# Altivar 312 variable speed drives 

## for three-phase motors from $0.25 \mathrm{hp}(0.18 \mathrm{~kW})$ to 20 hp ( 15 kW )

## eCatalog

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## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

- Introduction ..... 4
- Applications ..... 4
- Product. ..... 5
- Functions ..... 6
- Specifications ..... 22
- Environmental ..... 22
- Connection ..... 22
- Drive ..... 23
- ElectricalPower ..... 23
- I/O \& Control ..... 24
- Communication Port ..... 26
- Torque ..... 27
- Special Uses ..... 27
- Short Circuit Current Ratings ..... 28
- Selection Table ..... 32
- Dimensions ..... 33
- Accessories \& Options ..... 35
- Accessories ..... 35
- Replacement Parts ..... 35
- Communication Buses \& Networks ..... 36
- Configuration Tools ..... 42
- Braking Resistors ..... 44
- Line Chokes ..... 46
- EMC Filters ..... 48
- Output Filters ..... 50
- Motor Chokes ..... 50
- Ferrite Suppressors ..... 50
- Wiring Diagrams ..... 52
- Installation Recommendations ..... 54
- Combinations ..... 56
- Quality Assurance ..... 58
- Services \& Support. ..... 60



## Introduction

The Altivar™ 312 drive is a frequency inverter for 200 to 600 V three-phase asynchronous motors from $0.25 \mathrm{hp}(0.18 \mathrm{kw})$ to $20 \mathrm{hp}(15 \mathrm{~kW})$.

The Altivar 312 drive is robust, compact and easy to install. Its integrated functions are particularly suitable for the requirements of applications involving simple industrial machines.

By taking into account product setup and use, starting at the design stage, we are able to offer a reliable, cost-effective solution to manufacturers of simple machines and installers.

With its various communication cards that are available as options, the Altivar 312 drive integrates perfectly in the main control system architectures.

Examples of solutions provided:

- Numerous options for loading, editing and saving drive configurations using various tools, such as the SoMove ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ setup software, remote display terminals and the Simple Loader and Multi Loader configuration tools.
- Adaptation to industrial communication buses and networks by simply replacing the drive control I/O card with one of the communication cards
- Simple user interface makes setup easy, and enables those using it to adapt quickly.



## Applications

The Altivar 312 drive incorporates functions that are suitable for the most common applications, including:

- Material handling (small conveyors, hoists, etc.)
- Packing/packaging machines (small bagging machines, labeling machines, etc.)
- Special machines (mixers, kneaders, textile machines, etc.)
- Pumps, compressors, fans

Materials handling

Packaging and packing


品

Pumps, compressors, fans


Textile machines



ATV312H037M2


ATV312HU15N4


ATV312HU30N4

## Product

The Altivar 312 range of variable speed drives covers motor power ratings from 0.25 hp（ 0.18 kW ）to $20 \mathrm{hp}(15 \mathrm{~kW})$ with four types of power supply：
－ATV312HeゃeM2： 200 V to 240 V single－phase， $0.25 \mathrm{hp}(0.18 \mathrm{~kW})$ to $3 \mathrm{hp}(2.2 \mathrm{~kW})$
－ATV312Heゃ॰M3： 200 V to 240 V three－phase， $0.25 \mathrm{hp}(0.18 \mathrm{~kW}$ ）to $20 \mathrm{hp}(15 \mathrm{~kW}$ ）
－ATV312HeゃN4： 380 V to 500 V three－phase， $0.5 \mathrm{hp}(0.37 \mathrm{~kW})$ to $20 \mathrm{hp}(15 \mathrm{~kW})$
－ATV312HeeeS6： 525 V to 600 V three－phase， $1 \mathrm{hp}(0.75 \mathrm{~kW})$ to $20 \mathrm{hp}(15 \mathrm{~kW})$
Several drives can be mounted side by side to save space．
The Altivar 312 drive integrates the Modbus and CANopen communication protocols as standard．The protocols can be accessed via the RJ45 connector on the underside of the drive．

In addition to the Modbus and CANopen protocols that can be accessed as standard， the Altivar 312 drive can be connected to the main industrial communication buses and networks by replacing the drive＇s control I／O card with one of the communication cards that are available as options：CANopen Daisy chain，DeviceNet and Profibus DP． The Modbus TCP network and the Fipio ${ }^{\text {M }}$ bus are
also accessible via dedicated gateways．See page 36.
The entire range complies with international standards UL 508C，IEC 61800－2 and IEC 61800－3，CSA，C－Tick，NOM and GOST certifications．It has been developed to meet the requirements of environmental directives（RoHS）and those of the European Directives to obtain the C $\in$ mark．

## Electromagnetic compatibility（EMC）

The incorporation of EMC filters in ATV312Hゃゃ॰M2 and ATV312H $\bullet \bullet N 4$ drives and compliance with EMC requirements simplify installation and provide a very economical means of ensuring devices meet the criteria to receive the C $\in$ mark． This filter can be disconnected via a jumper or a moveable wire with tag．The ATV312H $\bullet \bullet M 3$ and ATV312H $\bullet \bullet S 6$ drives are designed without an EMC filter．

Filters are available as an option and can be installed by the customer to reduce the
 See page 48.


ATV312HU75N4


EMC filter（VW3A31405）

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives



ATV312H075M2 with front panel door closed, without cover 4: STOP/RESET and RUN keys accessible


Remote graphic display terminal


Remote display terminal


Oscilloscope function in the SoMove setup software


Multi-Loader tool (VWA8121)


Simple loader tool (VWA8120)

## Product (continued)

External accessories and options
External accessories and options can be used with Altivar ${ }^{\text {TM }} 312$ drives:

- UL Type 1 conformity kits, plates for direct mounting on 35 mm DIN rails, etc.
- Braking resistors, line chokes, additional EMC input filters, output filters, etc.

HMI and configuration tools
On-board Human/Machine Interface
The 4-digit display 1 displays drive states, detected faults and parameter values. The navigation button 2 is used to navigate through the menus, modify values and change the motor speed in local mode.

The RUN and STOP/RESET keys 3 are used to control motor starting and stopping in local mode. These two keys can be made accessible on the front panel by removing the cover 4 from the door.

## HMI terminals

The Altivar 312 drive can be connected to a remote display terminal or a remote graphic display terminal, which are available as options.

The remote display terminal can be mounted on an enclosure door with IP 54 or IP 65 degree of protection. It provides access to the same functions as the HumanMachine interface.

The remote graphic display terminal, with its "full text" display in the user's language, provides a user-friendly interface for configuration, debugging or maintenance. See page 42.

## SoMove ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ setup software for PCs

The SoMove ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ setup software is used to configure, adjust and debug the Altivar 312 drive with the Oscilloscope function, and also for maintenance of this drive, like all other Schneider Electric drives and soft starters.

It can be used with a direct connection or a Bluetooth® ${ }^{\circledR}$ wireless connection.
See page 43.

Simple Loader and Multi-Loader configuration tools
The Simple Loader tool enables one powered-up drive's configuration to be duplicated on another powered-up drive.

The Multi-Loader tool enables configurations to be copied from a PC or a powered up drive and duplicated on another powered-up drive.
See page 43.

## Functions

The Altivar 312 drive has six logic inputs, three analog inputs, one logic/analog output and two relay outputs.
The main functions available are as follows:

- Motor and drive protection
- Linear, S, U or customized acceleration and deceleration ramps
- Local control of the speed reference using the navigation button
- +/- speed
- 16 preset speeds
- PI regulator and references
- 2-wire/3-wire control
- Brake sequence
- Automatic catching a spinning load with speed detection and automatic restart
- Detected fault configuration and stop type configuration
- Saving the configuration in the drive

Several functions can be assigned to one logic input.

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

Functions
Drive factory configuration
Presentation Page 8
Description Page 8

Operating speed range Page 9

| Acceleration and deceleration ramp times | Page 9 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Acceleration and deceleration ramp profiles | Page 9 |
| Ramp switching | Page 10 |

Automatic adaptation of deceleration ramp Page 10

| Voltage/frequency ratio | Page 11 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Auto-tuning | Page 11 || Switching frequency, noise reduction | Page 11 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Skip frequencies | Page 12 |


| Speed reference | Page 12 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog inputs | Page 12 |

Preset speeds Page 12

| $+/$ speed | Page 13 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Save reference | Page 13 |

Jog operation ..... Page 14
Command and reference channels ..... Page 14
Summing inputs ..... Page 14
$\frac{\text { PI regulator }}{\text { Current limit switching }}$ ..... Page 15
Limiting low speed operating time ..... Page 15
Motor switching ..... Page 15
Control mode switching ..... Page 16
3 -wire control ..... Page 16
Forced local mode ..... Page 16
$\frac{\text { Freewheel stop }}{}$ ..... Page 16
DC injection stop ..... Page 16
Brake control ..... Page 17
Limit switch management ..... Page 17
Monitoring ..... Page 17
Detected fault management ..... Page 18
Detected fault reset ..... Page 18
Controlled stop on loss of line supply ..... Page 18
Stop mode in the event of a detected fault ..... Page 18
Automatic catching of a spinning load with speed detection ..... Page 19
Automatic restart ..... Page 19
Derated operation in the event of an undervoltage ..... Page 19
Detected fault relay, unlocking ..... Page 19
Resetting operating time to zero ..... Page 19
Motor thermal protectionPage 20
R1, R2 relay configuration ..... Page 20
AOC/AOV analog outputs ..... Page 21
Saving and retrieving the configuration ..... Page 21
Function compatibility table

## Altivar 312

variable speed drives


ATV312H075M2 with front panel door closed, with cover 5 : STOP/RESET and RUN keys not accessible


ATV312H075M2 with front panel door closed, without cover 5: STOP/RESET and RUN keys accessible


ATV312H075M2 with front panel door open


3 operating modes: REF, MON and CONF

## Functions (continued)

## Drive factory configuration

The Altivar 312 drive is configured to allow a quick start-up for most applications.
Factory configuration:

- Nominal motor frequency: 50 Hz
- Motor voltage: 230 V (ATV312H•••M2, ATV312H•••M3),
- 400 V (ATV312H $\bullet \bullet \bullet N 4)$ or 600 V (ATV312H $\bullet \bullet \bullet S 6) ~$
- Linear ramp times: 3 seconds
- Low speed (LSP): $0 \mathrm{~Hz} /$ High speed (HSP): 50 Hz
- Normal stop mode on deceleration ramp
- Stop mode in the event of a detected fault: freewheel
- Motor thermal current = nominal drive current
- Standstill injection braking current $=0.7 \times$ nominal drive current, for 0.5 seconds
- Constant torque operation with sensorless flux vector control
- Logic inputs:
- 2 directions of operation (LII, LI2), 2-wire control
- 4 preset speeds (LI3, LI4): LSP (low speed), $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 15 \mathrm{~Hz}, 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$
- Analog inputs:
- Al1 speed reference ( $0+10 \mathrm{~V}$ )
- Al2 $(0 \pm 10 \mathrm{~V})$ summing of Al1
- Al3 (4-20 mA) not configured
- Relay R1: detected fault relay
- Relay R2: not assigned
- Analog output AOC: 0-20 mA, image of the motor frequency
- Automatic adaptation of the deceleration ramp in the event of overbraking
- Switching frequency 4 kHz , random frequency


## Human-Machine Interface (HMI)

Description
1 Display:

- 4-digit display
- Display of numeric values and codes
- Indication of the unit of the displayed value

2 Display of the drive status:

- REF: Reference mode. This mode is used to display the motor frequency reference of the active reference channel (terminals, local mode, remote display terminal or Modbus serial link). In local mode, the reference can be modified using the navigation button 4 , if the function is configured.
- MON: Monitoring mode. This mode is used to display the monitoring parameters when the drive is running.
- CONF: Configuration mode. This mode is used to configure the drive parameters. These parameters can be modified using the SoMove setup software.

3 Use of the keys:

- MODE is used to access one of the following modes:
- Reference mode REF
- Monitoring mode MON
- Configuration mode CONF

Note: This key cannot be accessed if the front panel door is closed.

- ESC: Aborts a value, a parameter or a menu to return to the previous selections
- STOP/RESET: Local motor stop command, clears drive detected faults (key active in factory configuration)
- RUN: Local motor run command, if its activation is programmed

4 Use of the navigation button:

- Rotate: Increases or decreases the value, or goes to the next value
- Press: Saves the current value or selects the value
- The button can be used as a potentiometer in local mode

5 Cover that can be removed for access to the RUN and STOP/RESET keys.
6 It is possible to lock the front panel door with a lead seal.

Altivar 312
variable speed drives


S ramps

U ramps


Customized ramps

## Functions (continued)

Application Functions
Operating speed range
This function is used to determine the 2 frequency limits which define the speed range permitted by the machine under actual operating conditions for all applications with or without overspeed


## Acceleration and deceleration ramp times

This function is used to define acceleration and deceleration ramp times according to the application and the machine dynamics.


## Acceleration and deceleration ramp profiles

These enable a gradual change in the output frequency starting from a speed reference, following a linear profile or a preset profile.

## - S ramps

For applications such as material handling, packaging and passenger transport, the use of $S$ ramps takes up mechanical backlash, eliminates jolts, and limits "non-following" of speed during rapid transient operation of high-inertia machines.

## - U ramps

U ramps are specifically for pumping applications, for example an installation with centrifugal pump and non-return valve. They provide better control of closing of the non-return valve.
Selecting linear, S, U or customized profiles assigns both the acceleration and deceleration ramps.

## Altivar 312

variable speed drives

## Functions (continued)

Ramp switching
This function is used to switch two acceleration and deceleration ramp times, which can be adjusted separately.
Ramp switching can be enabled by:

- A logic input
- A frequency threshold
- A combination of logic input and frequency threshold

This function is suitable for:

- Material handling with smooth starting and approach
- Machines with fast steady state speed correction


Example of switching using Igic input LI4

> Automatic adaptation of deceleration ramp

This function is used to automatically adapt the deceleration ramp if the initial setting is too low for the inertia of the load. It avoids the drive locking in the event of an overbraking detected fault.

The function is suitable for all applications which do require precise stopping and do not use braking resistors.

Automatic adaptation must be cancelled if the machine has position control with stopping on a ramp and a braking resistor installed. It is automatically disabled if the brake sequence is configured.

## Functions (continued)

Voltage/frequency ratio

- Motor and power supply specifications
$\square$ This function is used to determine the limit values for the voltage/frequency ratio according to the specifications of the line supply, motor and application. The following values should be set for constant or variable torque applications with or without overspeed:
- The base frequency corresponding to the line supply
- The nominal motor frequency (in Hz) given on the motor rating plate
- The nominal motor voltage (in V ) given on the motor rating plate
- The maximum output frequency of the drive (in Hz )


## Type of voltage/frequency ratio

This is used to adapt the voltage/frequency ratio to the application in order to optimize performance for the following applications:

- Constant torque applications (machines with average loads operating at low speed) with motors connected in parallel or special motors (e.g. resistive cage motor): ratio L
- Variable torque applications (pumps, fans): ratio P
- Machines with heavy loads operating at low speed, machines with fast cycles, with (sensorless) flux vector control: ratio $n$
- Energy saving, for machines with slow torque and speed variations: ratio nLd.

The voltage is automatically reduced to minimum according to the necessary torque.


## Auto-tuning

Auto-tuning can be performed:

- Voluntarily by the operator using dialog tools via local control or the serial link
- Each time the drive is switched on
- On each run command
- By enabling a logic input

Auto-tuning is used to optimize application performance.

## Switching frequency, noise reduction

Adjusting the switching frequency setting reduces the noise generated by the motor. The switching frequency is modulated randomly in order to avoid resonance. This function can be disabled if it causes instability.
High frequency switching of the intermediate DC voltage can be used to supply the motor with a current wave that has little harmonic distortion. The switching frequency can be adjusted during operation to reduce the noise generated by the motor. Value: 2 to 16 kHz. Factory setting 4 kHz
For all applications which require low motor noise.

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Functions (continued)

Skip frequencies
This function suppresses one or two critical speeds that may cause mechanical resonance.
It is possible to prohibit prolonged operation of the motor on 1 or 2 frequency bands ( $\pm 1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), around an adjustable frequency on the speed range.
This function is suitable for lightweight machines, bulk product conveyors with an unbalanced motor, fans and centrifugal pumps.

## Speed reference

The speed reference can come from different sources, depending on the drive configuration:

- References provided by 3 analog inputs
- The navigation button reference
- The +/- speed function via logic input, using the keypad or remote display terminal keys
- The remote display terminal reference
- Speed references provided by the communication bus or networks

These sources are managed by programming the reference functions and channels.

## Analog inputs

There are 3 analog inputs:

- 2 voltage inputs:
- 0-10 V (Al1)
$- \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ (AI2)
- 1 current input:
- $X-Y$ mA (AI3), where $X$ is configurable between 0 and 20 mA , and $Y$ is configurable between 4 and 20 mA


## Preset speeds

This function is used to switch preset speed references.
Choose between 2, 4, 8 or 16 preset speeds.
Enabled by means of 1, 2, 3 or 4 logic inputs.
The preset speeds are adjustable in increments of 0.1 Hz from 0 Hz to 500 Hz .
This function is suitable for material handling and machines with several operating speeds.


