Temperature Control Equipment

Chiller Lineup

A chiller is used to control the temperature of circulating fluid and supply it to the heat source.

Thermo-cooler Series HRG, HRGC

General-purpose, economy type for machine tools, etc.

- Cooling capacity: **1.1 kW to 15 kW**
- Temperature stability: ±0.5/1.0°C



Thermo-con Series HEC

High-precision temperature control type for semiconductor manufacturing equipment, medical equipment, etc.

- Cooling capacity: 140 W to 1200 W
- Temperature stability: ±0.01°C to 0.03°C



Thermoelectric Bath Series HEB

Accurately controls the temperature of liquid in the bath.

Can indirectly control the temperature of chemical bottles, test tubes, flasks, cooling coils (heat exchangers) in the constant temperature bath.

- •Cooling capacity: 140 W
- Temperature stability: ±0.01°C



Thermo-chiller Series HRS, HRZ, HRW

High-performance type for semiconductor manufacturing equipment, etc. Compact type Series HRS and Dual thermo-chiller (double inverter type) Series HRZD have been added!

- •Cooling capacity: 1 kW to 30 kW
- Temperature stability: ±0.1/0.3°C



Chemical Thermo-con Series HED

All wetted parts are made of fluororesin.

Controls the temperature of chemicals by directly cooling and heating them. Can directly control the temperature of chemicals such as hydrofluoric acid, sulfuric acid, ammonia water, deionized water, etc.

- Cooling capacity: 300 W to 750 W
- •Temperature stability: ±0.1°C

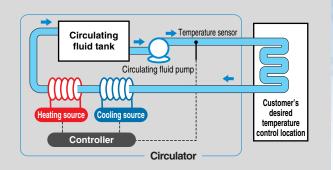




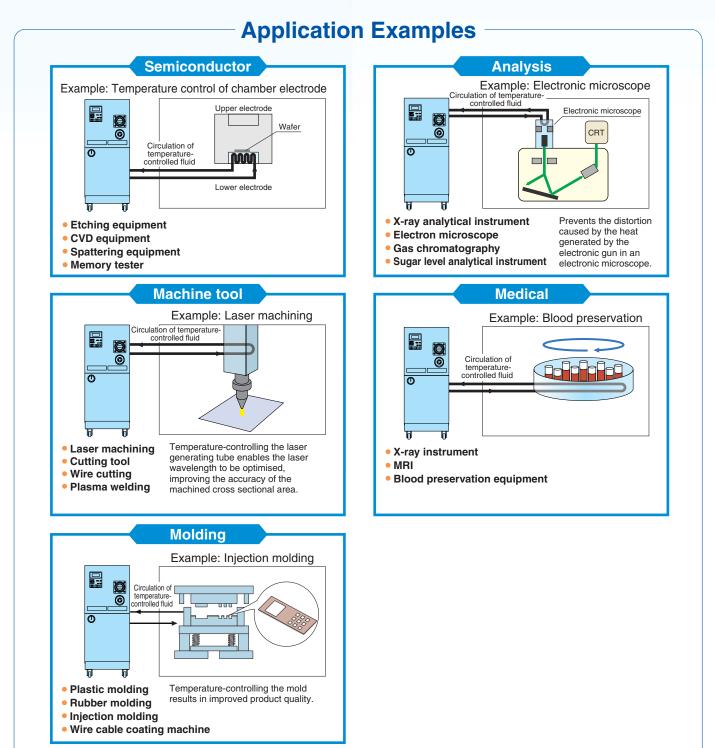
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Chiller

This equipment is used to supply the temperature-controlled circulating fluid to where customers wish to control the temperature.



Chillers circulate a heat medium, such as water, in the device using a pump. This equipment is also known as a circulator. Chillers circulate the constant temperature circulating fluid by controlling the output from a cooling source such as a compressor, or a heating source such as a heater.

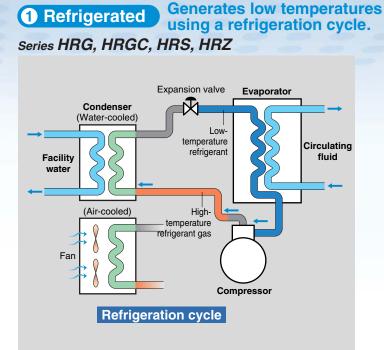


Features 1

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HRG, HRGC, HRS, HRZ, HRW, HEC

Three types of cooling and heating methods can be selected for a wide range of applications.



This equipment cools the circulating fluid by performing heat exchange with low-temperature refrigerant gas, using a built-in refrigeration circuit that circulates refrigerant.

Large-scale heat exchange can be handled compared with the Peltier type.

There are two types of heating sources: high-temperature refrigerant gas which is generated from the refrigeration circuit, and an electric heater. Both air-cooled and water-cooled types are available, depending on the condenser's cooling method.



Series HRG



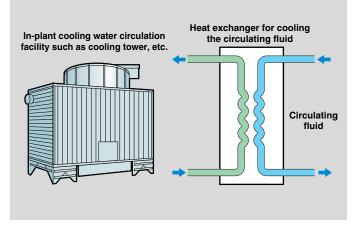
Series HRS





2 Water-cooled For temperature control in room temperature area

Series HRW



This equipment cools the circulating fluid by directly exchanging it with the cooling water in the plant. This can be used at room temperature or higher, and also used when there is a cooling water circulation facility.

Large-scale heat exchange can be performed using less energy, and the device has a compact body since a compressor is not required. An electric heater is used for heating.



Series HRW

Chiller

HRG, HRGC, HRS, HRZ, HRW, HEC

Cooling Heating Heat suction (cooling) Heat generation (heating) **Circulating fluid Circulating fluid** Electron ı Œ Electron Electron Electron flow flow hole flow hole flow Facility water **Facility water** Current Heat generation (heating) Current Heat suction (cooling) −lıl⊦ 비타 DC power supply DC power supply

3 Peltier-type For high-precision temperature control

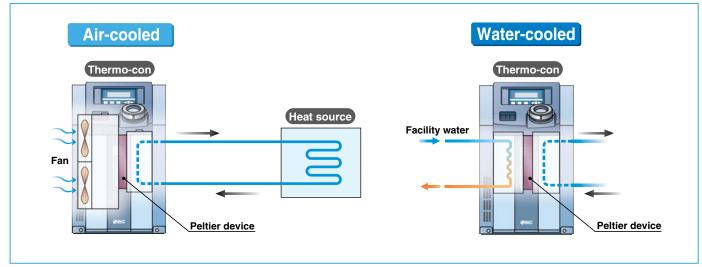
Thermo-con Series HEC

A Peltier device is a plate type element, inside which P-type semiconductors and N-type semiconductors are located alternately. If direct current is supplied to the Peltier device, heat is transferred inside the device, and one face generates heat and increases temperature while the other face absorbs heat and decreases temperature. Therefore, changing the direction of the current supplied to the Peltier device can achieve heating and cooling operation.

Temperature can be controlled very precisely because this method has a fast response and can switch quickly. A Peltier device is sometimes called a thermo-module, thermoelement, TED (Thermo Electric Device), etc.



Series HEC



Features 3

Features 3 Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

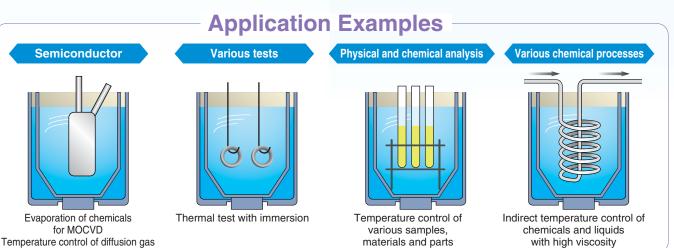
Thermoelectric Bath

Facility water outlet Facility water inlet

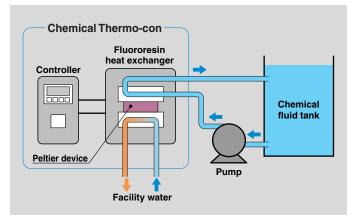
This equipment precisely controls the temperature of the fluid in the constant temperature tank. Customers can control the temperature by placing a container in the tank. Cooling and heating can be controlled precisely with the Peltier device $(\pm 0.01^{\circ})$.



Series HEB



Chemical Thermo-con



A Chemical Thermo-con is used to control the temperature by cooling and heating chemicals through the Fluororesin heat exchanger. The temperature at the Fluororesin heat exchanger outlet can be controlled precisely to $\pm 0.1^{\circ}$. The temperature of chemicals can be controlled by directly running them through since all wetted parts are made of fluororesin.

A Peltier device is used as a cooling and heating source.



- * A pump and a chemical fluid tank must be prepared by the customer.
- * Refer to "Applicable Fluids" on page 216 for types of chemicals. Please contact SMC if applicable fluids are unknown.





HED

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HEB

SMC Temperature Control Equipment Guide

Production of HRG001/002 and HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

: Standard : Selectable by model or option

Max. Cooling Temperature Pump Applicable Series Temperature range cooling Features method stability capacity fluid • With this chiller, cooling water can be obtained Economy-type chiller Air-cooled Clear water. anywhere it is necessary because of easy instal-**Thermo-cooler** 5 to 35°C ±1.0°C/ refrigeration, 5 to 62 Deionized water. lation and easy operation. 15 kW Series HRG ±0.5°C Water-cooled L/min Ethylene glycol For a wide range of applications such as laser machine -30 tool, analytical equipment, LCD manufacturing equiprefrigeration (3-phase power supply) aqueous solution ment, mold temperature control, etc. Economy-type chiller • With this chiller, cooling water can be obtained anywhere it is **Thermo-cooler** necessary because of easy installation and easy operation. Air-cooled Clear water. 5 to 35°C • For a wide range of applications such as mold Series HRGC refrigeration, ±1.0°C/ 5 to 62 Deionized water 5 kW temperature control, laser machine tool, analytical ±0.5°C Water-cooled L/min Ethylene glycol (Single-phase power supply) equipment, LCD manufacturing equipment, etc. -30 refrigeration aqueous solution Ideal for export equipment (single-phase 200 to 300 V) ((71) • UL standards, CE marking High-performance chiller/Compact type • Fits into the space under a laboratory table with a Thermo-cooler Air-cooled compact design 5 to 40°C Clear water Available for single-phase 100/115 V, 200 to 230 V
 UL standards, CE marking refrigeration 5 to 25 Series HRS ±0.1°C 2.4 kW Ethylene glycol Water-cooled L/min aqueous solution refrigeratio Refrigerated High-performance chiller –20 to 40°C Suitable for semiconductor processing equip-**Thermo-chiller** ment with a wide variety of features such as high Fluorinated fluid -30 Series HRZ 20 to 90°C temperature stability, wide temperature range Clear water, 6 to 40 Water-cooled 15 kW ±0.1°C failure diagnosis, external communication, etc. Deionized wate efrigeration L/min Conforming to various safety standards -30 Ethylene glycol **Chiller (Circulating Fluid Temperature** –20 to 90°C Conforming to UL, SEMI standards, CE marking aqueous solution -30 In addition to advanced HRZ series, energy-saving is High-performance chiller achieved through use of a DC inverter compressor. Thermo-chiller Fluorinated fluid. A single unit covers a wide temperature range –20 to 90°C Clear water, Series HRZ 10 to 40 and has a large cooling capacity. Water-cooled ±0.1°C 10 kW Deionized water. Can respond to change of process conditions refrigeration L/min (Built-in inverter) Ethylene glycol -30 flexibly, which is suitable for semiconductor equipment with a short innovation cycle.Conforming to UL, SEMI standards, CE marking aqueous solution • High-performance chiller • Temperature for two systems can be controlled 10 to 40 Fluorinated fluid. **Dual Thermo-chiller** separately by one chiller. -30 to 90°C 9.5 kW x 2 Water-cooled refrigeration More effective energy-saving is achieved through Series HRZD ±0.1°C Ethylene glycol •• use of a DC inverter compressor and an inverte L/min aqueous solution (Built-in inverter) pump.Conforming to SEMI standards, CE marking High-performance chiller **Thermo-chiller** Series HRW (Water-cooled) · Direct heat exchanger for in-plant circulating fluid Water-cooled Refrigerant-free Fluorinated fluid, - Can control the temperature over a wide range 20 to 90°C Clear water. Vater-coole since a compressor is not required. 10 to 30 Suitable for semiconductor processing equipment 30 kW Without ±0.3°C Deionized water High-performance chiller L/min Ethylene glycol with a wide variety of features such as high -30 compressor **Thermo-chiller** temperature stability, wide temperature range, aqueous solution Series HRW (Water-cooled) failure diagnosis, external communication, etc. Conforming to UL, SEMI standards, CE marking (Built-in inverter) • High-precision temperature controller with a High-precision chiller Peltier-type Peltier device suitable for applications that 1 to 10 Clear water Thermo-con 600 W ±0.01°C require high-precision temperature control. air-cooled L/min 10 to 60°C Series HEC Refrigerant-free Highly-reliable simple construction -30 · Easy installation in equipment with a compact, low-vibration body 3 to 23 Clear water. Peltier-type 1.2 kW ±0.01°C Compatible with a wide range of power supply voltage (E .met)... (]) L/min Fluorinated fluid vater-coole • Conforming to UL standards, CE marking Peltier-type High-precision bath • High-precision temperature control bath with a **Thermoelectric Bath** Peltier device -15 to 60°C Peltier-type Clear water Refrigerant-free 140 W Series HEB ±0.01°C Compact and low noise water-cooled Fluorinated fluid -30 Minimal up-down temperature distribution with a unique agitation method Fluororesin temperature control system for chemicals Heat exchanger for direct temperature control with a Peltier device 10 to 60°C **Chemical Thermo-con** Refrigerant-free Peltier-type Deionized water 750 W ±0.1°C · Compatible with a wide range of chemicals by water-cooled Chemical Series HED -30 use of a fluororesin heat exchanger (E SEMI Conforming to SEMI standards. ČE marking

Features 5

Bath

Controller)

Note) This table is a guide to select models. **SMC**

Refer to applicable model pages for detailed specifications. Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

erter	RS-305 Sor/Switch		/		ofTM	akage brant.	ter difer	I switch in	alts for circulation (1.1.	Mater Dini	Bund auno	ontrol	Hightemmer leakage sons	equipment space.
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•		•	0	0	•	•		•		•	0	•		Fluorinated fluid type From P.112 Ethylene glycol type From P.112 Clear/Deionized water type From P.112
•		•	•		•	•		•		•		•		From P.127
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	•	•												From P.203

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Production of HRG001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Refrigerated Thermo-cooler Series HRG

Makes cooling water easily available, anytime, anywhere. HRG • Cooling capacity (60 Hz): **1.1** kw/**2.3** kw/**4.8** kw, **9.5** kw/**14.5** HRGC (Air-cooled refrigeration) **1.1** kw/**2.3** kw/**4.8** kw, **11.0** kw/**16.5** kw (Water-cooled refrigeration) HRS /±0.5°C (Proportional valve ○ Temperature stability: ± C (Compressor ON/OFF control) PID control) ○ Temperature range setting: 5 to 35°C HRZ HRZD Ĩ Ī HRW HEC HEB Can be used in many applications other than **Application Examples** those shown below. Refer to other "Application Examples" page in this catalog. Temperature control Temperature control As a replacement for a cooling tower of LCD panels of welding torches HED Example: Cooling an LCD panel Example: Laser welding Air-cooled LCD panel refrigeration Technical Data HRG M Cooling plate With casters **Related Products** (Option) Can be used for cooling during transfer to Can be used to supply cooling water to Installing extra cooling towers can be processing, before and after resist coating welding torches or commercially troublesome. The HRG series (air-cooled and firing of the glass substrate. available laser welding devices, and to refrigeration) can be moved easily to wherever prevent overheating of the torch or the you need it, when you need it. Cooling water oscillation tube. is supplied from the attached hose.

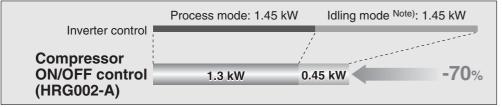
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Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Energy-Saving

Power consumption: Max. 70% reduction

When the circulating fluid reaches a certain preset temperature, the compressor stops temporarily (idling stop) and the temperature is adjusted (compressor ON/OFF control). Stopping the compressor for longer periods of time and operating at low load (idling mode) reduces power consumption dramatically. Even in processes where there is heat loading, performance is at least as good as that of inverter control.



Note) Operating conditions: Process mode: Circulating fluid temperature 20°C, Heat load 2 kW Idling mode: Circulating fluid temperature 20°C, Heat load 0 kW

Reduced running cost

Contribution to the environmental preservation

Refrigerant: Max. 50% (SMC comparison) reduction

Conventionally, reducing the amount of refrigerant gas has meant a reduction in cooling performance. Now, however, the HRG's use of an improved highperformance heat exchanger Note) makes it possible to reduce the volume of refrigerant used (refrigerant charge volume) without sacrificing cooling performance.

Conventional	Refrigerant weight		
model	3.4 kg		
HRG015-A	1.7 kg		

Note) HRG010-A, HRG015-A only

More environmentally friendly

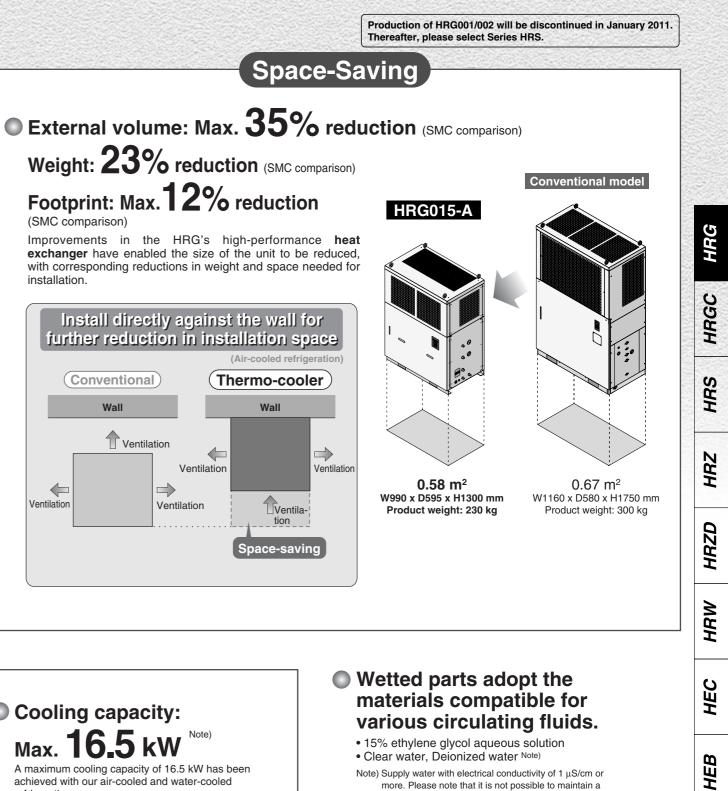
100/	(SMC comparison)
Efficiency: 42%	improvement

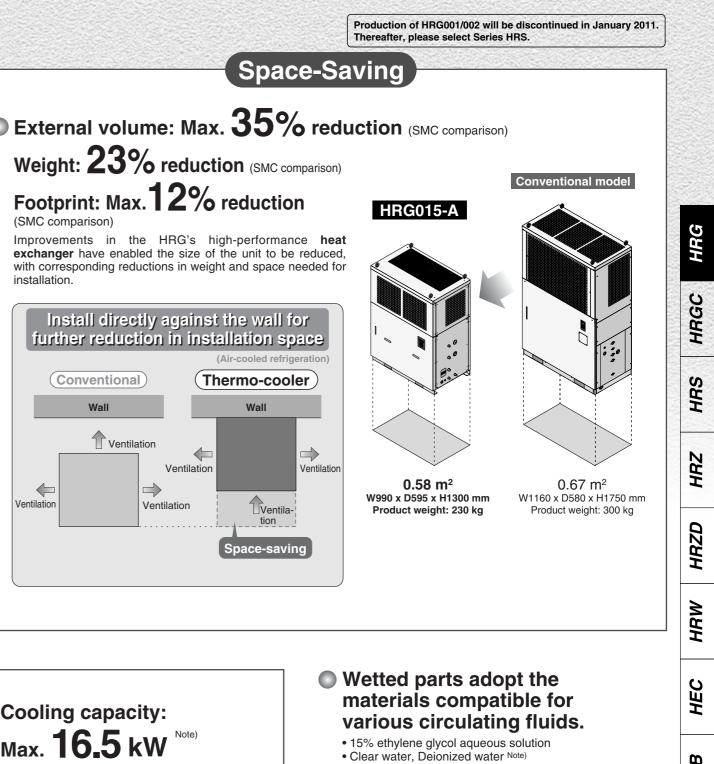
A new high-performance heat exchanger Note) improves the HRG heat exchange capability, delivering greater efficiency (= cooling capacity/power consumption).

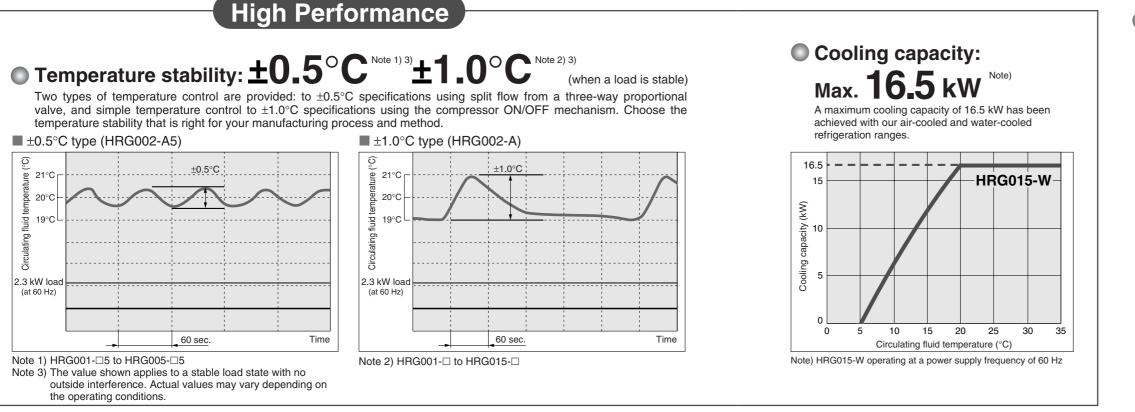
Conventional	

model		
HRG015-A		2.36
Note) HRG010-A,	HRG015-A only	

```
Reduced running cost
More environmentally friendly
```







Note) Supply water with electrical conductivity of 1 μ S/cm or more. Please note that it is not possible to maintain a specific electrical conductivity

Easy Operation and Maintenance

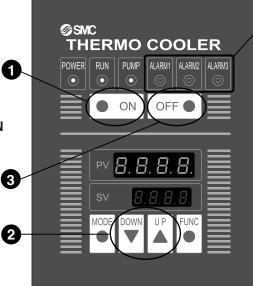
Simple operation

(Standard specifications)

Operation 1 Press the ON button.

Operation 2 Adjust the temperature setting with the UP/DOWN keys.

Operation 3 Press the OFF button to shut down. What could be easier?!



With individual alarm indicators

Three separate levels of alarm indi-cators Note) for easy faiure diagnosis.

(Supplied as standard for the HRG010-□ and HRG015-□, and as specials for the HRG001 to HRG005.)

Individual red LED alarm indicators

ALARM1 Abnormal installation status

ALARM2 Water delivery circuit error

ALARM3 Refrigeration circuit error

Note) Refer to page 24 for operation display panel and alarms.

Contact input/output signal

(Standard specifications)

Remote operation signal input

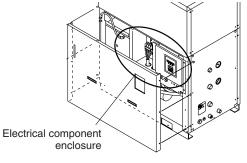
Startup and shutdown can be remotely controlled by applying 24 VDC.

Operation, shutdown, alarm signal output Operation, shutdown, alarm signal can be output via the relay contact.

Easy maintenance

(Standard specifications)

Components can be accessed from the front. The pump, compressor thermal relay and reset switch (for use in the case of problems with facility water supply) are located inside the electrical component enclosure.



Options

Various options are available, including with casters, breakers and communications function. Specify options according to your particular manufacturing process and method.

(Refer to pages 26 and 27 for options.)

Optional accessories

Dustproof filters for the by-pass piping set and aircooled refrigeration are available.

These improve durability and ease of use.

(Refer to pages 28 through to 35 for optional accessories.)

Air-Cooled Refrigeration

Air-cooled refrigeration

Unlike the water-cooled refrigeration, the air-cooled refrigeration does not require a facility water, and is easy to install alongside your equipment.

Rainproof design: Enclosure IPx3

In addition to the previously available indoor installation specifications, we now offer specifications for outdoor installation. Note)

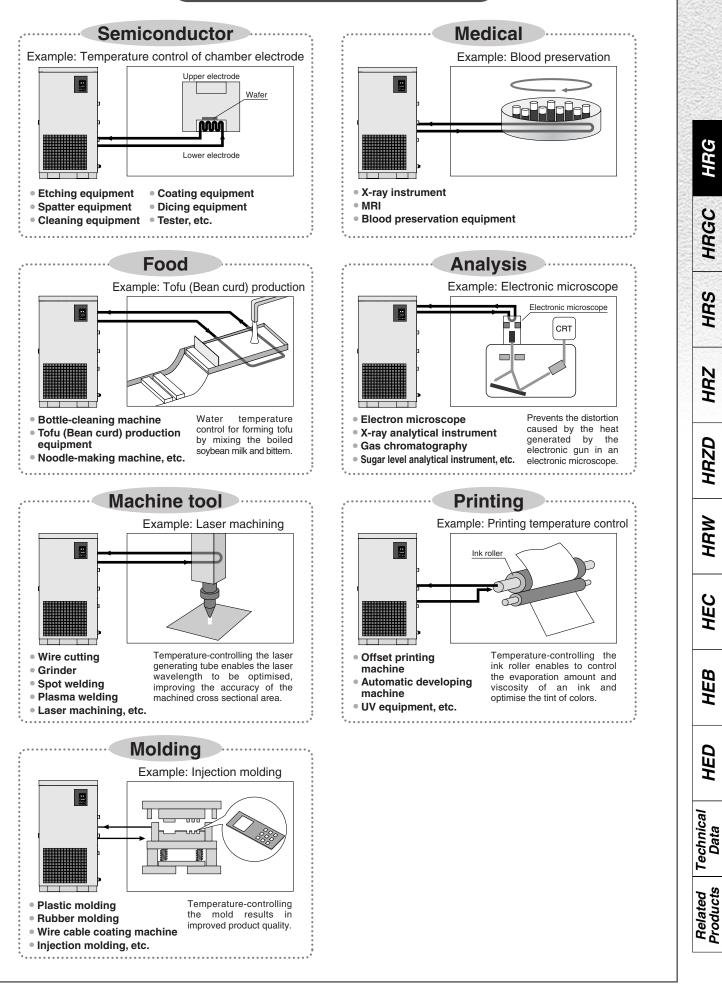
Note) HRG010-D, HRG015-D

Communications

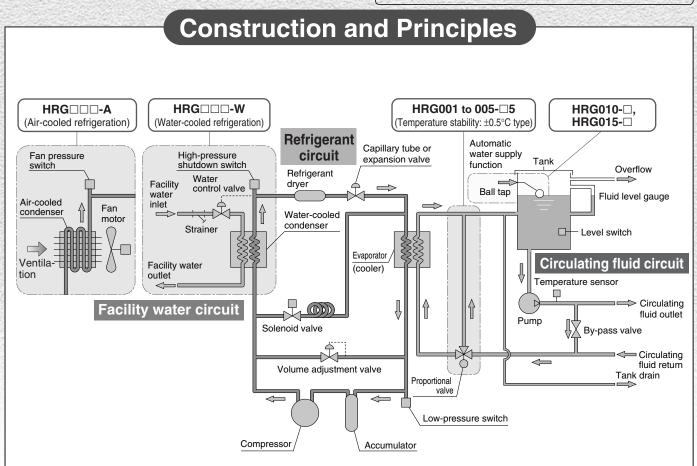
- Communications function (RS-485) (Refer to page 27 for options.)
- Contact input/output function (Refer to page 25.)

∕∂SMC

Application Examples



Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.



Circulating fluid circuit

With the circulating pump, circulating fluid will be discharged to the customer's machine side. After the circulating fluid will cool the customer's machine side, it will heat up and return to the Thermo-cooler.

■ Temperature stability: ±0.5°C type (HRG001 to 005-□5)

If the temperature of the circulating fluid is higher than the preset temperature, the three-way proportional valve will return the circulating fluid to the cooler. If the temperature of the circulating fluid is lower than the preset temperature, the fluid will be returned directly to the tank.

When the temperature of the circulating fluid is nearly the same as the preset temperature, the temperature will be stabilized by split flow between the cooler and the tank.

Refrigerant circuit

High-temperature, high-pressure refrigerant gas compressed by the compressor is made to release heat by the condenser, and turns to liquid. As the liquefied high-pressure refrigerant passes through the capillary tube and expansion valve, it expands and cools down; as it passes through the evaporator, heat is extracted from the circulating fluid and it evaporates.

The evaporated refrigerant is once again sucked in and compressed by the compressor, and the above cycle is repeated.

When the circulating fluid is cooled sufficiently, the solenoid valve and volume adjustment valve open. These valves balance the refrigerant pressure and prevent freezing of the circulating fluid (especially clear water) in excessively cold conditions.

■ Temperature stability: ±1.0°C type (HRG□□□-□□)

If the temperature of the circulating fluid is higher than the preset temperature, the compressor starts up, and refrigerant gas flows to the evaporator (cooler). This cools the circulating fluid. If the temperature of the circulating fluid is lower than the preset temperature, the compressor shuts down, and the flow of refrigerant gas stops. At such times, the circulating fluid is not cooled, and the temperature rises.

Temperature stability is achieved by the compressor starting up and shutting down.

Facility water circuit

6

■ Cooling method: Water-cooled refrigeration (HRG□□□-W)

When the refrigerant gas is adequately liquefied and the circulating fluid is adequately cooled, the water control valve automatically closes the facility water circuit and adjusts the flow of facility water. This method assures normal pressure in the compressor and reduces energy use by your facility water equipment.



Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

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HRZ

HRG

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical Data Related Products

7

Series HRG **Model Selection**

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Guide to Model Selection

1. Which is best for you: a water-cooled refrigeration or an air-cooled refrigeration?

You should base your choice on the configuration of your equipment.

Thermo-cooler series refrigeration methods

Water-cooled refrigeration	Requires facility water equipment (cooling tower etc.) as well as electrical power supply. This type provides stable cooling performance year round, regardless of ambient temperature changes.
Air-cooled refrigeration ······	Only electrical power supply is needed. Facility water equipment is not necessary, so the system is easy to install wherever you need it, when you need it. Please note that ventilation or air conditioning is required to dissipate heat: for details, refer to page 36. Operating Environment/Storage Environment 3 on Specific Product Precautions 1.

Example) Customer requirement: Air-cooled refrigeration

2. How much is the temperature in degrees centigrade for the circulating fluid?

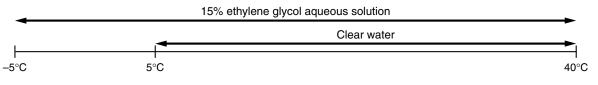
Temperature range which can be set with the Thermo-cooler

5°C to 35°C

Example) Customer requirement: 20°C

3. What kind of the circulating fluids will be used?

Relationship between circulating fluid (which can be used with the Thermo-cooler) and ambient temperature



Example) Customer requirement: Clear water

4. What power supply frequency?

Thermo-cooler power supply frequency specifications

50 Hz, 60 Hz (common use)

Example) Customer requirement: 60 Hz

5. What is the kW for the required cooling capacity? * To calculate the cooling capacity, refer to pages 10 to 12.

Example) Customer requirement: 4.2 kW (Refer to example 1 (1).)

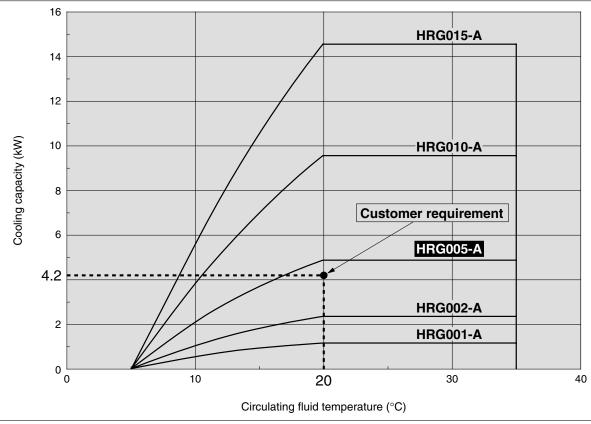
Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Selection

Example: Customer requirements 1 to 5 Cooling method : Air-cooled refrigeration Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C Fluid : Clear water Power supply frequency : 60 Hz Required cooling capacity : 4.2 kW

Based on the results of 1 to 5, refer to the graph of cooling capacity of an air-cooled refrigeration Thermo-cooler at 60 Hz (page 16). On the same graph, plot the intersections between the customer's required temperature (20°C) and cooling capacity (4.2 kW). Refer to the same graph that can be used for ethylene glycol aqueous solution (15% or less.)





