high operating rate, silent operation.

## Interfacing of discrete PLC inputs



## Interfacing of discrete PLC outputs




1 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.
2 Location for 5 character (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers.
3 Mounts on the common 35 mm DIN 3 or the DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available rack.

Input Modules


| Input circuit | Output circuit | Catalog | Standard | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage | Rated voltage | No. | Pack |  |
| V | V |  |  | lb./kg |
| 5 VDC | 5-48 VDC | ABS-2EC01EA | 1 | .06/0.029 |
| 24 VDC | 5-48 VDC | ABS-2EC01EB | 1 | .06/0.029 |
| 48 VDC | 5-48 VDC | ABS-2EC01EE | 1 | .06/0.029 |
| 120-127 (60 Hz) | 5-48 VDC | ABS-2EA02EF | 1 | .06/0.029 |
| $230-240(60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ | 5-48VDC | ABS-2EA02EM | 1 | .07/0.033 |



Output Modules

| Control circuit | Output circuit |  | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage (Uc) | Current | Rated voltage |  |  |  |
| V | V |  |  |  | lb./kg |
| 24 VDC | 2.0 A | 5-48 VDC | ABS-2SC01EB | 1 | .08/0.034 |
|  | 2.3 A | 24-240 VAC ABS-2SA01MB |  | 1 | .08/0.034 |
| 24 VDC | 3.0 A | 5-48 VDC | ABS-2SC02EB | 1 | .10/0.044 |
|  | 3.0 A | 24-240 VA | CABS-2SA02MB | 1 | .10/0.044 |

Derating Curves for Solid State Relay Interface Output Modules Uc = Us = 24 V DC


## Solid State Relay Interface Modules

Telemecanique

## Input and Output Module Characteristics



Control Circuit Characteristics / Input Modules (at $131^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature)

| Type of interface module |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EC01EA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EC01EB } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EC01EE } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EA02EF } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EA02EM } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage Us |  | VDC | 5 | 24 | 48 |  |  |
|  |  | VAC |  |  |  | $120 / 12760 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $230 / 24060 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Maximum voltage |  | VDC | 6 (TTL) | 28.8 | 57.6 |  |  |
|  |  | VAC |  |  |  | 140 | 264 |
| Maximum current at Us | DC | mA | 13.6 | 12 | 10.5 |  |  |
|  | AC | mA |  |  |  | 17 | 15 |
| State 1 (on) guaranteed |  | VDC | 3.75 | 16.9 | 36 |  |  |
|  |  | mA | 4.5 | 7.7 | 7.5 |  |  |
|  |  | VAC |  |  |  | 90 | 173 |
|  |  | mA |  |  |  | 9.7 | 9.3 |
| State 0 (off) guaranteed |  | VDC | 2 | 5.6 | 10.8 |  |  |
|  |  | mA | 0.09 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
|  |  | VAC |  |  |  | 25.4 | 48 |
|  |  | mA |  |  |  | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| State 1 (on) display |  |  | yes | yes | yes | yes | yes |
| Internal protection against reverse polarity |  |  | yes | yes | yes | NA | NA |

## Output Circuit Characteristics

| Rated operational voltage Ue | VDC | 5 to 48 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Min./max. voltage | VDC | $2 / 60$ |
| Min./max. switching current | mA | $1 / 50$ |
| Max. residual current in state 0(off) | mA | 0.1 |
| Max. voltage drop in state 1 (on) | VDC | 1 |
| Internal protection |  | Against reverse polarity |
| External protection $\square$ |  | Against short-circuits for Ik $\leq 100$ A (DC) <br> Fast acting 0.25 A fuse required |

Other Characteristics

| Type of interface module |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ \text { EC01EA } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EC01EB } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EC01EE } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EA02EF } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABS-2 } \\ & \text { EA02EM } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time delay characteristics <br> Response time (off to on) $0 \rightarrow 1$ | ms | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 10 | 10 |
| $\underline{\text { Ue max. } \leq 30 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{le} \geq 5 \mathrm{~mA} \text { (on/off) } 1 \rightarrow 0}$ | ms | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 20 | 20 |
| Maximum switching rate $50 \%$ cyclic ratio $\mathrm{Ue} \leq 30 \mathrm{~V}$ le $\geq 5 \mathrm{~mA}$ | Hz | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 25 | 25 |
| Rated insulation voltage |  | Conforming to IEC 947-1:300 V |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Conforming to VDE 0110: 250 V group C |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation test voltage for 1 min. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - input/output | kV rms | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| - wired interface/earth | kV rms | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |

## Solid State Relay Interface Modules

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Control Circuit Characteristics / Output Modules (at $131 \circ / 55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient temperature)

| Type of interface module |  | ABS-2 <br> SC01EB | ABS-2 <br> SC02EB | ABS-2 <br> SA01MB |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rated voltage Us | VDC | 24 | 24 |  |
| Maximum voltage | VDC | 28.8 | 28.8 |  |
| Maximum current at Us | mA | 12 | 13.6 |  |
| State 1 (on) guaranteed | VDC | 16.9 | 16.9 |  |
|  | mA | 7.7 | 8.3 |  |
| State 0 (off) guaranteed | VDC | 5.6 | 5.3 |  |
|  | mA | 2 | 2 |  |
| State 1 (on) display |  | yes | yes |  |
| Internal protection <br> against reverse polarity | yes | yes |  |  |

## Output Circuit Characteristics

| Rated operational voltage Ue | vDC/AC | 5 to 48 VDC |  | 5 to 48 VDC | 24 to 24 |  | 24 to 240 VAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum voltage | vDC/AC | 57.6 VDC |  | 57.6 VDC | 264 VAC |  | 264 VAC |
| Maximum continuous current (lth) at $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | A | 2 |  | 3 | 2.3 |  | 3 |
| Rated operational current (le) Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 Single product/side-by-side at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in vertical position | A | DC-12 | 1.5/0.9 | 2.5/2.2 | AC-12 | 1.9/0.5 | 2.1/1.5 |
|  | A | DC-13 | 1.5/0.9 | 2.5/2.2 | AC-13 | 1.6/0.5 | 1.6/1.5 |
|  | A | DC-14 | 0.6/0.6 | 0.6/0.6 | AC-14 | 1.6/0.5 | 1.6/1.5 |
|  | A |  |  |  | AC-15 | 1/0.5 | 1/1 |
| Minimum current DC/AC | mA | 1 |  |  | 10 |  |  |
| Maximum residual current DC/AC | mA | 1 |  |  | 2.5 |  |  |
| Maximum voltage drop | VDC/AC | 1.5 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3(\mathrm{le} \geq 10 \mathrm{~mA}) \\ & 1.5(\mathrm{le} \geq 100 \mathrm{~mA}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| "0 crossing" voltage | VAC | - |  |  | 50 peak |  |  |
| Static dV/dt | V/us | - |  |  | 500 |  |  |
| Internal protection | BF | Against reverse polarity |  |  |  |  |  |
| External protection |  | Against sho Quick-blow | circuits $f$ e with v | $\mathrm{k} \leq 1 \mathrm{kA}(\mathrm{AC})$ high breaking | (DC) |  |  |

## Other Characteristics

| Maximum response time (off/on) $0 \rightarrow 1$ at le $\geq 10 \mathrm{~mA} \quad$ (on/off) $1 \rightarrow 0$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{ms} \\ \hline \mathrm{~ms} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 0.05 |  |  | $10(50 \mathrm{~Hz}) ; 8(60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0.6 |  |  | $10(50 \mathrm{~Hz})$; $8(60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |  |  |
| Maximum switching rate | Hz | DC-13 | 6 | 6 | AC-13 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; at le: single interface module | Hz | DC-14 | 1 | 3 | AC-14 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| 40\% cyclic ratio | Hz |  |  |  | AC-15 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| On resistive load 50\% cyclic ratio | Hz | 700 |  |  | 50 |  |  |
| Rated insulation voltage |  | Conforming to IEC 947-1:300 V AC |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Conforming to VDE 0110: 250 V group C |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation test voltage For 1 min. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - input/output | kV rms | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| - wired interface/earth | kV rms | 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |

## Wiring Diagrams

Solid state relay interface input modules
ABS－2EC•eゃゃ


Solid state relay interface output modules


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## Solid State Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique

Dimensions

ABS-2E/ABS-2S•01••


|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.07 | 78.0 |
| B | 2.78 | 70.5 |
| C | 2.95 | 75.0 |
| D | 0.37 | 9.5 |
| E | 2.91 | 74.0 |

ABS-2S•02••


|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.07 | 78.0 |
| B | 2.78 | 70.5 |
| C | 2.95 | 75.0 |
| D | 0.69 | 17.5 |
| E | 2.91 | 74.0 |

Telemecanique
Notes

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## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique

The ABR-1 electromechanical relay interface modules are designed for interfacing discrete digital input or output signals exchanged in automated equipment that comprise an automated system. Specifically, between a PLC and the field devices (I.E., contactors, solenoid valves, pilot lights, proximity sensors..).


1 Push button for manual operation of contacts during de-bug and troubleshooting
2 Green indicator showing the mechanical state of contacts.
3 Green LED indicating the control signal state.
4 Location for 5 characters (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers.

The ABR-1 range is comprised of two types:

## Input Interfaces

Input interfaces are designed for switching input signals in processing units and are characterized by their high degree of contact reliability.
The switching level is sufficiently high to ensure that the interfaces can directly control most contactors and indicator lamps.