Example of switching using Igic input LI4

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Functions (continued)

+/- speed
This function is used to increase or decrease a speed reference by means of 1 or 2 logic inputs, with or without the last reference being saved (motorized potentiometer function).
This function is suitable for centralized control of a machine with several sections operating in one direction or for control by a pendant control station of a material handling crane with two operating directions.

Two types of operation are available:

- Use of single-action buttons: two logic inputs are required in addition to the operating direction(s).
The input assigned to the + speed command increases the speed, the input assigned to the - speed command decreases the speed.


Motor speed change depending on the skip frequency reference

- Use of double-action buttons (only one logic input assigned to + speed is necessary).


Example with double-action buttons and 1 logic input
Note: This type of $+/$ - speed control is incompatible with 3 -wire control.

## Save reference

This function is associated with +/- speed control.
It enables the last speed reference prior to the loss of the run command or line supply to be read and saved. The saved reference is applied to the next run command.

Altivar 312
variable speed drives


Example of jog operation

## Functions (continued)

Jog operation
This function is used for pulse operation with minimum ramp times ( 0.1 s ), a limited speed reference and minimum time between 2 pulses.
It is enabled by 1 logic input and pulses given by the operating direction command.
This function is suitable for machines with product insertion in manual mode (e.g. gradual movement of the mechanism during maintenance operations).

## Command and reference channels

There are several command and reference channels, which can be independent.
Commands (forward, reverse, etc.) and speed references can be given via the following channels:

- Terminals (logic inputs and analog I/O)
- Local mode (STOP/RESET and RUN keys and navigation button)
- Remote display terminal
- Serial link:
- Remote display terminal
- Modbus control word
- CANopen control word

The command channels and speed reference channels can be separate. E.g. speed reference issued by CANopen and command issued by the remote display terminal.

Note: The STOP/RESET keys on the Human-Machine interface keypad and the remote display terminal can retain their priority.
The Summing inputs and PI regulator functions only apply to one reference channel.


Example of reference switching

Reference switching
Switching between 2 speed references can be enabled via:

- A logic input
- A bit in a Modbus or CANopen control word

Reference 1 is active if the logic input (or control word bit) is at 0 . Reference 2 is active if the logic input (or control word bit) is at 1.
The reference can be switched with the motor running.


Connection diagram for reference switching

## Summing inputs

This function is used to add together 2 to 3 speed references from different sources.
The references to be added together are selected from all the possible types of speed reference.
E.g.

- Reference 1 from Al1
- Reference 2 from Al2
- Reference 3 from AIP

Drive speed reference $=$ reference $1+$ reference $2+$ reference 3.

## Altivar 312

variable speed drives

## Functions (continued)

PI regulator
This function is used for simple control of a flow rate or a pressure with a sensor supplying a feedback signal adapted to the drive. It is suitable for pumping and ventilation applications.


Pl feedback

- Pl reference:
- Internal regulator reference, adjustable from 0 to 100
- Regulation reference selected from all the possible types of regulation reference
- Preset PI references
- 2 or 4 preset PI references adjustable from 0 to 100 , require the use of 1 or 2 logic inputs respectively
- Manual reference
- Speed reference selected from all the possible types of speed reference
- Pl feedback:
- Analog input Al1, AI2 or Al3
- Auto/Man:
- Logic input LI for switching operation to speed reference (Man) or PI regulation (Auto)
During operation in automatic mode, the process feedback can be adapted to correct inverse PI , adjust the proportional and integral gain, or apply a ramp
(time = ACC - DEC) for establishing the PI action on starting and stopping.
The motor speed is limited to between LSP and HSP.
Note: The PI function is incompatible with the Preset speeds and JOG functions. The PI reference can also be transmitted on line via the Modbus RS 485 serial link or via the CANopen bus.


## Current limit switching

A second current limit can be configured between 0.25 and 1.5 times the nominal drive current.
This function limits the torque and the temperature rise of the motor.
Switching between the two current limits can be enabled via:

- A logic input
- A bit in a Modbus or CANopen control word


## Limiting low speed operating time

The motor is stopped automatically after a period of operation at low speed (LSP) with a zero reference and a run command present.
This time can be set between 0.1 and 999.9 seconds ( 0 corresponds to an unlimited time). Factory setting: 0 s . The motor restarts automatically on the ramp when the reference reappears or if the run command is interrupted and then re-established. This function is suitable for automatic stopping/starting of pressure-regulated pumps.

## Motor switching

This function allows two motors with different powers to be supplied alternately by the same drive. Switching must take place with the drive stopped and locked, using an appropriate sequence at the drive output.
The function can be used to adapt the motor parameters. The following parameters
are switched automatically:

- Nominal motor voltage
- Nominal motor frequency
- Nominal motor current
- Nominal motor speed
- Motor cosine Phi (power factor)
- Selection of the type of voltage/frequency ratio for motor 2
- IR compensation, motor 2
- Motor frequency loop gain
- Motor stability
- Motor slip compensation

Motor thermal protection is disabled by this function.
Motor switching can be enabled by:

- A logic input
- A bit in a Modbus or CANopen control word

With hoisting applications, this function enables a single drive to be used for vertical and horizontal movements.

## Altivar 312

variable speed drives

## Functions (continued)

Control mode switching
Switching the command channel provides a choice of 2 control modes. Switching is enabled by:

- A logic input
- A bit in a Modbus or CANopen control word


## 2-wire control

This function is used to control the direction of operation by means of a stay-put contact.
It is enabled by means of 1 or 2 logic inputs (one or two directions of operation).
This function is suitable for all non-reversing and reversing applications.
Three operating modes are possible:

- Detection of the state of the logic inputs
- Detection of a change of state of the logic inputs
- Detection of the state of the logic inputs with forward operation having priority over reverse


## 3-wire control

This function is used to control the operating direction and stopping by means of pulsed contacts.
It is enabled by means of 2 or 3 logic inputs ( 1 or 2 directions of operation).
It is suitable for all non-reversing and reversing applications.

> | Forced local mode |
| :--- |
| Forced local mode imposes control via the terminals or display terminal and disables |
| all other control modes. |
| The following references and commands are available for forced local mode: |
| References Al1, or AI2, or AI3 and command via logic inputs |
| - Reference and command via RUN and STOP/RESET keys and the navigation |
| button |
| The changeover to forced local mode is enabled by a logic input. |
| The command via the remote display terminal |

## Freewheel stop

This stops the motor by resistive torque if the motor power supply is cut.
A freewheel stop is achieved by:

- Configuring a normal stop command as a freewheel stop (on disappearance of a run command or appearance of a stop command)
- Enabling a logic input


## Fast stop

This is used to achieve a braked stop with a deceleration ramp time (divided by 2 to 10) that is acceptable for the drive/motor unit without locking on an overbraking detected fault.
It is used for conveyors with electrical emergency stop braking.
A fast stop is achieved by:

- Configuring a normal stop as a fast stop (on disappearance of a run command or appearance of a stop command)
- By enabling a logic input

[^0]Altivar 312
variable speed drives


Brake control

## Functions (continued)

Brake control
This function is used to manage control of an electromagnetic brake in synchronization with starting and stopping the motor to avoid jolts and speed detected errors. The brake control sequence is managed by the drive.
Adjustable values for releasing the brake: current threshold and time delay Adjustable values for engaging the brake: frequency threshold and time delay Enabled by: relay logic output R2 or logic output AOC assigned to brake control. This function is suitable for material handling applications with movements equipped with electromagnetic brakes (hoisting) and machines requiring holding brake control (unbalanced machines).

## Principle:

## Vertical hoisting movement:

- Maintains motor torque in an upward direction when the brake is being released and engaged, in order to hold the load and start smoothly as soon as the brake is released.
Horizontal hoisting movement:
- Synchronizes brake release with the build-up of torque during starting and brake engage at zero speed on stopping, to prevent jolting.
The recommended brake control settings for vertical hoisting applications are as follows (for horizontal hoisting applications, set the current threshold to zero):


## Brake release current:

- Set the brake release current to the nominal current indicated on the motor. If, during testing, the torque is insufficient, increase the brake release current (the maximum value is imposed by the drive).


## Acceleration time:

- For hoisting applications it is advisable to set the acceleration ramps to more than 0.5 seconds. Ensure that the drive does not change to current limiting. The same recommendation applies for deceleration.
Note: For a hoisting movement, a braking resistor should be used. Ensure that the selected settings and configurations will not result in dropping or loss of control of the load being lifted.
Brake release time delay t1:
- Adjust according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.
Brake engage frequency:
- Set to twice the nominal slip, then adjust according to the result.

Brake engage time delay t2:

- Adjust according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.


## Limit switch management

This function is used to manage the operation of one or two limit switches (with 1 or 2 operating directions).
Each limit (forward, reverse) is associated with a logic input. The type of stop that occurs on detection of a limit is configurable as normal, freewheel or fast stop. Following a stop, the motor is permitted to restart in the opposite direction only.

[^1]
# Altivar 312 

## Functions (continued)

Detected fault management
There are various operating modes in the event of resettable detected faults:

- Freewheel stop
- The drive switches to the fallback speed
- The drive maintains the speed at which it was operating when the detected fault occurred, until the detected fault disappears
- Stop on ramp
- Fast stop

The following resettable faults are detected:

- Drive overheating
- Motor overheating
- CANopen bus detected fault
- Modbus serial link failure
- External detected faults
- Loss of $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ signal

> Detected fault reset
> This function is used to clear the last detected fault by means of a logic input.
> The restart conditions after a reset are the same as those for a normal power-up. Resets the following detected faults: overvoltage, overspeed, external detected fault, drive overheating, output phase loss, DC bus overvoltage, loss of $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ reference, load slipping, motor overload if the thermal state is less than $100 \%$, serial link detected fault.
> Line supply undervoltage and input phase loss detected faults are reset automatically when
> the line supply is restored.
> This function is suitable for applications where the drives are difficult to access, for example on moving parts or in material handling systems.

## General reset (disables all detected faults)

This function disables all detected faults, including thermal protection (forced operation), and can result in irreparable damage to the drive.

## This invalidates the warranty.

This function is suitable for applications where restarting may be crucial (conveyor in an oven, smoke extraction system, machines with solidifying products that need to be removed).
The function is enabled by a logic input.
Detected fault monitoring is active if the logic input is at state 1 .
All detected faults are reset on a change of state $\mathcal{J}$ of the logic input.

## Controlled stop on loss of line supply

This function is used to control motor stopping on a loss of line supply.
It is suitable for material handling, machines with high inertia, continuous product
processing machines.
Possible types of stop:

- Locking of the drive and freewheel stop
- Stop which uses the mechanical inertia to maintain the drive power supply as long as possible
- Stop on ramp
- Fast stop (depends on the inertia and the braking ability of the drive)


## Stop mode in the event of a detected fault

The type of stop that occurs on detection of a fault is configurable as normal, freewheel or fast for the following detected faults:

- External detected fault (detection enabled by a logic input or a bit in a Modbus or CANopen control word)
- Motor phase loss detected fault

If an output contactor is being used between the drive and the motor, the motor phase loss detected fault should be disabled.

## Functions (continued)

Automatic catching of a spinning load with speed detection ("catch on the fly")
This function is used to restart the motor smoothly after one of the following events, provided the run command is still present:

- Loss of line supply or power off
- Detected fault reset or automatic restart
- Freewheel stop

On disappearance of the event, the rms speed of the motor is detected in order to restart on a ramp from this speed and return to the reference speed. Speed detection can take up to 1 s depending on the initial deviation.
This function is automatically disabled if the brake sequence is configured. It is suitable for machines for which the motor speed loss is negligible during the loss of line supply (such as machines with high inertia, fans and pumps driven by a residual flow, etc.).

## Automatic restart

This function enables the drive to be restarted automatically after it has locked in detected fault mode, provided the detected fault has disappeared and the other operating conditions permit a restart.
This restart is performed by a series of automatic attempts separated by increasingly longer waiting periods of $1 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$, then 1 minute for subsequent periods.
The restart procedure can last between 5 minutes and an unlimited time.
If the drive has not restarted after the configured time, it will lock and the procedure is abandoned until it has been powered off and on again.

The detected faults which permit this type of restart are:

- Line overvoltage
- Motor thermal overload
- Drive thermal overload
- DC bus overvoltage
- Loss of one input phase
- External detected fault
- Loss of $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ reference
- CANopen bus detected fault
- Modbus serial link detected fault
- Line voltage too low. For this detected fault, the function is always active, even if it is not configured.
For these detected faults, the relay configured as a detected fault relay remains activated if the function is configured. The speed reference and direction of operation must be maintained for this function.
This function is suitable for machines or installations which are in continuous operation or are not monitored, and where a restart will not endanger equipment or personnel in any way.


## Derated operation in the event of an undervoltage

The line voltage monitoring threshold is lowered to $50 \%$ of the motor voltage. In this case, a line choke must be used and the performance of the drive cannot be guaranteed.

## Detected fault relay, unlocking

The detected fault relay is energized when the drive is powered up and has not detected a fault.
It contains an $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{C}$ contact and an N/O contact with common point.
The drive is unlocked after a detected fault in one of the following ways:

- By powering down until the ON LED goes out, then switching the drive back on
- By assigning a logic input to the External detected faults function
- By the Automatic restart function, if it has been configured


## Resetting operating time to zero

The drive operating time can be reset to zero.

## Functions (continued)

Motor thermal protection
The theoretical temperature rise of the motor is continuously calculated to provide indirect thermal protection.
Thermal protection is adjustable from 0.2 to 1.5 times the nominal drive current. This function is suitable for all applications with self-cooled motors.


Motor thermal protection curves

## Drive thermal protection

Thermal protection, by a PTC probe mounted on the heatsink or integrated in the power module, ensures that the drive is protected in the event of poor ventilation or excessive ambient temperatures.
Locks the drive in the event of a detected fault.


Drive thermal protection curves

## R1/R2 relay configuration

The following states are signalled when the relay is powered on:

- Drive detected fault
- Drive running
- Frequency threshold reached
- High speed reached
- Current threshold reached
- Frequency reference reached
- Motor thermal threshold reached
- Brake sequence (R2 only)

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

Functions (continued)
AOC/AOV analog outputs
The same data is available on analog outputs AOC and AOV.
The following assignments are possible:

- Motor current
- Motor frequency
- Motor torque
- Power supplied by the drive
- Drive detected fault
- Frequency threshold reached
- High speed reached
- Current threshold reached
- Frequency reference reached
- Motor thermal threshold reached
- Brake sequence

Adjusting analog outputs AOC/AOV modifies the characteristics of the current analog output AOC or the voltage analog output AOV.
AOC: can be set as 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA
AOV: can be set as $0-10 \mathrm{~V}$

## Saving and retrieving the configuration

It is possible to save a configuration. This function is used to store a drive configuration in addition to the current configuration.
Retrieving this configuration clears the current configuration.