The point plotted in the graph is the requirement from your customer. Select the Thermo-cooler models exceeding this point. In this case, select the **HRG005-A**.

Related Products

9

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is known.

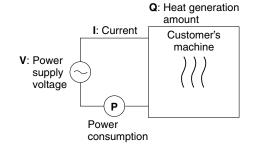
The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within customer's machine.*

(1) Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 3.5 [kW]

Q = P = 3.5 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]



(2) Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 4.1 [kVA]

$Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

= 4.1 [kVA] x 0.85 = 3.5 [kW]
Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,
3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]

(3) Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power, etc.) W: 2.2 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, use an efficiency of 0.7:

$$=\frac{2.2}{0.7}=3.14$$
 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.14 [kW] x 1.2 \approx 3.8 [kW]

* The above examples calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of customer facilities. Please be sure to check it carefully.

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is not known.

Obtaining the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the customer's machine.

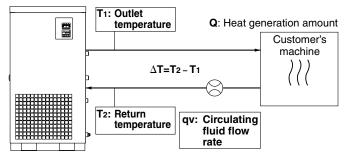
Heat generation amount by customer's machine Q : Unknown [kW] ([kJ/s])				
Circulating fluid	: Clear water*			
Circulating fluid mass flow rate qm	: (= ρ x q ν ÷ 60) [kg/s]			
Circulating fluid density ρ	: 1 [kg/L]			
Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{v}}$: 25 [L/min]			
Circulating fluid specific heat capacity ${\bm C}$: 4.2 [kJ/(kg•K)]			
Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1	: 293 [K] (20 [°C])			
Circulating fluid return temperature T2	: 295 [K] (22 [°C])			
Circulating fluid temperature difference Δ	T : 2.0 [K] (= T₂ − T1)			
Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units)	: 60 [s/min]			
* Refer to page 13 for the typical physical value of clear water or other circulating	,			

 $\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{q}\mathbf{m} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{x} (\mathbf{T}_2 - \mathbf{T}_1)$ $\rho \mathbf{x} \mathbf{q} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{x} \Delta \mathbf{T}$ 60 1 x 25 x 4.2 x 2.0 60

= 3.50 [kJ/s]
$$\approx$$
 3.5 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]

Thermo-cooler



Example of conventional measurement	units (Reference)
Heat generation amount by customer's machine G	: Unknown [kcal/h] \rightarrow [kW]
Circulating fluid	: Clear water*
Circulating fluid weight flow rate qm	: (= ρ x q v x 60) [kgf/h]
Circulating fluid weight: volume ratio γ	: 1 [kgf/L]
Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{v}}$: 25 [L/min]
Circulating fluid specific heat capacity C	: 1.0 [kcal/(kgf•°C)]
Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1	: 20 [°C]
Circulating fluid return temperature T2	: 22 [°C]
Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta \textbf{T}$: 2.0 [°C] (= T ₂ − T 1)
Conversion factor: hours to minutes	: 60 [min/h]
Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW	: 860 [(kcal/h)/kW]

$$Q = \frac{qm \ x \ C \ x \ (T_2 - T_1)}{860}$$

$$=\frac{1 \times 25 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 2.0}{860}$$

3000 [kcal/h] 860

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]

11

Required Cooling Capacity Calculation

Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) Q	: Unknown [kW] ([kJ/s])
Cooled substance	: Water
Cooled substance mass m	: (= ρ x V) [kg]
Cooled substance density $\boldsymbol{\rho}$: 1 [kg/L]
Cooled substance total volume ${\bf V}$: 60 [L]
Cooled substance specific heat capacity C	: 4.2 [kJ/(kg•K)]
Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins To	: 305 [K] (32 [°C])
Cooled substance temperature after t hour T t	r : 293 [K] (20 [°C])
Cooling temperature difference $\Delta \mathbf{T}$: 12 [K] (= T 0 - T t)
Cooling time $\Delta \mathbf{t}$: 900 [s] (= 15 [min])

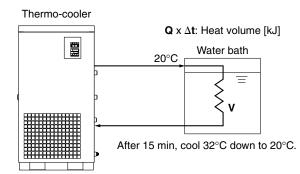
* Refer to page 13 for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (Tt - T0)}{\Delta t}$$
$$= \frac{\rho \times V \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
$$= \frac{1 \times 60 \times 4.2 \times 12}{900}$$

= 3.36 [kJ/s] ≈ 3.4 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

3.4 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.08 [kW]



Note) This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only. Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping shape.

Example of conventional measuremer	nt units (Reference)
Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) Q	
Cooled substance	: Water
Cooled substance weight m	: (= ρ x V) [kgf]
Cooled substance weight volume ratio γ	: 1 [kgf/L]
Cooled substance total volume V	: 60 [L]
Cooled substance specific heat capacity C	: 1.0 [kcal/(kgf•°C)]
Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins To	: 32 [°C]
Cooled substance temperature after t hour T t	: 20 [°C]
Cooling temperature difference ΔT	: 12 [°C] (= T 0 − T t)
Cooling time $\Delta \mathbf{t}$: 15 [min]
Conversion factor: hours to minutes	: 60 [min/h]
Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW	: 860 [(kcal/h)/kW]
$\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\mathbf{m} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{x} (\mathbf{T} \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{T} 0)}{\Delta \mathbf{t} \mathbf{x} 860}$	
$=\frac{\gamma \times V \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t \times 860}$	

$$=\frac{1 \times 60 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 12}{15 \times 860}$$

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.4 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.08 [kW]

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical Data

Related Products

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Precautions on Model Selection

1. Heating capacity

If the circulating fluid is to be set at a higher temperature than room temperature, the Thermo-cooler will heat the fluid. However, the Thermo-cooler has a lower heating capacity than a dedicated heater.

2. Pump capacity

Watar

<Circulating fluid flow rate>

Pump capacity varies depending on the model selected from the HRG series. Also, circulating fluid flow varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between our cooler and a customer's machine and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the equipment. Check beforehand if the required flow rate is achieved using the pump capacity curves for each respective model.

<Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves for the respective model. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the customer's machine are fully durable against this pressure.

Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

1. This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat capacity in calculating the required cooling capacity.

Density ρ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional unit system, weight volume ratio $\gamma = 1$ [kg/L])

Specific heat capacity C: 4.2 [kJ/(kg·K)] (or, using conventional unit system of units, 1 [kcal/(kgf·°C)])

2. Values for density and specific heat capacity change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference. Note)

Physical	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional unit system		
property value Femperature	[kg/L]	[kJ/(kg•K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [kcal/(kgf∙°C)]	
5°C	1.00	4.20	1.00	1.00	
10°C	1.00	4.19	1.00	1.00	
15°C	1.00	4.19	1.00	1.00	
20°C	1.00	4.18	1.00	1.00	
25°C	1.00	4.18	1.00	1.00	
30°C	1.00	4.18	1.00	1.00	
35°C	0.99	4.18	0.99	1.00	

15% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

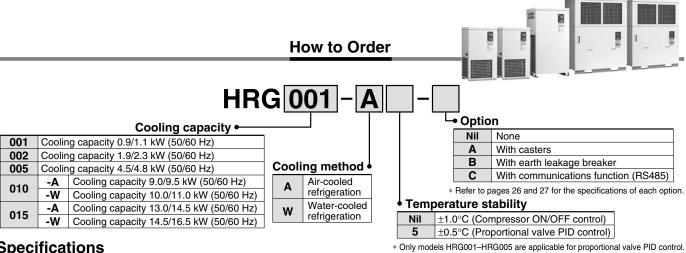
Physical	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional	unit system
property value Temperature	[kg/L]	[kJ/(kg•K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [kcal/(kgf•°C)]
5°C	1.02	3.91	1.02	0.93
10°C	1.02	3.91	1.02	0.93
15°C	1.02	3.91	1.02	0.93
20°C	1.01	3.91	1.01	0.93
25°C	1.01	3.91	1.01	0.93
30°C	1.01	3.91	1.01	0.94
35°C	1.01	3.92	1.01	0.94

Note) The above shown are reference values. Please contact circulating fluid supplier for details.

Thermo-cooler

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Series HRG



Specifications

HRG001, 002, 005

	Model	HRC	i001	HR	G002	HRC	G005
С	ooling method	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration
R	efrigerant			R407C	(HFC)		
-	ontrol method		Compressor	ON/OFF control of	r Proportional valve	PID control	
Α	mbient temperature/humidity Note 1)	Clear water, Deionized water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution e 1) (°C) 5 to 35 /60 Hz) 0.9/1.1 0.9/1.1 1.9/2.3 1.9/2.3 4.5/4.8 4.5/4.8 (kW) (at 20°C) (
	Circulating fluid Note 2)		Clear water, De	eionized water, 15%	6 ethylene glycol ad	queous solution	
c	Temperature range setting Note 1) (°C)			5 to	35		
system	Cooling capacity Note 3) (50/60 Hz)					4.5/4.8	4.5/4.8
ŝ		(at 20°C)	(at 20°C)	(at 20°C)	(at 20°C)	(at 20°C)	(at 20°C)
ğ			—	—	—	_	
fluid							
g						0.2/0.26 (at 24/32 L/min,	total lifting height 14/15 m)
Circulating	Rated flow Note 7) (50/60 Hz)(L/min)	8/			/10		
5	• • • • • • • • • • •		1	-		2	0
ü	Port size				1/2		
-	Wetted parts material		,	, , ,			
	•	F		ng (Heat exchanger	,	Copper brazing (
ē	• • • • • •			_		—	
Facility water system	. ,			_			0.2 to 0.5
yst	Required flow rate Note 8) (50/60 Hz)(L/min)			—		_	27/28
s	Port size			—			Rc1/2
-	Wetted parts material						
c	Power supply						
system	Applicable earth leakage breaker capacity Note 9) (A)			-	-		-
ys	Rated operating current (50/60 Hz) (A)	2.85/2.85	2.6/2.65	5.0/5.5	4.2/4.3	8.0/9.5	6.3/7.8
als	Rated power consumption (50/60 Hz) (kW)	0.66/0.82	0.56/0.72	1.0/1.25	0.84/1.0	1.75/2.35	1.45/2.0
Ë.	Remote operation signal input			up with 24 VDC, 8			
Electrical	Operation signal output			when operating, sw			,
ш	Alarm stop signal output	Relay contact output	(switch closed when a	larm is turned off, swit		s turned on, switch clo	sed when shut down)
	Alarm			Refer to			
W	reight Note 10) (kg)	7	0	7	5	120	115

Note 1) It should have no condensation.

During seasons or in locations where the ambient temperature is likely to fall below freezing point, please use aqueous ethylene glycol solution.

Note 2) If clear water is used, please use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industrial Association (JRA GL-02-1994 cooling water system - circulating type - make-up water). If deionized water is used, supply water with electrical conductivity of 1 µS/cm or more (or electrical resistivity of 1 MΩ · cm or less).

If ethylene glycol aqueous solution is used, maintain the concentration at 15%.

Note 3) ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, Facility water temperature: 25°C (water-cooled refrigeration), ② Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Values at circulating fluid rated flow rate.

Note 4) Thermo-cooler specifications do not have heating capability.

Note 5) Value with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range depending on operating conditions.

Note 6) The capacity at the Thermo-cooler outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is at 20°C.

Note 7) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability.

When used below the rated flow, open the standard by-pass valve and maintain a circulating fluid flow rate equivalent to the rated flow. Also, use the individually sold, "By-pass Piping Set" (Refer to pages 28 through to 35). Note 8) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a facility water temperature of 32°C.

Note 9) Purchase an earth leakage breaker with current sensitivity of 30 mA separately. (A product with an optional earth leakage breaker (option B) is also available. Refer to "How to Order".) Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids *∕∕∕∕∕S*MC

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Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Specifications

HRG010/015

	Model	HRC	6010	HRO	G015	
С	cooling method	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	
R	lefrigerant		R407C	(HFC)		
С	control method		Compressor O	N/OFF control		
Α	mbient temperature/humidity Note 1)		Temperature: -5 to 40°C	, Humidity: 30 to 70%RH		
	Circulating fluid Note 2)	Clear	water, Deionized water, 15%	6 ethylene glycol aqueous s	olution	
_	Temperature range setting Note 1) (°C)		5 to	35	_	
system	Cooling capacity Note 3) (50/60 Hz) (kW)	9.0/9.5 (at 20°C)	10.0/11.0 (at 20°C)	13.0/14.5 (at 20°C)	14.5/16.5 (at 20°C)	
d S	Heating capacity Note 4) (kW)	_			—	
fluid	Temperature stability Note 5) (°C)		±1	.0		
	Pump capacity Note 6) (50/60 Hz) (MPa)	0.29/0.33 (at 37/49 L/min,	total lifting height 25/25 m)	0.28/0.31 (at 42/53 L/min,	total lifting height 25/25 m)	
Circulating	Rated flow Note 7) (50/60 Hz)(L/min)	37	/49	42	/53	
Ë	Tank capacity (L)	4	0	e e	60	
ž	Port size	Rc3/4				
Ŭ	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel, Brass, PVC, Nylon 12, Polyurethane, Copper brazing (Heat exchanger) Stainless steel, Brass, PV Polyurethane, Copper brazing				
2	Temperature range (°C)	_	5 to 32		5 to 32	
m	Pressure range (MPa)	_	0.3 to 0.5		0.3 to 0.5	
Facility water system	Required flow rate Note 8) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)		33/34		38/40	
s s	Port size		Rc1/2		Rc3/4	
ï	Wetted parts material	Stainless	s steel, Brass, Synthetic rubb	er, Copper brazing (Heat ex	(changer)	
_	Power supply		50 Hz, 3-phase 200 to 220 \	AC 60 Hz Allowable voltag	e fluctuation ±10%	
system	Applicable earth leakage breaker capacity Note 9) (A)	4	0	6	<u>60</u>	
yst	Rated operating current (50/60 Hz) (A)	14/16	12/12.5	21/22	18/19	
	Rated power consumption (50/60 Hz) (kW)		3.2/3.8	5.5/6.7	4.7/5.8	
ŝ	Remote operation signal input		note startup with 8 mA input			
Electrical	Operation signal output		h closed when operating, sw			
щ	Alarm stop signal output	Relay contact output (switch clo	sed when alarm is turned off, swit	ch open when alarm is turned on	, switch closed when shut down)	
	Alarm		Refer to	page 24.	1	
W	Veight Note 10) (kg)	205	200	230	220	

Note 1) It should have no condensation.

During seasons or in locations where the ambient temperature is likely to fall below freezing point, please use aqueous ethylene glycol solution.

Note 2) If clear water is used, please use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industrial Association (JRA GL-02-1994 cooling water system - circulating type - make-up water). If deionized water is used, supply water with electrical conductivity of 1 µS/cm or more (or electrical resistivity of 1 MΩ · cm or less).

If ethylene glycol aqueous solution is used, maintain the concentration at 15%.

Note 3) ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, Facility water temperature: 25°C (water-cooled refrigeration), ② Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Values at rated circulating fluid flow rate.

Note 4) Thermo-cooler specifications do not have heating capability. Note 5) Value with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range depending on operating conditions.

Note 6) The capacity at the Thermo-cooler outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C.

Note 7) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability.

When used below the rated flow, open the standard by-pass valve and maintain a circulating fluid flow rate equivalent to the rated flow.

Also, use the individually sold, "By-pass Piping Set" (Refer to pages 28 through to 35).

Note 8) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a facility water temperature of 32°C. Note 9) Purchase an earth leakage breaker with current sensitivity of 30 mA separately. (A product with an optional earth leakage breaker (option B) is also available. Refer to "How to Order".)

Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

HEC

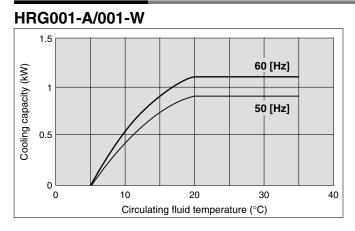
HEB

15

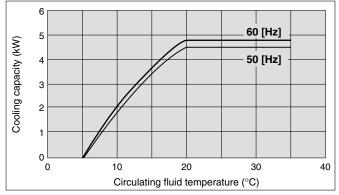
Series HRG

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

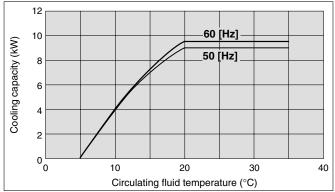
Cooling Capacity



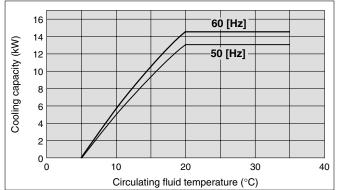
HRG005-A/005-W



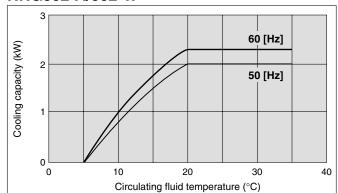
HRG010-A

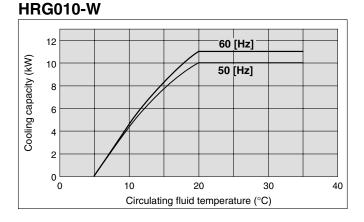


HRG015-A

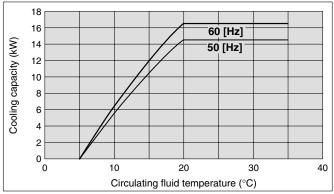


HRG002-A/002-W







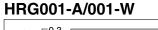


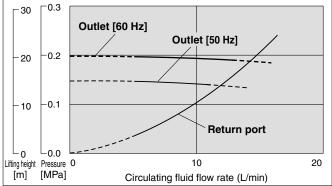
16

16 Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

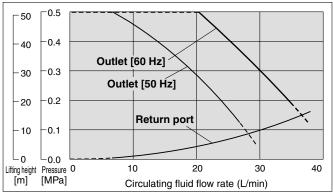
Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Pump Capacity

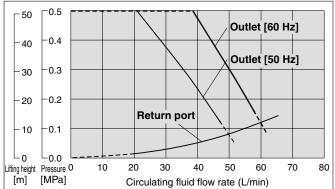




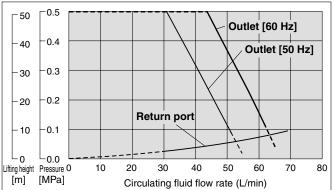
HRG005-A/005-W



HRG010-A/010-W

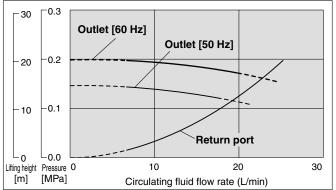


HRG015-A/015-W

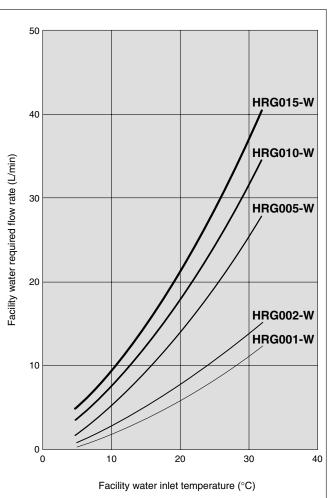


For all common models, temperature stability will decline in the flow rate range where circulating fluid is deduced (dotted line). Also, in this range, the circulating fluid outlet pressure will exceed the maximum operating pressure (0.5 MPa) (HRG005 to HRG015).

HRG002-A/002-W



Facility Water Required Flow Rate



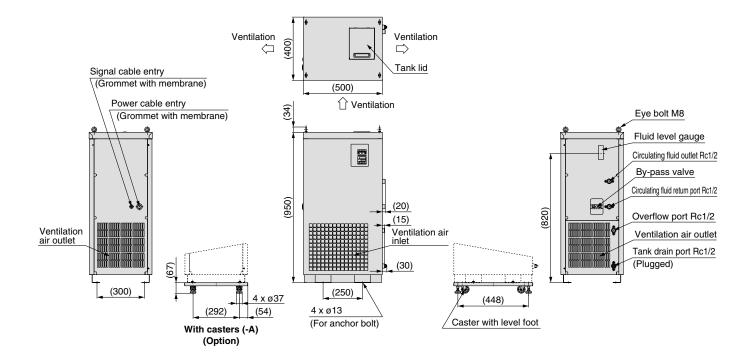
This is the required flow rate of facility water at the rated cooling capacity and circulating fluid flow, operating at 60 Hz, when the facility water inlet temperature is between 5°C and 32°C.

Series HRG

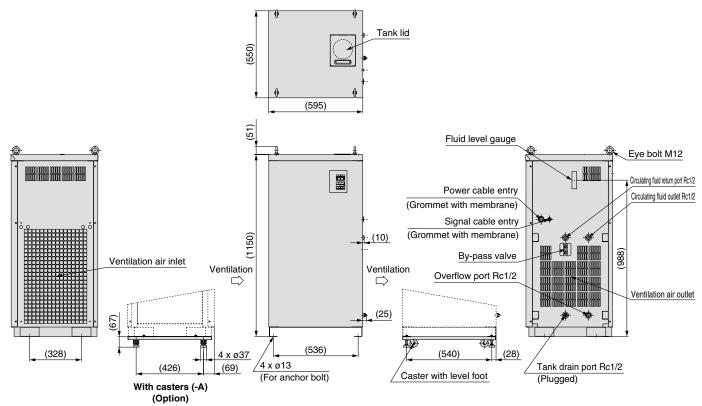
Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Dimensions: Air-Cooled Refrigeration

HRG001-A (-A)/002-A (-A)



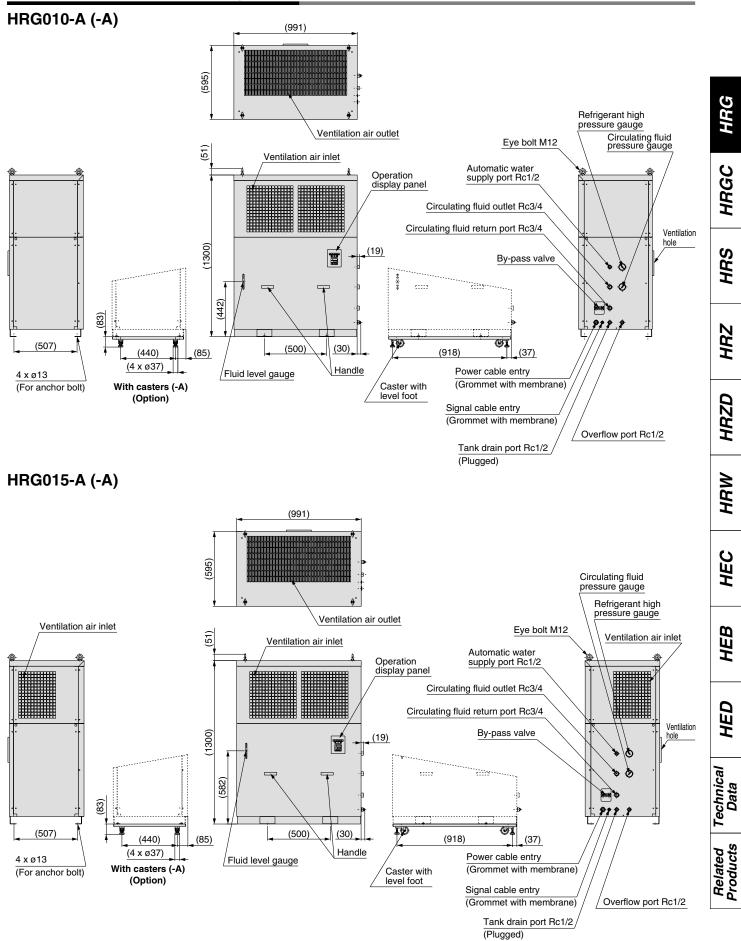
HRG005-A (-A)



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Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

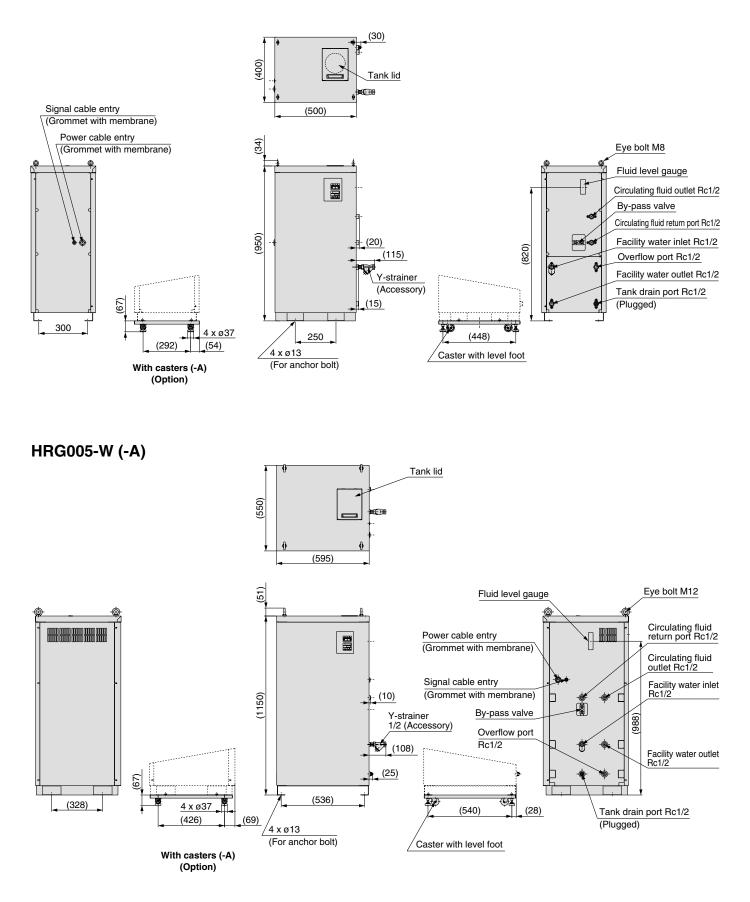
Dimensions: Air-Cooled Refrigeration



Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Dimensions: Water-Cooled Refrigeration

HRG001-W (-A)/002-W (-A)

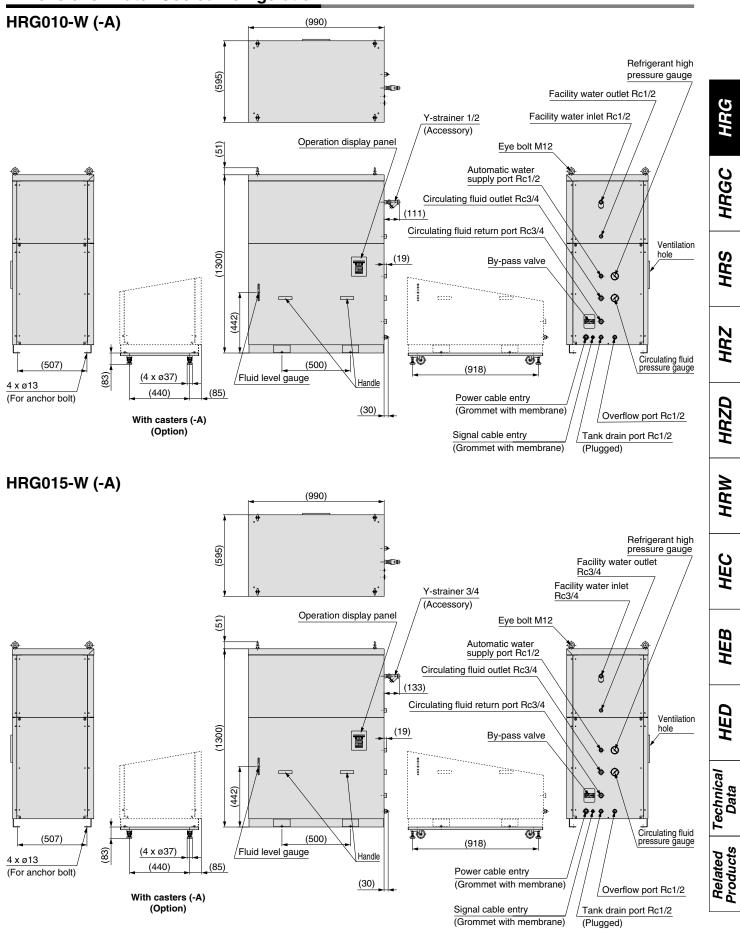


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Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Dimensions: Water-Cooled Refrigeration



SMC

Series HRG

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

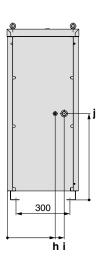
U

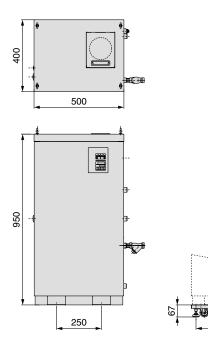
(448)

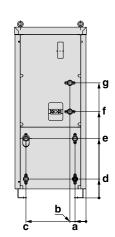
Piping Connection and Installation Dimensions

With casters (-A) (Option)

HRG001/002

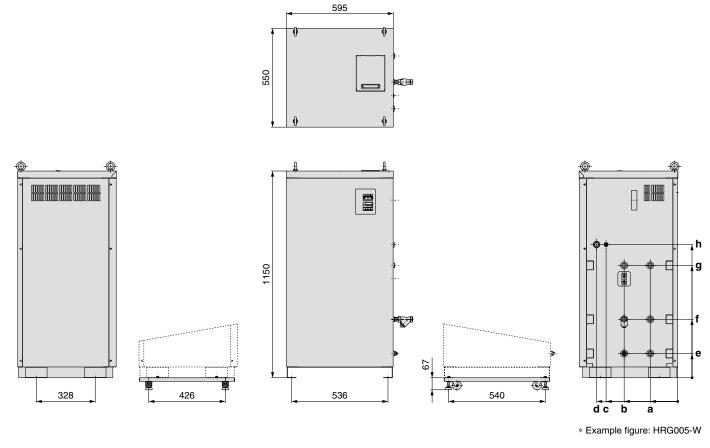






* Example figure: HRG001-W

HRG005



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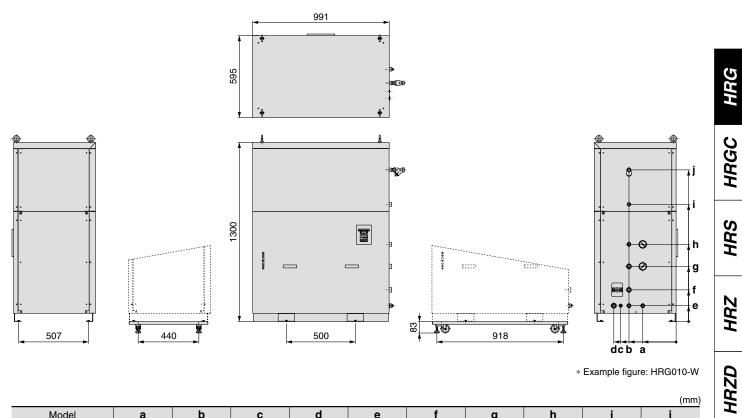
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Thermo-cooler Series HRG

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Piping Connection and Installation Dimensions

HRG010/015



* Example figure: HRG010-W

										(mm)
Model	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j
HRG001-A	61	94.5	—	105	330	480	640	265.5	315.5	480
HRG001-W	61	94.5	334	105	330	480	640	265.5	315.5	480
HRG002-A	61	94.5	—	105	330	480	640	265.5	315.5	480
HRG002-W	61	94.5	334	105	330	480	640	265.5	315.5	480
HRG005-A	153	298	398.5	451.5	135	—	625	741		
HRG005-W	153	298	398.5	451.5	135	325	625	741		
HRG010-A	242	342	402	452	115	230	400	560	—	—
HRG010-W	242	342	402	452	115	230	400	560	850	1100
HRG015-A	242	342	402	452	115	230	400	560	_	_
HRG015-W	242	342	402	452	115	230	400	560	850	1100

HRW

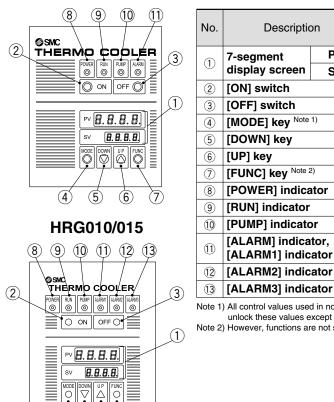
HEC

Series HRG

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Operation Display Panel

HRG001/002/005



	Description		Fur	iction			
I o.	Descriptio		HRG001/002/005	HRG010/015			
1	7-segment	PV	Displays the current temperatu	re of the circulating fluid outlet.			
J	display screen SV		Displays the set temperature of	the circulating fluid outlet.			
2	[ON] switch		Starts the operation.				
3	[OFF] switch		Stops the operation.				
4	[MODE] key Note	1)	Changes the display between the	temperature and control value Note 1).			
5	[DOWN] key		Reduces the set temperature of the circulating fluid outlet.				
6	[UP] key		Increases the set temperature of the circulating fluid outlet.				
7	[FUNC] key Note 2	2)	Activates functions Note 2) that have been set.				
8	[POWER] indica	itor	Lights up when the power is being supplied to the unit.				
9	[RUN] indicator		Lights up when the unit is runni	unit is running.			
10	[PUMP] indicate	or	Lights up when the pump is running indep	pendently, or when the main unit is running.			
11)	[ALARM] indica [ALARM1] indic	,	Lights up when ALARM is active.	Lights up when ALARM 1 is active.			
12	[ALARM2] indic	ator		Lights up when ALARM 2 is active.			
13	[ALARM3] indic	ator		Lights up when ALARM 3 is active.			
ote 1) All control values used	d in normal o	peration are displayed, but are locked and	cannot be changed. It is not necessary to			

unlock these values except during maintenance. Note 2) However, functions are not set. Pressing this key will have no effect.