## Output Interfaces

Output interfaces are designed for the control of preactuators (contractors, solenoid valves, etc) for signalling devices (indicator lamps, audible warnings, etc).

5 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.
6 Mounts on the common 35 mm DIN 3 track or the DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available track.

Electromechanical Relay Input Interface Modules

| Indicator | Contact Arrangement | Control circuit | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight lb./kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 230/240 VAC | ABR-1E101M | 1 | .20/0.090 |
|  | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 230/240 VAC | ABR-1E301M | 1 | .20/0.090 |
| Mechanical + LED | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VAC/DC | ABR-1E118B | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | $48 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}$ | ABR-1E118E | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 110-125 VDC | ABR-1E112F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 110-127 VAC | ABR-1E111F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 230/240 VAC | ABR-1E111M | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  | 2 N/O | 24 VAC/DC | ABR-1E418B | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 48 VAC/DC | ABR-1E418E | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 110-125 VDC - | ABR-1E412F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 110-127 VAC | ABR-1E411F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 230/240 VAC | ABR-1E411M | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VAC/DC | ABR-1E318B | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | $48 \mathrm{VAC/DC}$ | ABR-1E318E | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 110-125 VDC | ABR-1E312F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 110-127 VAC | ABR-1E311F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | 230/240 VAC | ABR-1E311M | 1 | 21/0.095 |

Electromechanical Relay Output Interface Modules

| Indicator |  | Contact <br> Arrangement | Control circuit | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight lb./kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mechanical | ■ | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-1S102B | 1 | .20/0.090 |
|  |  | $2 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-1S402B | 1 | .20/0.090 |
|  |  | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-1S302B | 1 | .20/0.090 |
|  |  | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-1S602B | 1 | .20/0.090 |
| Mechanical + LED A | $\square$ | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VAC/DC | ABR-1S118B | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | $48 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}$ | ABR-1S118E | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | 110-127 VAC | ABR-1S111F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | $2 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VAC/DC | ABR-1S418B | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | $48 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}$ | ABR-1S418E | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | 110-127 VAC | ABR-1S411F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VAC/DC | ABR-1S318B | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | 48 VAC/DC | ABR-1S318E | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | 110-127 VAC | ABR-1S311F | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VAC/DC | ABR-1S618B | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | 48 VAC/DC | ABR-1S618E | 1 | .21/0.095 |
|  |  |  | 110-127 VAC | ABR-1S611F | 1 | 21/0.095 |

1 Green mechanical indicator for electrically or mechanically actuated contact(s).
© Green LED is "on" in the presence of a control signal.

- Polarised (+ on A1, - on A2).


## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

Telemecanique

| Approvals | UL File E34281, CSA LR 81630-30 and IEC |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conforming to standards | IEC 947-5-1, IEC 255, UL 508 |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to IEC 529 (protection against direct contact) |  |  | IP 20B |  |
| Protective treatment |  |  |  | Tropical Climate |  |
| Flame resistance | Conforming to IEC 695-2-1 | Incandescent wire |  | $1562{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 850^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  |  | Conforming to UL 94 |  | V0 |  |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-27 | Semi-sinusoidal waves 11 ms |  | 50 g |  |
| Vibration resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-6 | $10-55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 6 g |  |
| Resistance to electrostatic discharges | Conforming to IEC 801-2 | Level 3 | kV | 8 |  |
| Resistance to rapid transients | Conforming to IEC 801-4 | On power supply | kV | 2 |  |
|  |  | On l/O | kV | 1 |  |
| Resistance to shock waves | Conforming to IEC 255-4 | Waveform 1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s} ; 0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ | kV | 2.5 ( $\mathrm{U}>50 \mathrm{~V}$ ) ; $0.5(\mathrm{U} \leq 50 \mathrm{~V})$ |  |
| Cross-sections which may be connected |  | 1 or 2-wire |  | 18 to 14 AWG/1 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
|  | Flexible cable with cable end | 1-wire |  | 20 to 14 AWG/ 0.5 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
|  |  | 2-wire |  | 20 to 16 AWG/ 0.5 to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
|  | Solid cable | 1 or 2-wire |  | 18 to $14 \mathrm{AWG} / 1$ to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
| Operating position | Any |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient air temperature | Conforming to IEC 255 | Operation |  | 23 to $104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-5$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  |  | Permissible at Un |  | -4 to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-20$ to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
|  |  | Storage |  | -40 to $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-40$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Operating altitude |  |  | m | $\leq 3000$ |  |
| Installation category | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | II |  |
| Degree of pollution | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 |  |  | 3 |  |
| Mounting | Standard rails | see pages 47-48 |  |  |  |

## Electrical Durability of Contacts

## Test conditions :

In accordance with standard IEC 947-5-1 set up for rated control voltage, operating rate : 1800 cycles/hour.