## Configurable I/O

Functions which are not listed in this table are fully compatible.
Stop functions have priority over run commands.
The selection of functions is limited by:

- The number of drive I/O
- The incompatibility of certain functions with one another

| Functions | Summing inputs | +/- speed | Limit switch management | Preset speeds | PI regulator | Jog operation | Brake sequence | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DC } \\ & \text { injection } \\ & \text { stop } \end{aligned}$ | Fast stop | Freewheel stop |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Summing inputs |  | - |  | $\uparrow$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\uparrow$ |  |  |  |  |
| +/- speed | - |  |  | - | $\bigcirc$ | - |  |  |  |  |
| Limit switch management |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Preset speeds | $\leftarrow$ | - |  |  | - | $\uparrow$ |  |  |  |  |
| PI regulator | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | - |  | - | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |
| Jog operation | $\square$ | - |  | 4 | - |  | - |  |  |  |
| Brake sequence |  |  |  |  | - | - |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| DC injection stop |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Fast stop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Freewheel stop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\leftarrow$ | - |  |



Incompatible functions
Compatible functions
Not applicable

Priority functions (functions which cannot be active at the same time)
$\leftarrow \quad$ The arrow indicates which function has priority
$\uparrow \quad$ Example: the Freewheel stop function has priority over the Fast stop function
variable speed drives

## Environmental \& Connection

## Environmental specifications

| Conformity to standards |  |  | Altivar 312 drives have been developed to conform to the strictest international standards and the recommendations relating to electrical industrial control devices (IEC), in particular: <br> IEC 61800-5-1 (low voltage), IEC 61800-3 (EMC immunity and conducted and radiated EMC emissions). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EMC immunity |  |  | IEC 61800-3, Environments 1 and 2 (EMC requirement and specific test methods) IEC 61000-4-2 level 3 (electrostatic discharge immunity test) IEC 61000-4-3 level 3 (radio-frequency radiated electromagnetic field immunity test) IEC 61000-4-4 level 4 (electrical fast transient/burst immunity test) <br> IEC 61000-4-5 level 3 (surge immunity test) |
| Conducted and radiated EMC emissions for drives | ATV312H••••๑ |  | IEC 61800-3, Environments: 2 (industrial power supply) and 1 (public power supply), restricted distribution |
|  | ATV312H018M2...HU15M2 ATV312H037N4...HU4ON4 |  | IEC 61800-3 category C2 With additional EMC filter IEC 61800-3 category C1 |
|  | ATV312HU22M2, <br> ATV312HU55N4...HD15N4 |  | IEC 61800-3 category C3 With additional EMC filter (1): IEC 61800-3 category C2 IEC 61800-3 category C1 |
|  | ATV312H018M3...HD15M3 |  | With additional EMC filter ${ }^{(1)}$ : IEC 61800-3 category C2 |
| ¢€ marking |  |  | The drives are marked ( $\epsilon$ in accordance with the European low voltage (2006/95/EC) and EMC (2004/108/EC) directives |
| Product certification |  |  | UL, CSA, NOM, GOST, C-Tick and DNV |
| Degree of protection |  |  | IP 31 and IP 41 on upper part and IP 21 on connection terminals |
| Vibration resistance Drive not mounted on DIN rail |  |  | Conforming to IEC 60068-2-6: 1.5 mm peak to peak from 3 to $13 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{gn}$ from 13 to 150 Hz |
| Shock resistance |  |  | 15 gn for 11 ms conforming to IEC 60068-2-27 |
| Maximum ambient pollution Definition of insulation |  |  | Degree 2 conforming to IEC 61800-5-1 |
| Environmental conditions use |  |  | IEC 60721-3-3 classes 3C2 and 3S2 |
| Relative humidity |  | \% | 5...95\% non condensing, no dripping water, conforming to IEC 60068-2-3 |
| Ambient air temperature around the device | Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $14^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \ldots 122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ without derating <br> $14^{\circ} \mathrm{F} . . .140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ with derating removing the protective cover on top of the drive |
|  | Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \ldots+158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Maximum operating altitude | ATV312H•••••• | ft. | 3300 ft . (1000 m) without derating |
|  | ATV312H••๑M2 | ft . | Up to 6600 ft . ( 2000 m ) for single-phase supplies and corner grounded distribution networks, derating the current by $1 \%$ for each additional 330 ft . ( 100 m ) |
|  | ATV312H•••M3 ATV312H•••N4 ATV312H•••S6 | ft. | Up to 9800 ft . ( 3000 m ) for three-phase supplies, derating the current by $1 \%$ for each additional 330 ft . ( 100 m ) |
| Operating position <br> Maximum permanent angle in relation to the normal vertical mounting position |  |  |  |

(1) See table on page 49 to check the permitted cable lengths.

Connection specifications (drive terminals for line supply, motor output, DC bus and braking resistor)

| Drive terminals |  | L1, L2, L3, U, V, W, PC/-, PA/+, PB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum wire size and tightening torque | ATV312H018M2...H075M2 ATV312H018M3...HU15M3 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { (AWG 14) } \\ & 0.8 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ATV312HU11M2...HU22M2 <br> ATV312HU22M3...HU4OM3 <br> ATV312H037N4...HU4ON4 <br> ATV312H075S6...HU40S6 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { (AWG 10) } \\ & 1.2 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ATV312HU55M3, HU75M3 ATV312HU55N4, HU75N4 ATV312HU55S6, HU75S6 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { (AWG 6) } \\ & 2.5 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ATV312HD11M3, HD15M3 ATV312HD11N4, HD15N4 ATV312HD11S6, HD15S6 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { (AWG 3) } \\ & 4.5 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |
| Electrical isolation |  | Electrical isolation between power and control (inputs, outputs, power supplies) |

# Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives 

Specifications

## Drive \& Electical Power

## Drive specifications

| Output frequency range |  |  | Hz | $0 . . .500 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switching frequency |  |  | kHz | Nominal switching frequency: 4 kHz without derating in continuous operation. Adjustable during operation from $2 \ldots . .16 \mathrm{kHz}$ Above 4 kHz , derate the nominal drive current. The nominal motor current should not exceed this value. |
| Speed range |  |  |  | 1... 50 |
| Transient overtorque |  |  |  | 170...200\% of nominal motor torque (typical value) |
| Braking torque | With braking resistor | ATV312H••••• |  | $100 \%$ of nominal motor torque continuously and up to $150 \%$ for 60 s |
|  | Without braking resistor | ATV312H018M2 |  | 150\% of nominal motor torque (typical value) |
|  |  | ATV312H037M2...H075M2 <br> ATV312H018M3...H075M3 <br> ATV312H037N4...H075N4 <br> ATV312H075S6 |  | 100\% of nominal motor torque (typical value) |
|  |  | ATV312HU11M2, HU15M2 ATV312HU11M3, HU15M3 ATV312HU11N4, HU15N4 ATV312HU15S6 |  | $50 \%$ of nominal motor torque (typical value) |
|  |  | ATV312HU22M2 <br> ATV312HU22M3...HD15M3 <br> ATV312HU22N4...HD15N4 <br> ATV312HU22S6...HD15S6 |  | $30 \%$ of nominal motor torque (typical value) |
| Maximum transient current |  |  |  | 150\% of the nominal drive current for 60 seconds (typical value) |
| Motor control profiles |  |  |  | - Standard ratio (voltage/frequency) <br> - Performance ratio (sensorless flux vector control) <br> - Pump/fan ratio ( $\mathrm{Kn}^{2}$ quadratic ratio) <br> - Energy saving ratio (specifically for ventilation) |
| Frequency loop gains |  |  |  | Factory-set with speed loop stability and gain Possible options for machines with high resistive torque or high inertia, or for machines with fast cycles |
| Slip compensation |  |  |  | Automatic whatever the load. Can be inhibited or adjusted |

## Electrical Power specifications

| Power supply | Voltage | V | $200 \mathrm{~V}-15 \% \ldots 240 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%$ single-phase for ATV312••••M2 200 V - 15\% ... 240 V + 10\% three-phase for ATV312••••M3 $380 \mathrm{~V}-15 \% \ldots 500 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%$ three-phase for ATV312•••๑N4 $525 \mathrm{~V}-15 \% \ldots 600 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%$ three-phase for ATV312••••S6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Frequency | Hz | $50 . .60 \mathrm{~Hz}+5 \%$ |  |
| Prospective short-circuit current Isc | ATV312••••M2 | A | $\leqslant 1000 \mathrm{~A}$ (Isc at the connection point) for single-phase power supply |  |
|  | ATV312H018M3...HU4OM3 ATV312H037N4...HU4ON4 ATV312H075S6...HU40S6 | A | $\leqslant 5000$ A (Isc at the connection point) for three-phase power supply |  |
|  | ATV312HU55M3...HD15M3 ATV312HU55N4..HD15N4 ATV312HU55S6...HD15S6 | A | $\leqslant 22000$ A (Isc at the connection point) for three-phase power supply |  |
| Drive supply voltage and output voltage |  |  | Drive supply voltage | Drive output voltage for motor |
|  | ATV312H•••M2 | V | 200 V... 240 V single-phase | 200 V... 240 V three-phase |
|  | ATV312H•••M3 | V | 200 V... 240 V three-phase | 200 V... 240 V three-phase |
|  | ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ N4 | V | 380 V... 500 V three-phase | 380 V... 500 V three-phase |
|  | ATV312H••๑S6 | V | 525 V... 600 V three-phase | 525 V... 600 V three-phase |

## I/O \& Control specifications

| Available internal supplies |  | Protected against short-circuits and overloads: <br> - One $10 \mathrm{Vc}(0 /+8 \%)$ supply for the reference potentiometer (2.2 to $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ), maximum current 10 mA <br> - One 24 V c supply (min. 19 V , max. 30 V ) for the control logic inputs, maximum current 100 mA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Analog inputs |  | Sampling time < 8 ms <br> Resolution: 10 bits <br> Accuracy: $\pm 4.3 \%$ <br> Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \%$ of the maximum scale value Use: <br> 330 ft . ( 100 m ) maximum with shielded cable 82 ft . $(25 \mathrm{~m})$ maximum with unshielded cable |
|  | Al1 | One 0... 10 V -. analog voltage input , impedance $30 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, maximum voltage 30 V |
|  | Al2 | One $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ bipolar voltage analog input, impedance $30 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, maximum voltage 30 V |
|  | Al3 | One X-Y mA analog current input, $X$ and $Y$ programmable from 0 to 20 mA , with impedance $250 \Omega$ |
| Analog voltage outputs or analog current outputs configurable as logic outputs |  | 2 analog outputs: <br> 1 analog voltage output (AOV) <br> 1 analog current output (AOC) configurable as a logic output. These 2 analog outputs cannot be used at the same time |
|  | AOV | $0 . .10 \mathrm{~V}$--- analog voltage output, min. load impedance 470 W <br> 8 -bit resolution, accuracy $\pm 1 \%$, linearity $\pm 0.2 \%$ of the maximum scale value |
|  | $\overline{\text { AOC }}$ | $0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ analog current output, max. load impedance 800 W <br> 8 -bit resolution, accuracy $\pm 1 \%$, linearity $\pm 0.2 \%$ <br> The AOC analog output can be configured as a 24 V logic output, max. 20 mA , min. <br> load impedance 1.2 kW <br> Refresh time < 8 ms |
| Relay outputs | R1A, R1B, R1C | 1 relay logic output, one N/C contact and one N/O contact with common point Minimum switching capacity: 10 mA for $5 \mathrm{~V}=$ <br> Maximum switching capacity: <br> On resistive load ( $\cos \varphi=1$ and $L / R=0 \mathrm{~ms}$ ): 5 A for $250 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $30 \vee=$ <br> On inductive load ( $\cos \varphi=0.4$ and $L / R=7 \mathrm{~ms}$ ): 2 A for $250 \vee \sim$ or $30 \vee=$ <br> Sampling time < 8 ms <br> Switching: 100,000 operations |
|  | R2A, R2B | 1 relay logic output, one N/C contact, contact open on detected fault. <br> Minimum switching capacity: 10 mA for $5 \mathrm{~V}=$ <br> Maximum switching capacity: <br> On resistive load ( $\cos \varphi=1$ and $L / R=0 \mathrm{~ms}$ ): 5 A for $250 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $30 \vee=$ <br> On inductive load ( $\cos \varphi=0.4$ and $L / R=7 \mathrm{~ms}$ ): 2 A for $250 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ or $30 \mathrm{~V}=$ <br> Sampling time < 8 ms <br> Switching: 100,000 operations |
| LI logic inputs | LI1...LI6 | 6 programmable logic inputs, compatible with PLC level 1, <br> standard IEC/EN 61131-2 <br> Impedance 3.5 kW <br> 24 V -- internal or 24 V --. external power supply (min. 19 V , max. 30 V ) <br> Max. current: 100 mA <br> Sampling time < 4 ms <br> Multiple assignment makes it possible to configure several functions on one input (example: LI1 assigned to forward and preset speed 2, LI3 assigned to reverse and preset speed 3) |
|  | Positive logic (Source) | State 0 if $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ or logic input not wired State 1 if $>11 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | Negative logic (Sink) | State 0 if $>19 \mathrm{~V}$ or logic input not wired State 1 if < 13 V |
|  | CLI position | Connection to PLC output |
| Maximum I/O wire size and tightening torque |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \text { (AWG 14) } \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{Nm} \end{aligned}$ |

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

Specifications

## I/O \& Control

I/O \& Control specifications (continued)


Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Specifications

Communication port

## Communication Port specifications

| Available protocols |  | Modbus and CANopen protocols integrated in the drive. Both these protocols can be accessed via a single RJ45 connector on the underside of the drive. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modbus protocol |  |  |
| Structure | Connector | RJ45 |
|  | Physical interface | RS 485 |
|  | Transmission mode | RTU |
|  | Transmission speed | Configurable via the Human-Machine interface, remote display terminals or SoMove setup software: 4800, 9600 or 19200 bps |
|  | Number of subscribers | 31 |
|  | Address | 1 to 247, configurable via the Human-Machine interface, remote display terminals or SoMove setup software |
| Services | Functional profiles | CiA 402 |
|  | Messaging | Read Holding Registers (03) <br> Write Single Register (06) <br> Write Multiple Registers (16) <br> Read Device Identification (43) |
|  | Communication monitoring | Configurable |
| CANopen protocol |  |  |
| Structure | Connector | RJ45 |
|  | Network management | Slave |
|  | Transmission speed | Configurable via the Human-Machine interface, remote display terminals or SoMove setup software: 10, 20, 50, 125, 250, 500 kbps or 1 Mbps |
|  | Number of subscribers | 127 |
|  | Address (Node ID) | 1 to 127, configurable via the Human-Machine interface, remote display terminals or SoMove setup software |
| Services | Number of PDOs (Process Data Objects) | 2 PDOs: <br> - PDO 1: cannot be configured <br> - PDO 6: can be configured |
|  | PDO modes | PDO 1: asynchronous <br> PDO 6: asynchronous, Sync, cyclic asynchronous |
|  | Number of SDOs (Service Data Objects) | 1 receive SDO and 1 transmit SDO |
|  | Functional profiles | CiA 402 |
|  | Communication monitoring | Node guarding and Heartbeat, Boot-up messages, Emergency messages, Sync and NMT |
| Diagnostics | Using LEDs | On Human-Machine interface |

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives



Available continuous torque and transient overtorque


KM1: contactor
t1: KM1 opening time (motor freewheeling)
t2: acceleration with ramp
N : speed

Example of loss of output contactor

## Torque specifications

The curves opposite define the available continuous torque and transient overtorque for both force-cooled and self-cooled motors. The only difference is in the ability of the motor to provide a high continuous torque at less than half the nominal speed.
1 Self-cooled motor: continuous useful torque ${ }^{(1)}$
2 Force-cooled motor: continuous useful torque
3 Transient overtorque for 60 s
4 Transient overtorque for 2 s
5 Torque in overspeed at constant power ${ }^{(2)}$

## Special Uses

Use with a motor with a different power rating to that of the drive
The device can power any motor which has a lower rating than that for which the drive was designed.
For motor ratings slightly higher than that of the drive, check that the current taken does not exceed the continuous output current of the drive.

## Testing on a low power motor or without a motor

In a testing or maintenance environment the drive can be checked without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful in the case of high power drives). This use requires deactivation of motor phase loss detection.

## Use of motors in parallel

The device can power any motor which has a lower rating than that for which the drive was designed.
For motor ratings slightly higher than that of the drive, check that the current taken does not exceed the continuous output current of the drive.

## Motor switching at the drive output

Switching can be carried out with the drive locked or unlocked. In the case of switching on-the-fly (drive unlocked), the motor is controlled and accelerated until it reaches the reference speed smoothly following the acceleration ramp.
This use requires configuration of automatic catching a spinning load ("catch on the fly") and activation of the function which manages the presence of an output contactor.
Note: Depending on the drive rating, downstream ferrite suppressors may be required between the drive and the output contactor (see page 51).
Typical applications: loss of safety circuit at drive output, bypass function, switching of motors connected in parallel.
Recommendations for use: synchronize control of the output contactor with that of a freewheel stop request from the drive on a logic input.

[^2]
## Short Circuit Current Ratings

The combinations in the tables have been tested per UL508C (Reference UL file E116875). These ratings are in addition to ratings on the nameplate of the product. The values for the overcurrent protection devices are the maximum allowable amp size. Smaller amp ratings may be used.

Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes.