Alarm/Alarm Indicators and Explanation

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> (5) (6)

(4)

The 6 basic temperature controller alarms are displayed on the operation display panel with alarm indicators (red LED). Operation stops if an alarm is active, assuring safety. When the source of the problem has been eliminated, the equipment must be restarted.

■ Explanation of Alarms (HRG001/002/005)

Indicator	Alarm	Operation status	Main reason
	Prevention of reverse electrical current to the pump and compressor	Stop	Power supply to this unit is incorrect.
	Low level of fluid in tank	Stop	Level switch activated because fluid level in tank fell below LOW.
	Interrupted or abnormal facility water supply Note 1)	Stop	Pressure switch activated because inadequate heat dissipation caused refrigerant pressure to rise.
[ALARM]	Circulating fluid temperature abnormally high	Stop	Temperature sensor activated because circulating fluid temperature became too high.
	Overload of pump	Stop	Circulation pump overload relay activated.
	Overheating of fan motor Note 2)	Stop	Fan motor thermostat activated.
	Overload of compressor	Stop	Compressor overload relay activated.

■ Explanation of Alarms (HRG010/015)

Indicator	Alarm	Operation status	Main reason
Note 3)	Prevention of reverse electrical current to the pump and compressor	Stop	Power supply to this unit is incorrect.
[ALARM1]	Low level of fluid in tank	Stop	Level switch activated because fluid level in tank fell below LOW.
	Interrupted or abnormal facility water supply Note 1)	Stop	Pressure switch activated because inadequate heat dissipation caused refrigerant pressure to rise.
Note 4)	Circulating fluid temperature abnormally high	Stop	Temperature sensor activated because circulating fluid temperature became too high.
[ALARM2]	Overload of pump	Stop	Circulation pump overload relay activated.
Note 5)	Overheating of fan motor Note 2)	Stop	Fan motor thermostat activated.
[ALARM3]	Overload of compressor	Stop	Compressor overload relay activated.

Note 1) Only for water-cooled refrigeration (HRG□□□-W)

Note 2) Only for air-cooled refrigeration (HRGDD-A)

Note 3) ALARM 1 lights up when power supply is turned on but operation has not commenced due to abnormal installation status: incorrect installation or inadequate preparation. Note 4) ALARM 2 lights up if a water delivery circuit error occurs after operation has begun.

Note 5) ALARM 3 lights up if a refrigeration circuit error occurs after operation has begun



Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

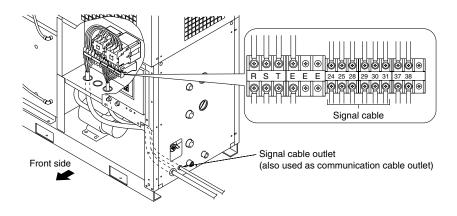
Contact Input/Output Function

The Thermo-cooler is equipped with terminals that allow remote start/stop, and enable output of an operation signal or abnormal status stop signal. These should be used for synchronizing startup and shutdown with your other equipment, or when adding new patrol lights or buzzers. However, the contact output volume is limited, so please add patrol lights and/or buzzers for special relays (for amplification) if they are necessary.

	Item		1	Specifications	- I	1			
	item	HRG001	HRG002	HRG005	HRG010	HRG015			
Con	nnector type			M3 terminal block					
	Signal type			DC voltage input					
lemote	Input voltage range			24 VDC \pm 5 V					
ignal input	Input current			0.5 to 8 mA					
5 1	Terminal number Note)	1 (24 VDC),	2 (24 VCOM)	24	(24 VDC), 25 (24 VC	COM)			
larm stop	Signal type		No	on-voltage contact o	utput				
ignal	Contact capacity		250	VAC, 1 A (Resistand	e load)				
utput	Terminal number Note)	3	, 4		28, 29				
Operation	Signal type		No	on-voltage contact o	utput				
ignal	Contact capacity		250	VAC, 1 A (Resistand	e load)				
utput	Terminal number Note)	5	5, 6 30, 31						
Circ	suit diagram	Remote operatio Voltage input		+ 24 V 0					
Circuit diagram			Operation signal Contact output	{					
		Note)	For terminal numbers for each type of signal		please refer to the term	inal numbers			

Input/output signal connection location

Remove the front panel and connect a signal cable to the terminal block inside the electrical component enclosure.



Other Features

Automatic water supply function (Built-in ball tap)

The tank contains a built-in ball tap for water supply valve).

By installing a water supply connection, you can automatically keep the water level at its rated position (halfway between HI and LOW).

- * HRG001 to 005-□□-X034 * HRG010/015 standard specifications
- Modified product with remote operation signal Remote operation is possible with a contact input. No need for DC power supply.
- * HRG001 to 015-DD-X071

Anti-freezing function This function detects the circulating fluid temperature. If the temperature approaches freezing point, e.g. in winter at night, the pump operates automatically and the heat generated by the pump warms the circulating fluid, preventing freezing. * HRG010/015 standard specifications

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HED

Technical

Related Products

Data

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Series HRG **Options**

Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-cooler. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

Option symbol With Casters

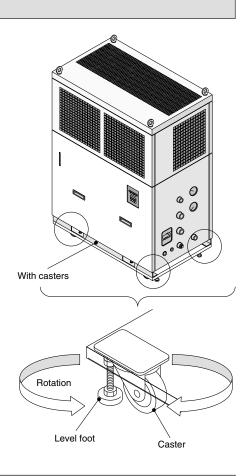


The casters allow easy movement when delivering the equipment for installation or when altering the production area. A level foot may be used instead of a brake.

Applicable model	HRG001-DD-A	HRG002-DD-A	HRG00	5-00-A	HRG01	I0-□-A	HRG01	I5-⊡-A
Level foot height adjustment range (mm)		0 to 10				0 to	15	
Product weight (kg)	75	80	130	125	220	215	245	235
Product height (mm)	1017		1217		1383			

Caster mounting location

Rotating casters with level foot at the four corners are attached to the caster bases.





HRG B-B-B

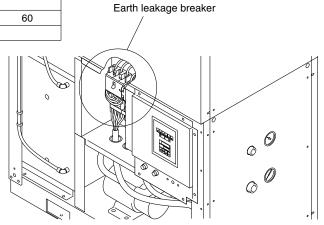
With earth leakage breaker

In the event of a short circuit, overcurrent or overheating, the earth leakage breaker will automatically shut off the power supply. The power supply can be switched on or off easily from the main unit.

Applicable model	HRG001-DD-B	HRG002-DD-B	HRG005-DD-B	HRG010-D-B	HRG015-D-B
Pole number	3				
Rated current sensitivity (mA)			30		
Rated shutdown current (A)	5 10 20 40 60				
Short circuit display method	Mechanical button				

Breaker mounting location

Remove the front panel. The breaker is mounted inside the electrical component enclosure.



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Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.



Option symbol

With Communications Function (RS-485)

HRG]_[]--C

With communications function (RS-485)

With a host PC programmed in accordance with your manufacturing processor method, the communications function allows you to set (write) or monitor (read) the circulating fluid temperature.

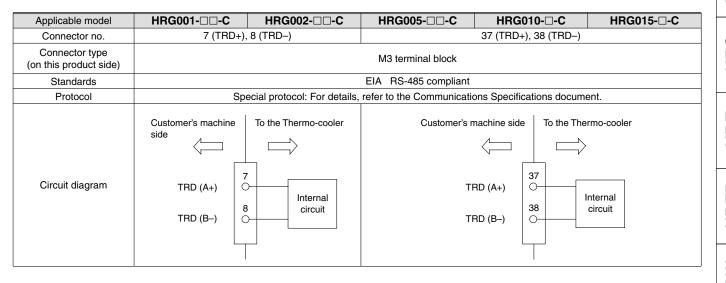
<Writing>

Circulating fluid temperature setting (SV)

<Readout>

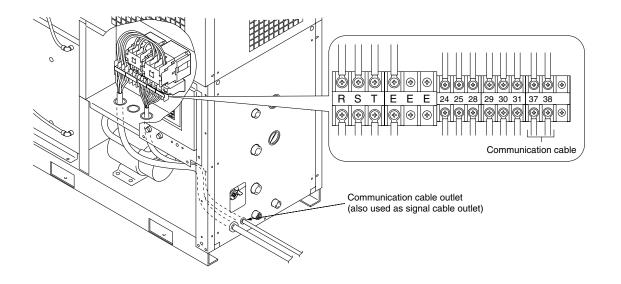
Circulating fluid present temperature (PV)

Circulating fluid temperature setting (SV)



Communication connection location

Remove the front panel, and connect your communication cable to the terminal block mounted inside the electrical component enclosure.



HRG

Related Products

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Series HRG Thereafter, please select Series HRS. **Optional Accessories**

Note) Please order separately. Necessary to be fitted by the customer.

Specifications

Description		Description	Specifications	Applicable Thermo-cooler	
Dustproof filter set		For preventing a decline in the performance of air-cooled refrigerated Thermo-coolers, even in a dusty atmosphere.	Maximum ambient temperature 40°C	HRG001-A⊟ to 015-A	
By-pass piping set		For preventing the pump from overloading at low flow rates when the maximum Thermo- cooler operating pressure of 0.5 MPa is exceeded.	Circulating fluid temperature range 5°C to 35°C	HRG001-A⊡ to 015-A HRG001-W⊡ to 015-W	
Separately installed power transformer		Power supply and voltage for those other than the standard.	Maximum ambient temperature 40°C (Relative humidity 85% or less)	HRG001-A⊡ to 015-A HRG001-W⊡ to 015-W	
Foundation bolt set		For fixing the Thermo-cooler to the founda- tion. Easy to use – just drive in the core rod.	Stainless steel	HRG001-A⊡ to 015-A HRG001-W⊡ to 015-W	
Pining aganter		For converting the thread type used in the connection port of the Thermo-cooler.	Copper alloy	HRG001-A□ to 015-A HRG001-W□ to 015-W	

How to Order

[Dustproof filter set]



Applicable Thermo-cooler

Symbol	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Quantity per set
001	HRG001-A□ HRG002-A□	1
005	HRG005-A□	1
010	HRG010-A	1
015	HRG015-A	(Large) 1 (Small) 2

Note) Refer to page 30 for dimensions and page 34 for mounting.

[By-pass piping set]

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HRG-BP

Applicable Thermo-cooler

Symbol	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Set pressure (Blow pressure)
001	HRG001-□□ HRG002-□□	0.12 [MPa]
005	HRG005-□□	0.30 [MPa]
010	HRG010-□	0.31 [MPa]
015	HRG015-□	0.32 [MPa]

Note) Refer to page 31 for dimensions and pages 34 and 35 for mounting and flow-rate characteristics.