## AC loads

Operating cycles in millions

(A)

AC-12 : control of resistive loads and isolated solid state loads via optocoupler $\cos \varphi \geq 0.9$

Operating cycles in millions


AC-13 : control of isolated solid state loads via transformer $\cos \varphi \geq 0.65$

Operating cycles in millions


AC-14 : control of weak electro-magnetic loads for electro-magnets $\leq 72 \mathrm{VA}$ make $: \cos \varphi=0.3$
break : $\cos \varphi=0.3$
AC-15 : control of electro-magnetic loads of electro-magnets $>72 \mathrm{VA}$
make $: \cos \varphi=0.7$
break : $\cos \varphi=0.4$

DC loads

Operating cycles in millions


DC-12 : control of resistive loads and isolated solid state loads via optocoupler
$\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} \leq 1 \mathrm{~ms}$
124 VAC/DC
248 VAC/DC
3127 VAC/DC
4230 VAC/DC

Operating cycles in millions


DC-13 : control of electro-magnets
$\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} \leq 2 \times$ (Ue $\times$ le) in ms.
Ue : rated operating voltage
le: rated operating current

## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique

Control Circuit Characteristics Input Modules

| Type of interface |  | ABR-1E118B ABR-1E418B ABR-1E318B | ABR-1E118E ABR-1E418E ABR-1E318E | ABR-1E112F ABR-1E412F ABR-1E312F | ABR-1E111F ABR-1E411F ABR-1E311F | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABR-1E101M } \\ & \text { ABR-1E301M } \end{aligned}$ | ABR-1E111M ABR-1E411M ABR-1E311M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage (Un) | V | 24 VAC/DC | 48 VAC/DC | 110-125 VDC | 110-127 VAC | 230-240 VAC | 230-240 VAC |
| Permissible voltage variation | V | 17 to 30 | 38 to 53 | 97 to 137 | 93 to 140 | 195 to 255 | 195 to 255 |
| Current frequency | Hz | 50/60 | 50/60 | - | 50/60 | 50/60 | 50/60 |
| Maximum drop-out voltage $74^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $>0.1$ Un | $>0.1$ Un | >0.1 Un | $>0.2$ Un | $>0.2 \mathrm{Un}$ | > 0.2 Un |
| Rated current VAC/DC | mA | 62/55 | 36/32 | 15 | 8 | 7 | 5.5 |
| Minimum maintaining current <br> VAC/DC | mA | 4.9/5.2 | 4.7/5.4 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2 | 1.5 |
| Dissipated power | W | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ |
| Disappearance of voltage maximum time up to which contact is maintained | ms | 10/10 | 14/10 | 17 | 6 | 5 | 6 |
| Display of control circuit by LED |  | yes | yes | yes | yes | no | yes |
| Built-in protection reversed polarity |  | yes | yes | yes | not applicable | not applicable | not applicable |

Contact Characteristics

| Type of interface |  |  | ABR-1E Input Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated operating voltage Ue | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 up to | VAC | 250 |
|  |  | VDC | 125 |
| UL Contact Rating |  |  | NEMA D150 |
| Operating current frequency |  | Hz | 50/60 |
| Thermal current Ith | Conforming to IEC 947-1 | A | 2 |
| Minimum switching capacity |  | mVA | 50 |
|  |  | V | $U$ min: 17 |
|  |  | mA | 1 min : 3 |
| Protection against short-circuits | For $\mathrm{lk} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{kA}$ <br> Type and value of recommended fuse | A | Quick-blow fuse with high breaking capacity 16 |

Other Characteristics

| Operating time <br> at Un and at $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Between energization of coil and closing of N/O contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Between energization of coil and opening of $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{C}$ contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
|  | Between de-energization of coil and closing of N/O contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
|  | Between de-energization of coil and closing of N/C contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
| Duration of bounce |  | ms | $\leq 3$ |
| Contact bridging times between N/C and N/O contact | Maximum make before break or break before make time | ms | 1 |
| Maximum operating rate |  | Hz | 6 operating cycles |
| Durability at Un in millions of operating cycles | ABR-1 (1 N/O or $2 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ ) |  | $\geq 20$ million |
|  | ABR-1 (1 C/O or $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ ) |  | $\geq 10$ million |
| Rated insulation voltage | Conforming to IEC 947-1 | VAC | 250 |
|  | Conforming to VDE 0110 group C | VAC | 250 |
| Test insulation voltage for 1 min | Coil circuit/contact circuits | kV rms | 4 |
|  | Wired interface/earth | kV rms | 2.5 |
|  | Between independent contacts $2 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O} \text { and } 1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | kV rms | 1.5 |