The devices are not provided with thermal protection of the motor. A sensing of motor overtemperature is required to be provided by the end user.
$167^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ copper conductor with the AWG wire size shown on nameplate for all sizes.
Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than __X__rms symmetrical kiloAmperes, __Y _ Volts maximum, when protected by Z1__ with a maximum rating of $\mathbf{Z 2}$


Three-phase without line reactor

|  | 0.25 | 0.18 | ATV312H018M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 22 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 22 |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 22 |
|  | 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 15 | 22 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 15 | 22 |
| $\begin{gathered} 208 / \\ 230 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36020 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 20 | 22 |
|  | - | 3 | ATV312HU30M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36020 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 25 | 22 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU40M3 | 5 | - | - | HxL36030 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 35 | 22 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HU55M3 | 22 | - | - | HxL36040 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 50 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HU75M3 | 22 | - | - | HxL36060 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 60 | 22 |
|  | 15 | 11 | ATV312HD11M3 | 22 | - | - | HxL36070 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 80 | 22 |
|  | 20 | 15 | ATV312HD15M3 | 22 | - | - | HxL36090 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 110 | 22 |
|  | 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 5 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 5 |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 5 |
|  | 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 5 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 5 |
| 400/ | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 15 | 5 |
| 480 V | - | 3 | ATV312HU30N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 15 | 5 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU40N4 | 5 | - | - | HxL36015 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 20 | 5 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HU55N4 | 22 | - | - | HxL36020 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 30 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HU75N4 | 22 | - | - | HxL36030 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 35 | 22 |
|  | 15 | 11 | ATV312HD11N4 | 22 | - | - | HxL36035 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 50 | 22 |
|  | 20 | 15 | ATV312HD15N4 | 22 | - | - | HxL36050 | 22 | - | - | - | - | 70 | 22 |

[^3]
## Short Circuit Current Ratings

| Altivar 312 Drive |  |  |  |  |  |  | Short Circuit Current Ratings ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | with circuit breaker |  | with GV•P |  |  |  | with fuses |  |
| Input Voltage 60 Hz | HP | kW | Part number ${ }^{(7)}$ | Input rating ${ }^{(1)}$ : <br> (kA) | Minimum inductance ( mH ) | Line reactor part number | PowerPact | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SCCR } \\ & (\mathrm{kA})^{(4)} \end{aligned}$ | GV•P <br> Type E ${ }^{(4,5)}$ | GV•P <br> Voltage rating <br> (V) | GVoP <br> Power <br> (HP) ${ }^{(8)}$ | SCCR <br> (kA) | Fuse <br> (A) ${ }^{(6)}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SCCR } \\ (\mathrm{kA})^{(3,4)} \end{gathered}$ |
| Y |  |  |  |  |  |  | Z1, $\mathbf{Z 2}$ | X | Z1, Z2 |  |  |  | Z1, $\mathbf{Z 2}$ | X |

Three-phase with line reactor

| $\begin{gathered} 208 / \\ 230 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 0.25 | 0.18 | ATV312H018M3 | 5 | 3 | RL-00401 | HxL36015 | 65 | - | - | - | 65 | 3 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037M3 | 5 | 3 | RL-00401 | HxL36015 | 65 | - | - | - | 65 | 6 | 22 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055M3 | 5 | 3 | RL-00401 | HxL36015 | 65 | - | - | - | 65 | 10 | 22 |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075M3 | 5 | 3 | RL-00401 | HxL36015 | 65 | - | - | - | 65 | 10 | 22 |
|  | 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11M3 | 5 | 1.5 | RL-00801 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P14 | 240 | 3 | 65 | 15 | 22 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15M3 | 5 | 1.5 | RL-00801 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P14 | 240 | 3 | 65 | 15 | 22 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22M3 | 5 | 1.25 | RL-01201 | HxL36020 | 65 | GV3P18/13 | 240 | 5/3 | 65 | 20 | 22 |
|  | - | 3 | ATV312HU30M3 | 5 | 1.25 | RL-01801 | HxL36020 | 65 | GV3P18 | 240 | 5 | 65 | 25 | 22 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU40M3 | 5 | 1.25 | RL-01801 | HxL36030 | 65 | GV3P25 | 240 | 7.5 | 65 | 35 | 22 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HU55M3 | 22 | 0.5 | RL-02501 | HxL36040 | 65 | GV3P40/32 | 240 | 10/7.5 | 65 | 50 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HU75M3 | 22 | 0.4 | RL-03501 | HxL36060 | 65 | GV3P50 | 240 | 10 | 65 | 60 | 22 |
|  | 15 | 11 | ATV312HD11M3 | 22 | 0.3 | RL-04501 | HxL36070 | 65 | GV3P65 | 240 | 15 | 65 | 80 | 22 |
|  | 20 | 15 | ATV312HD15M3 | 22 | 0.2 | RL-08001 | HxL36090 | 65 | - | - | - | - | 110 | 22 |
| $\begin{gathered} 400 / \\ 480 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037N4 | 5 | 12 | RL00201 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P07 | 480Y/277 | 1 | 65 | 3 | 100 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055N4 | 5 | 12 | RL00201 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P07 | 480Y/277 | 1 | 65 | 6 | 100 |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075N4 | 5 | 12 | RL00201 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P08 | 480Y/277 | 2 | 65 | 6 | 100 |
|  | 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11N4 | 5 | 6.5 | RL00402 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P08 | 480Y/277 | 2 | 65 | 10 | 100 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15N4 | 5 | 6.5 | RL00402 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P10 | 480Y/277 | 3 | 65 | 10 | 100 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22N4 | 5 | 5 | RL00803 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P14 | 480Y/277 | 5 | 65 | 15 | 100 |
|  | - | 3 | ATV312HU30N4 | 5 | 3 | RL00802 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV2P14 | 480Y/277 | 5 | 65 | 15 | 100 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU40N4 | 5 | 3 | RL00802 | HxL36015 | 65 | GV3P13 | 480Y/277 | 7.5 | 65 | 20 | 100 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HU55N4 | 22 | 2.5 | RL01202 | HxL36020 | 65 | GV3P18 | 480Y/277 | 7.5 | 65 | 30 | 100 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HU75N4 | 22 | 1.5 | RL01802 | HxL36030 | 65 | GV3P25 | 480Y/277 | 15 | 65 | 35 | 100 |
|  | 15 | 11 | ATV312HD11N4 | 22 | 1.2 | RL02502 | HxL36035 | 65 | GV3P32 | 480Y/277 | 20 | 65 | 50 | 100 |
|  | 20 | 15 | ATV312HD15N4 | 22 | 0.8 | RL03502 | HxL36050 | 65 | GV3P40 | 480Y/277 | 25 | 65 | 70 | 100 |
| $\begin{gathered} 575 / \\ 600 \text { V } \end{gathered}$ | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075S6 | 5 | 20 | RL-00202 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 22 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15S6 | 5 | 9 | RL-00403 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 22 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22S6 | 5 | 6.5 | RL-00402 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 22 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU40S6 | 5 | 5 | RL-00803 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 22 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HU55S6 | 22 | 2.5 | RL-01202 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HU75S6 | 22 | 2.5 | RL-01202 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 25 | 22 |
|  | 15 | 11 | ATV312HD11S6 | 22 | 1.5 | RL-01802 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 35 | 22 |
|  | 20 | 15 | ATV312HD15S6 | 22 | 1.2 | RL-02502 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 45 | 22 |

*footnotes on page 31
variable speed drives

## Short Circuit Current Ratings

| Altivar 312 Drive |  |  |  |  |  |  | Short Circuit Current Ratings ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | with circuit breaker |  | with GV•P |  |  |  | with fuses |  |
| Input Voltage 60 Hz <br> Y | HP | kW | Part number ${ }^{(7)}$ | Input rating ${ }^{(1)}$ : <br> (kA) | Minimum inductance (mH) | Line reactor part number | PowerPact $\mathbf{Z 1}, \mathbf{Z 2}$ | SCCR <br> (kA) ${ }^{(4)}$ <br>  <br> $X$ | GV•P <br> Type E ${ }^{(4,5)}$ $\mathbf{Z 1}, \mathbf{Z 2}$ | GVoP Voltage rating (V) | GV•P <br> Power <br> (HP) ${ }^{(8)}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SCCR } \\ & \text { (kA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Fuse (A) }{ }^{(6)}$ $\mathbf{Z 1}, \mathbf{Z 2}$ | SCCR <br> (kA) ${ }^{(3,4)}$ <br> X |
| Single-phase without line reactor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 208 / \\ 230 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 0.25 | 0.18 | ATV312H018M2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 22 |
|  | 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037M2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 22 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055M2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 22 |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075M2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 22 |
|  | 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11M2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | 22 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15M2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | 22 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22M2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30 | 22 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU75M3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 60 | 22 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HD11M3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 80 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HD15M3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 110 | 22 |
| $\begin{gathered} 400 / \\ 480 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H075N4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 5 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312HU11N4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 5 |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312HU15N4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 5 |
|  | 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU22N4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 5 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU30N4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 5 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU40N4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | 5 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU55N4 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30 | 22 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU75N4 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 35 | 22 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HD11N4 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HD15N4 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 70 | 22 |
| Single-phase with line reactor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 208 / \\ 230 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU75M3 | 22 | 0.75 | RL-03502 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 60 | 22 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HD11M3 | 22 | 0.375 | RL-05502 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 80 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HD15M3 | 22 | 0.278 | RL-08002 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 110 | 22 |
| $\begin{gathered} 400 / \\ 480 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H075N4 | 5 | 5.79 | RL-00402 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 22 |
|  | 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312HU11N4 | 5 | 4.27 | RL-00402 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 22 |
|  | 1 | 0.75 | ATV312HU15N4 | 5 | 4.27 | RL-00803 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 22 |
|  | 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU22N4 | 5 | 2.77 | RL-00802 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 22 |
|  | 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU30N4 | 5 | 2.77 | RL-00802 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 22 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU40N4 | 5 | 1.68 | RL-01202 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | 22 |
|  | 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU55N4 | 22 | 1.29 | RL-01802 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30 | 22 |
|  | 5 | 4 | ATV312HU75N4 | 22 | 0.912 | RL-02502 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 35 | 22 |
|  | 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HD11N4 | 22 | 0.694 | RL-03502 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50 | 22 |
|  | 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HD15N4 | 22 | 0.569 | RL-04502 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 70 | 22 |

[^4]
# Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives 

## Short Circuit Current Ratings

## Short Circuit Current Ratings

(1) This column shows the maximum prospective short-circuit current value for which these Altivar 312 drives can be installed on without adding impedance. Electrical distribution systems with a higher prospective short-circuit current will cause higher input currents in the front end of the drive.
Add inductance referred to in the table at the input of the drive if installing the drive on a system with higher prospective short-circuit current. A 3\% (minimum) input line reactor or equivalent inductance is required for the 500/600 Vac Altivar 312 drives and provides the listed value with the listed fuse protection.
(2) An output short-circuit test was performed for 100 kA . In addition to this test, a breakdown of components test was performed by shorting components internal to the drive. These ratings allow proper coordination of short-circuit protection.
(3) Ratings also apply to ATV312 Type 1 product, i.e.: an ATV312 fitted with a conduit box.
(4) Ratings apply to an ATV312 mounted in a non-ventilated Type 1, 3R, 4(X) or 12 rated enclosure. Minimum enclosure volume is 3.375 times the drive volume
(5) $480 \mathrm{Y} / 277 \mathrm{~V}$ ratings are for Wye connected electrical distribution systems only. GV2P $\bullet \bullet$ self protected manual combination starter must be used with GV2GH7 insulating barrier to meet UL 508 Type E rating. GV3P•e must be used with GV3G66 and GVAM11 in order to meet UL508 Type E rating.
(6) Fuse type: Class J, can be fast acting or time delay, or Class CC.
(7) Available also for B products. Example: ATV312H018M3B
(8) UL508C Par. 57.1 requires publishing the standard Type E combination motor controller power rating since this is a basic identification marking of the Type E devices. However, when applied as an input overcurrent protective device for a drive, the rated current of the Type E combination motor controller, not the rated power, is the key parameter for dimensioning (reference UL508C paragraph 45.8.11 and 45.8.12). Schneider Electric GV•P Type E combination motor controllers are adjustable, their current range is shown on the adjustment dial and their selection is based on the input current and not power rating of the drive.


ATV312H037M2


ATV312HU15N4


ATV312HU30N4


ATV312HU75N4

## Selection Table

| Motor | Line supply |  |  | Altivar 312 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power indicated on rating plate ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. line current ${ }^{(2),(3)}$ | Apparent power | Max. prospective line Isc ${ }^{(4)}$ | Max. continuous output current (In) ${ }^{(1)}$ | Max. transient current for 60 s | Power dissipated at maximum output current (In) ${ }^{(1)}$ | Part numbers | Weight |
|  | at U1 at U2 | at U2 |  | at U2 |  |  |  |  |
| HP kW | A A | kVA | kA | A | A | W |  | lbs kg |

Single-phase supply voltage: $200 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, with integrated EMC filter ${ }^{(3),(5),(6)}$

| 0.25 | 0.18 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 1 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 24 | ATV312H018M2 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 | 0.37 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 5 | 41 | ATV312H037M2 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| 0.75 | 0.55 | 6.8 | 5.8 | 1.4 | 1 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 46 | ATV312H055M2 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| 1 | 0.75 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 1.8 | 1 | 4.8 | 7.2 | 60 | ATV312H075M2 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| 1.5 | 1.1 | 12.1 | 10.2 | 2.4 | 1 | 6.9 | 10.4 | 74 | ATV312HU11M2 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| 2 | 1.5 | 15.8 | 13.3 | 3.2 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 90 | ATV312HU15M2 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| 3 | 2.2 | 21.9 | 18.4 | 4.4 | 1 | 11 | 16.5 | 123 | ATV312HU22M2 | 4.2 | 3.1 |

Three-phase supply voltage: $200 \ldots 240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, without EMC filter ${ }^{(3),(7)}$

| 0.25 | 0.18 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 5 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 23 | ATV312H018M3 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.5 | 0.37 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 5 | 3.3 | 5 | 38 | ATV312H037M3 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| 0.75 | 0.55 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 5 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 43 | ATV312H055M3 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| 1 | 0.75 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 2.2 | 5 | 4.8 | 7.2 | 55 | ATV312H075M3 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| 1.5 | 1.1 | 8.5 | 7.4 | 3 | 5 | 6.9 | 10.4 | 71 | ATV312HU11M3 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| 2 | 1.5 | 11.1 | 9.6 | 3.8 | 5 | 8 | 12 | 86 | ATV312HU15M3 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| 3 | 2.2 | 14.9 | 13 | 5.2 | 5 | 11 | 16.5 | 114 | ATV312HU22M3 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| - | 3 | 19.1 | 16.6 | 6.6 | 5 | 13.7 | 20.6 | 146 | ATV312HU30M3 | 3.9 | 2.9 |
| 5 | 4 | 24.2 | 21.1 | 8.4 | 5 | 17.5 | 26.3 | 180 | ATV312HU40M3 | 3.9 | 2.9 |
| 7.5 | 5.5 | 36.8 | 32 | 12.8 | 22 | 27.5 | 41.3 | 292 | ATV312HU55M3 | 8.6 | 6.4 |
| 10 | 7.5 | 46.8 | 40.9 | 16.2 | 22 | 33 | 49.5 | 388 | ATV312HU75M3 | 8.6 | 6.4 |
| 15 | 11 | 63.5 | 55.6 | 22 | 22 | 54 | 81 | 477 | ATV312HD11M3 | 14.1 | 10.5 |
| 20 | 15 | 82.1 | 71.9 | 28.5 | 22 | 66 | 99 | 628 | ATV312HD15M3 | 14.1 | 10.5 |

Three-phase supply voltage: $380 \ldots . .500 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{50/60} \mathrm{~Hz}$, with integrated EMC filter ${ }^{(3),(5), 6)}$

| 0.5 | 0.37 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 5 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 32 | ATV312H037N4 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.75 | 0.55 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 5 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 37 | ATV312H055N4 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| 1 | 0.75 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 5 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 41 | ATV312H075N4 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| 1.5 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5 | 3 | 4.5 | 48 | ATV312HU11N4 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| 2 | 1.5 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 5 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 61 | ATV312HU15N4 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| 3 | 2.2 | 8.9 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 5 | 5.5 | 8.3 | 79 | ATV312HU22N4 | 4.2 | 3.1 |
| - | 3 | 10.9 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 5 | 7.1 | 10.7 | 125 | ATV312HU30N4 | 4.2 | 3.1 |
| 5 | 4 | 13.9 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 5 | 9.5 | 14.3 | 150 | ATV312HU40N4 | 4.2 | 3.1 |
| 7.5 | 5.5 | 21.9 | 16.5 | 15 | 22 | 14.3 | 21.5 | 232 | ATV312HU55N4 | 8.7 | 6.5 |
| 10 | 7.5 | 27.7 | 21 | 18 | 22 | 17 | 25.5 | 269 | ATV312HU75N4 | 8.7 | 6.5 |
| 15 | 11 | 37.2 | 28.4 | 25 | 22 | 27.7 | 41.6 | 397 | ATV312HD11N4 | 14.8 | 11 |
| 20 | 15 | 48.2 | 36.8 | 32 | 22 | 33 | 49.5 | 492 | ATV312HD15N4 | 14.8 | 11 |

Three-phase supply voltage: $525 . . .600 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, without EMC filter ${ }^{(3),(8)}$

| 1 | 0.75 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 5 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 36 | ATV312H075S6 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1.5 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 5 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 48 | ATV312HU15S6 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| 3 | 2.2 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 5 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 62 | ATV312HU22S6 | 3.9 | 2.9 |
| 5 | 4 | 10.7 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 5 | 6.1 | 9.2 | 94 | ATV312HU40S6 | 3.9 | 2.9 |
| 7.5 | 5.5 | 16.2 | 14.1 | 15 | 22 | 9 | 13.5 | 133 | ATV312HU55S6 | 8.3 | 6.2 |
| 10 | 7.5 | 21.3 | 18.5 | 19 | 22 | 11 | 16.5 | 165 | ATV312HU75S6 | 8.3 | 6.2 |
| 15 | 11 | 27.8 | 24.4 | 25 | 22 | 17 | 25.5 | 257 | ATV312HD11S6 | 13.4 | 10 |
| 20 | 15 | 36.4 | 31.8 | 33 | 22 | 22 | 33 | 335 | ATV312HD15S6 | 13.4 | 10 |