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

How to Order

/olum	e			Power	r supply voltage			
Symbol	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Volume		Symbol	Inlet voltage	Outlet voltage	Туре	
1700	HRG001-□□	1.7 kVA		5	220 VAC (50 Hz)			
4000	HRG002-□□	4 kVA		J	220 to 240 VAC (60 Hz)			
7000	HRG005-□□	7 kVA		6	380, 400, 415 VAC (50 Hz)	200 VAC (50 Hz)	3-phase	
14000	HRG010-D	14 kVA	□`\	-	380 to 440 VAC (60 Hz)	200 to 220 VAC (60 Hz)	single	single
18000	HRG015-□	18 kVA	_``,	7	440, 460 VAC (50 Hz) 440 to 500 VAC (60 Hz)			
			```、	8	220, 240, 380, 400, 415, 440 VAC (50/60 Hz)	200 VAC (50/60 Hz)	3-phase double	

### [Foundation bolt set]

IDF-AB	• Size	]		
	Symbol	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Material	Quantity per set
	500	HRG001-□□ HRG002-□□ HRG005-□□	Stainless steel	4
	501	HRG010-□ HRG015-□		
	Note) Ret	fer to page 33 for dimensions.		

[Piping adapter]

IDF-AP

• Size						
Sumbol	Applicable Thorma cooler	Thread type	e and port size	Material	Quantity per set	
Symbol A	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Male side <b>A</b>	Female side <b>B</b>	Material		
601	HRG001-□□ HRG002-□□ HRG005-□□ HRG010-□ HRG015-□	R1/2	NPT1/2	Copper alloy	2	
603	HRG010-□ HRG015-□	R3/4	NPT3/4			

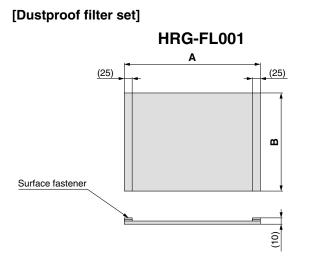
Note) Refer to page 33 for dimensions. Specify the quantity of units necessary for use with your piping system.

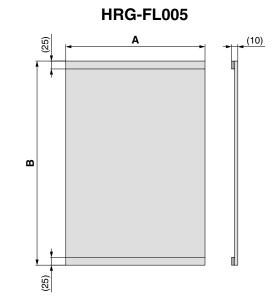
HEB

## Series HRG

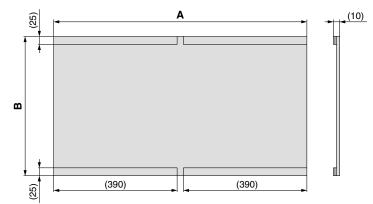
Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### Dimensions

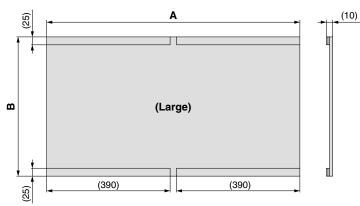




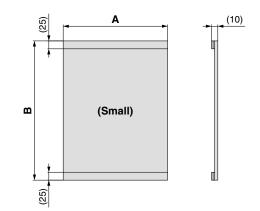
HRG-FL010



HRG-FL015



				(mm)
Part no.	Α	В	С	Quantity per 1 set
HRG-FL001	430	310	10	1
HRG-FL005	440	645	10	1
HRG-FL010	880	440	10	1
HRG-FL015	(Large) 880 (Small) 330	(Large) 440 (Small) 440	(Large) 10 (Small) 10	(Large) 1 (Small) 2



HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

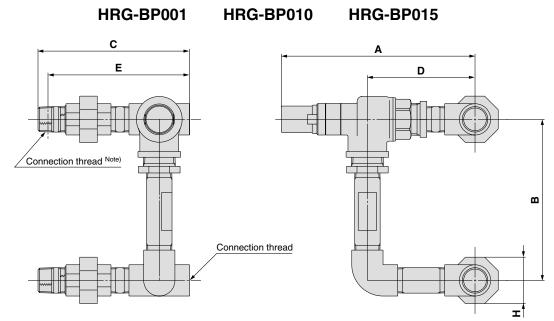
HEB

HED

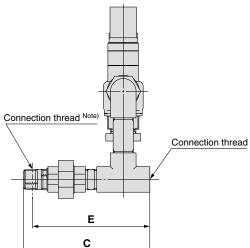
Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### Dimensions

[By-pass piping set]



### HRG-BP005



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1	Α	В	с	D	Е	H
		<b>-</b> -				
	С		-		В	
	E	-	H,		_	
-						$\rightarrow$

						1		(mm)	Technical Data
Part no.	Connection thread R, Rc	Α	В	с	D	E	H (Width across flats)	Weight (kg)	ed cts
HRG-BP001	1/2	168	160	120	84	109	40	2	lated
HRG-BP005	1/2	182	145	120	93	109	40	2	Proc
HRG-BP010	3/4	206	170	150	114	138	49	2.6	- C
HRG-BP015	3/4	236	170	150	122	138	49	3.2	

Note) The connection thread of the nipple comes with PTFE seal tape.



## Series HRG

Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

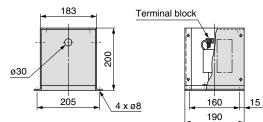
### **Dimensions**

### [Separately installed power transformer]

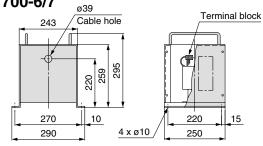
### **Specifications**

Transformer part no.	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Volume	Туре	Inlet voltage	Outlet voltage
IDF-TR1700-5				220 VAC (50 Hz) 220 to 240 VAC (60 Hz)	
IDF-TR1700-6	HRG001-□□	1.7 kVA		380, 400, 415 VAC (50 Hz) 380 to 440 VAC (60 Hz)	
IDF-TR1700-7			3-phase	440, 460 VAC (50 Hz) 440 to 500 VAC (60 Hz)	200 VAC (50 Hz)
IDF-TR4000-5			single	220 VAC (50 Hz) 220 to 240 VAC (60 Hz)	200 to 220 VAC (60 Hz)
IDF-TR4000-6	HRG002-□□	4 kVA		380, 400, 415 VAC (50 Hz) 380 to 440 VAC (60 Hz)	
IDF-TR4000-7				440, 460 VAC (50 Hz) 440 to 500 VAC (60 Hz)	
IDF-TR7000-8	HRG005-□□	7 kVA			
IDF-TR14000-8	HRG010-	14 kVA	3-phase double	220, 240, 380, 400, 415, 440 VAC (50/60 Hz)	200 VAC (50/60 Hz)
IDF-TR18000-8	HRG015-	18 kVA	uouble	413, 440 VAC (50/00 Hz)	

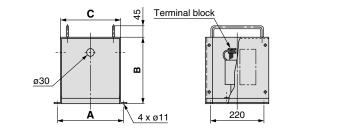
### **IDF-TR1700-5**



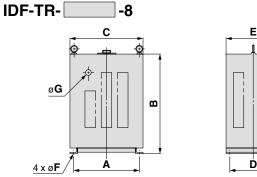
### IDF-TR1700-6/7



#### -5/6/7 IDF-TR-



	(mm)			
Transformer part no.	Α	В	С	Weight (kg)
IDF-TR4000-5	275	259	240	14
IDF-TR4000-6	355	299	320	35
IDF-TR4000-7	355	299	320	42



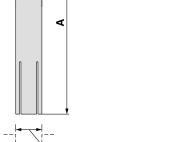
<u>4 x øF</u> /	~		<b>→</b>					(mm)
Transformer part no.	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Weight (kg)
IDF-TR7000-8	360	540	400	260	300	11	30	94
IDF-TR14000-8	400	650	450	300	350	13	40	152
IDF-TR18000-8	400	650	450	300	350	13	40	179

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Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### Dimensions

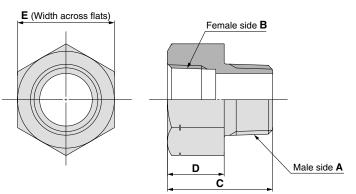
### [Foundation bolt set]



#### Mounting hole diameter: ø10.5

				(mm)
Part no.	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Nominal thread size	Α	Quantity per set
IDF-AB500	HRG001-□□ HRG002-□□ HRG005-□□	M10	50	4
IDF-AB501	HRG010-□ HRG015-□		70	4

### [Piping adapter]



	(mm)								
Part no.	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Thread type and port size		С	D		Overstitu nev est		
Tartho.	Applicable memo-cooler	Male side <b>A</b>	Female side <b>B</b>	C		<b>-</b>	Quantity per set		
IDF-AP601	HRG001-□□ HRG002-□□ HRG005-□□ HRG010-□ HRG015-□	R1/2	NPT1/2	38	23	26	2		
IDF-AP603	HRG010-□ HRG015-□	R3/4	NPT3/4	43	23	32	2		

HEB HED

HRG

HRGC

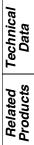
HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC



## Series HRG

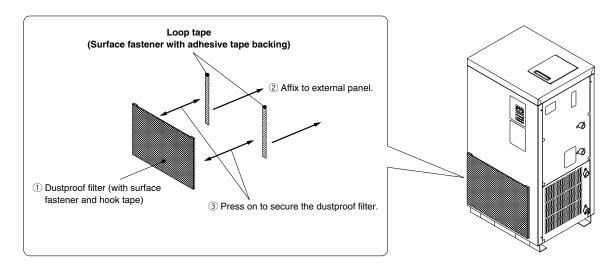
Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### **Mounting Example**

Note) Please order separately. Necessary to be fitted by the customer.

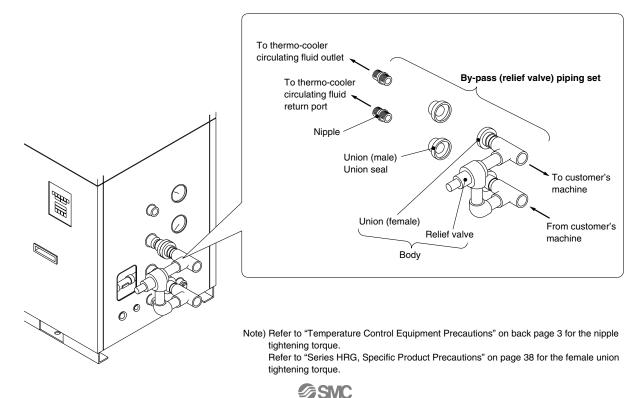
#### [Dustproof filter set]

- ① This dustproof filter is secured with hook-and-loop tape. This is sewed onto the male side of the surface fastener, and has adhesive tape backing for fixing to the female side.
- ② Remove the paper covering of the adhesive tape and affix the loop tape to the external panel of the ventilation hole on the Thermo-cooler.
- ③ Simply press the hook tape on to the loop tape to mount the dustproof filter.



### [By-pass piping set]

- ① This set consists of a body with assembly of relief valve and union (female), along with a nipple, union (male) and union seal.
- (2) To mount, screw the union (male) and nipple onto the circulating fluid outlet and circulating fluid return port of the Thermocooler.
- (3) Next, place the union seal between the union (male) and union (female) of the body, and gently tighten screw on tentatively (manually), in the appropriate mounting direction for the model used (refer to Operation Manual), paying attention to the direction of flow of the body (relief valve).
- ④ Finally, tightly fasten the union (female) of the body to the union (male) tightly. Note)



HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

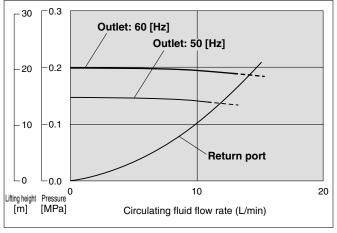
HED

Technical Data

Related Products

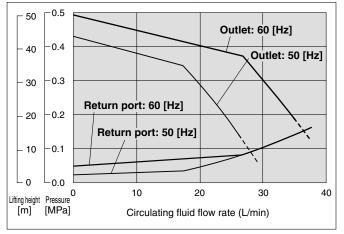
Production of HRG001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### [Pump capacity for each Thermo-cooler after mounting the by-pass piping set]

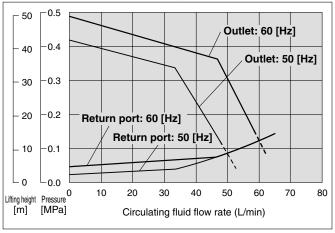


### HRG001-DD (After mounting HRG-BP001)

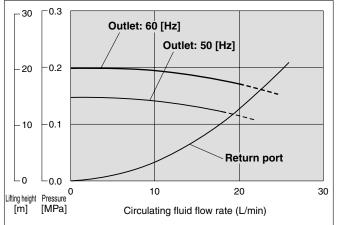
### HRG005-DD (After mounting HRG-BP005)



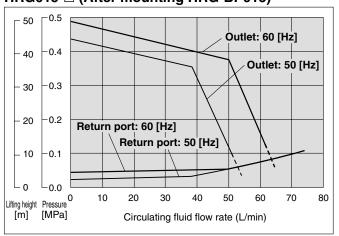
### HRG010-□ (After mounting HRG-BP010)



### HRG002-DD (After mounting HRG-BP001)



HRG015
(After mounting HRG-BP015)





Production of HRG001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Be sure to read this before handling.

Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature **Control Equipment Precautions.** 

Design

## \land Warning

#### 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.

- 1. Confirm the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the customer's system and this unit.
- 2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the customer's operating condition. Also, the customer is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.
- 2. When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks, and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

#### Selection

## \land Warning

### 1. Model selection

For selecting a model of Thermo-cooler, it is required to know the heat generation amount of a customer's machine.

Obtain the heat generation amount, referring to the model selection example on pages 8 and 9 before selecting a model.

#### 2. Indication of model number

Select the cooling method and temperature stability depending on the customer's application.

#### Handling

## \land Warning

1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

**Operating Environment/Storage Environment** 

## 🗥 Warning

#### 1. Do not use in the following environment because it will lead to a breakdown.

- 1. Environment like written in "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions".
- 2. Locations where spatter will adhere to when welding.
- 3. Locations where it is likely that the leakage of flammable gas may occur.
- 4. Locations having a large quantity of dust. If it is necessary to use the unit in an environment where there is a risk of the fin portion of the air-cooled condenser becoming clogged, please use the dustproof filter set (sold separately).
- 2. Install in an environment where the unit will not come into direct contact with rain or snow. (HRG001 to HRG005)

These models are for indoor use only.

Do not install outdoors where rain or snow may fall on them. (HRG010/015)

These models are built to rainproof enclosure IPx3, but are not completely waterproof to rain, etc. (as with IPx4 or higher). To prolong the lifespan of this equipment, we recommend installation under an awning or other shelter.

### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

## 🗥 Warning

#### Conduct ventilation and cooling to discharge heat. (Air-cooled refrigeration)

The heat which is cooled down through air-cooled condenser is discharged. When using in a room which is shut tightly, ambient temperature will exceed the specification range stipulated in this catalog, which will activate the safety detector and stop the operation.

In order to avoid this situation, discharge the heat outside of a room by ventilation or cooling facilities.

**Circulating Fluid** 

### A Caution

- 1. Avoid oil or other foreign objects entering the circulating fluid.
- 2. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 3. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a maximum concentration of 15%. Overly high concentrations can overload the pump, and cause safety protection devices to commence operation, stopping the

operation of the unit. Low concentrations, however, can lead to freezing at cold temperatures and cause the Thermo-cooler to break down.

### 4. When using clear water as a circulating fluid, use water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use water that conforms to the standards shown in the table below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

#### Clear Water (as Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association

JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water"	,,
--------------------------------------------------------------------------	----

STACE-02-1394 Cooling water system - Orculation type - Make-up water			
	Item	Unit	Standard value
	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.8 to 8.0
	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 300*
	Chloride ion (CI⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less
Standard	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻ )	[mg/L]	50 or less
item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less
	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less
	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃ )	[mg/L]	50 or less
	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂ )	[mg/L]	30 or less
	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less
	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less
Reference	Sulfide ion $(S_2^-)$	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.
item	Ammonium ion (NH ₄ +)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less
	Residual chlorine (Cl)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less
	Free carbon (CO ₂ )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less

* In the case of [M $\Omega$ •cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

#### 5. It is possible to use or supply the unit with deionized water, but it is not possible to maintain specific resistance.

When using deionized water, make sure to supply water with an electrical conductivity of 1 µS/cm or more. (In case of electrical resistivity, it should be 1 MQ·cm or less.) However, it is not possible to maintain electrolyte concentration, as elements of the parts coming into contact with fluid may dissolve.

### (HRG001/002)

1. A magnet pump is used as a circulating pump for the lubricating liquid.

It is particularly impossible to use liquid including metallic powder such as iron powder.



Be sure to read this before handling.

Production of HRG001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature **Control Equipment Precautions.** 

Transportation/Transfer/Movement

### \land Warning

### 1. Transportation by forklift (HRG001 to 015)

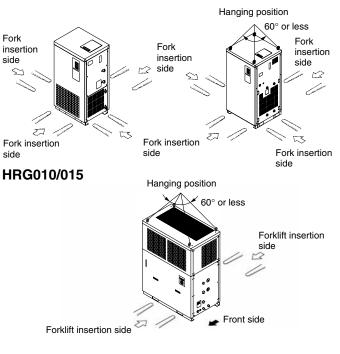
- 1. A licensed driver should drive the forklift.
- 2. The proper place to insert the tines of the forklift differs depending on the model of cooler. Check the Operation Manual to confirm, and be sure to drive the fork in far enough for it to come out the other side.
- 3. Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

### 2. Hanging transportation (HRG005 to 015)

- 1. Crane manipulation and slinging work should be done by an eligible person.
- 2. Do not grip the piping on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3. When hanging by the eye bolts, be sure to use a 4-point hanging method. For the hanging angle, use caution regarding the position of the center of gravity and hold it within 60°.

### HRG001/002

### **HRG005**



### (When using optional casters HRG -----A)

### 1. Transportation by casters

- 1. This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people.
- 2. Do not grip the piping port on the right side or the handles of the panel.
- 3. When transporting using a forklift, be sure not to let it hit the casters or adjusters, and drive the fork all the way through until it comes out the other side.

### Mounting/Installation

## 🕂 Warning

- 1. Do not place heavy objects on top of this propiping, or step on it.
  - The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.
- 2. Do not directly touch the edge of the external panel when removing and installing it. It may cause injury. Be sure to wear protective gloves.

### 

### 3. Lower the level foot and do not move. Be sure to lower all four level foot to the level of the floor.

## **∧** Caution

*∂*SMC Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

1. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.

### 2. Secure with bolts, anchor bolts, etc.

Fasteners such as bolts or anchor bolts should be tighten with the recommended torque shown below.

### **Fixing Thread Tightening Torque**

U	<u> </u>
Connection thread	Applicable tightening torque N•m
M5	3
M6	5.2
M8	12.5
M10	24.5
M12	42

(When using optional accessories/dustproof filter set)

- 1. Use the attached surface fastener (with adhesive tape) to affix the dustproof filter to the panel of the Thermo-cooler.
- 2. Mounting the filter will create a certain amount of resistance to ventilation that will reduce the volume of airflow.

For this reason, be sure to keep the ambient temperature at 40°C or less.

3. Depending on the installation height of the Thermo-cooler and/or the cooled substrates, circulating fluid may overflow from the tank lid or overflow outlet.

In particular, avoid overflow from the lid of the built-in tank by installing with a height difference of 10 m or less. Be sure to pipe the overflow outlet to a wastewater collection pit, etc.

HED

Technica

Data

Products Related



Production of HRG001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Be sure to read this before handling.

Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature **Control Equipment Precautions.** 

### Piping

## A Caution

- 1. Regarding the circulating fluid pipings, consider carefully the suitability for shutoff pressure, temperature and circulating fluid. If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation.
- 2. For the circulating fluid pipings, use clean pipings which have no dust, piping debris or other foreign objects inside the pipings, and blow with air prior to undertaking any piping works.

If piping debris or other foreign objects remain inside the circulating fluid circuit, it can result in blockage, insufficient cooling or damage to the pump impeller.

3. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow.

For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.

- 4. When tightening at the circulating fluid inlets and outlets, tank drain port or overflow outlet of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 5. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 6. While cleaning the inside of the tank, attach a valve to the tank drain outlet to drain the circulating fluid (clear water).
- 7. This product series consists of circulating fluid temperature controllers with built-in tanks. Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that

forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

#### (Water-cooled refrigeration HRG -- W-)

- 1. When tightening at the facility water inlets and outlets of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 2. Install by-pass piping.

This product has a built-in water control valve, so when the refrigeration circuit is stopped, facility water does not flow out in order to save energy.

For this reason, by-pass piping is necessary for conducting maintenance of your facility water equipment, so be sure to install it.

#### (HRG010/015)

1. When tightening at the water supply ports of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp these ports.

This product has a built-in ball (float) tap. If you attach it to the faucet of a sink, etc. it will automatically supply water to the rated fluid level of the tank (halfway between HIGH and LOW.)

2. Supply water at a pressure of 0.5 MPa or less. If the water supply pressure is too high, the pipes may burst during use. Proceed with caution.

(When using optional accessories/by-pass piping set)

- 1. In order to prevent foreign objects from entering during shipment, a polyethylene cap is attached to the inlets and outlets. Remove these caps before piping.
- 2. Pay attention to the flow direction of the relief valve.

Refer to the mounting example shown in the separate operating manual for the by-pass piping set when mounting.

3. Tighten to the applicable torgue shown below when tightening the cap nut (female) of the union.

#### Union (Female) Tightening Torque

Nominal size	Applicable tightening torque N•m
Rc1/2	64 to 125
Rc3/4 106 to 208	

### Electrical Wiring

### 🗥 Warning

- 1. Never change the set value of the safety instrument. If the set value is changed, it will likely cause a breakdown or cause the product to catch on fire.
- 2. Before wiring, be sure to cut the power supply. Never perform any job while the product is energized.
- 3. When connecting the power, confirm the phase sequence (R, S, Ť) of the three-phase AC power supply.

An incorrect phase sequence will cause the anti-reversal safety protection device to be activated, and the unit will fail to operate. If this occurs, switch the two wires to the correct phase sequence.

- 4. Secure the cable so that its force, etc. is not applied to the terminal connector parts. When the connection or attachment is incomplete, it will likely lead to an electrical shock, a fire, etc.
- 5. Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.
- 6. Multiple wiring is dangerous because it will lead to heat generation or cause a fire.

## /!\ Caution

- 1. Power supply, signal cable and connecting terminal should be prepared by the customer.
- 2. In the event of wiring the signal for operation/stop commands (remote control), use caution regarding the correct polarity (+, -) of 24 VDC.

communications function)

- 1. Communication cables and adapters should be prepared by the customer. Prepare parts that conform to the connector specifications of your host computer.
- 2. Pay attention to the polarity (TRD+, TRD–) when connecting communication cables.



Production of HRG001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Be sure to read this before handling.

Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature **Control Equipment Precautions.** 

**Facility Water Supply** 

## \land Warning

#### 

1. Before startup, be sure to open the valve of your facility water equipment.

Prepare before startup, so that facility water can flow when the fitted water control valve (facility water control valve) opens during operation.

- 2. Supply pressure of 0.5 MPa or less. If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage.
- 3. Be sure to prepare your utilities so that the pressure of the Thermo-cooler facility water outlet is at 0 MPa (atmospheric pressure) or more.

If the facility water outlet pressure becomes negative, the internal facility water piping may collapse, and proper flow control of facility water will be impossible.

### Operation

## \land Warning

### 1. Confirmation before operation

1. The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW"

When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.

- 2. Remove the air.
  - Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level.

Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from a customer's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed.

3. Handling of by-pass valve

At the time this product is shipped from our factory, the by-pass valve is fully open.

Operation with it fully closed will cause the circulating fluid outlet pressure to increase high and it may safely stop in order to prevent the pump's operation from overloading.

When operating for the first time after installation, be sure to operate it with the by-pass valve fully open.

### 2. Confirmation during operation

1. Adjust the by-pass valve.

Monitor the external piping, pressure gauge, or flow meter mounted on the equipment from the customer's side, in order to adjust the open angle of the by-pass valve, so that the required pressure or flow can be obtained.

2. Confirm the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 35°C.

When the amount of heat generated from a customer's machine is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

### 3. Emergency stop method

• When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the equipment immediately.

After pushing the (OFF) switch, be sure to turn off the power supply breaker.

#### (When using optional accessories/by-pass piping set) 1. Do not adjust or change the preset pressure.

When persons other than experts carry out adjustments, leakage can occur from the shaft seal of the adjustment screw. Proceed with caution.

Operation

### ∧ Caution

1. The temperature set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approx. 1 million times.

Especially when using communication function, save data with STOR before stoppage, and do not carry out frequent saving (STOR) of temporary setting values.

**Operation Restart Time** 

## ∧ Caution

1. Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.

### **Protection Circuit**

## **▲** Caution

- 1. If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.
  - · Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of +10%
  - The order of the 3-phase power supply, R, S, T is different.
  - In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
  - Facility water is not supplied. (HRG□□□-W)
  - Transfer pressure of the circulating fluid is too high.
  - Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
  - · Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of a customer's machine is too high. Ambient temperature is too high. (40°C or higher)
  - Refrigerant pressure is too high.
  - Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt. (Especially

### Maintenance

### \land Warning

 $HRG \square \square -A)$ 

- 1. Do not operate the switch with wet hands or touch electrical parts. This will lead to an electrical shock.
- 2. Do not splash water directly on this product for cleaning.

This will lead to an electrical shock or a fire.

3. When the panel was removed for the purpose of inspection or cleaning, mount the panel after works were done.

If the panel is still open, or running the equipment with the panel removed, it may cause an injury or electric shocks.

4. When cleaning the air-cooled condenser, do not touch the fin directly. This may lead to injuries.

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical Data

**Related Products** 



Production of HRG001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Be sure to read this before handling.

Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

### Maintenance

## **A**Caution

### <Periodical inspection every one month>

(Air-cooled refrigeration HRGDDD-AD)

### 1. Clean the ventilation hole

If the fin portion of the air-cooled condenser becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the fin, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

## (When using optional accessories/dustproof filter set)

### 1. Clean the dustproof filter.

To prevent dirt or clogging of the dustproof filter from leading to a decline in heat-releasing performance of the air-cooled condenser, clean or wash it regularly.

## 2. Remove the filter from the Thermo-cooler before cleaning it.

Do not directly splash water on the filter to clean it while it is still attached to the Thermo-cooler.

This can lead to electric shock or fires in the main unit of the Thermo-cooler.

### <Periodical inspection every three months>

### 1. Inspect the circulating fluid.

1. When using clear water or deionized water

- Replacement of clear water or deionized water Failure to replace the clear water or deionized water can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
- Tank cleaning Consider whether dirt, slime or foreign objects may be present in the circulating fluid inside the tank, and carry out regular cleanings of the tank.
- When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution Use a concentration measurement device to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%. Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

2. Check the water quality of facility water.

Regarding the water quality standards for facility water, refer to "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions".

### <Periodical inspection every six months>

(HRG005-00, HRG010-0, HRG015-0) Note 1)

### 1. Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. Remove the panel and inspect if there is abnormal leakage from the pump's mechanical seal.
- 2. Leakage amount of a mechanical seal
- Leakage of the mechanical seal cannot be completely avoided due to its construction (rotating machine). Although this amount of leakage is stipulated as 3 (cc/h) or less (reference value) according to the JIS standard, replace the mechanical seal when the amount of leakage is 0.3 (cc/h) or greater.

Also, as a guide for periodically replacement, the operation hours is 6000 to 8000 hours. (normally 1 year)  $^{Note 2)}$ 

- Note 1) In the case of the HRG001/002, because the pump included in the unit is a magnet pump with no rotating shaft seal, it is not necessary to inspect the mechanical seal (rotating shaft seal).
- Note 2) In placing an order of mechanical seal set (service parts), inform us of the complete model number and the production lot number of the product in use.

## <Periodical inspection during the winter season> 1. Keep the pump operating.

### (HRG001-00 to HRG005-00)

• Continue operating the pump repeatedly. The heat generated by the pump will prevent freezing.

### (HRG010-□, HRG015-□)

• Keep the power supply running (POWER light on, RUN light off), and fully open the valves in the circulating fluid piping.

If the circulating fluid temperature falls below  $3^{\circ}C$ , the pump will start operating automatically. The heat generated by the pump operation will warm up the circulating fluid. When the temperature rises above  $5^{\circ}C$ , the pump will stop automatically. Consequently, the circulating fluid temperature is kept between  $3^{\circ}C$  and  $5^{\circ}C$  to avoid being frozen.

### 2. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

In extremely cold weather conditions, the heat generated by the pump as described above may not be enough to prevent freezing.

If you expect these kind of conditions, remove the circulating fluid (especially clear water or deionized water) beforehand.

### 3. Consult a professional.

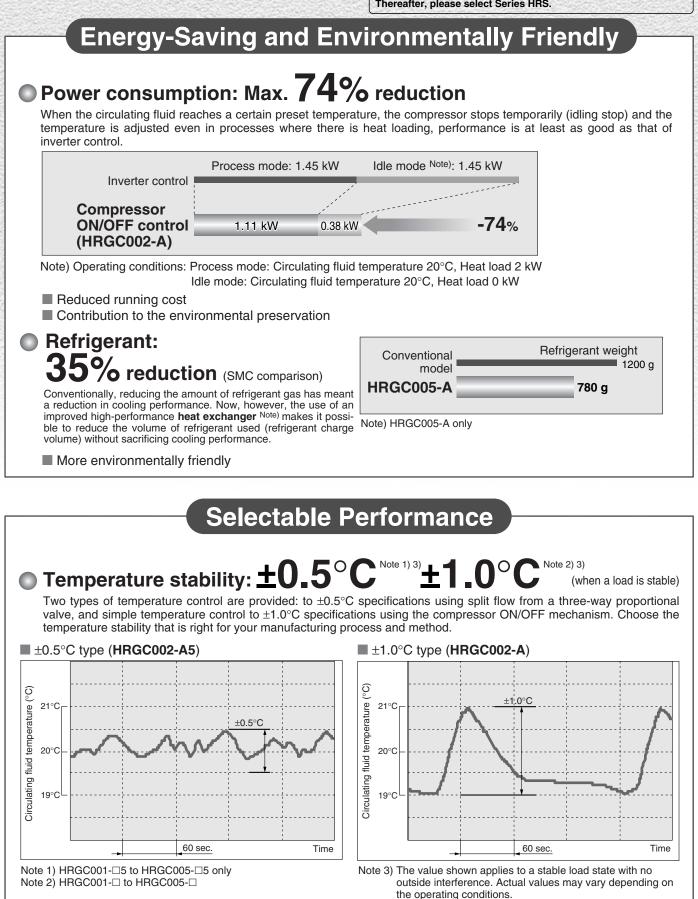
For additional methods to prevent freezing (such as commercially available tape heaters, etc.), consult a professional for advice.

Production of HRGC001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

# **Refrigerated Thermo-cooler** Series HRGC

Makes cooling water easily available, anytime, anywhere.	
■ Worldwide in voltage: Single phase 200 to 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz	HRG
International standards: ( € 𝒫 [®]	1.00
■ Energy saving: Stop-idling function (±1°C type)	HRGC
Automatic facility-water-saving function (water-cooled)	HF
Environmentally friendly: (RoHS), Refrigerant R407C Selectable performance: Temperature stability ±1°C (Compressor ON/OFF control),	S
$\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C (Proportional valve PID control)	HRS
Easy installation: No need for facility water (air-cooled), Caster, By-pass valve and Strainer (water-cooled), Stainless steel drain pan available as	
standard equipment, No need for power supply for remote operation	HRZ
Easy maintenance: "Alarm code" display, Accessible from the front electric control panel	
A variety of "Options" and "Optional Accessories" (Pages 59 to 64)	HRZD
With earth leakage breaker     With automatic water supply function     With communications function (RS-485)     With external switch inlet     Dustproof filter set     By-pass piping set	Ħ
• With communications function (RS-232C) • Stainless steel wetted parts for circulating fluid	Ň
• With water leakage sensor       • High-lift pump         • With heater       • With DI control kit	HRW
	0
	HEC
	HEB
	HED
	I
	nical
Cooling capacity (60 Hz):	Technical Data
1.1 kW/2.3 kW/4.8 kW (Air-cooled refrigeration/Water-cooled refrigeration)	-
Temperature stability: ±1°C (Refrigerator ON/OFF control)/	<b>Related</b> <b>Products</b>
$\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C (Proportional value PID control)	щđ
• Temperature range setting: 5 to 35°C	
4 I Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineeri	ing.com

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.



### Material compatible with a wide variety of circulating fluids is used for wetted parts.

• 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution

• Clear water, Deionized water Note)

Note) Supply water with electrical conductivity of 1  $\mu$  S/cm or more.

However, the same level of electrical conductivity cannot be maintained.

An optional DI control kit (option Y) is available to maintain electrical resistance. Refer to page 62 for details.

## Easy Installation and Maintenance

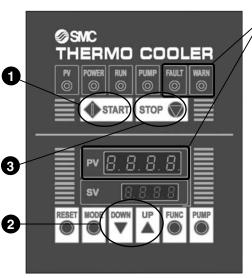
### Simple operation

Operation 1 Press the START button.

## **Operation 2**

Adjust the temperature setting with the UP/DOWN keys.

**Operation 3** Press the STOP button to shut down. What could be easier?!



### With alarm code indicators

Fault, Warn and alarm code indicators for easy failure diagnosis

- Fault (FAULT) indicator (red LED)
- · Warning (WARN) indicator (yellow LED)

Note) Refer to page 57 for operation display panel and alarms.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical Data

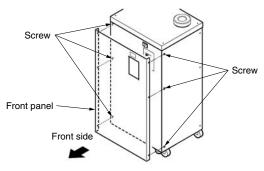
**Related Products** 

### Contact input/output signal

- Remote operation signal input No need for power supply. Startup and shutdown can be remotely controlled.
- Operation, shutdown, alarm signal output Operation, shutdown, alarm signal can be output via the relay contact.

### Easy maintenance

Checking the electrical component parts accessible from the front side. Reset switches such as pump, compressor thermal relay are located inside the electrical component enclosure.



### Options

- With earth leakage breaker
- With communications function (RS-485)
- With communications function (RS-232C)
- With water leakage sensor
- With heater
- With automatic water supply function
- With external switch inlet
- Stainless steel wetted parts
- for circulating fluid
- High-lift pump
- With DI control kit
- (Refer to pages 59 to 62 for options.)

## **Air-Cooled Refrigeration**

### Air-cooled refrigeration

Unlike the water-cooled refrigeration, the air-cooled refrigeration does not require a facility water, and is easy to install alongside your equipment.

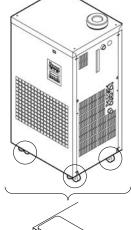
### Optional accessories

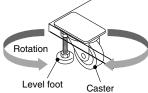
Dustproof filters for the air-cooled refrigeration and by-pass piping set for preventing pressure increase are available. These improve durability and ease of use.

(Refer to pages 63 and 64 for optional accessories.)

### Caster available as standard equipment

Can be used when the Thermo-cooler is carried onto the floor or moved to change the layout. Also, there is a level foot which can be used as a brake.





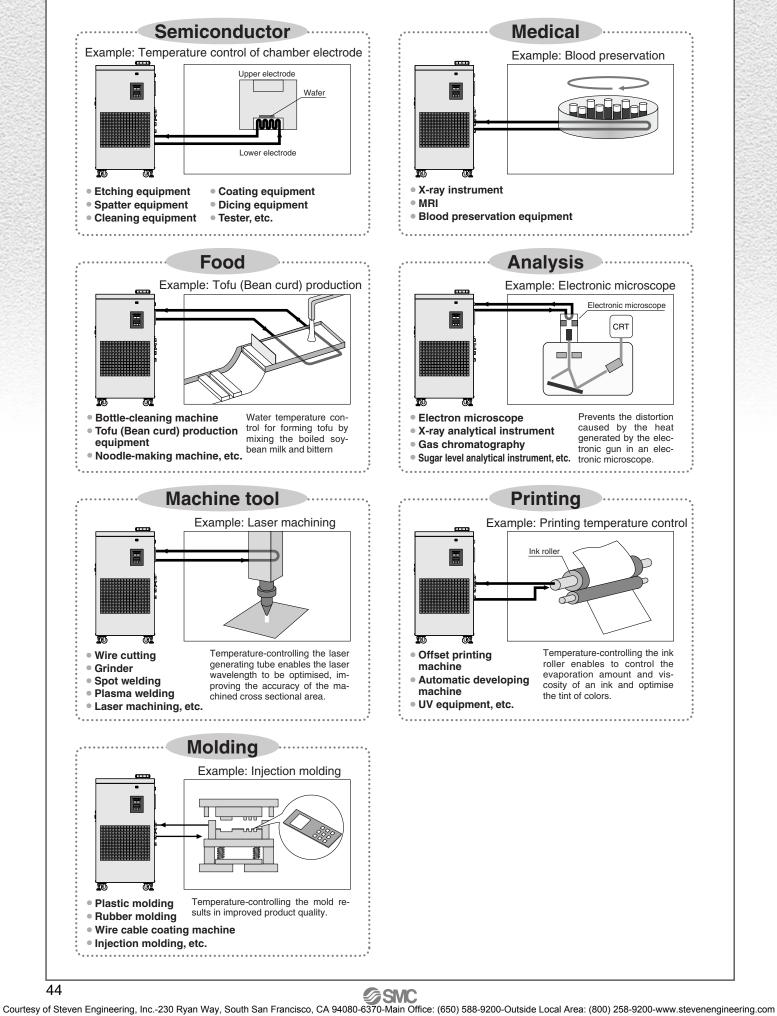
## Communications

Communications function (RS-485. **RS-232C)** 

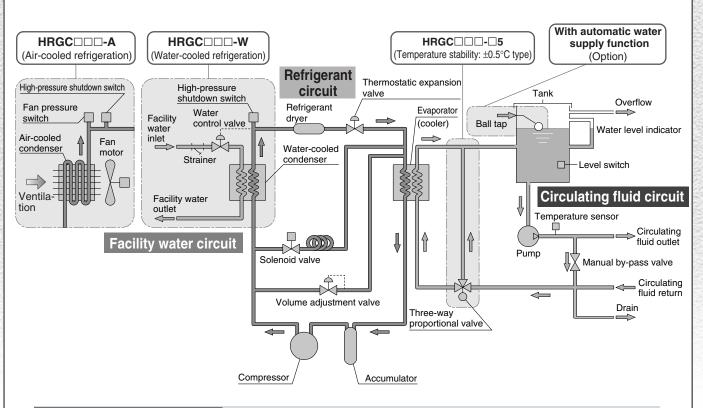
(Refer to pages 59 to 62 for options.)

Contact input/output function (Refer to page 58.)

## **Application Examples**



## **Construction and Principles**



### Circulating fluid circuit

With the circulating pump, circulating fluid will be discharged to the customer's machine side. After the circulating fluid will cool the customer's machine side, it will heat up and return to the Thermo-cooler.