Control Circuit Characteristics Output Modules

| Type of interface |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ABR-1S102B } \\ & \text { ABR-1S402B } \\ & \text { ABR-1S302B } \\ & \text { ABR-1S602B } \end{aligned}$ | ABR-1S118B <br> ABR-1S418B <br> ABR-1S318B <br> ABR-1S618B | ABR-1S118E <br> ABR-1S418E <br> ABR-1S318E <br> ABR-1S618E | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABR-1S111F } \\ & \text { ABR-1S411F } \\ & \text { ABR-1S311F } \\ & \text { ABR-1S611F } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage (Un) | V | 24 VDC | 24 VAC/DC | 48 VAC/DC | 110-127 VAC |
| Permissible voltage variation | V | 17 to 30 | 17 to 30 | 38 to 53 | 93 to 140 |
| Current frequency | Hz | - | 50/60 | 50/60 | 50/60 |
| Maximum drop-out voltage $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | >0.1 Un | $>0.1$ Un | >0.1 Un | >0.2 Un |
| Rated current VAC/DC | mA | 62 | 62/55 | 38/32 | 8 |
| Minimum maintaining current <br> VAC/DC | mA | 4.9/5.2 | 4.9/5.2 | 4.7/5.4 | 2.4 |
| Dissipated power | W | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ | $\leq 1$ |
| Disappearance of voltage maximum time up to which contact is maintained | ms | 3 | 10/10 | 14/10 | 6 |
| Display of control circuit by LED |  | no | yes | yes | yes |
| Built-in protection reversed polarity |  | yes | yes | yes | not applicable |

Contact Characteristics

| Type of interface |  |  | ABR-1 Output Module |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated operating voltage Ue | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 up to | VAC | 250 |
|  |  | VDC | 125 |
| UL Contact Rating |  |  | NEMA D150 |
| Operating current frequency |  | Hz | 50/60 |
| Thermal current lth | Conforming to IEC 947-1 | A | 12 |
| Rated operating current (le) per 1 million operating cycles | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 Ue : 230 VAC | A | AC-12:4 |
|  |  | A | AC-13:1 |
|  |  | A | AC-14:1 |
|  |  | A | AC-15:1 |
|  | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 Ue : 24 VDC | A | DC-12:5 |
|  |  | A | DC-13:1 |
| Minimum switching capacity |  |  |  |
|  |  | V | U min : 17 |
|  |  | mA | I min : 10 |
| Protection against short-circuits | For $\mathrm{Ik} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{kA}$ <br> Type and value of recommended fuse | A | Quick-blow fuse with high breaking capacity 16 |

Other Characteristics

| Operating time <br> at Un and at $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Between energization of coil and closing of N/O contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Between energization of coil and opening of N/C contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
|  | Between de-energization of coil and closing of N/O contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
|  | Between de-energization of coil and closing of N/C contact | ms | $\leq 12$ |
| Duration of bounce |  | ms | $\leq 3$ |
| Contact bridging times between N/C and N/O contact | Maximum make before break or break before make time | ms | 1 |
| Maximum operating rate |  | Hz | 6 operating cycles |
| Durability at Un in millions of operating cycles | ABR-1 (1 N/O or $2 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ ) |  | $\geq 20$ million |
|  | ABR-1 (1 C/O or $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ ) |  | $\geq 10$ million |
| Rated insulation voltage | Conforming to IEC 947-1 | VAC | 250 |
|  | Conforming to VDE 0110 group C | VAC | 250 |
| Test insulation voltage for 1 min | Coil circuit/contact circuits | kV rms | 4 |
|  | Wired interface/earth | kV rms | 2.5 |
|  | Between independent contacts $2 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ and $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | kV rms | 1.5 |

## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique

Wiring Diagrams

24 VDC or 230 VAC interfaces with mechanical indication
1 N/O

1 C/O

2 N/O

$1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$


24 V AC/DC or 48 V AC/DC interfaces with mechanical indication + LED

$1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$


110 V AC/DC or 230 V AC/DC interfaces with mechanical indication + LED
1 N/O

$1 \mathrm{C} / 0$

2 N/O

$1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C}+1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$


Dimensions

ABR-1


|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.07 | 78.0 |
| B | 2.78 | 70.5 |
| C | 2.95 | 75.0 |
| D | 0.69 | 17.5 |
| E | 2.91 | 74.0 |

The ABR-2 relay interface modules are designed for interfacing discrete digital input or output signals exchanged in automated equipment that comprise an automated system. Specifically, between a PLC and a field device (contactors, solenoid valves, pilot lights, proximity sensors etc). The ABR-2 products are more compact relative to the ABR-1 products due to the micro relay technology incorporated in the design.


ABR-2E (Input)
ABR-2S (Output)

## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique



The ABR-2 range is comprised of 2 types:

## Input interface modules ( 9.5 mm )

The input interface modules were designed for switching data processing unit input signals and are characterized by very high contact reliability.