(1) These values are given for a nominal switching frequency of 4 kHz , for use in continuous operation. The switching frequency is adjustable from 2 to 16 kHz . Above 4 kHz , derate the nominal drive current. The nominal motor current should not exceed this value. See derating curves on page 54.
(2) Typical value for a 4-pole motor and a maximum switching frequency of 4 kHz , with no line choke for max. prospective line Isc (4)
(3) Nominal supply voltage, min. U1, max. U2: 200 (U1) ... 240 V (U2), 380 (U1) ... 500 V (U2), 525 (U1) .. 600 V (U2).
(4) If line Isc is greater than the values in the table, add line chokes (see page 47).
(5) Drives supplied with category C2 or C3 integrated EMC filter. This filter can be disconnected.
(6) If a communication card is used, it takes the place of the control I/O card. To reduce installation costs, the drive can be ordered without a control I/O card. To do this, simply add a B at the end of the reference. For example: ATV312H075N4 becomes ATV312H075N4B. The communication card must be ordered separately (see page 36).
(7) EMC filter available as an option (see page 49).
(8) Mandatory line choke to be ordered separately (see page 47)
variable speed drives

| ATV312H018M2..H075M2, ATV312H018M3...H075M3 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| without EMC mounting plate (supplied with the drive) | with EMC mounting plate (supplied with the drive) |


| ATV312 unit | c | c1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| H018M2, H037M2 | 132 | 61.5 |
| H055M2, H075M2 | 142 | 61.5 |
| H018M3, H037M3 | 122 | 51.5 |
| H055M3, H075M3 | 132 | 51.5 |



| ATV312 unit | a | b | c | d | G | $H$ | $J$ | K | $\varnothing$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HU11M3, HU15M3 | 105 | 143 | 132 | 49 | 93 | 121.5 | 5 | 16.5 | $2 \times \varnothing 5$ |
| HU11M2, HU15M2 <br> HU22M3 | 107 | 143 | 152 | 49 | 93 | 121.5 | 5 | 16.5 | $2 \times \varnothing 5$ |
| H037N4..HU15N4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| H075S6, HU15S6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

variable speed drives

| without EMC mounting plate (supplied with the drive) | EMC mounting plate (supplied with the drive) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |


| without EMC mounting plate (supplied with the drive) | EMC mounting plate (supplied with the drive) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

Accessories \& Options


Plate for mounting on DIN rail

Accessories

| Description | For drives | Sold in lots of | Part numbers | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ibs | kg |
| Plates for mounting on DIN rail width 35 mm | ATV312H018M2...H075M2 <br> ATV312H018M3...H075M3 | - | VW3A9804 | 0.64 | 0.29 |
|  | ATV312HU11M2, HU15M2 ATV312HU11M3...HU22M3 ATV312H037N4...HU15N4 ATV312H075S6, HU15S6 | - | VW3A9805 | 0.85 | 0.39 |
| UL Type 1 conformity kits <br> Mechanical device for mounting to the lower part of the drive. <br> For direct connection of cables to the drive via tubes or cable glands | ATV312H018M2...H075M2 | - | VW3A31812 | 0.88 | 0.40 |
|  | ATV312H018M3...H075M3 | - | VW3A31811 | 0.88 | 0.40 |
|  | ATV312HU11M3, HU15M3 | - | VW3A31813 | 0.88 | 0.40 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ATV312HU11M2, HU15M2 } \\ \text { ATV312HU22M3 } \\ \text { ATV312H037N4...HU15N4 } \\ \text { ATV312H075S6, HU15S6 } \end{gathered}$ | - | VW3A31814 | 1.10 | 0.50 |
|  | ATV312HU22M2 <br> ATV312HU30M3, HU40M3 ATV312HU22N4...HU4ON4 ATV312HU22S6, HU4OS6 | - | VW3A31815 | 1.10 | 0.50 |
|  | ATV312HU55M3, HU75M3 ATV312HU55N4, HU75N4 ATV312HU55S6, HU75S6 | - | VW3A31816 | 1.98 | 0.90 |
|  | ATV312HD11M3, HD15M3 ATV312HD11N4, HD15N4 ATV312HD11S6, HD15S6 | - | VW3A31817 | 2.65 | 1.20 |
| Shielding connection clamps <br> Attachment and grounding of the cable shielding <br> Pack of 25 clamps including: <br> - 20 clamps for $\varnothing 4.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ cable <br> - 5 clamps for $\varnothing 7.9 \mathrm{~mm}$ cable | ATV312H••••๑ | 25 | TM200RSRCEMC | - | - |



Replacement fan (VZ3V3101)

## Replacement parts

| Description | For drives | Part numbers | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Ibs | kg |
| ATV312 control I/O card | ATV312H・セ・•๑ | VW3A31201 | 0.44 | 0.20 |
| Fans | ATV312HU11M2, HU15M2 ATV312HU11M3, HU22M3 ATV312H037N4, HU15N4 ATV312H075S6, HU15S6 | VZ3V3101 | 0.44 | 0.20 |
|  | ATV312HU22M2 ATV312HU30M3, HU40M3 ATV312HU22N4, HU4ON4 ATV312HU22S6, HU40S6 | VZ3V3102 | 0.44 | 0.20 |
|  | ATV312HU55M3, HU75M3 ATV312HU55N4, HU75N4 ATV312HU55S6, HU75S6 | VZ3V3103 | 0.44 | 0.20 |
|  | ATV312HD11M3, HD15M3 ATV312HD11N4, HD15N4 ATV312HD11S6, HD15S6 | VZ3V3104 | 0.66 | 0.30 |

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives



Example of configuration on Modbus serial link

Example of configuration on CANopen machine bus


## Accessories \& Options

Communication buses \& networks

## Communication Buses \& Networks

The Altivar 312 drive is designed to meet the configuration requirements found in the main industrial communication installations.

It includes the Modbus and CANopen communication protocols as standard. It can also be connected to other industrial communication buses and networks using one of the communication cards or modules that are available as options.

Standard configuration
The Altivar 312 drive is equipped with a control I/O card 1 which integrates:

- I/O terminals, comprising:
$\square$ Six logic inputs: LI1 to LI6
$\square$ Three analog inputs: Al1 to Al3
$\square$ Two analog outputs: AOV and AOC ${ }^{(1)}$
$\square$ Two relay outputs: R1 and R2
- A Modbus/CANopen communication port, that is accessed on an RJ45 connector

The Modbus/CANopen communication port is specifically for controlling the drive via a PLC or another type of controller.
It is also used for connecting dialogue and configuration tools:

- Remote display terminal
- Remote graphic display terminal
- SoMove setup software
- Simple Loader and Multi-Loader configuration tools


## Communication cards for industrial applications

Several communication cards for industrial applications 2 are available as options.
These cards are used in place of the drive's control I/O card 1
The following communication cards are available:

- CANopen Daisy chain card (optimized solution for daisy chain connection to CANopen machine bus, see page 40)
- DeviceNet card
- PROFIBUS DP card


## Communication modules

The Altivar 312 drive can be connected to other communication buses and networks via modules that are available as options:
■ Modbus TCP network via the Ethernet/Modbus bridge

- Fipio bus via the Fipio/Modbus gateway
(1) These two outputs cannot be used at the same time.


Example of installation of a communication card

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives



CANopen Daisy Chain card (VW3A31208)

## Communication buses and networks

## Functions

All the functions of the Altivar 312 drive can be accessed via the communication buses and networks:

- Control
- Monitoring
- Adjustment
- Configuration

The speed control and reference may come from different control sources:

- Logic input or analog I/O terminals
- Communication bus or network
- Remote display terminal

The advanced functions of the Altivar 312 drive can be used to manage switching of these control sources according to the requirements of the application.
The assignment of the communication periodic I/O data can be selected using the network configuration software.
The Altivar 312 drive is controlled using the CiA 402 native profile.
Communication is monitored according to criteria specific to each protocol.
Regardless of protocol type, the reaction of the drive to a communication detected
fault can be configured as follows:

- Freewheel stop, stop on ramp, fast stop or braked stop
- Maintain the last command received
- Fallback position at a predefined speed
- Ignore the detected fault
Characteristics of the CANopen Daisy Chain card VW3A31208


## Structure Connector

4 connectors:

- 1 removable screw terminal block:

ㅁ 3 logic inputs: LI1 to LI3
ㅁ 2 analog inputs: AI2 and AI3

- 1 relay output: R2
- 2 RJ45 connectors for daisy-chain connection to the CANopen machine bus
- 1 RJ45 connector for connection to the Modbus serial link
(1) The other characteristics of the CANopen Daisy chain card are identical to those of the drive's CANopen protocol. See page 40.

| Characteristics of the DeviceNet card VW3A31209 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Structure | Connector | 3 connectors: <br> 1 removable screw terminal block: <br> - 3 logic inputs: LI1 to LI3 <br> - 2 analog inputs: AI2 and Al 3 <br> - 1 relay output: R2. <br> - 1 five-way screw connector, 5.08 pitch, for connection to the DeviceNet network <br> - 1 RJ45 connector for connection to the Modbus serial link |
|  | Transmission speed | 125 kbps, 250 kbps or 500 kbps , configurable using switches on the card |
|  | Address | 1 to 63, configurable using switches on the card |
| Services | Periodic variables | ODVA AC drive type profile 20, 21, 70 and 71 ATV 312 native profile (CiA 402) 100 and 101 |
|  | Exchange mode | Inputs: by polling, change of state, periodic Outputs: by polling |
|  | Auto Device Replacement | No |
|  | Communication monitoring | Can be inhibited <br> Time out can be set via the DeviceNet network configurator |
| Diagnostics | Using LEDs | One two-tone LED on the card: "MNS" (status) |

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options

Communication buses \& networks

## Communication buses and networks

| Characteristics of the PROFIBUS DP card VW3A31207 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Structure | Connector | 3 connectors: <br> 1 removable screw terminal block: <br> - 3 logic inputs: LI1 to LI3 <br> - 2 analog inputs: Al 2 and Al 3 <br> - 1 relay output: R2. <br> - 1 screw terminal block for connection to the PROFIBUS DP bus <br> - 1 RJ45 connector for connection to the Modbus serial link |
|  | Transmission speed | 9600 bps, $19.2 \mathrm{kbps}, 93.75 \mathrm{kbps}, 187.5 \mathrm{kbps}, 500 \mathrm{kbps}, 1.5 \mathrm{Mbps}, 3 \mathrm{Mbps}, 6 \mathrm{Mbps}$ or 12 Mbps |
|  | Address | 1 to 126, configurable using switches on the card |
| Services | Periodic variables | Input: 4 PKW and 2 PZD Output: 4 PKW and 2 PZD |
|  | Messaging | Via PKW periodic variables |
|  | Functional profile | IEC 61800-7 (CiA 402) |
| Diagnostics | Using LEDs | 2 LEDs on the card: "ST" (status) and "DX" (data exchange) |



PROFIBUS DP card (VW3A31207)

Communication card part numbers (')

| Description | Part numbers | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ibs | kg |
| CANopen Daisy chain communication card for daisy chaining (see page 40) | VW3A31208 | 0.44 | 0.20 |
| DeviceNet communication card | VW3A31209 | 0.44 | 0.20 |
| PROFIBUS DP communication card | VW3A31207 | 0.44 | 0.20 |

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options

Communication buses \& networks

## Communication buses and networks

## Modbus serial link

## Accessories for connection via splitter boxes and RJ45 connectors

| Accessories for connection via splitter boxes and RJ45 connectors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Item no. | Length |  | Part numbers | Weight |  |
|  |  | ft | m |  | Ibs | kg |
| Modbus splitter box 10 RJ45 connectors and 1 screw terminal block | 1 | - | - | LU9GC3 | 1.10 | 0.50 |
| Cables for Modbus serial link equipped with 2 RJ45 connectors | 2 | 0.98 | 0.3 | VW3A8306R03 | 0.06 | 0.025 |
|  |  | 3.28 | 1 | VW3A8306R10 | 0.13 | 0.06 |
|  |  | 9.84 | 3 | VW3A8306R30 | 0.29 | 0.13 |
| Modbus T-connectors (with integrated cable) | 3 | 0.98 | 0.3 | VW3A8306TF03 | - | - |
|  |  | 3.28 | 1 | VW3A8306TF10 | - | - |
| Modbus line terminators for RJ45 connector ${ }^{(3)}{ }^{(4)}$ | 4 | - | - | VW3A8306RC | 0.44 | 0.20 |
|  | 4 | - | - | VW3A8306R | 0.44 | 0.20 |
| Accessories for connection via tap junctions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Itemno. | Length |  | Part numbers | Weight |  |
|  |  | ft | m |  | Ibs | kg |
| Modbus subscriber socket <br> Two 15-way female SUB-D connectors and 2 screw terminal blocks, RC line terminator To be connected using cable VW3A8306 | 5 | - | - | TSXSCA62 | 1.26 | 0.57 |
| Modbus junction box <br> 3 screw terminal blocks, RC line terminator To be connected using cable VW3A8306D30 | 6 | - | - | TSXSCA50 | 1.15 | 0.52 |
| RS 485 double shielded twisted pair Modbus cables <br> Supplied without connector | 7 | 328.08 | 100 | TSXCSA100 | - | - |
|  |  | 656.17 | 200 | TSXCSA200 | - | - |
|  |  | 1640.4 | 500 | TSXCSA500 | - | - |
| Modbus drop cable <br> 1 RJ45 connector and $1 \times 15$-way male SUB-D connector for TSXSCA62 | 8 | 9.84 | 3 | VW3A8306 | 0.33 | 0.15 |
| Modbus drop cable 1 RJ45 connector and one stripped end | 9 | 9.84 | 3 | VW3A8306D30 | 0.33 | 0.15 |
| Modbus line terminators for screw terminal block ${ }^{(3)}{ }^{(4)}$ | 10 | - | - | VW3A8306DRC | 0.44 | 0.20 |
|  | 10 | - | - | VW3A8306DR | 0.44 | 0.20 |

(1) Please refer to the "M340 Automation platform" catalog below.
(2) Cable dependent on the type of controller or PLC.
(3) Depends on the bus architecture. Please refer to the "Soft starters and variable speed drives" catalog. (4) Sold in lots of 2 .


TSXSCA62


TSXSCA50

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options



Optimized solution for daisy chain connection to the CANopen machine bus


Conventional solution for connection to the CANopen machine bus


TCSCAR013M120

## Communication buses and networks

| CANopen machine bus |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connection with CANopen Daisy chain communication card (optimized solution for daisy chain connection to the CANopen machine bus) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Item no. | Length |  | Reference | Weight |  |
|  |  | ft | m |  | Ibs | kg |
| CANopen Daisy chain communication card | 1 | - | - | VW3A31208 | 0.44 | 0.2 |
| CANopen line terminator for RJ45 connector ${ }^{(4)}$ | 2 | - | - | TCSCAR013M120 | - | - |
| CANopen cables fitted with 2 RJ45 connectors | 3 | 0.98 | 0.3 | VW3CANCARR03 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
|  |  | 3.28 | 1 | VW3CANCARR1 | 1.10 | 0.5 |
| Other connection accessories and cables ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Description | Item no. | Length |  | Unit reference | Weight |  |
|  |  | ft | m |  | Ibs | kg |
| CANopen cable <br> Standard cable, ( $\in$ marking Low smoke emission, halogen-free Flame retardant (IEC 60332-1) | 4 | 164.04 | 50 | TSXCANCA50 | 10.87 | 4.93 |
|  |  | 328.08 | 100 | TSXCANCA100 | 19.40 | 8.8 |
|  |  | 984.25 | 300 | TSXCANCA300 | 54.15 | 24.56 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CANopen cable <br> Standard cable, UL certification, ( $\in$ marking <br> Flame retardant (IEC 60332-2) | 4 | 164.04 | 50 | TSXCANCB50 | 7.89 | 3.58 |
|  |  | 328.08 | 100 | TSXCANCB100 | 17.28 | 7.84 |
|  |  | 984.25 | 300 | TSXCANCB300 | 48.22 | 21.87 |
| CANopen cable <br> Cable for harsh environments ${ }^{(3)}$ or mobile installations, C $\in$ marking Low smoke emission, halogen-free Flame retardant (IEC 60332-1) | 4 | 164.04 | 50 | TSXCANCD50 | 7.74 | 3.51 |
|  |  | 328.08 | 100 | TSXCANCD100 | 17.13 | 7.77 |
|  |  | 984.25 | 300 | TSXCANCD300 | 47.84 | 21.7 |
| IP20 CANopen junction boxes equipped with: 2 screw terminal blocks for trunk cable tap link 2 RJ45 connectors for connecting drives 1 RJ45 connector for connecting a PC | 5 | - | - | VW3CANTAP2 | 0.55 | 0.25 |
| Daisy chain tap <br> equipped with: <br> 2 spring terminals for daisy chain connection of the CANopen bus 1 cable equipped with an RJ45 connector for connecting a drive | - | 1.97 | 0.6 | TCSCTN026M16M | - | - |
| Daisy chain tap <br> equipped with: <br> 2 RJ45 connectors for daisy chain connection of the CANopen bus 1 cable equipped with an RJ45 connector for connecting a drive | - | 0.98 | 0.3 | TCSCTN023F13M03 | - | - |
| CANopen line terminator for screw terminal connector ${ }^{(4)}$ | - | - | - | TCSCAR01NM120 | - | - |

(1) For other connection accessories, please refer to the "Machine \& installations with industrial communication"
catalogue.
(2) Please refer to the "M340 Automation platform" catalogue.
(3) Standard environment:

- No particular environmental constraints
- Operating temperature between $41^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ and $\left.60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
- Fixed installation

Harsh environment:

- Resistance to hydrocarbons, industrial oils, detergents, solder splashes
- Relative humidity up to 100\%
- Saline atmosphere

Operating temperature between $14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ and $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

- Significant temperature variations
(4) Sold in lots of of 2.


## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

LUFP1


## Accessories \& Options

Communication buses \& networks

Communication buses and networks

| Other communication buses and networks |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Cables to be connected | Part numbers | Weight |  |
|  |  |  | Ibs | kg |
| Ethernet gateway/router ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> Modbus <br> Class B10 <br> For connection to the Modbus TCP network | VW3A8306D30 ${ }^{(2)}$ | TSXETG100 | - | - |
| Fipio/Modbus gateway ${ }^{(3)}$ For connection to the Fipio bus | VW3A8306R・セ ${ }^{(2)}$ | LUFP1 | 0.53 | 0.24 |

(1) Please refer to the "Machine \& installations with industrial communication" catalog.
(2) See page 39.
(3) Please refer to the "TeSys U starter-controllers" catalog.


TSXETG100

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options <br> Configuration tools



Remote display terminal with cover off


Remote display terminal with cover in place


Remote graphic display terminal

## Configuration tools

## Remote display terminal ${ }^{(1)}$

This terminal is used to locate the human-machine interface of the Altivar 312 drive remotely on the door of an enclosure with IP 54 or IP 65 protection.
It is used to:

- Control, adjust and configure the drive remotely
- Display the drive status and detected faults remotely

Its maximum operating temperature is $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
14-digit display
2 Navigation $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ and selection ENT, ESC keys
3 Motor local control keys:
$\square$ RUN: starts the motor
$\square$ FWD/REV: reverses the direction of rotation of the motor
$\square$ STOP/RESET: stops the motor/resets drive detected faults
4 Operating mode selection key MODE.
5 Cover for optional access to the motor local control keys.

| Description | Degree of protection | Length |  | Part numbers | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ft | m |  | Ibs | kg |
| Remote display terminals | IP 54 |  | - | VW3A1006 | 0.55 | 0.25 |
| A remote cable must be provided, VW3A1104R•• | IP 65 |  | - | VW3A1007 | 0.61 | 0.28 |
| Remote cables equipped with 2 RJ45 connectors |  | 3.3 | 1 | VW3A1104R10 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
|  |  | 9.8 | 3 | VW3A1104R30 | 0.33 | 0.15 |

## Remote graphic display terminal (2)

This graphic display terminal, common to all the variable speed drive ranges, provides a user-friendly interface for configuration, debugging and maintenance.
Its main functions are as follows:

- The graphic screen displays 8 lines of 24 characters of plain text
- The navigation button provides quick and easy access to the drop-down menus
- It is supplied with six languages installed as standard (Chinese, English, French, German, Italian and Spanish). The available languages can be modified using the Multi-Loader configuration tool (VW3A8121).
Maximum operating temperature of the terminal: $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ with IP 54 protection.
6 Graphic display:
$\square 8$ lines of 24 characters, $240 \times 160$ pixels, large digit display
7 Function keys (not operational on the Altivar 312)
8 Navigation button: rotate $\pm$ : goes to the next/previous line, increases/decreases the value - press: saves the current value (ENT).
ESC key: aborts a value, a parameter or a menu to return to the previous selection.
9 Motor local control keys:
$\square$ RUN: starts the motor
$\square$ STOP/RESET: stops the motor/resets drive detected faults
$\square$ FWD/REV: reverses the motor direction of rotation
10 Remote cable
11 Female/female RJ45 adaptor

| Description | Item no. | Length |  | Part numbers | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ft | m |  | lbs | kg |
| Remote graphic display terminal A remote cable, VW3A1104R••••, and an RJ45 adaptor, VW3A1105, must be provided | 5 | - | - | VW3A1101 | - | - |
| Remote cables equipped with 2 RJ45 connectors | 6 | 3.28 | 1 | VW3A1104R10 | 0.11 | 0.05 |
|  |  | 9.84 | 3 | VW3A1104R30 | 0.33 | 0.15 |
|  |  | 16.40 | 5 | VW3A1104R50 | 0.55 | 0.25 |
|  |  | 32.81 | 10 | VW3A1104R100 | 1.10 | 0.5 |
| Female/female RJ45 adaptor | 7 | - | - | VW3A1105 | 0.02 | 0.01 |

(1) If an Altivar 31 drive is replaced by an Altivar 312 drive, the remote display terminal VW3A1101 can be used.

Please consult the Quick Start Guide for this terminal by clicking the button to the left.
(2) The software version of the graphic display terminal must be $\geqslant$ V1.1.IE19. It can be updated using the Multi-Loader configuration tool (VW3A8121). See page 43.

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options Configuration tools



Configuration with Simple Loader configuration tool connected to the ATV312


Configuration with Multi-Loader configuration tool connected to the ATV312

## Configuration tools (continued)

## SoMove setup software

This software enables the user to configure, set, debug and organize maintenance tasks for the Altivar 312. It can also be used to customize the integrated display terminal menus.

| Description | Part number | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | lbs | kg |
| SoMove setup software | Free Download | - | - |
| USB/RJ45 cordset <br> equipped with a USB connector and an RJ45 connector <br> For connecting a PC to the Altivar 312. <br> Length: 8 ft ( 2.5 m ) | TCSMCNAM3M002P | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Modbus-protocol-to-Bluetooth adaptor <br> Used to enable any non-Bluetooth device to communicate via Bluetooth wireless link ${ }^{(2)}$ <br> Equipped with: <br> - 1 Bluetooth adaptor (range 10 m , class 2) with an RJ45 connector <br> - For SoMove: $1 \times 0.1 \mathrm{~m}$ cable with $2 \times$ RJ45 connectors <br> - For TwidoSuite ${ }^{\text {TM }: ~} 1 \times 0.1 \mathrm{~m}$ cable with 1 RJ45 connector and 1 mini DIN connector | VW3A8114 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| (1) Available on our website "www.schneider-electric.us" <br> (2) Required for the following devices: <br> - Altivar 12, 212, 312, 31, 61 and 71 drives <br> - Altistart 22 starters <br> - Lexium 32 servo drives |  |  |  |

## Simple Loader and Multi-Loader configuration tools

The Simple Loader tool enables one drive's configuration to be duplicated and transferred to another drive. It is connected through the drive's RJ45 communication port. The drive must be powered up to use the Simple Loader.

The Multi-Loader tool enables a number of configurations from a PC or drive to be copied, stored, and loaded onto other drives.

| Description | Part number | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ibs | kg |
| Simple Loader configuration tool <br> Supplied with a cordset fitted with 2 RJ45 connectors. | VW3A8120 | - | - |
| Multi-Loader configuration tool <br> Supplied with: <br> - 1 cordset fitted with 2 RJ45 connectors <br> - 1 cordset fitted with one type A USB connector and one mini <br> B USB connector <br> - $1 \times$ SD memory card <br> - $1 \times$ female/female RJ 45 adaptor <br> - $4 \mathrm{AA} / \mathrm{LR} 61.5 \mathrm{~V}$ batteries <br> - 1 anti-shock protection <br> - 1 carrying case | VW3A8121 | - | - |
| Cordset for Multi-Loader tool <br> Fitted with a non-locking RJ45 connector with special mechanical catch on the drive end and an RJ45 connector on the Multi-Loader end. | VW3A8126 | - | - |

## Accessories \& Options <br> Braking resistors

## Braking resistors

The resistor enables the Altivar 312 drive to operate while braking to a standstill or during slowdown braking, by dissipating the braking energy. Two types of resistor are available:

- Enclosed model (IP 20 casing) designed to comply with the EMC standard and protected by a temperature-controlled switch or thermal overload relay. This model enables maximum transient braking torque.
The resistors are designed to be mounted on the outside of the enclosure, but should not inhibit natural cooling. Air inlets and outlets must not be obstructed in any way. The air must be free of dust, corrosive gas and condensation.
- Non-protected model (IP 00) for lower power ratings only.

For machines with high inertia, driving loads, and machines with fast cycles.

## Specifications

| Type of braking resistor |  |  | VW3A7723 to VW3A7725 | VW3A7701 to VW3A7705 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ambient air temperature around the device | Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $32{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $122{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |
| Degree of protection of the casing |  |  | IP 00 | IP 20 |
| Thermal protection |  |  | None | Via temperature-controlled switch or via the drive |
| Temperature controlled switch ${ }^{(1)}$ | Tripping temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | - | 120 |
|  | Max. voltage - max. current |  | - | 250 V - 1 A |
|  | Min. voltage - min. current |  | - | $24 \mathrm{~V}=-\mathrm{-}-0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ |
|  | Maximum switch resistance | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ | - | $60 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ |
| Operating factor for the dynamic brake transistors |  |  | The average power that can be dissipated at $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ from the resistor into the casing is determined for a load factor during braking that corresponds to most common applications. <br> The dynamic brake transistor is sized so that it can tolerate: <br> - The nominal motor power continuously <br> - $150 \%$ of the nominal motor power for 60 s |  |

(1) The switch must be connected in the sequence (use for signalling or in line contactor control).

Load factor and determining the nominal power


## Chart 1

Graph of the average power as a function of the braking torque for a load factor


## Example:

Motor power $\mathrm{Pm}=4 \mathrm{~kW}$
Motor efficiency $\mathrm{h}=0.85$
Braking torque $\mathrm{Tb}=0.6 \mathrm{Tn}$
Braking time $\mathrm{t}=10 \mathrm{~s}$
Cycle time T = 50 s
Load factor $\mathrm{fm}=\frac{\mathrm{t}}{\mathrm{T}}=20 \%$

The average power that can be dissipated at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ from the resistor into the casing is determined for a load factor during braking that corresponds to most common applications. This load factor is defined in the table above.
For a specific application (example: handling), the nominal power of the resistor must be redefined incorporating the new load factor.

Use chart 1 to determine coefficient K1 corresponding to a braking torque of 0.6 Tn and a load factor of $20 \%$ : $\mathrm{K} 1=0.06$

Chart 2
Permissible resistor overload as a function of time (characteristic curve)


Use chart 2 to determine coefficient K2 corresponding to a braking time of
10 seconds.
$\mathrm{K} 2=7$
The nominal power of the resistor ( Pn ) must be greater than:
$\mathrm{Pn}=\mathrm{Pm} \times \mathrm{K} 1 \times \eta\left(1+\frac{1}{\mathrm{~K} 2 \times f \mathrm{~m}}\right)=4.10^{3} \times 0,06 \times 0,8\left(1+\frac{1}{7 \times 0,2}\right)=350 \mathrm{~W}$

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options

## Braking resistors



VW3A7723


VW3A7701

Braking Resistors (continued)

| For drives | Minimum resistor value ${ }^{(1)}$ | Ohmic value | Average power available at |  | Part numbers | Weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 104^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ \left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)^{(2)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & \left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\Omega$ | $\Omega$ | W | W |  | Ibs | kg |


| Non-protected braking resistors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATV312H018M2...H075M2 | 40 | 100 | 32 | 28 | VW3A7723 | 1.32 | 0.6 |
| ATV312HU11M2, HU15M2 | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312H018M3...H075M3 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU11M3, HU15M3 | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312H037N4...H075N4 | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU11N4...HU22N4 | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312H075S6 | 96 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU15S6, HU22S6 | 64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU30N4 | 55 | 100 | 40 | 35 | VW3A7725 | 1.87 | 0.85 |
| ATV312HU40N4 | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU40S6 | 44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU22M2, <br> ATV312HU22M3 | 25 | 68 | 32 | 28 | VW3A7724 | 1.32 | 0.6 |
| ATV312HU30M3 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Protected braking resistors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATV312H018M2...H075M2 | 40 | 100 | 58 | 50 | VW3A7701 | 4.41 | 2.000 |
| ATV312HU11M2, HU15M2 | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312H018M3...H075M3 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU11M3, HU15M3 | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312H037N4...H075N4 | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU11N4...HU22N4 | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU22M2, ATV312HU22M3 | 25 | 60 | 115 | 100 | VW3A7702 | 5.29 | 2.400 |
| ATV312HU30M3 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU30N4 | 55 | 100 | 58 | 50 | VW3A7701 | 4.41 | 2.000 |
| ATV312HU40N4 | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU55N4 | 29 | 60 | 115 | 100 | VW3A7702 | 5.29 | 2.400 |
| ATV312HU75N4 | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU55S6 | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU75S6 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU40M3 | 16 | 28 | 231 | 200 | VW3A7703 | 7.72 | 3.500 |
| ATV312HD11N4, HD15N4 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HD11S6, HD15S6 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU55M3, HU75M3 | 8 | 15 | 1154 | 1000 | VW3A7704 | 24.25 | 11.000 |
| ATV312HD11M3, HD15M3 | 5 | 10 (3) | 1154 | 1000 | VW3A7705 | 24.25 | 11.000 |

[^5]Altivar 312
variable speed drives


## Accessories \＆Options

Line chokes

## Line chokes

Line chokes provide improved protection against overvoltages on the line supply and reduce harmonic distortion of the current produced by the drive．

The recommended chokes limit the line current．They have been developed in line with standard UL 508C．

The inductance values are defined for a voltage drop between 3\％and 5\％of the nominal line voltage．Values higher than this will cause loss of torque．

The use of line chokes is recommended in particular for ATV312H•••M2，
ATV312Hゃゃ॰M3 and ATV312HゃゃゃN4 drives under the following circumstances：
－Line supply with significant disturbance from other equipment （interference，overvoltages）
－Line supply with voltage imbalance between phases $>1.8 \%$ of nominal voltage Drive supplied by a line with very low impedance（in the vicinity of a power transformer 10 times more powerful than the drive rating）
－Installation of a large number of frequency inverters on the same line
－Reduction of overloads on the $\cos \varphi$ correction capacitors，if the installation includes a power factor correction unit

The use of line chokes is mandatory for ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ S6 drives．

The prospective short－circuit current at the drive connection point must not exceed the maximum value indicated in the reference tables．The use of chokes allows connection to the following line supplies：
－Max．Isc 22 kA for 200／240 V
－Max．Isc 65 kA for 380／500 V and 525／600V

| Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of line choke |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { VZ1L004 } \\ \text { M010 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VZ1L007 } \\ & \text { UM50 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VZ1L018 } \\ & \text { UM20 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { VW3A4 } \\ 551 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { VW3 } \\ \text { A4552 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { VW3 } \\ \text { A4553 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { VW3 } \\ \text { A4554 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { VW3 } \\ \text { A4555 } \end{gathered}$ |
| Conformity to standards |  | IEC 61800－5－1（VDE 0160 level 1 high－energy overvoltages on the line supply） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Voltage drop |  | Between 3\％and 5\％of the nominal line voltage．Values higher than this will cause loss of torque． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection Choke |  | IP 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminals |  | IP 20 |  |  |  |  |  | IP 10 |  |
| Inductance value | mH | 10 | 5 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0.5 |
| Nominal current | A | 4 | 7 | 18 | 4 | 10 | 16 | 30 | 60 |
| Losses | W | 17 | 20 | 30 | 45 | 65 | 75 | 90 | 80 |