#### ■ Temperature stability: ±0.5°C type (HRGC□□□-□5)

If the temperature of the circulating fluid is higher than the preset temperature, the three-way proportional valve will return the circulating fluid to the cooler. If the temperature of the circulating fluid is lower than the preset temperature, the fluid will be returned directly to the tank.

When the temperature of the circulating fluid is nearly the same as the preset temperature, the temperature will be stabilized by split flow between the cooler and the tank.

### **Refrigerant circuit**

High-temperature, high-pressure refrigerant gas compressed by the compressor is made to release heat by the condenser, and turns to liquid. As the liquefied high-pressure refrigerant passes through the thermostatic expansion valve, it expands and cools down; as it passes through the evaporator, heat is extracted from the circulating fluid and it evaporates.

The evaporated refrigerant is once again sucked in and compressed by the compressor, and the above cycle is repeated.

When the circulating fluid is cooled sufficiently, the solenoid valve and volume adjustment valve open. These valves balance the refrigerant pressure and prevent freezing of the circulating fluid in excessively cold conditions.

#### ■ Temperature stability: ±1.0°C type (HRGC□□□-□)

If the temperature of the circulating fluid is higher than the preset temperature, the compressor starts up, and refrigerant gas flows to the evaporator (cooler). This cools the circulating fluid. If the temperature of the circulating fluid is lower than the preset temperature, the compressor shuts down, and the flow of refrigerant gas stops. At such times, the circulating fluid is not cooled, and the temperature rises.

Temperature stability is achieved by the compressor starting up and shutting down.

### Facility water circuit

### ■ Cooling method: Water-cooled refrigeration (HRGC□□□-W)

When the refrigerant gas is adequately liquefied and the circulating fluid is adequately cooled, the water control valve automatically closes the facility water circuit and adjusts the flow of facility water. This method assures normal pressure in the compressor and reduces energy use by your facility water equipment.

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

#### **Model Selection**

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Series HRGC

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- Required Cooling Capacity Calculation ..... P. 49, 50
- Precautions on Model Selection ..... P. 50
- Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values ..... P. 50

### Basic Model

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### Options

### Optional Accessories

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---------------------------------	--------------------

Related Products



Series HRGC

### **Guide to Model Selection**

## 1. Which is best for you: a water-cooled refrigeration or an air-cooled refrigeration?

## You should base your choice on the configuration of your equipment.

Thermo-cooler series refrigeration methods Water-cooled refrigeration .....

Requires facility water equipment (cooling tower etc.) as well as electrical power supply. This type provides stable cooling performance year round, regardless of ambient temperature changes.

Air-cooled refrigeration .....

Only electrical power supply is needed. Facility water equipment is not necessary, so the system is easy to install wherever you need it, when you need it.

(Note that ventilation or air conditioning is required to dissipate heat: For details, refer to page 65, Specific Product Precautions 1, Operating Environment/Storage Environment 3.)

## Example) Customer requirement: Air-cooled refrigeration

# 2. How much is the temperature in degrees centigrade for the circulating fluid?

Temperature range which can be set with the Thermocooler

5°C to 35°C

Example) Customer requirement: 20°C

### 3. What power supply frequency?

Thermo-cooler power supply frequency specifications

50 Hz, 60 Hz (common use)

Example) Customer requirement: 60 Hz

# 4. What is the kW for the required cooling capacity?

* To calculate the cooling capacity, refer to Example 1 to 3.

Example) Customer requirement: 4.2 kW (Refer to Example 1 (1).)

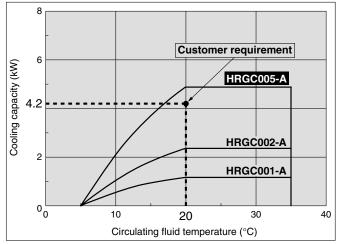
### Selection

### Example: Customer requirements 1 to 4

Cooling method	: Air-cooled refrigeration
Circulating fluid temperature	e: 20°C
Power supply frequency	: 60 Hz
Required cooling capacity	: 4.2 kW

Based on the results of 1 to 4, refer to the graph of cooling capacity of an air-cooled refrigeration Thermo-cooler at 60 Hz (page 53). On the same graph, plot the intersections between the customer's required temperature (20°C) and cooling capacity (4.2 kW).

## [Cooling Capacity Graph] Cooling Method: Air-cooled Refrigeration, Power Supply Frequency: 60 Hz



The point plotted in the graph is the requirement from your customer. Select the Thermo-cooler models exceeding this point. In this case, select the **HRGC005-A**.

## **Model Selection**

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

### Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling within customer's machine.*

(1) Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 3.5 [kW]

Q = P = 3.5 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]

(2) Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output.

Power supply output VI: 4.1 [kVA]

### $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]

#### (3) Derive the heat generation amount from the output.

Output (shaft power, etc.) W: 2.2 [kW]

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, use an efficiency of 0.7:

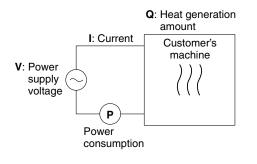
$$=\frac{2.2}{0.7}=3.14$$
 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.14 [kW] x 1.2 ≈ 3.8 [kW]

* The above examples calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of

customer facilities.

Please be sure to check it carefully.



### Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is not known.

#### Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the customer's machine.

Heat generation amount by customer's machine Q: Unknown [kW] ([kJ/s]) Circulating fluid Clear water

	. Olear water
Circulating fluid mass flow rate qm	: (= ρ x <b>q</b> v ÷ 60) [kg/s]
Circulating fluid density p	: 1 [kg/dm ³ ]
Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate qv	: 25 [dm³/min]
Circulating fluid specific heat capacity C	: 4.2 [kJ/(kg•K)]
Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1	: 293 [K] (20 [°C])
Circulating fluid return temperature T2	: 295 [K] (22 [°C])
Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta T$	: 2.0 [K] (= <b>T</b> ₂ - <b>T</b> ₁ )
Conversion factor: minutes to seconds	: 60 [s/min]
(SI units)	

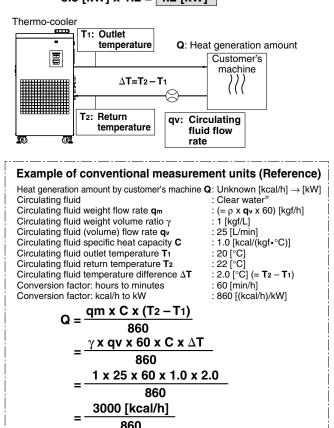
* Refer to page 50 for the typical physical property values of clear water or other circulating fluids.

$$= qm x C x (T_2 - T_1) = \frac{\rho x q_v x C x \Delta T}{60} = \frac{1 x 25 x 4.2 x 2.0}{60}$$

Q

= 3.50 [kJ/s] ~ 3.5 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]



≈ 3.5 [kW] Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.2 [kW]

HRGC HRS HRZ HRZD HRW

HRG

HED

## Model Selection

### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

### Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) Q: Unknown [kW] ([kJ/s]) Cooled substance : Water Cooled substance mass m : (= p x V) [kg] Cooled substance density p : 1 [kg/dm³]

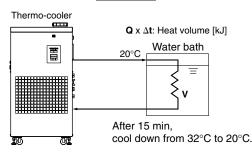
Cooled substance total volume V	: 60 [dm³]
Cooled substance specific heat capacity C	: 4.2 [kJ/(kg•K)]
Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins	To: 305 [K] (32 [°C])
Cooled substance temperature after t hour Tt	: 293 [K] (20 [°C])
Cooling temperature difference $\Delta T$	: 12 [K] (= <b>T</b> 0 − <b>T</b> t)
Cooling time $\Delta t$	: 900 [s] (= 15 [min])

* Refer to the lower right for the typical physical property value by circulating fluid.

$$Q = \frac{m \times C \times (Tt - To)}{\Delta t}$$
$$= \frac{\rho \times V \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
$$= \frac{1 \times 60 \times 4.2 \times 12}{900}$$

= 3.36 [kJ/s] ~ 3.4 [kW]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,



Note) This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only. Thus, it varies substantially, depending on the water bath or piping shape.

Example of conventional measurement units (Reference)		
Heat quantity by cooled substance (per unit time) Cooled substance Cooled substance weight <b>m</b> Cooled substance weight volume ratio $\gamma$ Cooled substance total volume <b>V</b> Cooled substance specific heat capacity <b>C</b> Cooled substance temperature when cooling begins <b>T</b> Cooled substance temperature after t hour <b>T</b> t Cooling temperature difference $\Delta$ <b>T</b> Cooling time $\Delta$ t Conversion factor: hours to minutes Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW	: Water : (= ρ x V) [kgf] : 1 [kgf/L] : 60 [L] : 1.0 [kcal/(kgf•°C)] fo: 32 [°C]	
$\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\mathbf{m} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{x} (Tt - To)}{\Delta t \mathbf{x} 860}$	. 000 [(Kcai/ii)/Kw]	
$=\frac{\gamma \times V \times 60 \times C \times \Delta T}{\Delta t \times 860}$		
$=\frac{1 \times 60 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 12}{15 \times 860}$		
= <mark>2880 [kcal/h]</mark> ≈ 3.4 [kW]		
Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.4 [kW] x 1.2 = 4.08 [kW]		

### **Precautions on Model Selection**

#### 1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated due to heat generation of a pump in the Thermo-cooler. However, the Thermo-cooler has a lower heating capacity than a dedicated heater.

### 2. Pump capacity

#### <Circulating fluid flow rate>

Pump capacity varies depending on the model selected from the HRGC series. Also, circulating fluid flow varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the thermo-cooler and a customer's machine, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the equipment. Check beforehand if the required flow rate is achieved using the pump capacity curves for each respective model.

#### <Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves for the respective model. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the customer's machine are fully durable against this pressure.

### **Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values**

1. This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat capacity in calculating the required cooling capacity.

Density p: 1 [kg/dm³]

(or, using conventional unit system, weight volume ratio  $\gamma = 1 [kgf/L]$ 

Specific heat capacity **C**: 4.19  $[kJ/(kg \cdot K)]$ 

- (or, using conventional unit system, 1 [kcal/(kgf.°C)]
- 2. Values for density and specific heat capacity change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference. Note)

#### Water

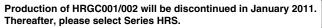
Physical		Our side hast O	Conventional unit system					
property value Temperature	<b>Density</b> ρ [ <b>kg/dm</b> ³]	Specific heat C [kJ/(kg•K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [kcal/(kgf•°C)]				
5°C	1.00	4.20	1.00	1.00				
10°C	1.00	4.19	1.00	1.00				
15°C	1.00	4.19	1.00	1.00				
20°C	1.00	4.18	1.00	1.00				
25°C	1.00	4.18	1.00	1.00				
30°C	1.00	4.18	1.00	1.00				
35°C	0.99	4.18	0.99	1.00				

#### 15% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

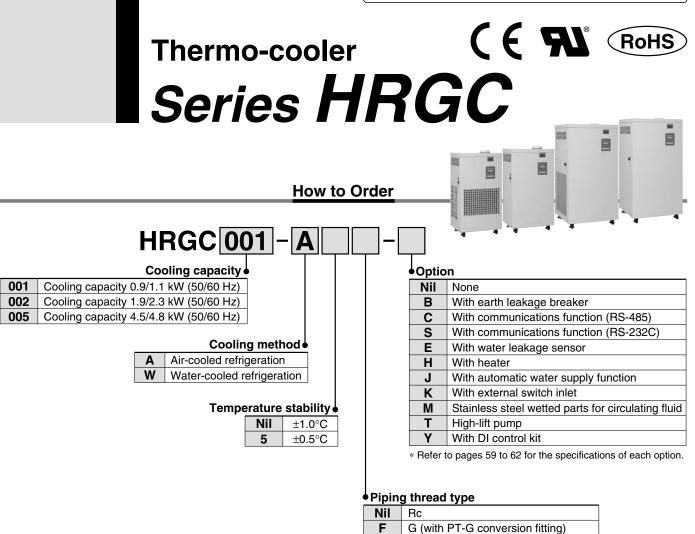
		•						
Physical property		Creating head C	Conventional unit system					
Temperature	Density ρ [kg/L]	Specific heat C [kJ/(kg•K)]	Weight volume ratio γ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [kcal/(kgf•°C)]				
5°C	1.02	3.91	1.02	0.93				
10°C	1.02	3.91	1.02	0.93				
15°C	1.02	3.91	1.02	0.93				
20°C	1.01	3.91	1.01	0.93				
25°C	1.01	3.91	1.01	0.93				
30°C	1.01	3.91	1.01	0.94				
35°C	1.01	3.92	1.01	0.94				

Note) The above shown are reference values.

Please contact circulating fluid supplier for details.



NPT (with PT-NPT conversion fitting)



### **Options and Combinations**

Symbol Note 1)	В	С	S	E	Н	J	К	М	Т	Y
Option Note 2) Size	With earth leakage breaker	Note 3) With communica- tions function (RS-485)	Note 3) Note 5) With communica- tions function (RS-232C)	With water leakage sensor	Note 4) With heater	With automatic water supply function	Note 5) With external switch inlet	Note 4) Stainless steel wetted parts for circulating fluid	High-lift pump	Note 4) With DI control kit
HRGC001-D (Temperature stability ±1.0°C)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HRGC001-□5 (Temperature stability ±0.5°C)	•	•	•	•		•	•	_	•	_
HRGC002-□ (Temperature stability ±1.0°C)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
HRGC002-□5 (Temperature stability ±0.5°C)	•	•	•	•		•	•	_	•	_
HRGC005- (Temperature stability ±1.0°C)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•
HRGC005-□5 (Temperature stability ±0.5°C)	•	•	•	•	—		•	_		_

Ν

Note 1) When multiple options are combined, indicate symbols in alphabetical order.

Note 2) Refer to pages 59 to 62 for details on options.

Note 3) Option C (with communications function (RS-485)) and option S (with communications function (RS-232C)) cannot be combined.

Note 4) Option M (stainless steel wetted parts for circulating fluid) and option Y (with DI control kit) cannot be combined.

When combined with option H (with heater), circulating fluid temperature will be between 5°C and 35°C.

Note 5) Option K (with external switch inlet) and option S (with communications function (RS-232C)) cannot be combined.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

## Series HRGC

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

#### Specifications (Refer to the product specifications for details.)

#### HRGC001/002/005

	Model	HRG	C001	HRG	C002	HRG	C005			
С	ooling method	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration			
	efrigerant		, v	R407C	(HFC)	, v	,			
С	ontrol method		Compressor O	N/OFF control or	Proportional va	alve PID control				
Α	mbient temperature/humidity Note 1)		Tempera	ature: 5 to 40°C,	Humidity: 30 to	70%RH				
	Circulating fluid Note 2)	Cl	ear water, Deior	nized water, 15%	ethylene glyco	l aqueous soluti	on			
	Circulating method			For externally	sealed circuit					
Ĕ	Temperature range setting Note 1) (°C)			5 to	35					
l system	Cooling capacity Note 3) (50/60 Hz) (kW)	0.9/1.1 (at 20°C)	0.9/1.1 (at 20°C)	1.9/2.3 (at 20°C)	1.9/2.3 (at 20°C)	4.5/4.8 (at 20°C)	4.5/4.8 (at 20°C)			
luio	Heating capacity Note 4) (kW)	—	_	—	_	—	—			
<b>Circulating fluid</b>	Temperature stability Note 5)(°C)	±1.0	(Compressor O	N/OFF control),	±0.5 (Proportior	nal valve PID co	ntrol)			
atir	Pump capacity Note 6) (50/60 Hz) (MPa)		0.13/0.18 (a	at 10 L/min)		0.21/0.32 (at 2	23 L/28 L/min)			
cul	Rated flow Note 7) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)	10/10 23/28								
ü	Tank capacity (L)	Approx. 10 Approx. 20								
	Port size	Rc1/2								
	Wetted parts material	Stainle	ess steel, PPE, F	VC, Copper bra	azing (Heat exch	nanger), Bronze	, Brass			
system	Temperature range(°C)	—	5 to 32	—	5 to 32	—	5 to 32			
	Pressure range (MPa)	—	0.3 to 0.5	—	0.3 to 0.5	—	0.3 to 0.5			
water	Required flow rate Note 8) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)	—	10/12	—	10/12	—	27/28			
Facility v	Port size		Rc1/2	—	Rc1/2	<u> </u>	Rc1/2			
Fac	Wetted parts material	Stai	inless steel, PV	C, Copper brazir	ng (Heat exchan	iger), Bronze, Bi	rass			
	Power supply	Single	-phase 200 to 2	30 VAC 50/60 H	Iz Allowable vo	Itage fluctuation	±10%			
system	Applicable earth leakage breaker capacity Note 9) (A)	1	5	1	5	3	0			
syst	Maximum operating current (A)	8.1	7.8	8.6	8.0	17.2	14.1			
	Rated power consumption Note 11) (50/60 Hz) (kW)	0.76/0.82	0.68/0.73	1.13/1.20	0.89/0.98	2.07/2.23	1.76/1.83			
tric	Remote operation signal input	Relay contact	t input (operates	when the switcl	h is closed, stop	s when the swit	ch is opened)			
Electrical	Operation signal output	Relay contact ou	tput (switch closed	when operating, sw	ritch open when sto	pped, switch open	when shut down)			
ш	Alarm stop signal output	Relay contact output	(switch closed when a	alarm is turned off, swit	ch open when alarm is	s turned on, switch clos	sed when shut down)			
	Alarm			Refer to	page 57.					
W	/eight Note 10) (kg)	75	75	75	75	110	110			

Note 1) It should have no condensation.

During seasons or in locations where the ambient temperature is likely to fall below freezing point, please consult SMC separately.

Note 2) If clear water is used, please use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industrial Association (JRA GL-02-1994 cooling water system - circulating type - make-up water).

Deionized water can be used only for supply water. Supply water with electrical conductivity of 1 μS/cm or more (or electrical resistivity of 1 MΩ·cm or less). An optional DI control kit (option Y) is available to maintain electrical resistance. Refer to page 62 for details. If ethylene glycol aqueous solution is used, maintain the concentration at 15%.

Note 3) ① Ambient temperature: 32°C, Facility water temperature: 25°C (water-cooled refrigeration), ② Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C,

③ Circulating fluid flow rate: Values at rated circulating fluid flow rate.

Note 4) Thermo-cooler specifications do not have heating capability.

(When heating capability is required, use a product with an optional heater (option H). Refer to page 59 for details.)

Note 5) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid is rated flow, and the circulating fluid outlet and return port are directly connected. Installation environment and the power supply are within specification range and stable.

Note 6) The capacity at the Thermo-cooler outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is at 20°C.

Note 7) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability.

When used below the rated flow, open the standard manual by-pass valve and maintain a circulating fluid flow rate equivalent to the rated flow. Also, use the by-pass piping set sold separately.

Note 8) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a facility water temperature of 25°C.

Note 9) Purchase an earth leakage breaker with current sensitivity of 30 mA separately. (A product with an optional earth leakage breaker (option B) is also available. Refer to page 59.)

Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

Note 11) In case of compressor ON/OFF control. For other conditions, refer to Note 3).

#### Accessories (Enclosed)

Content	Applicable model
Eye bolt M12 (4 pcs.)	HRGC005
Y-type strainer (1 pc.)	Water-cooled type

• Eye bolts are included in HRGC005. (Not assembled)

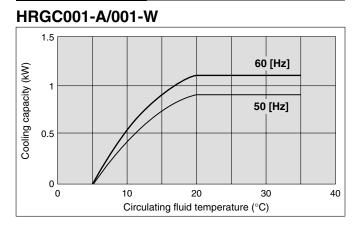
• A Y-type strainer is included in the water-cooled type. (Not assembled)

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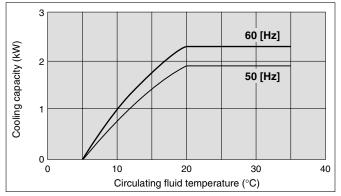
*∕∕∕∕∕∕S*MC

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

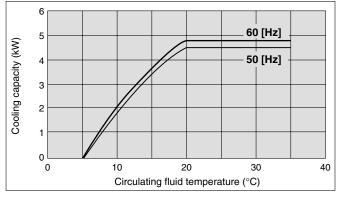
### **Cooling Capacity**



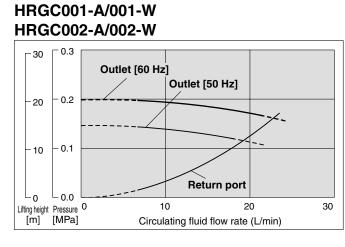
### HRGC002-A/002-W



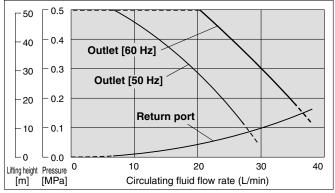
### HRGC005-A/005-W



### **Pump Capacity**

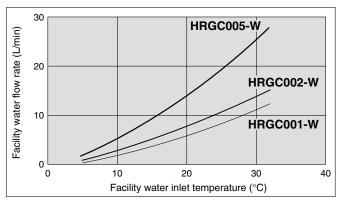


### HRGC005-A/005-W



* For all common models, temperature stability will decline in the flow rate range where circulating fluid is deduced (dotted line).

### Facility Water Flow Rate



* This is the flow rate of facility water at the rated cooling capacity and circulating fluid flow, operating at 60 Hz.

HED

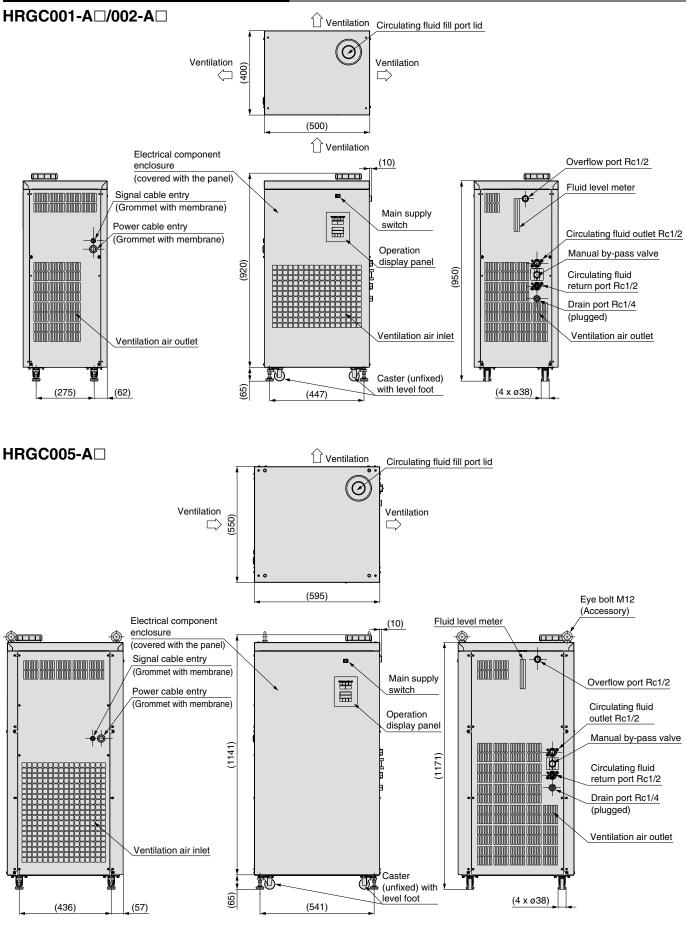
Technical Data

Related Products

## Series HRGC

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### **Dimensions: Air-Cooled Refrigeration**



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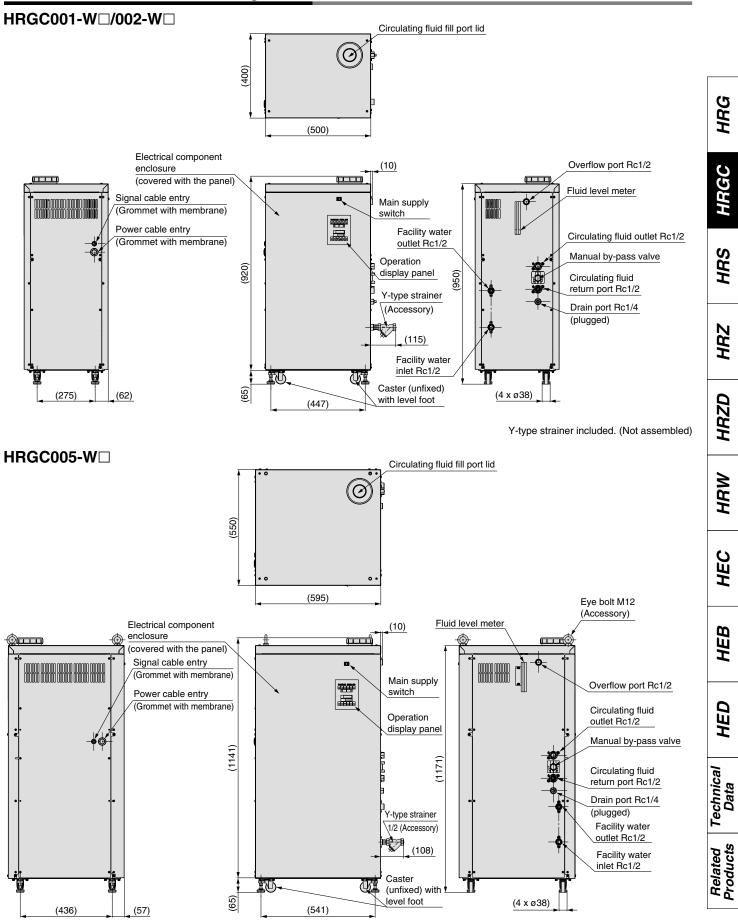
**SMC** 

Eye bolts included. (Not assembled)

## Thermo-cooler Series HRGC

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### **Dimensions: Water-Cooled Refrigeration**



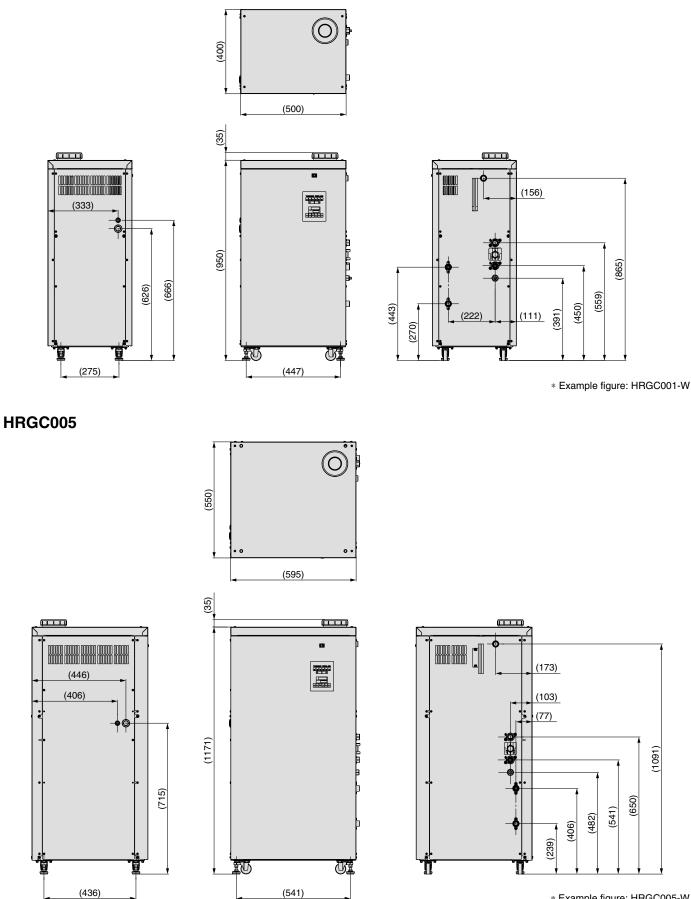
Y-type strainer and eye bolts included. (Not assembled)

## Series HRGC

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### **Piping Connection and Installation Dimensions**

### HRGC001/002



HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical Data

**Related Products** 

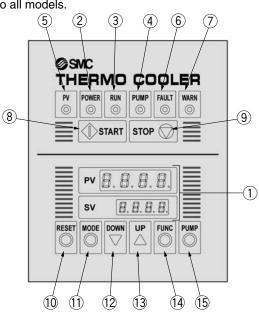
Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### **Operation Display Panel**

### HRGC001/002/005

The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.

This operation display panel is common to all models.



No.	Description		Function			
1	Digital display PV/SV	PV	Displays the circulating fluid temperature. Displays the alarm code when an alarm is active.			
		SV	Displays the set temperature of the circulating fluid.			
2	[POWER] indicator	Lights	up when the power is supplied.			
3	[RUN] indicator	Lights	up when the [START] key is pressed.			
(4)	[PUMP] indicator	Lights	up when the pump is running.			
5	[PV] indicator	Lights	up when the circulating fluid temperature is displayed.			
6	[FAULT] indicator	Lights	up when the emergency error occurs, and stops the operation.			
$\bigcirc$	[WARN] indicator	Lights	up when the warning error occurs, and continues the operation.			
8	[START] key	Starts	Lights up when the emergency error occurs, and stops the operation.Lights up when the warning error occurs, and continues the operation.Starts the operation.			
9	[STOP] key	Stops	the operation.			
10	[RESET] key	Reset	s the alarm.			
1	[MODE] key	Chang	es settings such as the offset function, etc.			
12	[DOWN] key	Decre	ases the set temperature.			
13	[UP] key	Increa	ses the set temperature.			
14	[FUNC] key	Chang	es the display between the circulating fluid temperature and optional functions.			
15	[PUMP] key	Opera	tes the pump independently while pressed.			

### Alarm/Alarm Indicators and Explanation

The 6 basic temperature controller alarms are displayed on the PV of the operation display panel with their alarm codes, as well as the fault (FAULT) indicator (red LED) and warning (WARN) indicator (yellow LED). When the source of the problem has been eliminated, the equipment must be restarted.

### ■ Explanation of Alarms (HRGC001/002/005)

Indicator	Alarm	Operation status	Main reason					
	Low level of fluid in tank	Stop	Level switch activated because fluid level in tank fell below LOW.					
	Rise in coolant pressure	Stop	Pressure switch activated because inadequate heat dissipation caused refrigerant pressure to rise.					
[FAULT]	Circulating fluid temperature abnormally high	Stop	Temperature sensor activated because circulating fluid temperature became too high. (fixed at 40					
	Overload of pump	Stop	Circulation pump overload relay activated.					
	Overload of compressor	Stop	Compressor overload relay activated.					
[FAULT/WARN]	Abnormal circulating fluid temperature	Stop/Continue	Circulating fluid temperature is out of the customer's preset range.					

## Series HRGC

### **Contact Input/Output Function**

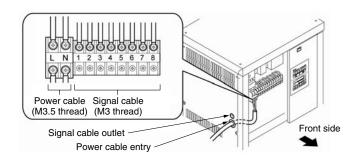
The Thermo-cooler is standard-equipped with terminals that allow remote start/stop, and enable output of an operation signal, abnormal status stop signal or alarm signal. These should be used for synchronizing startup and shutdown with your other equipment, or when adding new warning indicators or buzzers. However, the contact output volume is limited, so please add warning lamps and/or buzzers for special relays (for amplification) if they are necessary.

Connector type         HRGC001         HRGC002         HRGC005           Connector type         M3 terminal block         M3 terminal block           Remote operation operation signal input         Input voltage range         24 VDC±10% (Power supply is provided on the Thermo-cooler side.)           Input current         Max. 35 mA           Terminal number         1 (24 VDC), 2 (24 VCOM)           Abnormal status stop         Signal type           Signal type         Relay contact output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)           signal output         Terminal number           Contact capacity         250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)           signal output         Signal type           Relay contact output (When operating: closed)         Contact capacity           Contact capacity         250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)           output         Terminal number           Terminal number         5, 6           Warning signal output         Signal type           Contact capacity         250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)           Terminal number         7, 8           Communication standard         EIA standard RS-485 compliant           Information orientation         Half duplex           Synchronization method         Asynchronous communication           Terminal				Sp	ecifications							
Remote operation signal input       Signal type       Relay contact input (Remote start when the contact signal is closed, Remote stop when the contact signal is dised, Remote stop when the contact signal is dised.         Abnormal status stop signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Contact capacity         Terminal number       5, 6         Warning signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)         Communication standard       ElA standard       RS-485 compliant         Communication standard       Information orientation       Half duplex         (RS-485) Note       Yenchronization method       Asynchronous communication         (RS-485) Note		Item	HRGC001		HRGC002	HRGC005						
Remote operation signal input       Input voltage range       24 VDC±10% (Power supply is provided on the Thermo-cooler side.)         Input current       Max. 35 mA         Terminal number       1 (24 VDC), 2 (24 VCOM)         Abnormal status stop signal output       Signal type         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Terminal number       3, 4         Operation signal output       Signal type         Signal type       Relay contact output (When operating: closed)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Terminal number       5, 6         Warning signal output       Signal type         Signal type       Relay contact output (When marning error (WARN) occurs: open)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Terminal number       7, 8         Communication standard       EIA standard         Information orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         (RS-485) Nete       Synchronization method         Circuit diagram       24 VCC         Circuit diagram       24 VCC         Circuit diagram       24 VCC         Circuit diagram       24 VCC         Circuit diagram       24 V	Con	nector type		M	3 terminal block							
operation signal input     input voltage range     24 VDC±10% (Power supply reproduced on the Thermo-coder side.)       Input current     Max. 35 mA       Terminal number     1 (24 VDC), 2 (24 VCCM)       Abnormal status stop signal output     Signal type     Relay contact output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)       Signal output     Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Signal output     Terminal number     3, 4       Operation signal output     Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Varning signal output     Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Varning signal output     Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Communication number     5, 6       Communication standard     EIA standard RS-485 compliant       Information orientation     Half duplex       Synchronization method     Asynchronous communication       Kinetral     YuC     9, 10	_	Signal type	Relay contact input (Remote start	when the conta	act signal is closed, Remote st	op when the contact signal is open.)						
signal input     Input current     Max: 35 mA       Input current     1 (24 VDC), 2 (24 VCOM)       Abnormal status stop signal output     Signal type     Relay contact output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)       Operation signal output     Signal type     Relay contact output (When operating: closed)       Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       output     Terminal number     5, 6       Warning signal output     Signal type     Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)       Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Communication standard     EIA standard RS-485 compliant       Information orientation     Half duplex       Synchronization method     Asynchronous communication       Remote operation signal input (contact signal closed: chiller operation)       Abnormal status stop signal output       View operation signal output       Contact capacity       Communication       Remote operation signal output       (When operating: closed)       Abnormal status stop s		Input voltage range	24 VDC±10% (F	ower supp	ly is provided on the The	rmo-cooler side.)						
Abnormal status stop signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Operation signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When operating: closed)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Output       Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Output       Terminal number       5, 6         Warning signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Terminal number       7, 8         Communication standard       EIA standard RS-485 compliant         Information orientation       Half duplex         Signal number       9, 10         Communication method       Asynchronous communication         Restaps Note)       Terminal number         Circuit diagram       24 VDC         Circuit diagram       24 VDC         Circuit diagram       4         Circuit diagram       24 VDC         Circuit diagram       24 VDC         Circuit diagram       24 VDC         Circuit diagram       0         Abnormal status stop signal output (Whe		Input current			Max. 35 mA							
Automitation       Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Signal output       Terminal number       3, 4         Operation signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When operating: closed)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Output       Terminal number       5, 6         Warning signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       1         Terminal number       7, 8       Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Communication standard       EIA standard       RS-485 compliant         Information orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         (Rs-485) Note)       Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         (Rs-485) Note)       Terminal number       9, 10         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram       9, 10         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram       Anormal status stop signal output (When operation signal input (Contact signal closed: chiller operation)         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram       Status stop signal output (When operating: closed)         Alarm signal output       When operating: c		Terminal number		1 (24	VDC), 2 (24 VCOM)							
signal output       Terminal number       3, 4         Operation signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When operating: closed)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Terminal number       5, 6         Warning signal output       Signal type         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Terminal number       7, 8         Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)       Contact capacity         Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)       Contact capacity         Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)       Signal number         Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)       Contact isgnal compliant         Information orientation (RS-485) Note)       Ferminal number         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         Circuit diagram       Customer's machine side         Internal circuit       Internal circuit         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram	Abnormal	Signal type	Relay contac	t output (W	/hen fault error (FAULT)	occurs: open)						
Operation signal output     Signal type     Relay contact output (When operating: closed)       Output     Contact capacity     250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)       Warning signal output     Signal type     Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)       Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)     Signal type     Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)       Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)     Communication standard     EIA standard RS-485 compliant       Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)     Communication method     Asynchronous communication       Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)     Synchronization method     Asynchronous communication       Communication function     Ferminal number     9, 10       Communication function orientation     Terminal number     9, 10       Circuit diagram     Circuit diagram     Circuit diagram     Part theme-cooler       Circuit diagram     Circuit diagram     Circuit diagram     Circuit diagram		Contact capacity		250 VAC	c, 1 A (Resistance load)							
Opposition output       Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Warning signal output       Terminal number       5, 6         Warning signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)       Communication standard       EIA standard RS-485 compliant         Information orientation (RS-485) Note)       Information orientation Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         V       9, 10       9, 10         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram       Internal circuit	signal output	Terminal number		·								