They have guaranteed immunity to leakage currents $\leq 2 \mathrm{~mA}$, and a wide coil range ( 0.7 to 1.25 Un ). This enables use with two-wire sensors.

## Output interface modules ( $\mathbf{1 2} \mathbf{~ m m}$ )

The output interface modules were designed for the control of preactuators (contactors, solenoid valves etc.) as well as signaling units (pilot lights, audible alarms etc.) and are characterized by a high switching capacity and guaranteed immunity to leakage currents $\leq 2 \mathrm{~mA}$. A low-cost version without signalling LED is available.

Input and output interface modules ( 17.5 mm ) for very low switching levels.

In $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ contact version, these interface modules are suitable for switching logic (TTL or HCMOS).

Caution : Never use this type of interface to switch inductive loads.

1 Green LED indicating the control signal state.
2 Location for 5 characters (number and/or letter) terminal identification. See page 49 for complete listing of available markers
3 The screw clamp terminals provide secure termination of one or two (stranded or solid) wires. The terminals are shipped backed out so that each terminal is ready to accept wires right out of the box, saving on installation time. Combination head screws are used to ease installation. All terminals are clearly marked to ease wiring.
4 Mounts on the common 35mm DIN 3 track or the DIN 1 track. See pages 47-48 for complete listing of available track.

Electromechanical Relay Input Interface Modules (width 9.5 mm )

| Indicator | Composition | Control circuit | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight lb./kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| With LED | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-2E112B | 1 | .07/0.032 |
|  |  | 48 VDC | ABR-2E112E | 1 | .07/0.032 |
|  |  | 120-127 VAC | ABR-2E116F | 1 | .08/0.035 |
|  |  | 230-240 VAC | ABR-2E111M | 1 | .08/0.036 |

Electromechanical Relay Output Interface Modules (width 12 mm )

| Indicator | Composition | Control circuit | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight lb./kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Without LED | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-2S102B | 1 | .08/0.040 |
| With LED | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-2S112B | 1 | .09/0.041 |

Interface Modules for Very Low Level Switching (width 17.5 mm )

| Indicator | Function | Composition | Control circuit | Catalog No. | Standard Pack | Weight lb./kg |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| With LED | Input | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-2EB312B $\quad$ | 1 | .11/0.048 |
|  | Output | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | 24 VDC | ABR-2SB312B ${ }^{\text {■ }}$ | 1 | .11/0.048 |

Do not use to switch inductive loads.

## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique

| Approvals | UL File E34281, CSA LR 81630-38 and IEC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conformity to standards | IEC 947-5-1, UL 508 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | Conforming to IEC 529 (protection against direct contact) |  |  | IP20B |
| Protective treatment | Conforming to IEC 695-2-1 |  |  | Tropical Climate $1730^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 960^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Fire resistance |  | Incandescent wire | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 960 |
|  |  | Conforming to UL 94 |  | VO |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-27 | 11 ms half sine waves | gn | 30 |
| Vibration resistance | Conforming to IEC 68-2-6 | $10-150 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | gn | 3 |
| Withstand to electrostatic discharges | Conforming to IEC 801-2 | Level 3 | kV | 8 |
| Immunity to radiated fields | Conforming to IEC 801-3 | Level 3; 27-1000 MHz | V/m | 10 |
| Immunity to fast interference | Conforming to IEC 801-4 Level 3 | On supply | kV | 2 |
|  |  | On input/output | kV | 1 |
| Impulse withstand voltage | Conforming to IEC 947-1 | $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ wave ; $0.5 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{U}<50 \mathrm{~V}$ | kV | 0.5 |
|  |  | $\mathrm{U}<150 \mathrm{~V}$ | kV | 1.5 |
|  |  | $\mathrm{U}<300 \mathrm{~V}$ | kV | 2.5 |
| Cable capacity | Flexible cable without cable end | 1 or 2 conductors |  | 20 to 14 AWG/0.6 to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Flexible cable without cable end | 1 or 2 conductors |  | 22 to $14 \mathrm{AWG} / 0.34$ to $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
|  | Rigid cable | 1 conductor |  | 24 to 12 AWG/0.27 to $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Operating position |  |  |  | All |
| Ambient air temperature | For operation without restriction |  |  | 23 to $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-5$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | For operation at 0.85 to 1.1 of Us |  |  | 23 to $131{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-5$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | For operation with restriction at Us |  |  | -13 to $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-25$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \bullet$ |
|  | For storage |  |  | -40 to $+176^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-40$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating altitude |  |  | m | $\leq 3000$ |
| Installation category | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | II |
| Degree of pollution | Conforming to IEC 947-1 |  |  | 2 |
| Mounting | Standard mounting rails $\quad$ see pages 47-48 |  |  |  |

## Electrical Durability (ABR-2S)

## Test conditions :

Conforming to standard IEC 947-5-1 established for the rated control voltage.