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options

## Line chokes

Line chokes (continued)


| Single-phase supply voltage: 200... $240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATV312H018M2 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.8 | - | - | - |
| ATV312H037M2 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.3 |  |  |  |
| ATV312H055M2 | 6.8 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 4.3 | - | - | - |
| ATV312H075M2 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 5.9 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU11M2 | 12.1 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 8.6 | VZ1L018UM20 | 4.39 | 1.99 |
| ATV312HU15M2 | 15.8 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 11.4 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU22M2 | 21.9 | 18.4 | 19.2 | 16.1 |  |  |  |


| Three-phase supply voltage: 200... $240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATV312H018M3 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1 | 0.9 | VW3A4551 | 3.31 | 1.5 |
| ATV312H037M3 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 |  |  |  |
| ATV312H055M3 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 2.2 |  |  |  |
| ATV312H075M3 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 3.3 | 2.9 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU11M3 | 8.5 | 7.4 | 4.8 | 4.2 | VW3A4552 | 6.61 | 3 |
| ATV312HU15M3 | 11.1 | 9.6 | 6.4 | 5.6 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU22M3 | 14.9 | 13 | 9.2 | 8 | VW3A4553 | 7.72 | 3.5 |
| ATV312HU30M3 | 19.1 | 16.6 | 12.3 | 10.7 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU40M3 | 24.2 | 21.1 | 16.1 | 14 | VW3A4554 | 13.23 | 6 |
| ATV312HU55M3 | 36.8 | 32 | 21.7 | 19 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU75M3 | 46.8 | 40.9 | 29 | 25.2 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HD11M3 | 63.5 | 55.6 | 41.6 | 36.5 | VW3A4555 | 24.25 | 11 |
| ATV312HD15M3 | 82.1 | 71.9 | 55.7 | 48.6 |  |  |  |


| ATV312H037N4 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 0.9 | VW3A4551 | 3.31 | 1.500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATV312H055N4 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 |  |  |  |
| ATV312H075N4 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.5 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU11N4 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 2 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU15N4 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 2.6 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU22N4 | 8.9 | 6.7 | 5 | 4.1 | VW3A4552 | 6.61 | 3.000 |
| ATV312HU30N4 | 10.9 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 5.2 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU40N4 | 13.9 | 10.6 | 8.5 | 6.6 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU55N4 | 21.9 | 16.5 | 11.7 | 9.3 | VW3A4553 | 7.72 | 3.500 |
| ATV312HU75N4 | 27.7 | 21 | 15.4 | 12.1 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HD11N4 | 37.2 | 28.4 | 22.5 | 18.1 | VW3A4554 | 13.23 | 6.000 |
| ATV312HD15N4 | 48.2 | 36.8 | 29.6 | 23.3 |  |  |  |

Three-phase supply voltage: $525 . .600 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{50/60} \mathrm{~Hz}$

| ATV312H075S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 1.4 | 1.4 | VW3A4551 | 3.31 | 1.500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATV312HU15S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 2.4 | 2.3 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU22S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 3.8 | 3.6 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU40S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 6 | 5.8 | VW3A4552 | 6.61 | 3.000 |
| ATV312HU55S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 7.8 | 7.5 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HU75S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 11 | 10.7 | VW3A4553 | 7.72 | 3.500 |
| ATV312HD11S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 15 | 14.4 |  |  |  |
| ATV312HD15S6 ${ }^{(2)}$ | - | - | 21.1 | 20.6 | VW3A4554 | 13.23 | 6.000 |

(1) Nominal supply voltage:

| For drives | Nominal voltage |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | U min. | U max. |
| ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ M2 | 200 | 240 |
| ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ M3 |  |  |
| ATV312H $\bullet \bullet N 4 ~$ | 380 | 500 |
| ATV312H $\bullet \bullet S 6$ | 525 | 600 |

(2) Line choke mandatory for ATV312HゃeゃS6 drives.

Altivar 312
variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options

## EMC filters

## EMC filters

Integrated filters
Altivar 312 drives, apart from ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ M3 and ATV312H $\bullet \bullet \bullet S 6$, have integrated radio interference input filters to comply with the EMC standard for variable speed electrical power drive "products" IEC 61800-3, categories C2 or C3, and to comply with the European EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) directive.

## Additional EMC input filters

Additional EMC input filters ${ }^{(1)}$ enable drives to meet more stringent requirements: they are designed to reduce conducted emissions on the line supply below the limits of standard IEC 61800-3 category C1 or C2 (see page 49).

These additional EMC filters can be mounted beside or under the drive.
They act as a support for the drives and are attached to them via tapped holes.
Use according to the type of line supply
Additional EMC filters can only be used on TN (neutral connection) and TT (neutral to ground) type systems.

Standard IEC 61800-3, appendix D2.1, states that on IT systems (isolated or impedance grounded neutral), filters can cause permanent insulation monitors to operate in a random manner.
The effectiveness of additional filters on this type of system depends on the type of impedance between neutral and ground, and therefore cannot be predicted. If a machine has to be installed on an IT system, one solution is to insert an isolation transformer and connect the machine locally on a TN or TT system.

Specifications

| Conformity to standards |  |  | EN 133200 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Degree of protection |  |  | IP 21 and IP 41 on upper part |
| Maximum relative humidity |  |  | 95\% non-condensing, no dripping water conforming to IEC 60068-2-3 |
| Ambient air temperature around the device | Operation | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $14^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | Storage | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Maximum operating altitude | Without derating | ft . | 3300 ft . ( 1000 m ) <br> Above this, derate the current by $1 \%$ for every additional 330 ft . ( 100 m ) |
| Vibration resistance | Conforming to IEC 60068-2-6 |  | 1.5 mm peak to peak from 3 to 13 Hz 1 gn peak from 13 to 150 Hz |
| Shock resistance | Conforming to IEC 60068-2-27 |  | 15 gn for 11 ms |
| Maximum nominal voltage | 50/60 Hz single-phase | V | $240 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%$ |
|  | 50/60 Hz three-phase | V | $\begin{aligned} & 240 V+10 \% \\ & 500 V+10 \% \end{aligned}$ |

[^6]
## Altivar 312

variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options

EMC filters


VW3A31401


VW3A31405

## EMC filters

Additional EMC input filters

| For drives | Filter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part number | Maximum length of shielded cable ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  | In ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | Losses ${ }^{\text {(4) }}$ | Part number | Weight |  |
|  | IEC 61800-3 ${ }^{(5)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Categ | C2 | Categ | y C1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ft | m | ft | m | A | mA | W |  | Ibs | kg |
| Single-phase supply voltage: 200... 240 V 50/60 Hz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312H018M2 <br> ATV312H037M2 <br> ATV312H055M2 <br> ATV312H075M2 | 164 | 50 | 65.6 | 20 | 9 | 100 | 3.7 | VW3A31401 | 1.32 | 0.6 |
| ATV312HU11M2 ATV312HU15M2 | 164 | 50 | 65.6 | 20 | 16 | 150 | 6.9 | VW3A31403 | 1.71 | 0.78 |
| ATV312HU22M2 | 164 | 50 | 65.6 | 20 | 22 | 80 | 7.5 | VW3A31405 | 1.13 | 1.13 |
| Three-phase supply voltage: $200 . . .240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{50/60} \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATV312H018M3 <br> ATV312H037M3 <br> ATV312H055M3 <br> ATV312H075M3 | 16.4 | 5 | - | - | 7 | 7 | 2.6 | VW3A31402 | 1.43 | 0.65 |
| ATV312HU11M3 ATV312HU15M3 ATV312HU22M3 | 16.4 | 5 | - | - | 15 | 15 | 9.9 | VW3A31404 | 2.2 | 1.00 |
| ATV312HU30M3 ATV312HU40M3 | 16.4 | 5 | - | - | 25 | 35 | 15.8 | VW3A31406 | 3.64 | 1.65 |
| ATV312HU55M3 ATV312HU75M3 | 16.4 | 5 | - | - | 47 | 45 | 19.3 | VW3A31407 | 6.94 | 3.15 |
| ATV312HD11M3 ATV312HD15M3 | 16.4 | 5 | - | - | 83 | 15 | 35.2 | VW3A31408 | 11.68 | 5.30 |

Three-phase supply voltage: $380 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
$\left.\begin{array}{l|ll|lllllllll}\hline \text { ATV312H037N4 } & 164 & 50 & 65.6 & 20 & 15 & 15 & 9.9 & \text { VW3A31404 } & 2.2 & 1.00 \\ \text { ATV312H055N4 } \\ \text { ATV312H075N4 }\end{array}\right)$
(1) The filter selection tables give the maximum lengths for shielded cables connecting motors to drives for a switching frequency of 2 to 16 kHz . These maximum lengths are given as examples only, as they vary depending on the stray capacitance of the motors and the cables used.
If motors are connected in parallel, the sum of the cable lengths must be taken into account.
(2) In: nominal filter current.
(3) II: maximum ground leakage current at 50 Hz .
(4) Via heat dissipation, at the nominal filter current (In).
(5) Standard IEC 61800-3: EMC immunity and conducted and radiated EMC emissions:

- Category C1: public power supply (residential)

Category C2: industrial power supply

## Accessories \& Options

variable speed drives

## Output filters, motor chokes, and ferrite suppressors

## Output filters, motor chokes, and ferrite suppressors

Output filters and motor chokes can be inserted between the Altivar 312 drive and the motor to:

- Limit the dv/dt at the motor bb terminals ( 500 to $1500 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ ), for cables longer than 164 ft . (50 m)
- Filter interference caused by opening a contactor placed between the filter and the motor
- Reduce the motor ground leakage current

The output filter range features LR filter cells.
Ferrite suppressors are necessary on ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ M2 and ATV312H018M3 to ATV312HU22M3 drives when an output contactor is used.

## LR filter cell

This cell features 3 high-frequency chokes and 3 resistors.
The LR filter cell is particularly suitable for:

- Reducing the $\mathrm{dv} / \mathrm{dt}$ at the motor terminals
- Using long motor cables (see specifications table page 51)



## Motor choke

The motor choke is particularly suitable for:

- Reducing overvoltages at the motor terminals (see length of motor cable in specifications table page 51)
- Minimizing the current wave, thus reducing motor noise


Ferrite suppressors for downstream contactor opening
Ferrite suppressors for downstream contactor opening are inserted on the motor
cable between ATV312H $\bullet \bullet M 2$ or ATV312H018M3 to ATV312HU22M3 drives and the output contactor.


## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

## Accessories \& Options

Output filters, motor chokes, and ferrite suppressors

## Output filters, motor chokes, and ferrite suppressors

| Specifications ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | LR filter cells ${ }^{(2)}$ | Motor chokes |  |
|  |  |  | VW3A5845• | VW3A4552...A4555 | VW3A4556 |
| Drive switching frequency |  | kHz | 0.5... 4 | 4 |  |
| Length of motor cable | Shielded cables | ft | $\leqslant 330 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\leqslant 100 \mathrm{~m}$ ) | $\leqslant 330 \mathrm{ft}.(\leqslant 100 \mathrm{~m})$ |  |
|  | Unshielded cables | ft | $\leqslant 660 \mathrm{ft}$. ( $\leqslant 200 \mathrm{~m}$ ) | \$660 ft. ( $\leqslant 200 \mathrm{~m}$ ) |  |
| Degree of protection |  |  | IP 20 | IP 20 | IP 00 |

## Part Numbers

| Motor chokes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Designation | For drives | Losses | Nominal current | Reference | Weight |  |
|  |  | W | A |  | Ibs | kg |
| Motor chokes | ATV312HU22N4...HU4ON4 ATV312HU40S6, HU55S6 | 65 | 10 | VW3A4552 | 6.6 | 3 |
|  | ATV312HU22M2 ATV312HU22M3, HU30M3 ATV312HU55N4 ATV312HU75S6 | 75 | 16 | VW3A4553 | 7.7 | 3.5 |
|  | ATV312HU40M3...HU75M3 ATV312HU75N4, HD11N4 ATV312HD11S6, HD15S6 | 90 | 30 | VW3A4554 | 13.2 | 6 |
|  | ATV312HD15N4 | 80 | 60 | VW3A4555 | 24.3 | 11 |
|  | ATV312HD11M3, HD15M3 | - | 100 | VW3A4556 | 35.3 | 16 |
| Ferrite suppressors for downstream contactor opening |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Designation | For drives |  | Sold in lots of | Unit reference | Weight |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Ibs | kg |
| Ferrite suppressors for downstream contactor opening | ATV312H018M2 |  | 3 | VW3A31451 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ATV312H037M2 } \\ \text { ATV312H018M3, H037M3 } \end{gathered}$ |  | 3 | VW3A31452 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
|  | ATV312H055M2...HU22M2 ATV312H055M3...HU22M3 |  | 3 | VW3A31453 | 0.2 | 0.1 |

[^7]
## variable speed drives

## Wiring Diagrams



ATV312H•••M3, ATV312H•••N4, ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ S6
Three-phase power supply

(1) Line choke (single-phase or three-phase).
(2) Detected fault relay contacts. Used for remote signalling of the drive status
(3) Connection of the common for the logic inputs depends on the position of the switch (see schemes below).
Note: All terminals are located at the bottom of the drive. Install interference suppressors on all inductive circuits near the drive or connected on the same circuit, such as relays, contactors, solenoid valves, fluorescent lighting, etc.

| Compatible components (for a complete part number list, please refer to "Motor starter solutions - Control and protection components" catalog) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Item no. | Designation |  |
| KM1 | Line contactor LC1eee + suppressor module LA4DA2U |  |
| Q1 | GV2 L magnetic circuit-breaker or Compact NS circuit-breaker |  |
| Q2 | GV2 L magnetic circuit-breaker rated at twice the nominal primary current of T1 |  |
| Q3 | GB2 CB05 thermal magnetic circuit breaker |  |
| S1, S2 | XB4 B or XB5 A pushbuttons |  |
| T1 | 100 VA transformer 220 V secondary |  |



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## Wiring Diagrams (continued)

Single-phase power supply Additional EMC input filters VW3A3140•

## Connections ensuring conformity to EMC standards

## Principle

- Grounds between the drive, motor and cable shielding must have "high-frequency" equipotentiality.
- Use shielded cables with the shielding connected to ground throughout $360^{\circ}$ at both ends for the motor cable, the braking resistor cable and the control-signal cables. Metal conduit or ducting can be used for part of the shielding length provided that there is no break in the continuity of the ground connection.
- Ensure maximum separation between the power supply cable and the motor cable.


## Installation diagram



1 Steel plate to be mounted on the drive (earthed casing)
2 Altivar 312 drive
3 Unshielded power supply wires or cable
4 Unshielded wires or cable for the output of the detected fault relay contacts
5 Attach and ground the shielding of cables 6,7 and 8 as close as possible to the drive:

- Strip the cable to expose the shielding
- Attach the cable to the plate 1, attaching the clamp on the stripped part of the shielding.
The shielding must be clamped tightly enough to the metal sheet to ensure good contact.
For cables 6, 7 and 8 , the shielding must be connected to ground at both ends. The shielding must be continuous, and if intermediate terminals are used, they must be placed in EMC shielded metal boxes.
6 Shielded cable for connecting the motor
7 Shielded cable for connecting the control-signal wiring. For applications requiring several conductors, use cables with a small cross-section ( $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ).
8 Shielded cable for connecting the braking resistor
9 PE cable (green-yellow)

Note: The HF equipotential ground connection between the drive, motor and cable shielding does not remove the need to connect the PE conductors (green-yellow) to the appropriate terminals on each device. If using an additional EMC input filter, it must be mounted under the drive and connected directly to the line supply via an unshielded cable. Link 3 on the drive is then via the filter output cable.

[^8]Altivar 312
variable speed drives


Description of installation recommendations

## Installation recommendations

Depending on the conditions in which the drive is to be used, its installation will require certain precautions and the use of appropriate accessories.

Install the unit vertically, at $\pm 10^{\circ}$ :

- Do not place it close to heating elements
- Leave sufficient free space to ensure that the air required for cooling purposes can circulate from the bottom to the top of the unit


## $\frac{\text { Mounting types }}{\text { Type A mounting }}$



Type B mounting


Type C mounting


Removing the protective cover from the top of the drive (as shown opposite) changes the degree of protection to IP 20.

Derating curves for the nominal drive current (In) as a function of temperature, switching frequency and mounting type.


For intermediate temperatures (for example, $131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ ), interpolate between 2 curves.

## Altivar 312 <br> variable speed drives

## Installation recommendations

Mounting in an enclosure
Follow the mounting recommendations on the opposite page.
To ensure proper air circulation in the drive:

- Install ventilation grilles
- Ensure that there is sufficient ventilation. If there is not, install a forced ventilation unit with a filter. The openings and/or fans must provide a flow rate at least equal to that of the drive fans (see below).
- Use special filters with IP 54 protection
- Remove the protective cover from the top of the drive

| Fan flow rate depending on the drive rating |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ATV312 | Flow rate $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| H018M2...H055M2 <br> H018M3...H055M3 <br> H037N4...HU11N4 <br> H075S6, HU15S6 | 0.3 |
| H075M2...HU15M2 H075M3...HU15M3 HU15N4, HU22N4 HU22S6, HU40S6 | 0.55 |
| HU22M2 <br> HU22M3...HU40M3 <br> HU30N4, HU40N4 <br> HU55S6, HU75S6 | 1.55 |
| HU55M3 <br> HU55N4, HU75N4 <br> HD11S6 | 1.7 |
| HU75M3, HD11M3 HD11N4, HD15N4 HD15S6 | 2.8 |
| HD15M3 | 3.6 |

Metal dust/damp proof wall-mounted or floor-standing enclosure (IP 54 protection)
The drive must be mounted in a dust and damp proof enclosure in certain environmental conditions: dust, corrosive gases, high humidity with risk of condensation and dripping water, splashing liquid, etc.
This enables the drive to be used in an enclosure where the maximum internal temperature can reach $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

Calculating the dimensions of the enclosure
Maximum thermal resistance Rth ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ )
Rth $=\underline{\theta^{\circ}-\theta \mathrm{e}} \quad \theta=$ maximum temperature inside the enclosure in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Rth $=\frac{\theta^{\circ}-\theta \mathrm{e}}{\mathrm{P}} \quad \theta \mathrm{e}=$ maximum external temperature in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{P}=$ total power dissipated in the enclosure in W
Power dissipated by drive: see page 32.
Add the power dissipated by the other components of the device.