signal output       Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Terminal number       5, 6         Warning signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Communication       Communication         Information orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         Circuit diagram       Circuit diagram	Operation	Signal type	Rela	Relay contact output (When operating: closed)								
Warning signal output       Signal type       Relay contact output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)         Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)       Communication orientation       7, 8         Communications function (RS-485) Note)       Communication orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         Control cagarity       24 VDC To the Thermo-cooler Coll         Circuit diagram       Internal	signal	Contact capacity	250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)									
Warning signal output       Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)         Communica- tions function (RS-485) Note)       Communication standard       EIA standard       RS-485 compliant         Minormation orientation (RS-485) Note)       Information orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         24 VDC       Customer's machine side         Very Coll       10         24 VDC       10         24 VCOM       10         25 Operation signal output (When operating: closed)         26 Operation signal output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)	output	Terminal number										
signal output       Contact capacity       250 VAC, 1 A (Hesistance load)         Terminal number       7, 8         Communication standard       EIA standard RS-485 compliant         Information orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         Verticat capacity       24 VDC         Communication standard       Customer's machine side         Terminal number       9, 10         Verticat capacity       24 VDC         Circuit diagram       Verticat capacity         Circuit diagram       Internal circuit         Circuit diagram       Internal circuit         Verticat capacity       Verticat capacity         Circuit diagram       Verticat capacity         Circuit diagram       Verticat capacity         Circuit diagram       Verticat capacity         Verticat capacity       Asynchronous communication         Verticat capacity       Verticat capacity         Verticat capacity       Verticat capa		Signal type	Relay contact	output (Wh	en warning error (WARN	I) occurs: open)						
Communication standard       EIA standard       RS-485 compliant         Communication standard       EIA standard       RS-485 compliant         Information orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         Terminal number       9, 10         Communication       Terminal number         Terminal number       9, 10         Construction       Terminal number         Circuit diagram       Internal circuit         Circuit diagram       Internal circuit         Circuit diagram       Internal circuit	0	Contact capacity	250 VAC, 1 A (Resistance load)									
Communications function (RS-485) Note)       Information orientation       Half duplex         Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         24 VDC       Customer's machine side         24 VDC       Customer's machine side         24 VCOM       3.9 kΩ       1         Remote operation signal input (Contact signal closed: chiller operation)       Abnormal status stop signal output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)         Circuit diagram       Internal circuit       5         Operation signal output (When operating: closed)       Alarm signal output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)	Signal Output	Terminal number	7, 8									
Information orientation (RS-485) Note)       Information orientation Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         24 VDC To the Thermo-cooler <>> Customer's machine side         V       24 VDC To the Thermo-cooler <>> Customer's machine side         Internal circuit       1         Remote operation signal input (Contact signal closed: chiller operation)         Abnormal status stop signal output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)         Operation signal output (When operating: closed)         Alarm signal output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)	Communica-	Communication standard		EIA stanc	ard RS-485 compliant							
Synchronization method       Asynchronous communication         Terminal number       9, 10         Zet VDC       Customer's machine side         Vertication of the Thermo-cooler       Customer's machine side         Vertication of the Thermo-cooler       Permote operation signal input (Contact signal closed: chiller operation)         Abnormal status stop signal output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)       Operation signal output (When operating: closed)         Alarm signal output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)       Alarm signal output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)		Information orientation		Half duplex								
Terminal number       9, 10         24 VDC To the Thermo-cooler       Customer's machine side         Remote operation signal input (Contact signal closed: chiller operation)         Abnormal status stop signal output (When fault error (FAULT) occurs: open)         Operation signal output (When operating: closed)         Alarm signal output (When warning error (WARN) occurs: open)		Synchronization method	Asynchronous communication									
Circuit diagram	( /	Terminal number	9, 10									
Internal circuit	Circ	uit diagram	Internal Internal	Ω Ω 0 1 0 2 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 9 0 9	Remote operation signal inp (Contact signal closed: chille Abnormal status stop signal (When fault error (FAULT) of Operation signal output (When operating: closed) Alarm signal output (When warning error (WARt SD ⁺	er operation)   output boccurs: open) N) occurs: open)						

Note) Serial communication is optional. Refer to "Options" on page 59.

#### Input/output signal connection location

Remove the front panel, and connect a signal cable to the terminal block inside the electrical component enclosure.



### **Other Feature**

#### Anti-freezing function

This function detects the circulating fluid temperature. If the temperature approaches freezing point, e.g. in winter at night, the pump operates automatically and the heat generated by the pump warms the circulating fluid, preventing freezing. 58

# Series HRGC **Options 1**

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

Option combination (O: Available, X: Not available, C Possible, but specification needs to be modified partially.)

J

With automati

water supply function

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With

heater

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### Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-cooler. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

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Stainless stee

wetted parts for

circulating fluid

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With

external

switch inlet

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HRGC002-DD-B

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With

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High-lift

pump

HRGC005-DD-B

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With DI

control

kit

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HRG

#### Option symbol B

### With Earth Leakage Breaker



With earth leakage breaker

Symbol

Option

Combination possibility with options

Pole number

Applicable model

5

Temperature

stability

±0.5°Ć

0

в

With earth

leakage

breaker

С

With

inction (RS-485)

0

HRGC001-DD-B

Ε

With wate

leakage sensor

0

In the event of a short circuit, overcurrent or overheating, the earth leakage breaker will automatically shut off the power supply.

#### **Breaker mounting location**

Dreaker mounting location	Pole number					2					
Remove the front panel. The breaker is mounted in-	Rated current sensitivity	/ (mA)				30					
side the electrical component enclosure.	Bated shutdown curre	ent (A)		15/	20 Note)	)			30		N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
	-	. ,					lbutton				Q
					10	leonanioa	Dutton				
Ontion symbol	Note) when option	n H or T is	s included.								I
		_									
With Communications Function	on (RS-485)										
											10
	Option combination	(O: Availa	able, $ imes$ : Not a	available,	•: Pos	sible, but sp	pecification	needs to be	modified p	partially.)	HRS
	Symbol 5	5 B	С	E	н	J	K M	S	T	Υ	
With communications			_			_		-		- With DI	1
	Option stab	pility leakag	ge communications I	leakage		water supply e:	xternal wetted pa	rts for communications		control	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		5°C breake	er function (RS-485)	sensor	neater	function swi	itch inlet circulatin	g fluid function (RS-2320	pump	kit	
	possibility with			0	0	0	$O \mid C$	X			
( ) <b>0</b> 1	options										N
	Applicable mo	odel	HRGC00	1-00-	C	HRGC00	2-□□-C	HRG	C005-	□-C	Ц Ц
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Circulating huld temperature setting (3V)		roduct side)					. ,				
Communication connection location								apliant			
Remove the front panel, and connect your communication			0					•			
	Protocol		Special protoc	coi: For a	etalis, re	eter to the C	ommunicat	ons Specific	cations do	sument.	<b>D</b>
component enclosure.			To th	he Therm	no-cool	er Cust	omer's ma	chine side			N
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Power cable Communication cable				0.10			)-				2
Communication cable outlet	4										9
(also used as signal cable outlet)											Ī
Power cable entry											
Outline numbel											
With Water Leakage Sensor											$\mathbf{O}$
Remove the front pand. The breaker is mounted in side we electrical component enclosure.       30         Bade dualace dual patient in the breaker is mounted in side we electrical component enclosure.       Mechanical button         Option symbol       With Communications Function (RS-486).       Mechanical button         If component in the breaker is mounted in side we electrical in the product and patient electrical for the dual present temperature setting (%).       With communications function (RS-486).         If communications function (RS-486).       With communications function (RS-486).       Note variable (*). Medavalate (*). Possible, but specification needs to be modified patiently: 1         With communications function (RS-486).       With communications function (RS-486).       Note variable (*). Medavalate (*). Possible, but specification in edes to be modified patiently: 1         With communications function (RS-486).       With communications function (RS-486).       Note variable (*). Medavalate (*). Med			НЕС								
de the electrical component enclosure.       Interface of the product					5						
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With water	-	-	-			-		-		-	
	Option stab	oility leakag	ge communications I	lookono		water supply e:	xternal wetted pa	rts for communications	Hign-liπ		
leakage sensor		5°C break	er function (RS-485)	sensor	neater	function swi	itch inlet circulatin	g fluid function (RS-2320	pump	kit	m
This built in water leakage concer can detect	possibility with		0		0	0	OC			0	
0	options				-	_	-	_	-		HEB
	Applicable mod	lel H	IBGC001-	ПП <b>-Е</b>	Н	RGC002		HRG	C005-□	<b>□-E</b>	1
operation.											
	- rator rounage deteotion m										
	Water leakage detectable amount (L) 1 L or more										
		nount (L)	A otivata a if		li	nfrared ret 1 L or m	flection nore				
		nount (L)	Activates if		li	nfrared ret 1 L or m	flection nore			rs.	P
Option symbol		nount (L)	Activates if		li	nfrared ret 1 L or m	flection nore			rs.	ED
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		nount (L)	Activates if		li	nfrared ret 1 L or m	flection nore			rs.	НЕD
With Heater	Protection function	nount (L) ON		i water le	lı eaks in	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ	flection hore uct or an a	bnormal s	top occu		HED
With Heater	Protection function	nount (L) on (〇: Availa	able, ×: Not a	water le	li eaks in •: Pos	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ	flection nore uct or an a	bnormal s	top occu modified p	partially.)	
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With Heater	Protection function	iount (L) on (O: Availa 5 B arature Jility Jeakag	able, ×: Not a C arth With With ge communications I	water le available, E	eaks in eaks in with	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic water supply e	flection nore uct or an a pecification K M With Stainless xternal weted pa	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for communications	top occu modified p T High-lift	partially.) Y With DI	
With Heater HRGC - H With heater	Protection function Option combination Symbol 5 Option stab Option temperature	iount (L) on (O: Availa 5 B arature Jility Jeakag	able, ×: Not a C arth With ge communications 1	water la available, E Vith water leakage	eaks in eaks in with	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic water supply e	flection nore uct or an a pecification K M With Stainless xternal weted pa	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for communications	top occu modified p T High-lift	oartially.) Y With DI control	
With Heater HRGC - H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid	Protection function Option combination Symbol 5 Option stab Option temperature	(C: Availa 5 B leakag 5°C breakag breakag	able, ×: Not a C arth With communications I function (RS-485)	i water la available, E Vith water leakage sensor	eaks in eaks in with	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ- sible, but sp J With automatic water supply function	flection nore uct or an a pecification K M With xternal itch inlet	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for comunications fluid function (R5232	modified p T High-lift pump	oartially.) Y With DI control	
With Heater HRGC H - With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures.	Protection function Option combination Symbol 5 Option stab Option temperature	(C: Availa 5 B leakag 5°C breakag breakag	able, ×: Not a C arth With communications I function (RS-485)	i water la available, E Vith water leakage sensor	eaks in eaks in with	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ- sible, but sp J With automatic water supply function	flection nore uct or an a pecification K M With xternal itch inlet	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for comunications fluid function (R5232	modified p T High-lift pump	oartially.) Y With DI control	Technical HED Data
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature	Option combination           Symbol         5           Option         state           Combination         state           Combination         possibility with	iount (L) on (C: Availa 5 B Berature With ea breaked 5°C breaked < O	able, X: Not a C arth ge commications function (RS-465) O	i water le available, E /ith water leakage sensor	In eaks in •: Pos H With heater	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic water supply function sw O	flection nore uct or an a becification K M With Stainless verted pa cicculatin	bnormal s	top occu modified p T High-lift pump	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	Technical Data
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature	Option combination       Symbol     5       Option     state       Combination     state       Combination     possibility with       >>     Applicable mode	iount (L) on (C: Availa 5 B Berature With ea breaked 5°C breaked < O	able, X: Not a C arth ge commications function (RS-465) O	i water le available, E /ith water leakage sensor	In eaks in •: Pos H With heater	nfrared rei 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic function sw 1RGC000	flection nore uct or an a becification K M With sternal itch inlet crculatin	bnormal s	top occu modified p T High-lift pump	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	Technical Data
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature quickly, even when the initial temperature is low	Option combination       Symbol     5       Option     state       Combination     tos       Combination     possibility with       >     Applicable moor       Heater capacity	iount (L) on (): Availa 5 B Brature With east break < ) del I	able, X: Not a C arth ge er undon (R5485) O HRGC001+	i water la available, E leakage sensor	eaks in eaks in	isible, but sp with automatic water supply function IRGC000 0.6 kN	flection nore uct or an a becification K M With Stainess Atemal vetta particular oricular 2-□-H	bnormal s needs to be steel Win ts for communications huid function (RS-232 HuRG	top occu modified p T High-lift pump GC005-C	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	Technical Data
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature quickly, even when the initial temperature is low	Protection function         Option combination         Symbol       5         Option       state         Combination       state         possibility with options       >         Applicable mood       Heater capacity         Temperature control me	nount (L)  (): Availe	able, X: Not a C arth ye er wrdion (RS-465) mrdion (RS-465) C HRGC001- HRGC001-	i water la available, E //ith water leakage sensor H		I L or m the produ sible, but sp usible, but sp usi	flection nore uct or an a becification K M With Stainess Arreal vertable circulation C 2-□-H	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for communications fluid function (R5:222 HRRG rigerator and hea	top occu modified p T High-lift pump C CO05-C	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	Technical Data
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature quickly, even when the initial temperature is low	Protection function         Option combination         Symbol       5         Option       5         Option       5         Combination       5         possibility with       >         Applicable moc       Heater capacity         Temperature control me       Temperature setting me	tount (L) Dn (C): Availa 5 B srature With ea Fracture With ea Fracture Vith ea C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	able, X: Not a C arth ye er wrdion (RS-465) mrdion (RS-465) C HRGC001- HRGC001-	i water la available, E //ith water leakage sensor H		Infrared rei 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic water supply function Sw D IRGC000 0.6 kN g control of heate 5°C Note 1)	flection nore Lect or an a becification K M With Stainless verted pa verted verted pa verted verted	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for communications fluid function (R5:222 HRRG rigerator and hea	top occu modified p T High-lift pump C CO05-C	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	Technical Data
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature quickly, even when the initial temperature is low	Protection function         Option combination         Symbol       5         Option       5         Options       5         Applicable mode       Heater capacity         Temperature control me       Temperature setting me         Temperature setting reference       Temperature setting reference	tount (L) Dn (C): Availa S B acture Vith each control	able, X: Not a C arth ye er wrdion (RS-465) mrdion (RS-465) C HRGC001- HRGC001-	i water la available, E //ith water leakage sensor H		Infrared ref 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic sw Uthe unomatic sw D Uthe control of heate So C Note 1) ±1.0°C N	flection nore uct or an a becification K M With Stainess itch inlet croulation 2-D-H W ar P control, or rel	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for communications fluid function (R5:222 HRRG rigerator and hea	top occu modified p T High-lift pump C CO05-C	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature quickly, even when the initial temperature is low	Protection function         Option combination         Symbol       5         Option       5         Options       5         Applicable mode       Heater capacity         Temperature control me       Temperature setting me         Temperature setting reference       Temperature setting reference	tount (L) Dn (C): Availa S B acture Vith each control	able, X: Not a C arth ye er wrdion (RS-465) mrdion (RS-465) C HRGC001- HRGC001-	i water la available, E //ith water leakage sensor H		Infrared ref 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic sw Uthe unomatic sw D Uthe control of heate So C Note 1) ±1.0°C N	flection nore uct or an a becification K M With Stainess itch inlet croulation 2-D-H W ar P control, or rel	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for communications fluid function (R5:222 HRRG rigerator and hea	top occu modified p T High-lift pump C CO05-C	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	Technical Data
With Heater HRGC H With heater This built-in heater can heat up circulating fluid and adjust it at high temperatures. It can raise the circulating fluid temperature quickly, even when the initial temperature is low	Protection function         Protection function         Symbol       5         Option       105         Combination possibility with options       ×         Applicable mode Heater capacity       ×         Temperature control me Temperature setting ra Temperature stata       Protection function	iount (L) on (): Availa <b>5 B</b> stature Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Similar Sim	able, X: Not a arth ger undon (R-465) HRGC001: tritonal valve PID cor 5 to 6	i water la available, E //ith water leakage sensor H		Infrared ref 1 L or m the produ sible, but sp J With automatic sw Uthe unomatic sw D Uthe control of heate So C Note 1) ±1.0°C N	flection nore uct or an a becification K M With Stainess itch inlet croulation 2-D-H W ar P control, or rel	bnormal s needs to be steel With rs for communications fluid function (R5:222 HRRG rigerator and hea	top occu modified p T High-lift pump C CO05-C	oartially.) Y With DI control kit ●	Technical Data

Note 2) Temperature stability ±0.5°C specification cannot be selected.

# Series HRGC **Options 2**

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

### Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-cooler. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

#### Option symbol

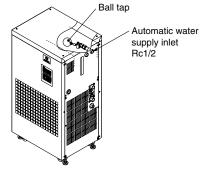
With Automatic Water Supply Function

#### HRGC ]_[]-J

#### With automatic water supply function

Water supply capacity (L/min)

By installing this at the automatic water supply inlet, circulating fluid can be easily supplied to the product using a built-in ball tap for water supply.



	Option combination	ation ( $\bigcirc$ :	Available	e, $ imes$ : Not	t available	e, 🗨: Pos	sible, bu	t specifica	ation nee	ds to be r	nodified	partially.)
	Symbol	5	В	С	E	Н	J	К	М	S	Т	Y
1	Option	Temperature stability ±0.5°C	With earth leakage breaker	With communications function (RS-485)	With water leakage sensor	With heater	With automatic water supply function	With external switch inlet	Stainless steel wetted parts for circulating fluid	With communications function (RS-232C)	High-lift pump	With DI control kit
	Combination possibility with options	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
	Applicable	model	ЦВ	6001				02-00	- 1	HPCC	`005-□	
			-	HRGC001-□□-J HRGC002-□□-J HRGC005-□□-J								
	Water supply	method			Built-	in ball ta	ap for au	utomatic	water s	supply		
	Water supply pres	sure (MPa)					0.2 t	o 0.5				

2 or more (at 0.2 MPa)

option symbol
With External Switch Inlet

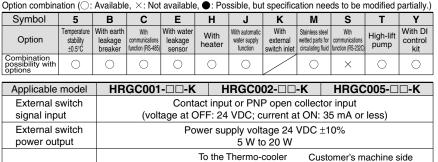
#### HRGC ٠K

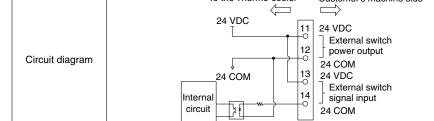
With external switch inlet

This can supply power to external switches (flow switch, etc.) for alarms, and send signals indicating abnormalities from the switch to the product.

If an abnormality signal is input from the external switch, the product will respond as follows:

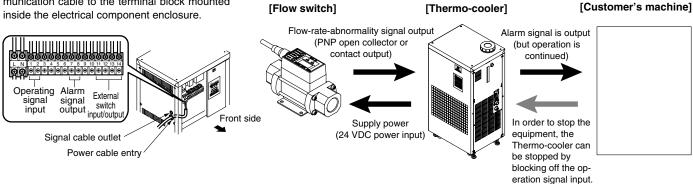
- The product will continue operating (if already in operation).
- Alarm light turns on.
- Alarm signal is output.
- · Alarm is displayed.





### Wiring Connection Location

Remove the front panel, and connect your communication cable to the terminal block mounted inside the electrical component enclosure.



Application Examples

When monitoring flow with a flow-rate switch

**SMC** 

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

HRGC — – – – M	Option combin	ation (O:	Available	e, $ imes$ : Not	t available	e, 🌒 : Pos	sible, bu	t specific	ation nee	ds to be i	nodified	partially
т	Symbol	5	В	С	E	Н	J	К	М	S	Т	Y
<ul> <li>Stainless steel wetted parts for circulating</li> </ul>	Option	Temperature stability ±0.5°C	With earth leakage breaker	With communications function (RS-485)	With water leakage sensor	With heater	With automatic water supply function	With external switch inlet	Stainless steel wetted parts for circulating fluid	With communications function (RS-232C)	High-lift pump	With D control kit
fluid	Combination possibility with options	×	0	0	0	•	0	0		0	0	×
By changing the material of the wetted parts in	Applicable	model	HF	RGC00	1-□-M		HRGCO	<b>)02-</b> □-	M	HRG	C005-□	<b>]-M</b>
he circulating fluid circuit to stainless steel,	Temperature ra	nge setting					5 to 35°	C Note 1	)			
leionized water with electrical resistance of 2	Temperature	e stability						Note 2)				
$M\Omega$ or less. (electrical conductivity of 0.5 $\mu$ S/cm	Circulating fluid type Clear water, Deionized water Note 3), 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution											
or more) can be used. (However, heat exchan-	Wetted parts material for	or circulating flui	d	Stai	nless ste	eel, Cop	oper bra	zing (He	eat exch	anger),	PVC	
per is made of copper brazing.)	Note 1) This of select		e used ir	n circulat	ting fluid	tempera	atures of	35°C or	higher,	even wh	en optio	n H is
Option symbol	Note 2) Temp Note 3) Use o µS/cr		d water v		•					al condu	ctivity of	0.5
S With Communications Function	on (RS-2	32C)										
HRGC <u>S</u>	Option combin	<u>,                                     </u>		·				· ·			modified	partially
• With communications	Symbol	5 Temperature	B With earth	C With	E With water	н	J With automatic	K With	M Stainless steel	S With	-	Y With D
function (RS-232C)	Option	stability ±0.5°C	leakage breaker	communications function (RS-485)	leakage sensor	With heater	water supply function	external switch inlet	wetted parts for	communications function (RS-232C)	High-lift pump	contro kit
Vith a host PC programmed in accordance with your nanufacturing processor method, the communications	Combination possibility with options	0	0	×	0	0	0	×	0		0	0
unction allows you to set (write) or monitor (read) the	Applicable	model	HRGC001-DD-S HRGC002-DD-S HRGC005-DD								⊡-S	
irculating fluid temperature.	Connector r	10.	9 (RD), 10 (SD), 11 (SG)									
Writing> Circulating fluid temperature setting (SV) Readout>Circulating fluid present temperature (PV)	Connector t (on this prod		M3 terminal block									
Circulating fluid temperature setting (SV)	Standards		·		E	IA stand	dard R	S-232C	complia	ant		
	Protocol		EIA standard RS-232C compliant Special protocol: For details, refer to the Communications Specifications documer								cumen	
Communication connection location Remove the front panel, and connect your communication				To	the The	rmo-coo	ler C	Custome	r's mach	iine side		
able to the terminal block mounted inside the electrical component enclosure.						$\langle -$		$\Box$				
			9 RD									
Image: Non-State         N         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         10         11         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .          .	Circuit diag	Internal 10 SD										
Power cable Signal cable					circ		11	SG				
Power cable												
	- tata											
Communication cable outlet also used as signal cable outlet	side											

HRGC

HRG

HRS

Series HRGC **Options 3** 

pump

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

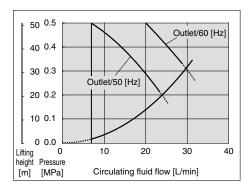
#### Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-cooler. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

### Option symbol

**High-lift Pump** 

Possible to choose a high-lift pump in accordance with customer's piping resistance. Cooling capacity may decrease by heat generated in the pump (For HRGC005 as standard).

### **Pump Capacity**



### Option symbol With DI Control Kit

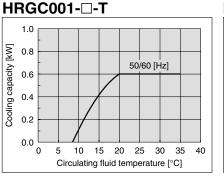
#### HRGC **−**-Y With DI control kit

This option adds a function to control the electrical resistance of circulating fluid to the stainless steel wetted parts for the fluid. By using this with a DI (deionized water) filter (sold separately), the electrical resistance of the circulating fluid can be maintained at a constant level.

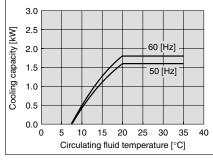
Option combination	Option combination ( $\bigcirc$ : Available, $ imes$ : Not available, $lacksquare$ : Possible, but specification needs to be modified partially.)									partially.)	
Symbol	5	В	С	E	н	J	K	М	S	Т	Y
Option	Temperature stability ±0.5°C		With communications function (RS-485)	With water leakage sensor	With heater	With automatic water supply function	With external switch inlet	Stainless steel wetted parts for circulating fluid	With communications function (RS-232C)	High-lift pump	With DI control kit
Combination possibility with options	×	٠	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
Applicable	HF	HRGC001-□-T			HRGC002-D-T			HRGC005-□-T			
Cooling capacity (50/60 Hz)		0.	0.6/0.6 kW Note)			1.6/1.8 kW Note)		)		_	
Pump capacity (50/60 Hz)			0.31/0.41 MPa (a			(at 18/22 L/min)					

Note) Cooling capacity may decrease as pump power increases.

### **Cooling Capacity**



### HRGC002-D-T



Dption combination (◯: Available, ×: Not available, ●: Possible, but specification needs to be modified partially.)											
Symbol	5	В	С	Е	Н	J	K	М	S	Т	Y
Option	Temperature stability ±0.5°C	With earth leakage breaker	With communications function (RS-485)	With water leakage sensor	With heater	With automatic water supply function		Stainless steel wetted parts for circulating fluid	With communications function (RS-232C)	High-lift pump	With DI control kit
Combination possibility with	×	0	0	0	•	0	0	×	0	0	$\square$

options						
Applicable model	HRGC001-D-Y	HRGC002-D-Y	HRGC005-□-Y			
Temperature range setting	5 to 35°C Note 1)					
Temperature stability	±1.0°C Note 2)					
Circulating fluid type	Clear water, Deionized water Note 3), 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution					
Wetted parts material for circulating fluid	Stainless steel, Copper brazing (Heat exchanger), PVC					
DI display range	0 to 20 MΩ·cm Note 3)					
DI setting range	0.00 to 2.00 MΩ·cm Note 4)					
DI circuit rated flow	1.5 L/min					
DI alarm	Max. DI level, Min. DI level, Selectable from Max. to Min.					
DI alarm operation	Can choose whether to	stop or continue operation	n when alarm activates			

Note 1) This cannot be used in circulating fluid temperatures of 35°C or higher, even when option H is selected.

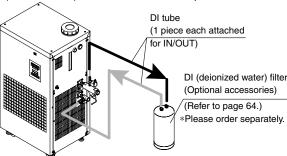
Note 2) Temperature stability  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}C$  specification cannot be selected.

Note 3) Use deionized water with electrical resistance of 2 MΩ cm or less. (electrical conductivity of 0.5 μS or more)

Note 4) The DI filter is needed to control the DI level. (SMC Part No.: HRZ-DF001) Please purchase additionally because the DI (deionized water) filter is not included in this option.

*Install the DI (deionized water) filter outside the Thermo-chiller for piping. Secure the space for installing the DI (deionized water) filter on the rear side of the Thermo-cooler.

*It may go outside of the temperature stability range of ±1.0°C when this option is used in some operating conditions



Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Series HRGC Thereafter, please select Series HRS. **Optional Accessories 1** 

Note) Please order separately. Necessary to be fitted by the customer.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

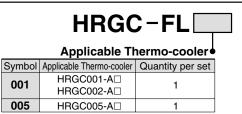
63

### **Dustproof Filter Set**

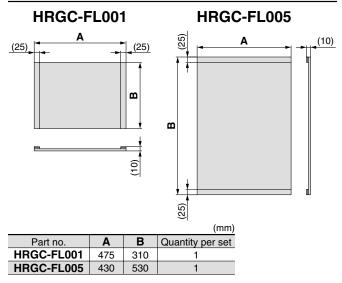
Prevents performance degradation when using air-cooled refrigeration Thermo-coolers in dusty or contaminated environments.

Maximum ambient temperature: 40°C

### How to Order

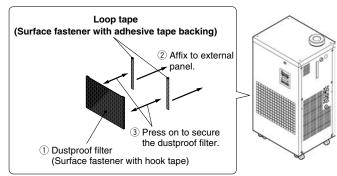


### **Dimensions**



### Mounting Example

- 1) This dustproof filter is secured with hook-and-loop tape. This is sewed onto the male side of the surface fastener, and has adhesive tape backing for fixing to the female side.
- 2 Remove the paper covering of the adhesive tape and affix the loop tape to the external panel of the ventilation hole on the Thermo-cooler.
- ③ Simply press the hook tape on to the loop tape to mount the dustproof filter.



### By-pass Piping Set

This prevents the occurrence of pump overload that exceeds the maximum operating pressure of the Thermocooler at low flow rate.

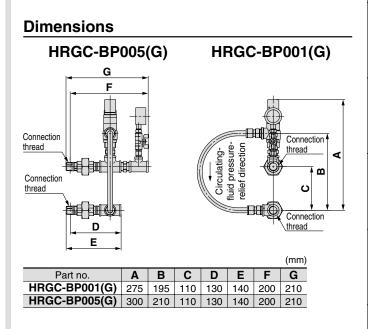
Use circulating fluid in 5 to 60°C temperature range

### How to Order



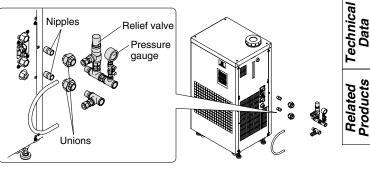
	Applicable Thermo-cooler						
Symbol	Applicable Thermo-cooler	Wetted parts material	Pressure setting range (50/60 Hz) Note)				
001	HRGC001-□ HRGC002-□	Bronze, PTFE, Stainless steel	0.12 to 0.13/				
001G HRGC001-□ HRGC002-□		PTFE, Stainless steel	0.16 to 0.18 MPa				
005	HRGC005-□ HRGC00□-□-T	Bronze, PTFE, Stainless steel	0.22 to 0.48/				