## AC supplied loads

Millions of operating cycles


AC-12 : control of resistive loads and of solid state loads isolated by photocoupler
$\cos \varphi \geq 0.9$

Millions of operating cycles


AC-14 : control of small electromagnetic loads of electromagnets $\leq 72 \mathrm{VA}$
making : $\cos \varphi=0.3$
breaking : $\cos \varphi=0.3$
AC-15 : control of electromagnetic
loads of electromagnets > 72 VA
making $: \cos \varphi=0.7$
breaking : $\cos \varphi=0.4$

DC supplied loads
Millions of operating cycles


DC-12 : control of resistive loads and of solid state loads isolated by photocoupler
$\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} \leq 1 \mathrm{~ms}$

Millions of operating cycles


DC-13 : control of electromagnets $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R} \leq 2 \times(\mathrm{Ue} \times \mathrm{le})$ in ms.
Ue : rated operational voltage le : rated operational current (with protective diode across the load)
$124 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}$
48 VAC/DC
115 VAC/DC
4230 VAC

## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique

## Control Circuit Characteristics

| Type of interface module |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ABR- } \\ \text { 2E112B } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABR- } \\ & \text { 2E112E } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ABR- } \\ \text { 2E116F } \end{array}$ | ABR2E111M | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ABR- } \\ \text { 2S112B } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ABR- } \\ \text { 2S102B } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABR- } \\ & \text { 2EB312B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABR } \\ & \text { 2SB312B } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage (Us) | V | 24V DC | 48 VDC | 120/127VAC | 230/240VAC | 24 VDC | 24 VDC | 24 VDC | 24 VDC |
| Frequency | Hz |  |  | 60 | 50/60 |  |  |  |  |
| Switching threshold | V | 16.9 VDC | 37.3 VDC | 97 VAC | 186 VAC | 16.9 VDC | 14.5 VDC | 16.9 VDC | 16.9 VDC |
| Maximum operating voltage | V | 28.8VDC | 57.6 VDC | 140 VAC | 264 VAC | 28.8 VDC | 28.8 VDC | 28.8 VDC | 28.8 VDC |
| Maximum drop out voltage (Un) at $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | V | 3.8 VDC | 8.5 VDC | 25.4 VAC | 48 VAC | 3.8 VDC | 2 VDC | 3.8 VDC | 3.8 VDC |
| Maximum current (at Us) | mA | 19.5 | 11 | 16 | 15 | 28 | 18 | 23 | 23 |
| Minimum sealed current | mA | 2 | 2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2 | 1.3 | 2 | 2 |
| Max. power dissipated at Us50 Hz <br> 60 Hz | W | 0.45 | 0.52 | 0.73 | 0.77 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.54 \\ 0.64 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 0.43 | 0.55 | 0.55 |
| Loss of voltage maximum time not affecting operation | ms | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Control circuit indication by LED |  | yes | yes | yes | yes | yes | no | yes | yes |
| Internal protection against reverse polarity |  | yes | yes | - | - | yes | yes | yes | yes |

## Contact Characteristics

| Type of interface module |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABR-2E112B } \\ & \text { ABR-2E112E } \\ & \text { ABR-2E116F } \\ & \text { ABR-2E111M } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ABR- } \\ \text { 2S112B } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ABR- } \\ & \text { 2S102B } \end{aligned}$ | ABR- <br> 2EB312B <br> ABR- <br> 2SB312B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact composition |  |  | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | $1 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{O}$ | $1 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ |
| Maximum rated |  | VAC | 115 | 230 | 230 | 48 |
| operational voltage (max. Ue) | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 | VDC | 100 | 120 | 120 | 48 |
|  |  | VAC | 125 | 250 | 250 | 60 |
| Maximum switching voltage |  | VDC | 125 | 150 | 150 | 60 |
| Operational frequency |  | Hz | 50/60 | 50/60 | 50/60 | 50/60 |
| Thermal overload current (Ith) | Conforming to IEC 947-1 | A | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0.05 |
| Rated operational current (le) | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 max. Ue AC12 | A | 1 | 3 | 3 | - |
| for 1 million | AC14 | A | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | - |
| operating cycles | AC15 | A | 0.5 | 1 | 1 | - |
|  | Conforming to IEC 947-5-1 Ue : 24 V DC | DC12 | A | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| UL Contact Rating | NEMA D150 DC13 | A | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | - |
| Minimum switching current |  | mA | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0.01 |
| Minimum switching voltage |  | V | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0.01 |
| Protection against | For $\mathrm{lk} \leq 1 \mathrm{kA} \mathrm{(AC)} \mathrm{and} \leq 100 \mathrm{~A}$ (DC) | Quick-blow fuse with high breaking capacity |  |  |  |  |
| short-circuits | Recommended fuse type and rating | A | 2 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 0.4 |
| Low level contact reliability $(17 \mathrm{~V}, 5 \mathrm{~mA})$ | Number of failures for " n " million operating cycles | 1 for 100 million |  |  |  |  |