Useful heat exchange area of enclosure $S\left(m^{2}\right)$
(sides + top + front panel if wall-mounted)
$S=\frac{K}{R t h} \quad K=$ thermal resistance per $m^{2}$ of the enclosure
For metal enclosures:

- $K=0.12$ with internal fan
- $K=0.15$ without fan

Note: Do not use insulated enclosures, as they have a poor level of conductivity.

## Altivar 312

variable speed drives


## GV2P14

$+$
LC1D09
ATV312HU3ON4

## Combinations

The combinations listed below can be used to assemble a complete motor starter comprising a circuit-breaker, a contactor and an Altivar 312 variable speed drive. The circuit-breaker provides protection against accidental short-circuits, disconnection and, if necessary, isolation.

The contactor controls and manages any safety features and isolates the motor on stopping.

The Altivar 312 drive is protected electronically against short-circuits between phases and between phase and ground. It therefore ensures continuity of service and thermal protection of the motor.

## Motor starters

| Standard power rating of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ 4-pole motors |  | Drive | Circuit-breaker |  | Contactor ${ }^{(2)}$ <br> Add voltage reference to basic reference to obtain full reference ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Part number | $\begin{gathered} \text { Part } \\ \text { number } \end{gathered}$ | Rating |  |
| HP | kW |  |  | A |  |


|  | Single-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 0.25 | 0.18 | ATV312H018M2 | - | 4 | LC1D09 $\bullet \bullet$ |
| 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037M2 | - | 6.3 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055M2 | - | 10 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075M2 | - | 10 | LC1D09 $\bullet \bullet$ |
| 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11M2 | - | 14 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15M2 | - | 18 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22M2 | - | 25 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |


| Three-phase supply voltage: 200...240 V |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.25 | 0.18 | ATV312H018M3 | - | 2.5 | LC1D09 $\bullet \bullet$ |
| 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037M3 | - | 4 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055M3 | - | 6.3 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075M3 | - | 10 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11M3 | GV2P14 | 10 | LC1D09 $\bullet \bullet$ |
| 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15M3 | GV2P16 | 14 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22M3 | GV3P18/13 | 18 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| - | 3 | ATV312HU30M3 | GV3P18 | 25 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 5 | 4 | ATV312HU40M3 | GV3P25 | 25 | LC1D09 $\bullet \bullet$ |
| 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HU55M3 | GV3P40/32 | 40 | LC1D32 $\bullet$ |
| 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HU75M3 | GV3P50 | 50 | LC1D32•॰ |
| 15 | 11 | ATV312HD11M3 | GV3P65 | 65 | LC1D50 $\bullet$ |
| 20 | 15 | ATV312HD15M3 | - | 100 | LC1D80 $\bullet \bullet$ |

Three-phase supply voltage: 380... 500 V

| 0.5 | 0.37 | ATV312H037N4 | GV2P07 | 2.5 | LC1D09 $\bullet \bullet$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 0.75 | 0.55 | ATV312H055N4 | GV2P07 | 4 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 1 | 0.75 | ATV312H075N4 | GV2P08 | 4 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 1.5 | 1.1 | ATV312HU11N4 | GV2P08 | 6.3 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 2 | 1.5 | ATV312HU15N4 | GV2P10 | 10 | LC1D09 $\bullet ~$ |
| 3 | 2.2 | ATV312HU22N4 | GV2P14 | 10 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| - | 3 | ATV312HU30N4 | GV2P14 | 14 | LC1D09 $\bullet ~$ |
| 5 | 4 | ATV312HU4ON4 | GV3P13 | 14 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 7.5 | 5.5 | ATV312HU55N4 | GV3P18 | 25 | LC1D09 $\bullet$ |
| 10 | 7.5 | ATV312HU75N4 | GV3P25 | 32 | LC1D18 $\bullet$ |
| 15 | 11 | ATV312HD11N4 | GV3P32 | 40 | LC1D25 $\bullet$ |
| 20 | 15 | ATV312HD15N4 | GV3P40 | 50 | LC1D32 $\bullet$ |

(1) The values expressed in HP conform to the NEC (National Electrical Code).
(2) Composition of contactors LC1-D09/D18/D25/D32/D50/D80:

3 poles +1 N/O auxiliary contact +1 N/C auxiliary contact.
(3) Replace pp with the control circuit voltage reference indicated in the table below:

AC control circuit

|  | Volts ~ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 0 / 2 4 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LC1-D | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | B7 | E7 | F7 | M7 | P7 | U7 |

For other voltages between 24 V and 660 V , or a DC control circuit, please refer to the "Motor starter solutions - Control and protection components" catalog.

Altivar 312
variable speed drives


## AC control circuit

|  | Volts ~ | $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 0 / 2 4 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LC1-D | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | B7 | E7 | F7 | M7 | P7 | U7 |

For other voltages between 24 V and 660 V , or a DC control circuit, please refer to the "Motor starter solutions - Control and protection components" catalog.

[^9]


#### Abstract

Quality Assurance This document communicates a summary of the processes, procedures \& quality assurance that are in place for the manufacturing of the Altivar 312. Altivar 312 drives are produced in ISO certified facilities. Customers can be assured that these processes and procedures are followed. Audits conducted by third party representatives verify documented processes and procedures are followed and provide certification to ISO 14001. Schneider Electric utilizes quality assurance processes and procedures to verify the integrity of components and the assembly process. Data is gathered on each unit and tracked via the unique serial number of each unit during the manufacturing process. The document was not intended to imply this data is available in a format that could be easily communicated externally nor that a written report is generated for each product.




## Outline of Test Process and Procedures

Printed circuit board testing, dielectric testing, preliminary memory and functional test, unit operation with burn-in testing, and final verification testing are conducted at various points in the manufacturing process for each drive. All aspects of these tests during the assembly are logged electronically for internal tracking purposes. Each unit is checked and product conformance status is recorded at each test station. Appropriate conformance information is carried in nonvolatile memory within the unit. The sequence of testing is monitored. Each test station requires a successful bar code scan on entry to ensure each drives has successfully completed any prerequisite test stations.

In addition to the processes and procedures detailed below, each test station has a visual quality inspection check list. This check list includes a physical inspection for proper connections, power component polarities, proper assembly torques, mechanical integrity and proper documentation.

## Printed Circuit Board Testing

Printed circuit boards used in the assembly of the ATV312 undergo testing as a part of the board assembly. These tests include:

- In-circuit, component level testing
- Functional power-on testing
- Thermal-cycle stress testing
- High-potential test applied to high voltage boards


## Dielectric Testing (Hi Pot Test)

This test verifies the dielectric withstand between customer connection points and ground to validate that the required isolation barriers are intact. Isolation barriers are typically tested for a duration of one (1) second during which a high voltage is applied according to IEC 61800-5-1 standard. This station is also used to verify placement of the power circuit connections.

## Preliminary memory and functional testing

During this test, the unit's on-board communication port is utilized to read internal memory and set aside a portion of memory to track the processes preformed on the drive and its main components. Each tracked process must have been completed successfully to proceed. These include:

- Supplier preformed tests of printed circuit boards with on-board memory.
- Successful drive hi-pot test.

A preliminary test is run to verify:

- Heatsink ground screw presence
- RFI filter jumper setting
- DC bus Jumper presence
- EEPROM test
- Product rating verification
- Initial rating verification
- Analog input calibration
- Analog output calibration
- Self test (verification of the display board and control terminal board)
- Pre-motor test


## Unit operation and burn-in testing

Burn-in testing involves four aspects - (I) sample plan, (II) thermal profile, (III) electrical cycling, and (IV) load cycling. Each will vary slightly by the equipment available at each production facility and by the current quality results experienced by each production facility.

## (I) Sample Plan

Burn-in is sampled at a rate that varies from $5 \%$ to $100 \%$. The rate is based on current quality results for each production facility. Each production facility is required to burn-in at sample rates determined by the following model.

## (II) Thermal Profile

Constant elevated temperature of $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for two hours during which the drive is subjected to electrical cycling for the entire duration of the thermal profile.

## (III) Electrical Cycles

The electrical cycle runs concurrently with the thermal profile. An electrical cycle energizes and de-energizes the drive by connecting and removing AC input power. The drive is energized for the duration of a load cycle (typically 4 minutes) and de-energized to allow the drive power supply to shut down (typically 40 seconds). This cycle repeats continuously during the portions of the thermal profile indicated above. This cycle is repeated continuously during the thermal profile.

## (IV) Load Cycles

Drives are connected to an inertial motor load during burn-in. When the drive is energized, the drive is cycled between high speed forward and reverse operations. Load cycles are made at a minimum interval of 10 seconds. Acceleration and deceleration rates are 0.1 s (minimum). The rates are selected to maximize transition stress.

## Monitoring during burn-in cycle

The drive detected fault register and drive speed are monitored during the load cycle. If the drive does not reach the commanded speed then it stops and then indicates that it did not pass the test.

## Final verification testing

This test validates proper operation after burn-in and prepares the drive settings for customer shipment. The following checks are made:

- DC bus pre-charge check
- Communication port test
- Product model verification
- 7 segment LED display check
- DC charge LED check
- CPU version check
- DC bus level check
- Fan operation test
- Nominal load characteristic check
- Overcurrent test
- Ground detected fault trip test
- Brake transistor off check
- Brake transistor on check
- Set factory default configuration

This document provides information regarding the quality assurance processes and procedures that are in place for the manufacturing of Altivar 312. These are in place to monitor and confirm the quality of the product line that has been designed in from the outset.


# Solutions for every stage of your equipment's life cycle 


#### Abstract

Schneider Electric ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ provides services far beyond meeting your immediate needs for application or equipment repair. We take a long-term, holistic approach to determine your facility and operational needs and develop a strategy for improving the performance of your people, systems, and processes.

Schneider Electric provides services from system design and consulting, to maintenance support, modernization of your installation, and project delivery. Schneider Electric provides the people, tools, and processes to help maximize your business's infrastructure.

Our expertise enables you to cut costs, reduce energy consumption, and keep your systems up and running through routine maintenance, added enhancements, and migrations to new state-of-the-art functionality.


## > Start-up and commissioning

Expert installation support to provide assistance in the start-up of your new system. Service includes a comprehensive power-up and diagnostic check on system components to minimize risk and optimize operation.

## > Technical training

Training offered on-site, off-site, or online for Schneider Electric automation products taught by professional instructors with up-to-date knowledge of our latest hardware and software.

## > Remote technical support

Comprehensive online and phone support from experts specially trained on Schneider Electric drive products, helping to reduce downtime and costs and optimize your system's life cycle.

## > On-site technical support

Support service to perform regular maintenance, upgrades, and conversion assistance, small application and programming assistance, on-the-job training, equipment repair, support and troubleshooting, even in emergency situations.

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Maintenance programs to scan for, and proactively detect, potential issues or problems with your automation system to help you avoid the costs of unscheduled downtime and short equipment service life. Also serves to extend the life of your installed base by using our services to properly maintain your equipment.

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Save money and reduce downtime through our parts management program. An on-site assessment is performed to determine parts and inventory levels needed to ensure proper system operation and reduce downtime and inventory costs.

## > Migration and modernization

Realize the productivity benefits of the latest Schneider Electric automation technology by using our assessment tools to identify and implement replacement of your legacy automation products, regardless of brand. We make extensive use of existing hardware and wiring for a cost-effective solution with minimal downtime.

## >Software renewals

Access the latest software, firmware, and custom options to ensure you always have the latest functionality available to optimize your system's life cycle.

## > Extended warranty

Extend your Schneider Electric standard manufacturer warranty from one year to five years. Protection plans are tailored to your needs reducing costs and out-of-service time.

## >When it comes to your automation equipment, we can helpyou

Increase productivity
Improve reliability and safety
Mitigate risk and limit downtime

- Keep equipment up to date

Extend the life of your installed base

- Cut costs and increase savings

Improve your return on investment


## Talk to someone you can trust

The Altivar family of variable speed AC drives and the Altistart'TM family of soft starts presents the most advanced and user-friendly solutions in the marketplace. Featuring proprietary motor control algorithms to achieve optimal reaction times and complete scalability to match your application requirements for speed, size, and protection, the complete line of Altivar and Altistart products provides the flexibility and performance to:

- Meet the needs of a broad range of industries, including HVAC, pump, material handling, hoisting, packaging and many more.
- Reduce your energy costs using proprietary energy-saving technologies available only from Schneider Electric.
- Improve your up-time by simplifying installation, commissioning and maintenance by providing advanced diagnostics, industry-leading voltage ride thru capability and seismic qualified products.

We also work with you to deliver the benefits of a global service and support of a global service and support organization to further increase the value of working with Schneider Electric. Our product specialists, industry experts, distributors, partners, and the countless other members of the Schneider Electric family are dedicated to helping you make the most of your energy everyday. Contact your local sales representative today to learn how Schneider Electric can improve operational performance and help your business to achieve a competitive advantage. Or visit www. schneider-electric.com

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For support and assistance, contact the Drive Product Support Group. The Drive Product Support Group is staffed from 8:00 am until 6:00 pm Eastern time to assist with product selection, start-up, and diagnosis of product or application problems.
EMERGENCY Technical phone support is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.
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Phone 978-975-9306
Fax 978-975-2821

## >Customer Care Center

(Assist with stock checks, assist with claims, and assist with order management issues)
To provide additional support, Schneider Electric has rolled out new Technical Service Representatives in local offices which have the strongest needs.
Due to time zone changes and different time operation requirements business operation times vary.
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[^0]:    ## DC injection stop

    This function is used for low speed braking of high-inertia fans, or for maintaining torque when stopping fans located in an airflow.
    A DC injection stop is achieved by:

    - Configuring a normal stop as a DC injection stop (on disappearance of a run command or appearance of a stop command)
    - Enabling a logic input

    The DC value and the standstill braking time are adjustable.

[^1]:    Monitoring
    The following data can be displayed:

    - Frequency reference
    - Internal PI reference
    - Frequency reference (absolute value)
    - Output frequency applied to the motor (value signed in two's complement)
    - Output frequency in customer units
    - Current in the motor
    - Motor power: $100 \%=$ nominal power
    - Line voltage

    ■ Motor thermal state: 100\%: nominal thermal state, 118\%: motor overload threshold
    ■ Drive thermal state: $100 \%$ : nominal thermal state, $118 \%$ : drive overload threshold

    - Motor torque: $100 \%=$ nominal torque
    - Last detected fault
    - Operating time
    - Auto-tuning status
    - Configuration and state of logic inputs
    - Configuration of analog inputs

[^2]:    (1) For power ratings y 250 W , less derating is required (20\% instead of $50 \%$ at very low frequencies).
    (2) The nominal motor frequency and the maximum output frequency can be adjusted from 40 to 500 Hz . The mechanical overspeed specifications of the selected motor must be checked with the manufacturer.

[^3]:    footnotes on page 31.

[^4]:    *footnotes on page 31

[^5]:    (1) Depends on the drive rating.
    (2) Power that can be dissipated by the resistor at the maximum temperature of $239^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(115^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$, corresponding to a maximum temperature rise of $167^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ $\left(75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ in a $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ environment.
    (3) Ohmic value obtained as a function of the connection described in the resistor operating instructions.

[^6]:    (1) Not available for ATV312H•••S6 drives

[^7]:    1) Filter performance is ensured if the cable lengths between the motor and the drive, given in the above table, are not exceeded. For an application with several motors connected in parallel, the cable length must include all cabling. If a cable longer than that recommended is used, the filters may overheat.
    (2) For other LR filter configurations, please consult your Customer Care Center.
[^8]:    Operation on an IT system (isolated or impedance grounded neutral)
    Use a permanent insulation monitor compatible with non-linear loads, such as the Schneider Electric XM200 (please consult our website www.schneider-electric.com or contact your Customer Care Center).
    ATV312H $\bullet \bullet$ M2 and ATV312H $\bullet \bullet N 4$ drives have integrated EMC filters. For use on an IT system, these filters can be disconnected by
    removing their ground connection:

    - For ATV312H018M2...HU22M2 and H037N4...HU4ON4 drives, remove a jumper to disconnect the filter.
    - For ATV312HU55N4...HD15N4 drives, move the wire with the cable tag to disconnect the filter.

[^9]:    GV3P40
    $+$
    LC1D32••
    ATV312HD15N4