005G	HRGC005-□ HRGC00□-□-T	PTFE, Stainless steel	0.29 to 0.48 MPa				

Note) The pressure of the by-pass piping set can be adjusted by the customer.



### Mounting Example

A pressure relief valve and pressure gauge can be mounted on the body with unions and nipples.



**SMC** Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

Production of HRGC001/002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Series HRGC Thereafter, please select Series HRS. **Optional Accessories 2** 

Note) Please order separately. Necessary to be fitted by the customer.

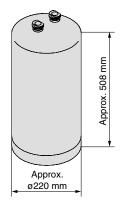
### DI (Deionized Water) Filter

This is the ion replacement resin to maintain the electrical resistivity of the circulating fluid.

Customers who selected the DI control kit (option Y) need to purchase the DI (deionized water) filter separately.

Part no.	Applicable model				
HRZ-DF001	Common for all models which can select the DI control kit. (option Y)				

Note) The DI (deionized water) filters are consumable. Depending on the status (electrical resistivity set value, circulating fluid temperature, piping volume, etc.), product life cycles will vary accordingly.

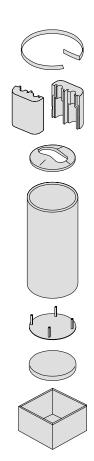


Weight: Approx. 20 kg

### Insulating Material for DI (Deionized Water) Filter

When the DI (deionized water) filter is used at a hightemperature, we recommend that you use this insulating material to protect the radiated heat from the DI (deionized water) filter or possible burns. When the DI filter is used at a low-temperature, we also recommend that you use this to prevent heat absorption from the DI (deionized water) filter and to avoid forming condensation.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRZ-DF002	Common for all models which can select the DI control kit. (option Y)



# Series HRGC **Specific Product Precautions 1**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back page 2 to 5 for Temperature Control **Equipment Precautions.** 

Production of HRGC001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

rechnica

**Related Products** 

Data

#### Design

# \land Warning

- 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.
  - 1. Confirm the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the customer's system and this unit.
  - Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the customer's operating condition. Also, the customer is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system
- 2. When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks, and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

#### Selection

# \land Warning

#### 1. Model selection

For selecting a model of Thermo-cooler, it is required to know the heat generation amount of a customer's machine.

Obtain the heat generation amount, referring to the model selection example on page 48 before selecting a model.

#### 2. Indication of model number

Select the cooling method and temperature stability depending on the customer's application.

Handling

# 🗥 Warning

#### 1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

#### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

# Warning

#### 1. Do not use in the following environment because it will lead to a breakdown.

- 1. Environment like written in "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions
- Locations where spatter will adhere to when welding.
- 3. Locations where it is likely that the leakage of flammable gas may occur. 4. Locations having a large quantity of dust.
- If it is necessary to use the unit in an environment where there is a risk of the fin portion of the air-cooled condenser becoming clogged, use the dustproof filter set (sold separately).
- 5. A place in which water freezes. If such an environment is unavoidable, please contact SMC
- 2. Install in an environment where the unit will not come into direct contact with rain or snow. (HRGC001 to HRGC005)

These models are for indoor use only.

Do not install outdoors where rain or snow may fall on them.

3. Conduct ventilation and cooling to discharge heat. (Air-cooled refrigeration)

The heat which is cooled down through air-cooled condenser is discharged.

When using in a room which is shut tightly, ambient temperature will ex-ceed the specification range stipulated in this catalog, which will activate the safety detector and stop the operation. In order to avoid this situation, discharge the heat outside of a room by ventilation or cooling facilities

4. The Thermo-cooler is not designed for a clean room. It generates particles internally.

**Circulating Fluid** 

# A Caution

- Avoid oil or other foreign objects entering the circulating 1. fluid.
- 2. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

#### Caution

When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a 3. maximum condensation of 15%.

Overly high concentration aqueous solution will overload to the pump and activates the safety interlock, which may stop the operation. On the other hand, if the concentration is too low, the aqueous solution freezes at low temperature, which may cause malfunction in the product.

4. When using clear water as a circulating fluid, use water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards. Use clear water (including diluted ethylene glycol aqueous solution) that satisfies the quality standard shown below.

#### Clear Water (as Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association IDA CI 02 1004 "Cooling water

JITA UL-02-	IRA GL-02-1994 Cooling water system – Circulation type – Make-up water					
	Item	Unit	Standard value			
	pH (at 25°C)	_	6.8 to 8.0			
	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 300*			
	Chloride ion (CI [_] )	[mg/L]	50 or less			
Standard	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻ )	[mg/L]	50 or less			
item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less			
	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less			
	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃ )	[mg/L]	50 or less			
	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂ )	[mg/L]	30 or less			
	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less			
	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less			
Reference	Sulfide ion (S2 ⁻ )	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.			
item	Ammonium ion (NH ₄ +)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less			
	Residual chlorine (Cl)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less			
	Free carbon (CO ₂ )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less			

^{*} In the case of [M $\Omega$ •cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

#### 5. Deionized water can be used (as supply water), but resistivity cannot be maintained.

When supplying water, use deionized water with electrical conductivity of 1  $\mu$ S/cm or more (electrical resistivity of 1 M $\Omega$ ·cm or less). However, since components of the wetted part will be released in water, electrolyte concentration cannot be maintained.

#### (HRGC001/002)

1. A magnet pump is used as a circulating pump for the circulating liquid. It is particularly impossible to use liquid including metallic powder such as iron powder.

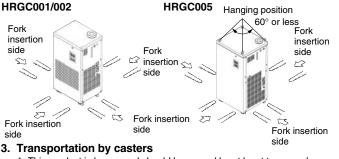
#### Transportation/Transfer/Movement

# \land Warning

- 1. Transportation by forklift (HRGC001 to HRGC005)
  - A licensed driver should drive the forklift. 2.
  - The proper place to insert the tines of the forklift differs depending on the model of cooler. Check the operating manual and be sure to drive the fork in far enough for it to come out the other side. 3. Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

#### 2. Hanging transportation (HRGC005)

- Crane manipulation and slinging work should be done by an eligible person.
   Do not grip the piping or the handles of the panel on the right side.
   When hanging by the eye bolts, be sure to use a 4-point hanging method. For the hanging angle, use caution regarding the position of the center of gravity and hold it within 60°.



- This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people. Do not grip the piping port on the right side or the handles of the panel. When transporting using a forklift, be sure not to let it hit the casters or adjusters, and drive the fork all the way through until it comes out 3. the other side.

# Series HRGC Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back page 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions. Production of HRGC001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.



#### Mounting/Installation

# **A** Warning

- 1. Do not place heavy objects on top of this product or step on it. The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.
- 2. Do not directly touch the edge of the external panel when removing and installing it.

It may cause injury. Be sure to wear protective gloves.

**3. Lower the level foot and do not move.** Be sure to lower all four level feet to the level of the floor.

# ▲ Caution

- 1. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- Secure with bolts, anchor bolts, etc.
   Fasteners such as bolts or anchor bolts should be tighten with the recommended torque shown below.

#### **Fixing Thread Tightening Torque**

	<u> </u>		
Connection thread	Applicable tightening torque N•m	Connection thread	Applicable tightening torque N•m
M3	0.63	M8	12.5
M4	1.5	M10	24.5
M5	3	M12	42
M6	5.2		

(When using optional accessories/dustproof filter set)

- 1. Use the attached surface fastener (with adhesive tape) to affix the dustproof filter to the panel of the Thermo-cooler.
- Mounting the filter will create a certain amount of resistance to ventilation that will reduce the volume of airflow.
   For this reason, be sure to keep the ambient temperature at 40°C or
- less.
  3. Depending on the installation height of the Thermo-cooler and/or the cooled substrates, circulating fluid may overflow from the tank lid or overflow outlet.

In particular, avoid overflow from the lid of the built-in tank by installing with a height difference of 10 m or less.

Be sure to pipe the overflow outlet to a wastewater collection pit, etc.

#### Piping

# **A** Caution

1. Regarding the circulating fluid pipings, consider carefully the suitability for shutoff pressure, temperature and circulating fluid.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation.

2. For the circulating fluid pipings, use clean pipings which have no dust, piping debris or other foreign objects inside the pipings, and blow with air prior to undertaking any piping works.

If piping debris or other foreign objects remain inside the circulating fluid circuit, it can result in blockage, insufficient cooling or damage to the pump impeller.

- **3. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow.** For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.
- 4. When tightening at the circulating fluid inlets and outlets, tank drain port or overflow outlet of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.
- 5. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 6. While cleaning the inside of the tank, attach a valve to the tank drain outlet to drain the circulating fluid (clear water).
- 7. This product series consists of circulating fluid temperature controllers with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

#### Piping

#### (Water-cooled refrigeration HRGC

1. When tightening at the facility water inlets and outlets of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.

#### 2. Install by-pass piping.

A Caution

This product has a built-in water control valve, so when the refrigeration circuit is stopped, facility water does not flow out in order to save energy. For this reason, by-pass piping is necessary for conducting maintenance of your facility water equipment, so be sure to install it.

#### **Electrical Wiring**

# \land Warning

- 1. Never change the set value of the safety instrument.
- If the set value is changed, it will likely cause a breakdown or cause the product to catch on fire.
- Before wiring, be sure to cut the power supply. Never perform any job while the product is energized.
- 3. Secure the cable so that its force, etc. is not applied to the terminal connector parts.

When the connection or attachment is incomplete, it will likely lead to an electrical shock, a fire, etc.

- 4. Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.
- 5. Multiple wiring is dangerous because it will lead to heat generation or cause a fire.

# A Caution

1. Power supply, signal cable and connecting terminal should be prepared by the customer.

1. Communication cables and adapters should be prepared by the customer.

Prepare parts that conform to the connector specifications of your host computer.

2. Pay attention to the polarity when connecting communication cables.

#### Facility Water Supply

# A Warning

1. Before startup, be sure to open the valve of your facility water equipment.

Prepare before startup, so that facility water can flow when the fitted water control valve (facility water control valve) opens during operation.

- 2. Supply pressure of 0.5 MPa or less. If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage.
- 3. Be sure to prepare your utilities so that the pressure of the Thermo-cooler facility water outlet is at 0 MPa (atmospheric pressure) or more.

If the facility water outlet pressure becomes negative, the internal facility water piping may collapse, and proper flow control of facility water will be impossible.



# \land Warning

#### 1. Confirmation before operation

- 1. The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW".
- When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow. 2. Remove the air.

Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level. Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from a customer's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed.



# Series HRGC **Specific Product Precautions 3**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back page 2 to 5 for Temperature Control **Equipment Precautions.** 

Production of HRGC001/ 002 will be discontinued in January 2011. Thereafter, please select Series HRS.

#### Operation

# \land Warning

- 3. Handling of by-pass valve
  - At the time this product is shipped from our factory, the by-pass valve is fully open.
  - Operation with it fully closed will cause the circulating fluid outlet pressure to increase high and it may safely stop in order to prevent the pump's operation from overloading.

When operating for the first time after installation, be sure to operate it with the by-pass valve fully open.

2. Confirmation during operation

#### 1. Adjust the by-pass valve.

Monitor the external piping, pressure gauge, or flow meter mounted on the customer's machine side, in order to adjust the open angle of the by-pass valve, so that the required pressure or flow can be obtained.

2. Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 35°C.

When the amount of heat generated from a customer's machine is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

#### 3. Emergency stop method

• When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the equipment immediately. After pushing the (OFF) switch, be sure to turn off the power supply breaker.

## /!\ Caution

1. The temperature set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approximately one million times.

Especially when using communication function, save data with STOR before stoppage, and do not carry out frequent saving (STOR) of temporary setting values.

**Operation Restart Time** 

# 

Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.

**Protection Circuit** 

## A Caution

- 1. If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.
  - Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of  $\pm 10\%$ .
  - In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
  - Facility water is not supplied. (HRGC
  - Transfer pressure of the circulating fluid is too high. Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
  - · Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of a customer's machine is too high.
  - Ambient temperature is too high. (40°C or higher)
  - · Refriderant pressure is too high.
  - Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt. (Especially HRGC A)

#### Maintenance

# 🗥 Warning

- 1. Do not operate the switch with wet hands or touch electrical parts. This will lead to an electrical shock.
- 2. Do not splash water directly on this product for cleaning. This will lead to an electrical shock or a fire.
- 3. When the panel was removed for the purpose of inspection or cleaning, mount the panel after works were done. If the panel is still open, or running the equipment with the panel removed, it may cause an injury or electric shocks.
- When cleaning the air-cooled condenser, do not touch the fin directly.

This may lead to injuries.

#### Maintenance

#### A Caution

<Periodical inspection every one month>

(Air-cooled refrigeration HRGC -- A-)

#### 1. Clean the ventilation hole

If the fin portion of the air-cooled condenser becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the fin, clean it with a longhaired brush or air gun.

#### (When using optional accessories/dustproof filter set)

1. Clean the dustproof filter.

To prevent dirt or clogging of the dustproof filter from leading to a decline in heat-releasing performance of the air-cooled condenser, clean or wash it regularly.

2. Remove the filter from the Thermo-cooler before cleaning it. Do not directly splash water on the filter to clean it while it is still attached to the Thermo-cooler. This can lead to electric shock or fires in the main unit of the Thermocooler

#### <Periodical inspection every three months>

- 1. Inspect the circulating fluid.
  - 1. When using clear water

 Replacement of clear water Failure to replace the clear water can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.

- Tank cleaning Consider whether dirt, slime or foreign objects may be present in the circulating fluid inside the tank, and carry out regular cleanings of the tank.
- 2. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution Use a concentration measurement device to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%. Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.
- 2. Check the water quality of facility water. Regarding the water quality standards for facility water, refer to "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions".

# <Periodical inspection every six months>

#### (HRGC005-DD) Note 1)

#### 1. Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1. Remove the panel and inspect if there is abnormal leakage from the pump's mechanical seal.
- 2. Leakage amount of a mechanical seal Leakage of the mechanical seal cannot be completely avoided due to its construction (rotating machine).

This amount of leakage is stipulated as 3 (cc/h) or less (reference value) according to the JIS standard.

Also, as a guide for periodically replacement, the operation hours is 6000 to 8000 hours. (normally 1 year)  $^{\rm Note\ 2)}$ 

Note 1) In the case of the HRGC001/002, because the pump included in the unit is a magnet pump with no rotating shaft seal, it is not necessary to inspect the mechanical seal (rotating shaft seal)

Note 2) In placing an order of mechanical seal set (service parts), inform us of the complete model number and the production lot number of the product in use.

#### <Periodical inspection during the winter season>

1. Keep the power supply running (POWER light on, RUN light off), and fully open the valves in the circulating fluid piping.

If the circulating fluid temperature falls below 3°C, the pump will start op-erating automatically. The heat generated by the pump operation will warm up the circulating fluid. When the temperature rises above 5°C, the pump will stop automatically.

As a result, the circulating fluid maintains a temperature of between 3°C and 5°C, preventing freezing.

#### 2. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand.

In extremely cold weather conditions, the heat generated by the pump as described above may not be enough to prevent freezing. If you expect these kind of conditions, remove the circulating fluid (especially clear water or deionized water) beforehand.

#### 3. Consult a professional.

For additional methods to prevent freezing (such as commercially available tape heaters, etc.), consult a professional for advice.

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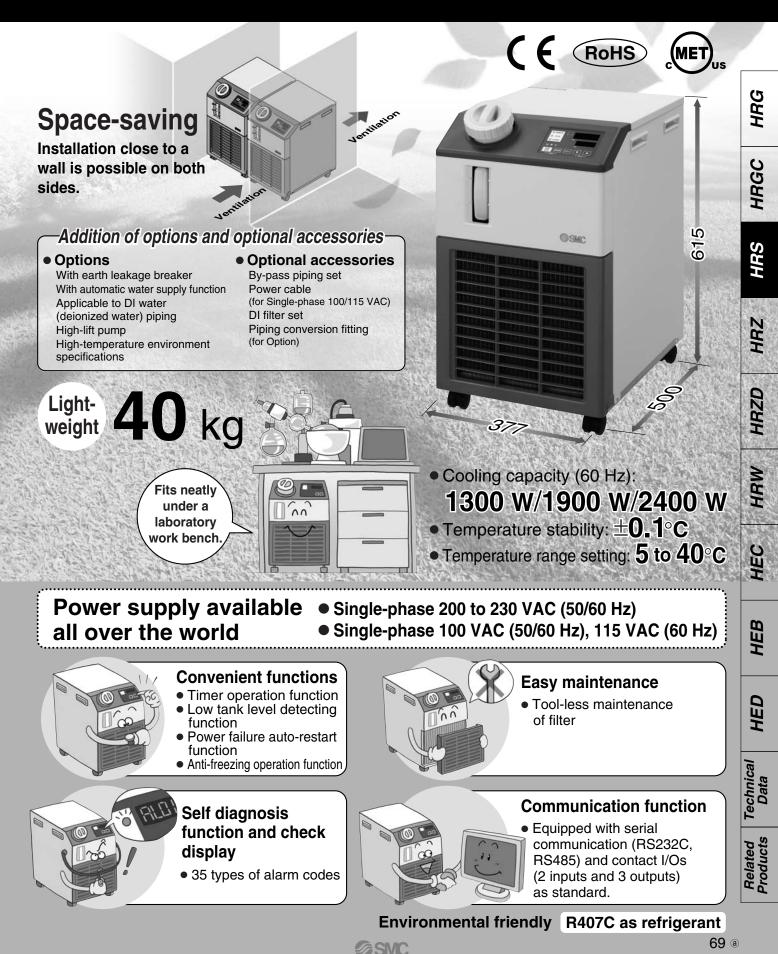
Technica

**Related Products** 

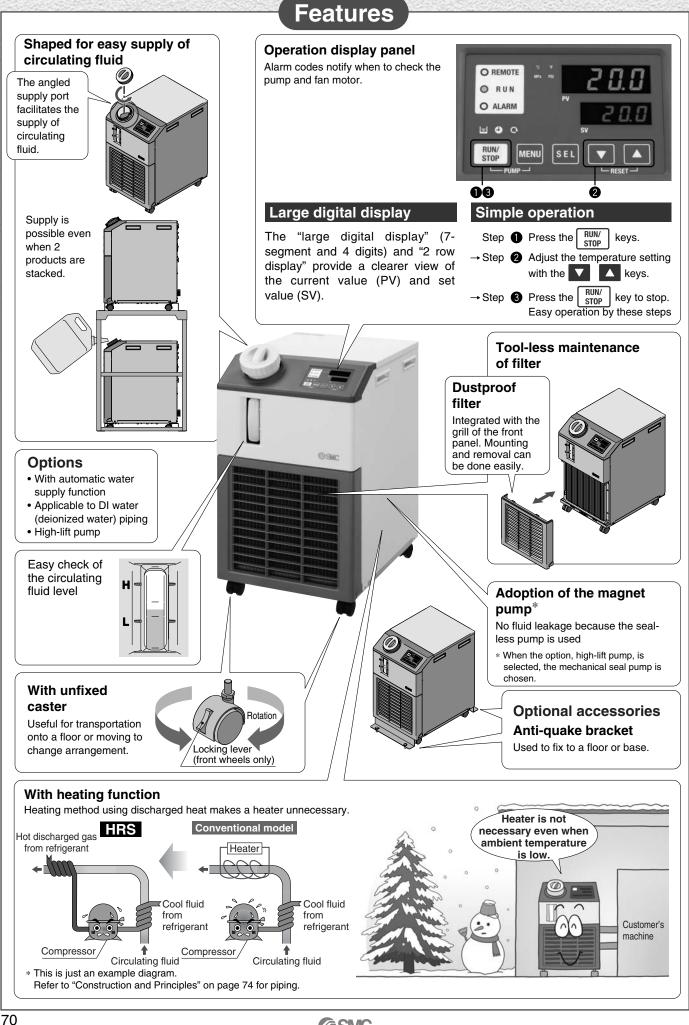
Data

# **Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller**

# Thermo-chiller Compact type Series HRS



Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

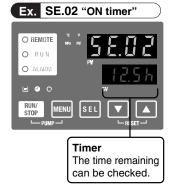


# **Convenient Functions**

Unit conversion function The unit can be changed between °C and °F and MPa and PSI.

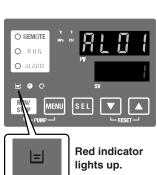


- Timer operation function Timer for ON and OFF can be set in units of 0.5 h up to 99.5 h.
  - Ex.) Can set to stop on Saturday and Sunday and restart on Monday morning.



Low tank level detecting function

The reduction of the fluid level in the tank is notified by alarm code.



#### Power failure auto-restart function

Automatic restart from stoppage due to power failure, etc. is possible without pressing the key and remote operation.

Key-lock function Can be set in advance to protect the set values from being changed by pressing keys by mistake.

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**Related Products** 

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- Function to output a signal for completion of preparation Notifies by communication when the temperature reaches the pre-set temperature range.
- Anti-freezing operation function If the temperature approaches

freezing point, e.g. in winter at night, the pump operates automatically and the heat generated by the pump warms the circulating fluid, preventing freezing.

# Self Diagnosis and Check Display for Easy Maintenance

#### Display of 35 types of alarm codes

Operation is monitored all the time by the integrated sensor.

Should any error occur, the self diagnosis result is displayed by the applicable alarm code from 35 types. This makes it easier to identify the cause of the alarm.

Can be used before requesting service.

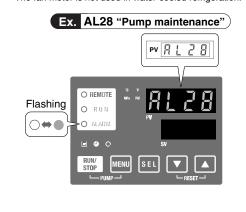
Changeable alarm set values				
Setting item	Set value			
Circulating fluid discharge temperature rise	5 to 48°C			
Circulating fluid discharge temperature drop	1 to 39°C			
Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise	0.05 to 0.75 MPa			
Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop	0.05 to 0.18 MPa			

Ex. AL01 "Low level in tank"



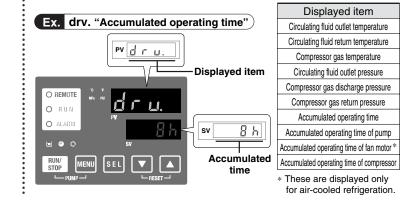
Alarm codes notify of checking times. Notifies when to check the pump and fan motor. Helpful for facility maintenance.

* The fan motor is not used in water-cooled refrigeration.

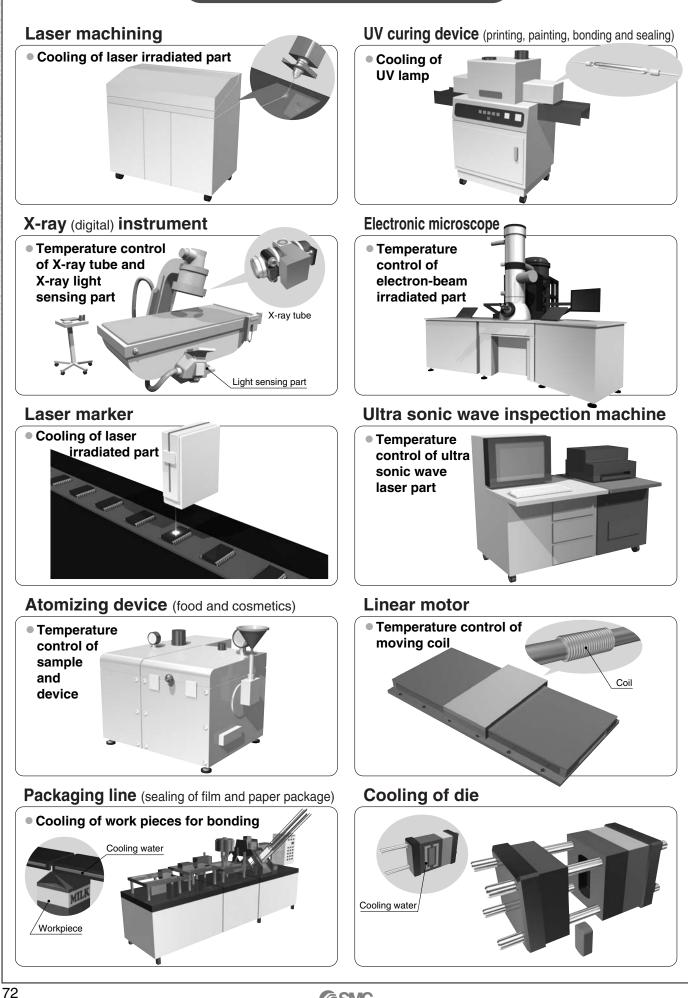


#### **Check display**

The internal temperature, pressure and operating time of the product are displayed.

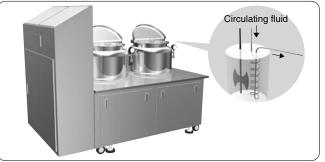


# **Application Examples**

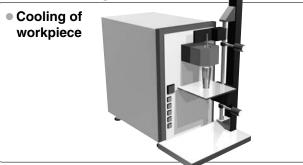


# **Application Examples**

#### Temperature control of paint material



#### Shrink fitting machine



#### **Concentrating** equipment



#### **Cleaning tank**

Temperature control of cleaning tank

# Cooling of vacuum pump Vacuum pump Gas cylinder cabinet Temperature control inside cabinet **Reagent cooling equipment**

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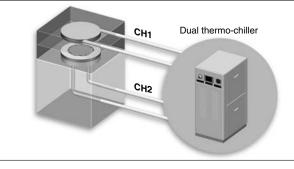
HED

Technical Data

**Related Products** 

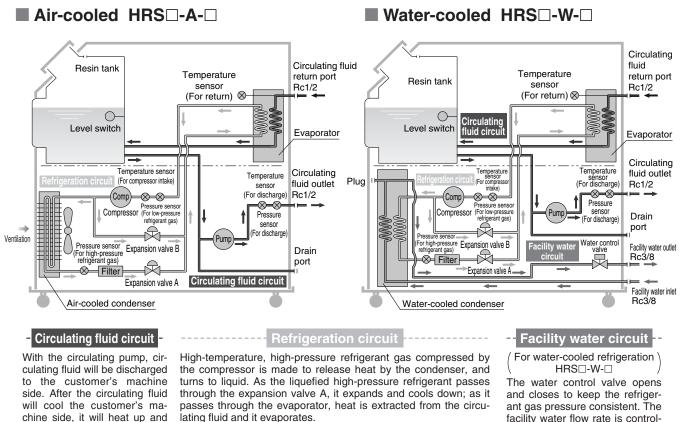
# Temperature control of reagent

#### Temperature control of chamber electrode



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# **Construction and Principles**



The evaporated refrigerant is once again sucked in and compressed by the compressor, and the above cycle is repeated. The expansion valve B is open to heat the circulating fluid.

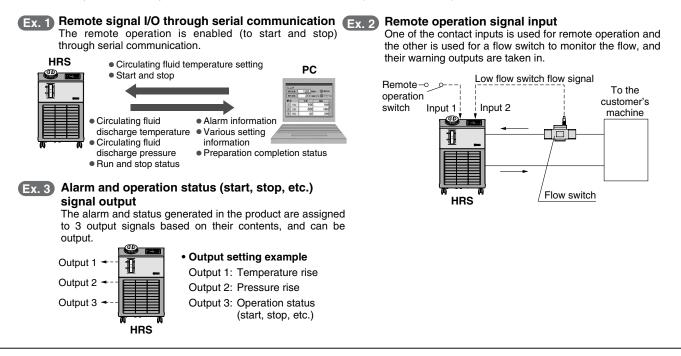
facility water flow rate is controlled by the water control valve.

# **Communication Function**

The serial communication (RS232C/RS485) and contact I/Os (2 inputs and 3 outputs) are equipped as standard. Communication with the customer's machine and system construction are possible, depending on the application. A 24 VDC output can be also provided, and is available for a flow switch (SMC's PF2W, etc.).

return to the Thermo-chiller.

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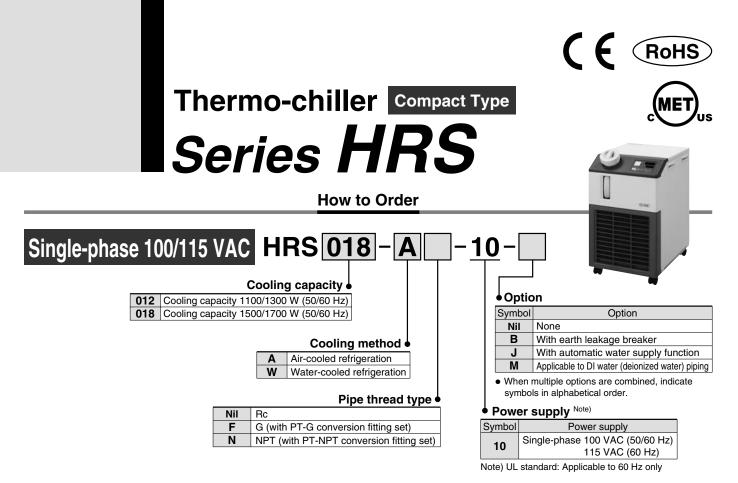
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HRW

HEC

HEB



#### Specifications * There are different values from standard specifications. Refer to page 83 for details.

	Model	HRS012-A□-10	HRS012-W□-10	HRS018-A□-10	HRS018-W□-10			
Cooling meth	od	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration			
Refrigerant			R407C (HFC)					
Control methe			PID control					
Ambient temp	perature/humidity Note 2)		Temperature: 5 to 40°	C, Humidity: 30 to 70%				
	Circulating fluid Note 3)		ear water, 15% ethylene g	lycol aqueous solution No	te 5)			
	Temperature range setting Note 2) (°C	,	5 to	40				
	Cooling capacity Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (W	,	/1300	1500	/1700			
Circulating	Temperature stability Note 6) (°C	/	±C	).1				
fluid	Pump capacity Note 7) (50/60 Hz) (MPa		0.13/0.18 (	/				
system	Rated flow Note 8) (50/60 Hz) (L/min		7.					
- <b>,</b>	Tank capacity (L	)		ox. 5				
	Port size			1/2				
	Wetted parts material	Stainless ste	eel, Copper (Heat exchang Carbon, PP, PE, POI	jer brazing), Bronze, Alumina ceramic, И, FKM, EPDM, PVC				
	Temperature range (°C	) —	5 to 40	—	5 to 40			
<b>F</b> = - 1114	Pressure range (MPa	) —	0.3 to 0.5	—	0.3 to 0.5			
Facility water	Required flow rate Note 12) (50/60 Hz) (L/min	) —	8	—	12			
system Note 1)	Inlet-outlet pressure differential of facility water (MPa	) —	0.3 or more	— 0.3 or more				
oyotom ·	Port size			3/8				
	Wetted parts material	Stainless ste	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Synthetic rubber					
	Power supply	Single-phase 100 VAC (50/60 Hz), 115 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10%						
Electrical	Circuit protector (A	15						
system	Applicable earth leakage breaker capacity Note 9) (A	)	1	5				
	Rated operating current (50/60 Hz) (A		5/8.3	7.7/8.4				
	Rated power consumption Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (kVA	) 0.7	//0.8	0.8/0.8				
Noise level No	^{te 10)} (50/60 Hz) (dB	)	58/55					
Accessories		Fitting (for drain outlet) 1 pc., Input/output signal connector 1 pc., Power supply connector 1 pc., Operation manual (for installation/operation) 1, Quick manual (with a clear case) 1, Alarm code list sticker 1, Ferritic core (for communication) 1 pc.						
Weight Note 11)	(kg	)	4	0				

Note 1) For water-cooled refrigeration

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Note 2) It should have no condensation.

Note 3) If clear water is used, use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industrial Association (JRA GL-02-1994 cooling water system - circulating type - make-up water). Note 4) ① Ambient temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ③ Rated circulating fluid flow rate, ④ Circulating fluid: Clear water, ⑤ Facility water temperature: 25°C

Note 5/ 9 in a long end water emperation 20 () end water emperature is 10°C or less. Note 6) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid flow is rated flow, and the circulating fluid outlet and return port are directly connected. Installation environment and the power supply are within specification range and stable. Note 7) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C.

Note 8) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability. The specification of the cooling capacity and the temperature stability may not be satisfied if the flow rate is lower than the rated flow

Note 9) Purchase an earth leakage breaker with current sensitivity of 15 mA or 30 mA separately. (A product with an optional earth leakage breaker (option B) is also available. Refer to page 83.)

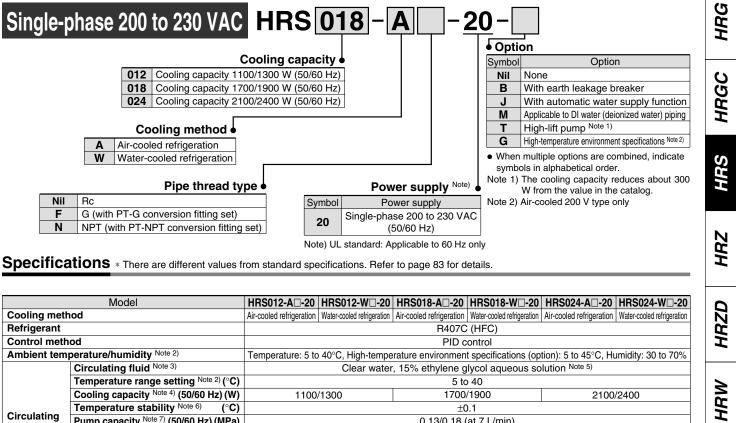
Note 10) Front: 1 m, height: 1 m, stable with no load, Other conditions  $\rightarrow$  Note 4)

Note 11) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

Note 12) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a circulating fluid temperature of 20°C, and rated circulating fluid flow rate and facility water temperature of 25°C.

**SMC** 

#### How to Order



(MPa) /min) (L)				,								
			7	17		0.13/0.18 (at 7 L/min)						
(L)			7/7									
	Approx. 5											
		Rc1/2										
	Stair					əramic,						
(°C)	_	5 to 40	_	5 to 40	_	5 to 40						
MPa)	_	0.3 to 0.5		0.3 to 0.5	_	0.3 to 0.5						
(L/min)	_	8	_	12		14						
r (MPa)	_	0.3 or more	—	0.3 or more	—	0.3 or more						
	Rc3/8											
	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Synthetic rubber											
	Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10%											
(A)	10											
^{ote 9)} (A)	10											
z) (A)	4.6/	5.1	4.7/5.2		5.1/5.9							
) (kVA)	0.9/	1.0	0.9/1.0		1.0/1.2							
Noise level Note 10) (50/60 Hz) (dB) 60/61			/61									
	Fitting (for drain outlet) 1 pc., Input/output signal connector 1 pc., Power supply connector 1 pc., Operation manual (for installation/operation) 1, Quick manual (with a clear case) 1, Alarm code list sticker 1, Ferritic core (for communication) 1 pc.											
(kg)			4	3								
	(MPa) (L/min) er (MPa) (A) (ote 9) (A) (cte 9) (cte 9) (cte 9) (cte 9) (cte 9) (cte 9) (ct	(°C)	Cart           (°C)         —         5 to 40           (MPa)         —         0.3 to 0.5           (L/min)         —         8           er (MPa)         —         0.3 or more           Stainless steel, Copp         Sing           (A)	Carbon, PP, PE, POI           (°C)         5 to 40            (MPa)          0.3 to 0.5            (L/min)          8            ar (MPa)          0.3 or more            ar (MPa)          0.3 or more            Br (MPa)          0.3 or more            Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchange Single-phase 200 to 3 Allowable volta         Single-phase 200 to 3 Allowable volta           (A)          1             (A)          1            (A)          1            (A)              (A)	Carbon, PP, PE, POM, FKM, EPDM, F           (°C)         5 to 40         -         5 to 40           (MPa)         -         0.3 to 0.5         -         0.3 to 0.5           (L/min)         -         8         -         12           er (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.3 or more         -         0.3 or more           Bar (MPa)         -         0.9/1.0         0.9/1.0         0.9/1.0           Bar (MPa)	(MPa)         —         0.3 to 0.5         —         0.3 to 0.5         —           (L/min)         —         8         —         12         —           ar (MPa)         —         0.3 or more         —         0.3 or more         —           ar (MPa)         —         0.3 or more         —         0.3 or more         —           ar (MPa)         —         0.3 or more         —         0.3 or more         —           Br (MPa)         —         0.3 or more         —         0.3 or more         —           Br (MPa)         —         0.3 or more         —         0.3 or more         —           Br (MPa)         —         0.3 or more         —         0.3 or more         —           Br (MPa)         —         0.50 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz)         Synthetic         Synthatis Synthetic         Synthetis Synthetic </th						

Note 2) It should have no condensation

Note 2) If should have no condensation. Note 3) If clear water is used, use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industrial Association (JRA GL-02-1994 cooling water system - circulating type - make-up water). Note 4) ① Ambient temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ③ Rated circulating fluid flow rate, ④ Circulating fluid: Clear water, ⑤ Facility water temperature: 25°C Note 5) Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less. Note 5) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid flow is rated flow, and the circulating fluid outlet and return port are directly connected. Installation environment and the power supply are within specification range and stable.

Note 7) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C. Note 8) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability.

The specification of the cooling capacity on Internating in the temperature stability may not be satisfied if the flow rate is lower than the rated flow. Note 9) Purchase an earth leakage breaker with current sensitivity of 30 mA separately. (A product with an optional earth leakage breaker (option B) is also available. Refer to page 83.)

Note 10) Front: 1 m, height: 1 m, stable with no load. Other conditions  $\rightarrow$  Note 4)

Note 11) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

Note 12) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a circulating fluid temperature of 20°C, and rated circulating fluid flow rate and facility water temperature of 25°C.



HEC

HEB

HED

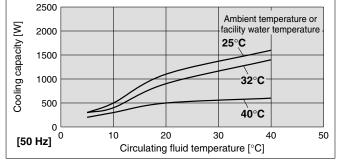
Technical Data

**Related Products** 

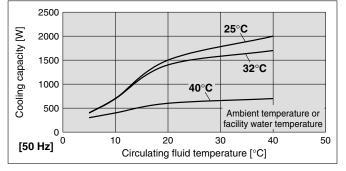
# Series HRS

#### **Cooling Capacity**

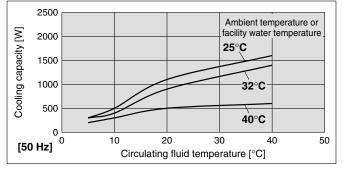
## HRS012-A-10/012-W-10 (Single-phase 100/115 VAC)



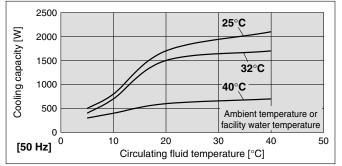
#### HRS018-A-10/018-W-10 (Single-phase 100/115 VAC)



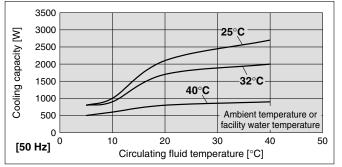
#### HRS012-A-20/012-W-20 (Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC)

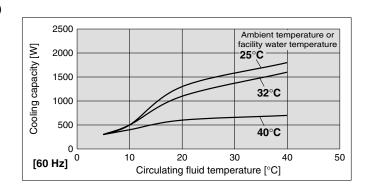


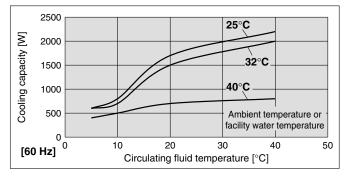
#### HRS018-A-20/018-W-20 (Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC)

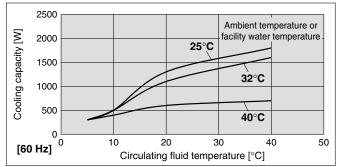


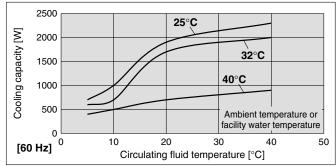