## Other Charcateristics



[^1]

ABR-2S112B (24 VDC)


ABR-2E112E (48 VDC)


ABR-2S102B (24 VDC)


ABR-2E11•F/M (115-230 VAC)


ABR-2•B312B (24 VDC)


## Electromechanical Relay Interface Modules

## Telemecanique

## ABR-2Eeeee



|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.07 | 78.0 |
| B | 2.78 | 70.5 |
| C | 2.95 | 75.0 |
| D | 0.37 | 9.50 |
| E | 2.91 | 74.0 |

## ABR-2S1•e७



|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.07 | 78.0 |
| B | 2.78 | 70.5 |
| C | 2.95 | 75.0 |
| D | 0.47 | 12.0 |
| E | 2.91 | 74.0 |

ABR-2EB312B
ABR-2SB312B


|  | Inches | mm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 3.07 | 78.0 |
| B | 2.78 | 70.5 |
| C | 2.95 | 75.0 |
| D | 0.69 | 17.5 |
| E | 2.91 | 74.0 |



AM-1ED200


AM1-DE200


AM1-DP200

AM1-ED200

AM1-DE200

AM1-DP200

| Description | Length | Catalog No. | Standard Pack |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 mm depth 1 mm steel, zinc chromated | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 78.74 " \end{aligned}$ | AM1-ED200 | 10 |
| 15 mm depth 1.5 mm steel, zinc chromated | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 78.74 " \end{aligned}$ | AM1-DE200 | 10 |
| 7.5 mm depth 1 mm steel, zinc chromated | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 78.74{ }^{\prime \prime} \end{aligned}$ | AM1-DP200 | 10 |

$\qquad$


Telemecanique


9080 MH3xx


9080 MHA10


9080 MH1xx


DIN 1

| Description | Length | Catalog No. | Standard Pack |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Galvanized steel (no mounting holes) | . 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 9080 \mathrm{MH} 220 \\ & 19.68 " \end{aligned}$ | 10 |
| Galvanized steel (no mounting holes) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 39.37 " \end{aligned}$ | 9080 MH239 | 10 |
| Galvanized steel (no mounting holes) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 78.74 \text { " } \end{aligned}$ | 9080 MH279 | 10 |
| Bichromated <br> zinc steel, prepunched | $\begin{aligned} & .5 \\ & 19.68 \text { " } \end{aligned}$ | 9080 MH320 | 10 |
| Bichromated <br> zinc steel, prepunched | 1 m 39.37" | 9080 MH339 | 10 |
| Bichromated <br> zinc steel, prepunched | $2 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> 78.74" | 9080 MH379 | 10 |
| End clamp for DIN 3 track |  | 9080 MHA10 | 50 |
| DIN Mounting track <br> A 1 meter section of 35 mm AI DIN track | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 39.37 " \end{aligned}$ | 9999 NT13 | 10 |
| Asymmetrical 32mm <br> (1.26") G Rail in | . 5 m | $\begin{aligned} & 9080 \mathrm{MH} 120 \\ & 19.68{ }^{\prime \prime} \end{aligned}$ | 8 |
| compliance with <br> EN50035 standard <br> (DIN 46277-1) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 39.37 " \end{aligned}$ | 9080 MH 139 | 8 |
| Bichromated zinc steel (no mounting holes) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 78.74 " \end{aligned}$ | 9080 MH 179 | 8 |

## Clip-in Marker Strips

| 10 identical numbers (or symbols) | 10 numbers 0 to 9 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AB1-R•• | AB1-R11 |  |
|  |  |  |

## Marking Components

| Holder for 6 markers | Blank clip-in marker |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Notes

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# From single products to complete systems, look to Square D. 

Square D Company is a leading manufacturer and supplier of electrical distribution, automatic and industrial control products. The full line of Square D and Telemecanique brand products are available from an extensive network of Square D distributors located throughout North America.<br>Square D Company is part of Groupe Schneider, an $\$ 11$ billion global manufacturer of electrical distribution, automation and industrial equipment.<br>Square D has been serving industrial and construction markets, as well as public utilities, individual consumers and government agencies for over 90 years. We offer unsurpassed quality, innovative design and a committed staff of trained sales representatives and service technicians willing to stand behind every product we sell.<br>For further information on how we can help fill your electrical needs, call your local Square D field representative or authorized Square D distributor.


[^0]:    ( $\mathbf{A}$ ) By using 0-20 mA model

[^1]:    Do not use to switch inductive loads