#### HRS024-A-20/024-W-20 (Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC)

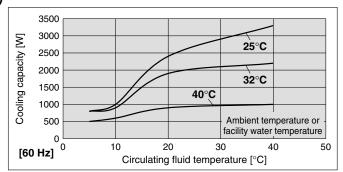






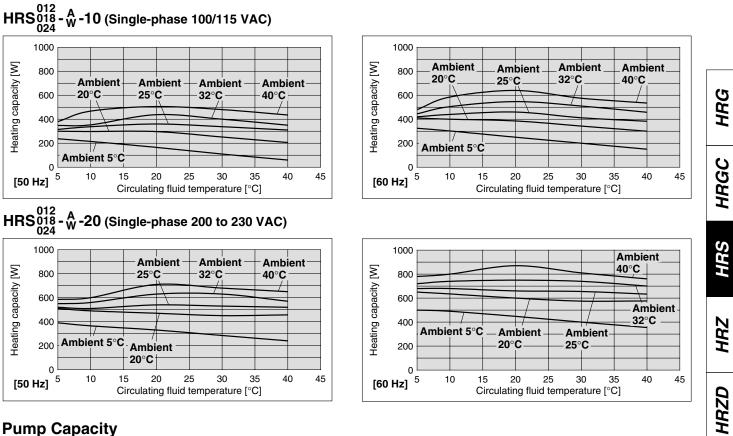




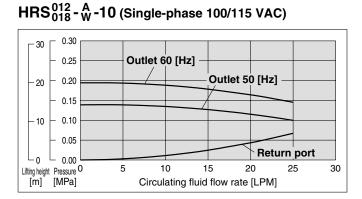


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#### **Heating Capacity**

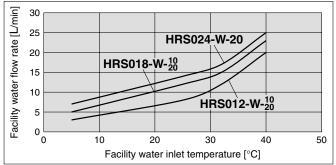


#### **Pump Capacity**

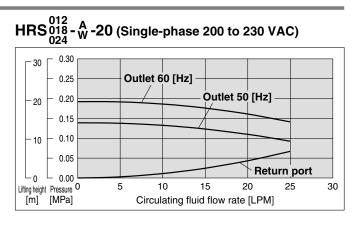


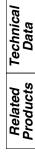
## **Required Facility Water Flow Rate**

# HRS012-W-¹⁰₂₀, HRS018-W-¹⁰₂₀, HRS024-W-20



* This is the facility water flow rate at the circulating fluid rated flow rate and the cooling capacity listed in the "Cooling Capacity" specifications.





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HRW

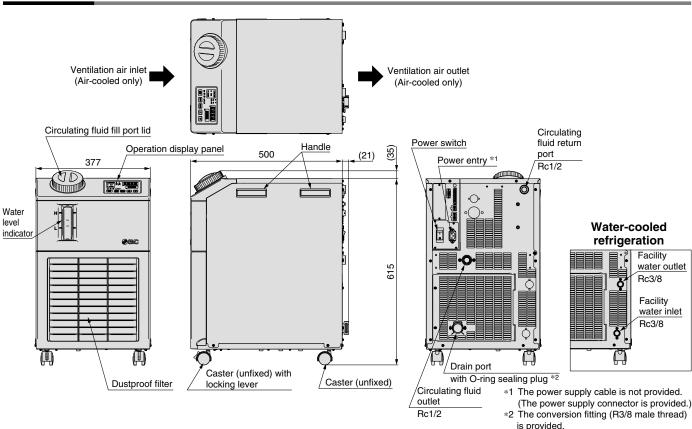
HEC

HEB

HED

# Series HRS

#### Dimensions



#### Mounting/Installation

#### A Warning

- 1. Do not use the product outdoors.
- 2. Do not place heavy objects on top of this product, or step on it.

The external panel can be deformed and danger can result.

# Caution

- 1. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- 2. Secure with bolts, anchor bolts, etc.

Fasteners such as bolts or anchor bolts should be tighten with the recommended torque shown below.

#### **Fixing Thread Tightening Torque**

Connection thread	Applicable tightening torque (N·m)	Connection thread	Applicable tightening torque (N·m)
M3	0.63	M8	12.5
M4	1.5	M10	24.5
M5	3	M12	42
M6	5.2		

#### Piping

# A Caution

1. Regarding the circulating fluid pipings, consider carefully the suitability for shutoff pressure, temperature and circulating fluid.

If the operating performance is not sufficient, the pipings may burst during operation.

2. Select the piping port size which can exceed the rated flow.

For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.

3. When tightening at the circulating fluid inlets and outlets, drain port or overflow outlet of this product, use a pipe wrench to clamp the connection ports.

#### ▲ Caution

4. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan and wastewater collection pit just in case the circulating fluid may leak.

Piping

5. This product series consists of circulating fluid temperature controllers with built-in tanks.

Do not install equipment on your system side such as pumps that forcibly return the circulating fluid to the unit. Also, if you attach an external tank that is open to the air, it may become impossible to circulate the circulating fluid. Proceed with caution.

**Electrical Wiring** 

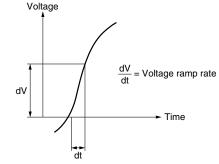
# \land Warning

1. Grounding should never be connected to a water line, gas line or lightning rod.

# A Caution

- 1. Communication cables should be prepared by the customer.
- 2. Ensure a stable power supply with no voltage surges and distortion.

In particular, operating failure can result when the voltage ramp rate (dV/dt) exceeds 40 V/200  $\mu$  sec at the zero cross-over point.



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HRS

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HRZD

HRW

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HED

Technical

Related Products

Data

Operation status

Stop

Stop

Stop

Stop

Stop Stop

Stop

Stop

Continue

Continue

Continue

Stop*1

Stop*1

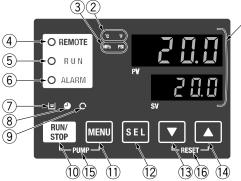
Stop*1

Continue

Continue

Continue

# **Operation Display Panel** The basic operation of this unit is controlled through the operation display panel on the front of the product.



No.	Description	Function			
	Digital display	PV Displays the circulating fluid current discharge temperature and pressure and alarm codes and other menu items (codes).			
1	(7-segment and 4 digits)	SV Displays the circulating fluid discharge temperature and the set values of other menus.			
2	[°C] [°F] indicator	Equipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the unit of display temperature (default setting: °C).			
3	[MPa] [PSI] indicator	quipped with a unit conversion function. Displays the unit of display pressure (default setting: MPa).			
4	[REMOTE] indicator	Enables remote operation (start and stop) by communication. Lights up during remote operation.			
(5)	[RUN] indicator	Lights up when the product is started, and goes off when it is stopped. Flashes during stand-by for stop or anti-freezing function, or independent operation of the pump.			
6	[ALARM] indicator	Flashes with buzzer when alarm occurs.			
$\bigcirc$	[ 🖃 ] indicator	Lights up when the surface of the fluid level indicator falls below the L level.			
8	[ 🕘 ] indicator	quipped with a timer for start and stop. Lights up when this function is operated.			
9	[ O ] indicator	Equipped with a power failure auto-restart function, which restarts the product automatically after stopped due o a power failure, is provided. Lights up when this function is operated.			
10	[RUN/STOP] key	Makes the product start or stop.			
1	[MENU] key	Shifts the main menu (display screen of circulating fluid discharge temperature and pressure) and other menus (for monitoring and entry of set values).			
12	[SEL] key	Changes the item in menu and enters the set value.			
13	[▼] key	Decreases the set value.			
14	[▲] key	Increases the set value.			
(15)	[PUMP] key	Press the [MENU] and [RUN/STOP] keys simultaneously. The pump starts running independently to make the product ready for start-up (release the air).			
(16)	[RESET] key	Press the $[\Psi]$ and $[A]$ keys simultaneously. The alarm buzzer is stopped and the [ALARM] indicator is reset.			

#### Alarm

This unit has 35 types of alarms as standard, and displays each of them by its alarm code on the PV screen with the [ALARM] lamp ([LOW LEVEL] lamp) lit up on the operation display panel. The alarm can be read out through communication.

Alarm code	Alarm message	Operation status	Alarm code	Alarm message
AL01	Low level in tank	Stop*1	AL20	Memory error
AL02	High circulating fluid discharge temperature	Stop	AL21	DC line fuse cut
AL03	Circulating fluid discharge temperature rise	Continue*1	AL22	Circulating fluid discharge temperature sensor failure
AL04	Circulating fluid discharge temperature drop	Continue*1	AL23	Circulating fluid return temperature sensor failure
AL05	High circulating fluid return temperature (60°C)	Stop	AL24	Compressor intake temperature sensor failure
AL06	High circulating fluid discharge pressure	Stop	AL25	Circulating fluid discharge pressure sensor failure
AL07	Abnormal pump operation	Stop	AL26	Compressor discharge pressure sensor failure
AL08	Circulating fluid discharge pressure rise	Continue*1	AL27	Compressor intake pressure sensor failure
AL09	Circulating fluid discharge pressure drop	Continue*1	AL28	Pump maintenance
AL10	High compressor intake temperature	Stop	AL29	Fan motor maintenance*3
AL11	Low compressor intake temperature	Stop	AL30	Compressor maintenance
AL12	Low super heat temperature	Stop	AL31*2	Contact 1 input signal detection
AL13	High compressor discharge pressure	Stop	AL32*2	Contact 2 inputs signal detection
AL15	Refrigerating circuit pressure (high pressure side) drop	Stop	AL33*4	Water leakage
AL16	Refrigerating circuit pressure (low pressure side) rise	Stop	AL34*4	Electrical resistance rise
AL17	Refrigerating circuit pressure (low pressure side) drop	Stop	AL35*4	Electrical resistance drop
AL18	Compressor overload	Stop	AL36*4	Electrical resistance sensor failure
AL19* ²	Communication error*2	Continue*1		

*1 "Stop" or "Continue" are default settings. Customers can change them to "Continue" and "Stop". For details, read the Operation Manual.

*2 "AL19, AL31, AL32" are disabled in the default setting. If this function is necessary, it should be set by the customer referring to the Operation Manual. *3 For water-cooled models, the alarm is not activated.

*4 This alarm function can be used when the option (sold separately) is used.

Please download the Operation Manual via our website. http://www.smcworld.com

# Series HRS

#### **Communication Function**

#### Contact Input/Output

Item		Specifications					
Connector type (to the product)		MC 1,5/12-GF-3,5					
	Insulation method	Photocoupler					
	Rated input voltage	24 VDC					
Input signal	Operating voltage range	21.6 VDC to 26.4 VDC					
	Rated input current	5 mA TYP					
	Input impedance	4.7 kΩ					
Contact output	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less					
signal	Maximum load current	500 mA AC/DC (resistance load)					
Ou	tput voltage	24 VDC ±10% 0.5 A Max					
Circ	cuit diagram	24 VDC (0.5 A MAX) V24 VCOM V24 VCOM V24 VCOM V24 VCOM output Run/Stop signal Not set when shipping from factory Operation status signal Remote signal Alarm signal Alarm signal					

* The pin numbers and output signals can be set by the customer. For details, refer to the Operation Manual.

#### **Serial Communication**

The serial communication (RS-485/RS-232C) enables the following items to be written and read out. For details, refer to the Operation Manual for communication.

writing	Readout	1
Run/Stop	Circulating fluid present temperature (PV)	
Circulating fluid	Circulating fluid discharge pressure (SV)	
temperature setting	Electrical resistance *1	
(SV)	Status information	
	Alarm occurrence information	*1 When optional electrical resistance sensor set is use

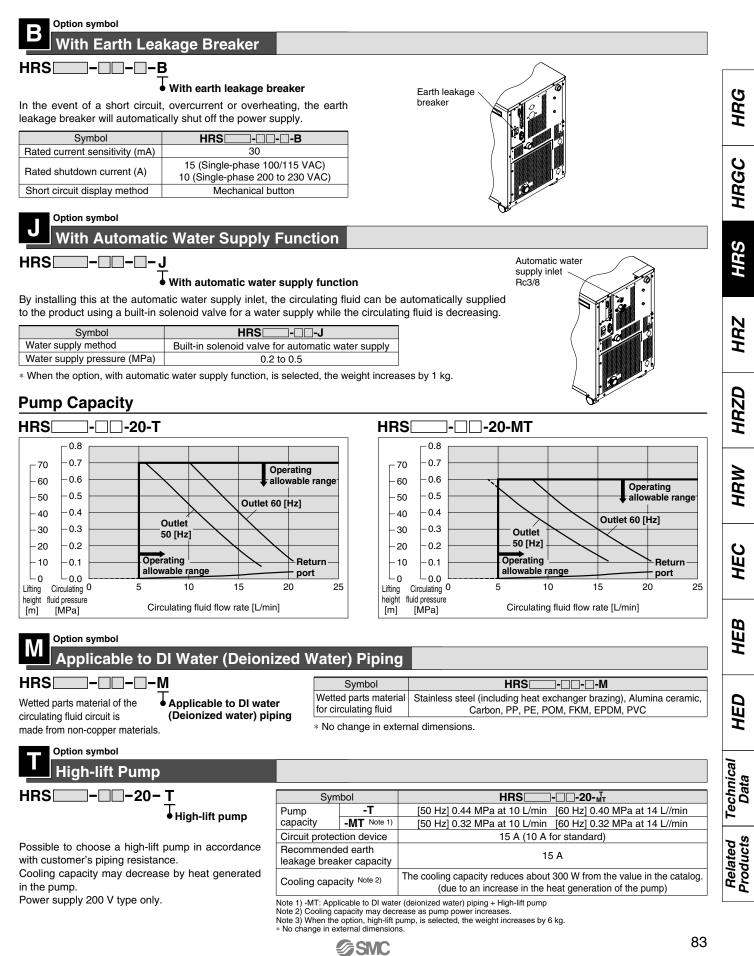
Item	Specifications			
Connector type	D-sub 9-pin, Fe	male connector		
Protocol	Modicon Modbus compliant/S	imple communication protocol		
Standards	EIA standard RS-485	EIA standard RS-232C		
Circuit diagram	To the Thermo-chiller Customer's machine side	To the Thermo-chiller Customer's machine side		

* The terminal resistance of RS-485 (120 Ω) can be switched by the operation display panel. For details, refer to the Operation Manual. Do not connect other than in the way shown above, as it can result in failure.

#### Please download the Operation Manual via our website. http://www.smcworld.com

# Series HRS Options 1

#### Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.



# Series HRS **Options 2**

Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

#### Option symbol C

**High-temperature Environment Specifications** 

#### HRS - A 🔲 – 20 – G

High-temperature environment specifications

Makes use at ambient temperatures up to 45°C possible. Also increases cooling capacity at ambient temperature of 32°C. (Cooling capacity is equal to standard products at ambient temperatures of less than 32°C.)

Applicable model	HRS -A -20-G
Cooling method	Air-cooled refrigeration
Power supply	Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz)

* No change in external dimensions.

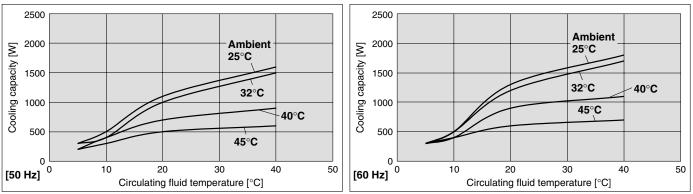
# 

Ventilation slots are added to side panels (on both sides).

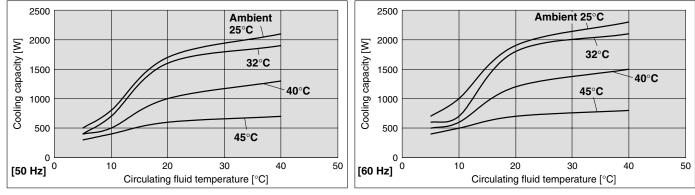
- Ventilation slots are added to Thermo-chiller side panels. For this reason, please provide 300 mm of ventilation space next to the side panels (do not install with sides touching walls).
- * UL compliance pending.

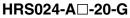
#### **Cooling Capacity**

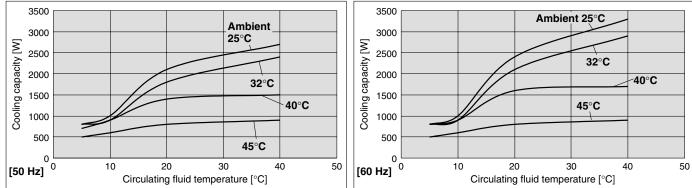
#### HRS012-A -20-G



#### HRS018-A -20-G





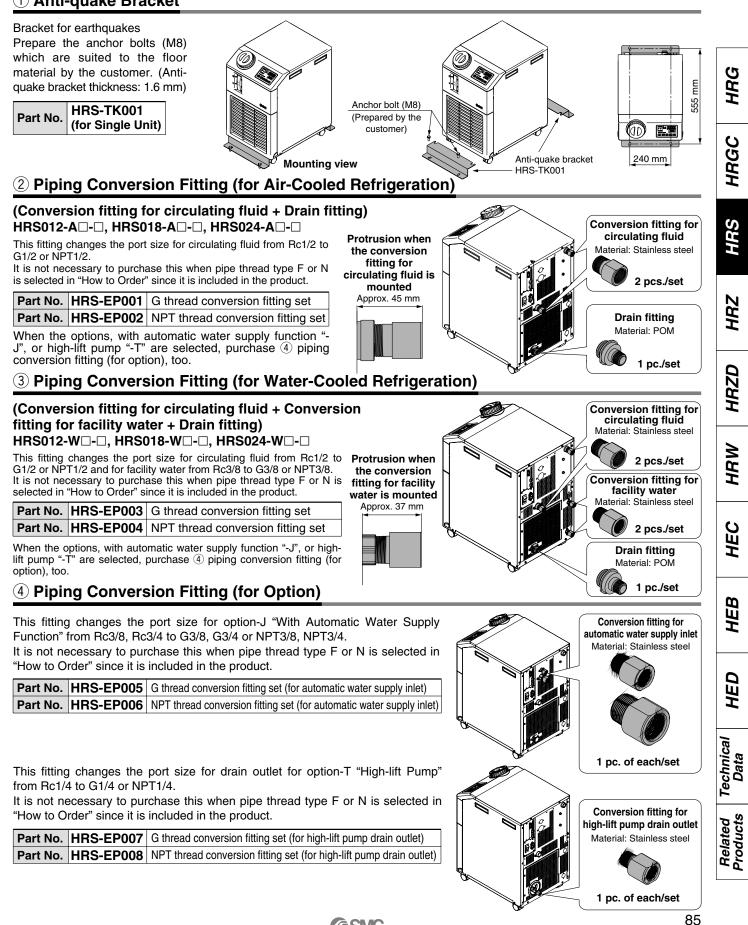


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# Series HRS Optional Accessories 1

#### 1) Anti-quake Bracket



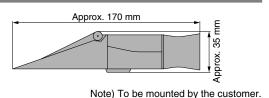
# Series HRS **Optional Accessories 2**

#### **(5)** Concentration Meter

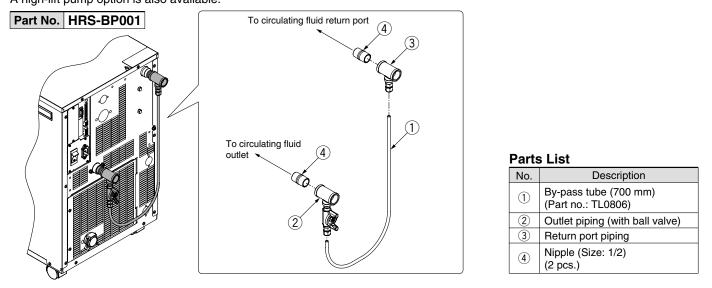
This meter can be used to control the concentration of ethylene glycol aqueous solution regularly.

Part No. HRZ-BR002

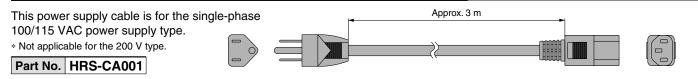
#### 6 By-pass Piping Set



When the circulating fluid goes below the rated flow (7 L/min), cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected. In such a case, use the by-pass piping set. A high-lift pump option is also available.

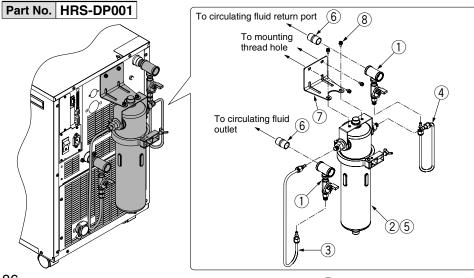


#### ⑦ Power Supply Cable (for Single-phase 100/115 VAC Type)



#### ⑧ DI Filter Set

It is possible to keep electrical resistance by flowing the circulating fluid to the ion replacement resin (DI filter). The set parts are in order to install DI filter to by-pass circuit and flow the fixed rate of the circulating fluid to DI filter. It is not to control the value of electrical resistance. (Replacement cartridge: HRS-DF001)



#### Parts List

	<b>D</b>
No.	Description
1	Branch line (2 pcs.)
2	DI filter case
3	DI filter inlet tube
(4)	DI filter outlet tube
5	DI filter cartridge (Part no.: HRS-DF001)
6	Nipple (Size: 1/2) (2 pcs.)
7	Mounting bracket
8	Mounting screw (M6 screw, 2 pcs.) (M5 screw, 2 pcs.)

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**Related Products** 

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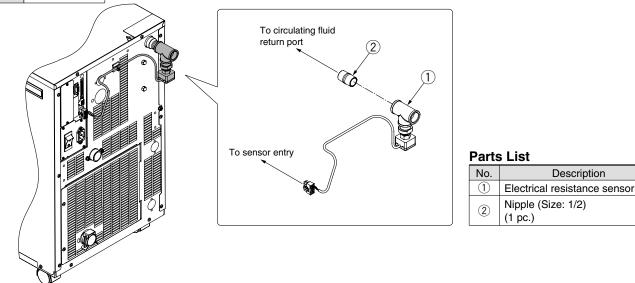
Data

#### 9 Electrical Resistance Sensor Set

Electrical resistance value of the circulating fluid (display range: 0 to 4.5 MPa) can be displayed on the Thermo-chiller operation display panel. It is possible to set alarms for the upper- and lower-limit electrical resistance values. Readout using serial communications (RS-485/RS-232C) can be performed as well. Use in combination with the DI Filter Set (HRS-DP001) or By-pass Piping Set (HRS-BP001) is also possible.

This set is not for controlling the electrical resistance value.

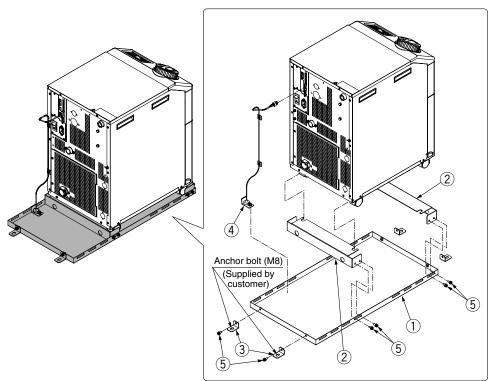
#### Part No. HRS-DI001



#### 10 Drain Pan Set (With Water Leakage Sensor)

Drain pan for the Thermo-chiller. Liquid leakage from the Thermo-chiller can be detected by mounting the attached water leakage sensor. Anchor bolt (M8) suitable for the flooring material should be prepared separately by the customer.

#### Part No. HRS-WL001



Parts	s List	
No.		Description

1	Drain pan	
2	Thermo-chiller fixing bracket (2 pcs.)	
3	Drain pan fixing bracket (4 pcs.)	
4	Water leakage sensor	
(5)	Bracket fixing screw (M6 screw, 12 pcs.)	ļ

# Series HRS **Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is known.

The heat generation amount can be determined based on the power consumption or output of the heat generating area — i.e. the area requiring cooling — within customer's machine.*

#### (1) Derive the heat generation amount from the power consumption.

Power consumption P: 1000 [W]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 1000 [W] x 1.2 = 1200 [W]

(2) Derive the heat generation amount from the power supply output. Power supply output VI: 1.0 [kVA]

 $Q = P = V \times I \times Power factor$ 

In this example, using a power factor of 0.85:

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 4000 54/7 . .

$$850 [W] \times 1.2 = 1020 [W]$$

$$Q = P = \frac{W}{Efficiency}$$

In this example, use an efficiency of 0.7:

$$=\frac{800}{0.7}=1143$$
 [W]

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 1143 [W] x 1.2 = 1372 [W]

* The above examples calculate the heat generation amount based on the power consumption. The actual heat generation amount may differ due to the structure of customer's machine. Please be sure to check it carefully.

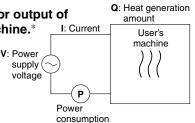
#### Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is not known.

#### Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the customer's machine.

Heat generation amount by customer's machine Q : Unknown [W] ([J/s])	
Circulating fluid : Clear water*	Example of conventional measurement units (Reference)
Circulating fluid mass flow rate $q_m$ : (= $\rho \times q_v \div 60)$ [kg/s]Circulating fluid density $\rho$ : 1 [kg/dm³]Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate $q_v$ : 10 [dm³/min]Circulating fluid specific heat capacity C: 4.2 $\times 10^3$ [J/(kg·K)]Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1: 293 [K] (20 [°C])Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta T$ : 2.0 [K] (22 [°C])Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta T$ : 2.0 [K] (= T_2 - T_1)Conversion factor: minutes to seconds (SI units): 60 [s/min]* Refer to page 89 for the typical physical property value of clear water or other circulating fluids. $Q = q_m \times C \times (T2 - T1)$	Heat generation amount by customer's machine $\mathbf{Q}$ : Unknown [cal/h] $\rightarrow$ [W] Circulating fluid : Clear water* Circulating fluid weight flow rate $\mathbf{q}_m$ : (= $\rho \times \mathbf{q}_v \times 60$ ) [kgf/h] Circulating fluid weight volume ratio $\gamma$ : 1 [kgf/L] Circulating fluid (volume) flow rate $\mathbf{q}_v$ : 10 [L/min] Circulating fluid specific heat capacity $\mathbf{C}$ : 1.0 x 10 ³ [cal/(kgf.°C)] Circulating fluid outlet temperature $\mathbf{T}_1$ : 20 [°C] Circulating fluid return temperature $\mathbf{T}_2$ : 22 [°C] Circulating fluid temperature difference $\Delta \mathbf{T}$ : 2.0 [°C] (= $\mathbf{T}_2 - \mathbf{T}_1$ ) Conversion factor: hours to minutes : 60 [min/h] Conversion factor: kcal/h to kW : 860 [(cal/h)/W]
$= \frac{\rho \times q_{V} \times C \times \Delta T}{60} = \frac{1 \times 10 \times 4.2 \times 10^{3} \times 2.0}{60}$ $= 1400 \text{ [J/s]} \approx 1400 \text{ [W]}$ Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,	$Q = \frac{q_m x C x (T_2 - T_1)}{860}$ $= \frac{\gamma x q_v x 60 x C x \Delta T}{860}$
$1400 [W] \ge 1.2 = 1680 [W]$ $T_2: \text{Return temperature} \qquad \begin{array}{c} q_{V}: \text{Circulating fluid flow rate} \\ q_{V}: Circulating f$	$= \frac{1 \times 10 \times 60 \times 1.0 \times 10^{3} \times 2.0}{860}$ = $\frac{1200000 \text{ [cal/h]}}{860}$ $\approx 1400 \text{ [W]}$ Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 1400 [W] x 1.2 = 1680 [W]

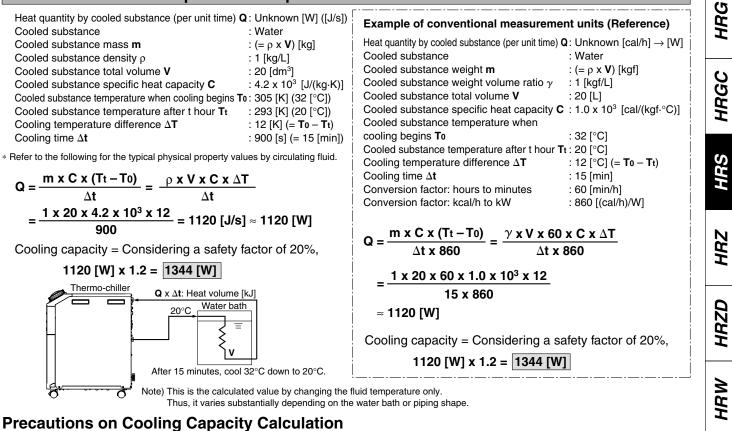
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#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 3: When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.



#### 1. Heating capacity

When the circulating fluid temperature is set above room temperature, it needs to be heated by the Thermo-chiller. The heating capacity depends on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the radiation rate and heat capacity of the customer's machine and check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided.

#### 2. Pump capacity

#### <Circulating fluid flow rate>

Circulating fluid flow rate varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between the Thermochiller and a customer's machine, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved, using the pump capacity curves.

#### <Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the customer's machine are fully durable against this pressure.

#### Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values

1. This catalog uses the following values for density and specific heat capacity in calculating the required cooling capacity.  $\rho$ : 1 [kg/L] (or, using conventional unit system, weight volume ratio  $\gamma = 1$  [kg/L]) C: 4.19 x 10³ [J/(kg-K)] (or, using conventional unit system, 1 x 10³ [cal/(kgf·°C)]) Density

Specific heat capacity

#### 2. Values for density and specific heat capacity change slightly according to temperature shown below. Use this as a reference. M/~+~. 15% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

water				
Physical property value	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventional unit system	
Temperature	[kg/L]	[J/(kg⋅K)]	Weight volume ratio $\gamma$ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]
5°C	1.00	4.2 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
10°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
15°C	1.00	4.19 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
20°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
25°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
30°C	1.00	4.18 x 10 ³	1.00	1 x 10 ³
35°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³
40°C	0.99	4.18 x 10 ³	0.99	1 x 10 ³

					U U
Physical property value	Density ρ	Specific heat C	Conventiona	Conventional unit system	
Temperature	[kg/L]	[J/(kg⋅K)]	Weight volume ratio $\gamma$ [kgf/L]	Specific heat C [cal/(kgf.°C)]	15 Da
5°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	Technic Data
10°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	
15°C	1.02	3.91 x 10 ³	1.02	0.93 x 10 ³	
20°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³	Ct 60
25°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.93 x 10 ³	Related Products
30°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	0 el
35°C	1.01	3.91 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	<u>م</u> ح
40°C	1.01	3.92 x 10 ³	1.01	0.94 x 10 ³	

Note) The above shown are reference values. Please contact circulating fluid supplier for details.



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Technica Data



# Series HRS **Specific Product Precautions 1**

Be sure to read this before handling.

Refer to back page 1 for the Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature **Control Equipment Precautions.** 

Design

# \land Warning

#### 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.

- 1) Confirm the specifications of the single unit (contents of this catalog) and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the customer's system and this unit.
- 2) Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, prepare a drain pan, water leakage sensor, discharge air facility, and emergency stop equipment, depending on the customer's operating condition. Also, the customer is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.
- 2. When attempting to cool areas that are open to the atmosphere (tanks, pipes), plan your piping system accordingly.

When cooling open-air external tanks, arrange the piping so that there are coil pipes for cooling inside the tanks, and to carry back the entire flow volume of circulating fluid that is released.

#### Selection

# \land Warning

#### 1. Model selection

For selecting a model of Thermo-chiller, it is required to know the heat generation amount of a customer's machine.

Obtain the heat generation amount, referring to "Cooling Capacity Calculation" on pages 88 and 89 before selecting a model.

#### Handling

# \land Warning

#### 1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

#### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

# \land Warning

- 1. Do not use in the following environment because it will lead to a breakdown.
  - 1) Environment like written in "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions".
  - 2) Locations where spatter will adhere to when welding.
  - 3) Locations where it is likely that the leakage of flammable gas may occur.
  - 4) Locations having a large quantity of dust.
  - 5) A location in which water freezes.

If such a location is unavoidable, please contact SMC.

2. Install in an environment where the unit will not come into direct contact with rain or snow. These models are for indoor use only.

Do not install outdoors where rain or snow may fall on them.

#### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

# 🗥 Warning

#### 3. Conduct ventilation and cooling to discharge heat. (Air-cooled refrigeration)

The heat which is cooled down through air-cooled condenser is discharged.

When using in a room which is shut tightly, ambient temperature will exceed the specification range stipulated in this catalog, which will activate the safety detector and stop the operation.

In order to avoid this situation, discharge the heat outside of a room by ventilation or cooling facilities.

4. The product is not designed for clean room usage. It generates particles internally.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

# 🗥 Caution

- 1. Avoid oil or other foreign objects entering the circulating fluid.
- 2. When using clear water as a circulating fluid, use water that conforms to the appropriate water quality standards.

Use water that conforms to the standards shown below (including water used for dilution of ethylene glycol aqueous solution).

#### Clear Water (as Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association IBA GL-02-1004 "Cooling water s

JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulation type – Make-up water"				
	Item	Unit	Standard value	
	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.8 to 8.0	
	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 300*	
	Chloride ion (CI⁻)	[mg/L]	50 or less	
Standard	Sulfuric acid ion (SO ₄ ²⁻ )	[mg/L]	50 or less	
item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less	
	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less	
	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃ )	[mg/L]	50 or less	
	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂ )	[mg/L]	30 or less	
	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	
	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	
Reference	Sulfide ion (S ₂ ⁻ )	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	
item	Ammonium ion (NH4+)	[mg/L]	0.1 or less	
	Residual chlorine (Cl)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	
	Free carbon (CO ₂ )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	

* In the case of [M $\Omega$ ·cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

3. Use an ethylene glycol aqueous solution that does not contain additives such as preservatives.

#### 4. When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution, maintain a maximum concentration of 15%.

Overly high concentrations can cause a pump overload. Low concentrations, however, can lead to freezing when circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or lower and cause the Thermo-chiller to break down.

5. A magnet pump is used as a circulating pump for circulating fluid.

It is particularly impossible to use liquid including metallic powder such as iron powder.



# Series HRS Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling.

Refer to back page 1 for the Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature **Control Equipment Precautions.** 

**Facility Water Supply** 

# \land Warning

#### (Water-cooled refrigeration)

- 1. Supply pressure of 0.5 MPa or less.
  - If the supply pressure is high, it will cause water leakage.
- 2. Be sure to prepare your utilities so that the pressure of the Thermo-chiller facility water outlet is at 0 MPa (atmospheric pressure) or more.

If the facility water outlet pressure becomes negative, the internal facility water piping may collapse, and proper flow control of facility water will be impossible.

Operation

# A Warning

#### 1. Confirmation before operation

1) The fluid level of a tank should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW"

When exceeding the specified level, the circulating fluid will overflow.

2) Remove the air. Conduct a trial operation, looking at the fluid level. Since the fluid level will go down when the air is removed from a user's piping system, supply water once again when the fluid level is reduced. When there is no reduction in the fluid level, the job of removing the air is completed.

#### 2. Confirmation during operation

· Check the circulating fluid temperature.

The operating temperature range of the circulating fluid is between 5 and 40°C.

When the amount of heat generated from a customer's machine is greater than the product's capability, the circulating fluid temperature may exceed this range. Use caution regarding this matter.

#### 3. Emergency stop method

• When an abnormality is confirmed, stop the machine immediately. After pushing the [OFF] switch, be sure to turn off the power switch.

#### **Operation Restart Time**

# **∧** Caution

1. Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly.

**Protection Circuit** 

A Caution

#### 1. If operating in the below conditions, the protection circuit will activate and an operation may not be performed or will stop.

- · Power supply voltage is not within the rated voltage range of +10%
- In case the water level inside the tank is reduced abnormally.
- Circulating fluid temperature is too high.
- · Compared to the cooling capacity, the heat generation amount of a customer's machine is too high.
- Ambient temperature is too high. (40°C or higher)
- · Refrigerant pressure is too high. Ventilation hole is clogged with dust or dirt.

Maintenance

#### <Periodical inspection every one month>

#### 1. Clean the ventilation hole

🗥 Caution

If the fin portion of the air-cooled condenser becomes clogged with dust or debris, a decline in cooling performance can result. In order to avoid deforming or damaging the fin, clean it with a long-haired brush or air gun.

#### <Periodical inspection every three months>

#### 1. Inspect the circulating fluid.

- 1) When using clear water
  - · Failure to replace the clear water can lead to the development of bacteria or algae. Replace it regularly depending on your usage conditions.
  - Tank cleaning Consider whether dirt, slime or foreign objects may be present in the circulating fluid inside the tank, and carry out regular cleanings of the tank.
- 2) When using ethylene glycol aqueous solution Use a concentration meter to confirm that the concentration does not exceed 15%.

Dilute or add as needed to adjust the concentration.

#### <Periodical inspection during the winter season>

1. Make water-removal arrangements beforehand. If there is a risk of the circulating fluid freezing when the product is stopped, release the circulating fluid in advance.

#### 2. Consult a professional.

For additional methods to prevent freezing (such as commercially available tape heaters, etc.), consult a professional for advice.

**Related Products** 

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

# SNC. Information

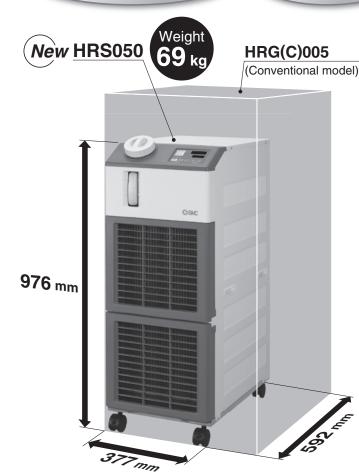
# Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller Thermo-chiller Compact Type

Series HRS

4700 w/5100 W (50/60 Hz) cooling capacity added! (HRS050)

Lightweight

Compact/ Space-saving



- Footprint reduced by 32%
- Volume reduced by 42%
- Weight reduced by 43%

#### Comparison with Conventional Model HRG(C)005

SMC Corporation Akihabara UDX 15F,

10-E569

Tokyo 101-0021, JAPAN http://www.smcworld.com

D-DN Printing PQ 12450SZ

4-14-1, Sotokanda, Chiyoda-ku,

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ME

RoHS

Series	Width (mm)	Depth (mm)	Height (mm)	Weight (kg)
HRS050	377	592	976	69
HRG(C)005 (Conventional model)	550	595	1150	120

Production of HRG(C)005 will be discontinued at the end of March 2011.

- Temperature stability: ±0.1°C
- Temperature range setting: 5 to 40°C
- High-lift pump available as standard (For HRS050)

#### Options

- With earth leakage breaker
- With automatic water supply function
- Applicable to DI water (deionized water) piping

#### Variations

New	HRS050	4700/5100 (50/60 Hz)	Air-cooled refrigeration	Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz)	Scheduled for 2011
	HRS024	2100/2400 (50/60 Hz)	refrigeration	Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz)	
	HRS018	1700/1900 (50/60 Hz)	refrigeration Water-cooled	Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz)	CE/UL*
	HRS012	1100/1300 (50/60 Hz)		Single-phase 100 VAC (50/60 Hz), 115 VAC (60 Hz)	
	Model	Cooling capacity (W)	Cooling method	Power supply	International standards
		<b>~</b>			International

* UL standards: Applicable to 60 Hz only



# Thermo-chiller Compact Type Series HRS



How to Order

# Single-phase 100/115 VAC HRS 018 - A Option



Coo	ling capacity	/		CE/UL		
012	Cooling capacity 1100/1300 W (50/60 Hz)					
018	Cooling capacity	Cooling capacity 1500/1700 W (50/60 Hz)				
Note) UL standards: Applicable to 60 Hz only						
Cooling method						
		Α	Air-cooled refrigeration			
		W	W Water-cooled refrigeration			
Pipe thread type						
	Nil	Rc				
	F	G (with PT-G conversion fitting set)				
	N	NPT (with PT-NPT conversion fitting set)				

#### Symbol Option Nil None В With earth leakage breaker With automatic water supply function J Μ Applicable to DI water (deionized water) piping When multiple options are combined, indicate symbols in alphabetical order.

#### Power supply Note)

Symbol	Power supply			
10	Single-phase 100 VAC (50/60 Hz) 115 VAC (60 Hz)			

Note) UL standards: Applicable to 60 Hz only

#### Specifications * There are different values from standard specifications.

	Model	HRS012-A□-10	HRS012-W□-10	HRS018-A□-10	HRS018-W□-10		
Co	oling method	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration		
-	frigerant	R407C (HFC)					
	ontrol method	PID control					
Ar	nbient temperature/humidity Note 2)	Temperature: 5 to 40°C, Humidity: 30 to 70%					
Circulating fluid system	Circulating fluid Note 3)	Clear water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution Note 5)					
	Temperature range setting Note 2) (°C)	5 to 40					
	Cooling capacity Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (W)	1100/1300 1500/1700					
	Temperature stability Note 6) (°C)	±0.1					
	Pump capacity Note 7) (50/60 Hz) (MPa)	0.13/0.18 (at 7 L/min)					
	Rated flow Note 8) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)	7/7					
	Tank capacity (L)	Approx. 5					
	Port size	Rc1/2					
	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Alumina ceramic, Carbon, Polypropylene, PE, POM, FKM, EPDM, PVC					
Note 1	Temperature range (°C)	—	5 to 40	—	5 to 40		
ter	Pressure range (MPa)	—	0.3 to 0.5	—	0.3 to 0.5		
Facility water system	Required flow rate Note 12) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)	—	8	—	12		
ility	Inlet-outlet pressure differential of facility water (MPa)	— 0.3 or more		— 0.3 or more			
Fac		Rc3/8					
	Wetted parts material	Stainless	etic rubber				
system	Power supply	Single-phase 100 VAC (50/60 Hz), 115 VAC (60 Hz) Allowable voltage range $\pm 10\%$					
l s)	Circuit protector (A)	15					
ectrical	Applicable earth leakage breaker capacity Note 9) (A)	15					
ecti	Rated operating current (50/60 Hz) (A)	7.5	5/8.3	7.7/8.4			
Ē	Rated power consumption Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (kVA)	0.7	7/0.8	0.8/0.8			
No	bise level Note 10) (50/60 Hz) (dB)	58/55					
	cessories	Fitting (for drain outlet) 1 pc., Input/output signal connector 1 pc., Power supply connector 1 pc., Operation manual (for installation/operation) 1, Quick manual (with a clear case) 1, Alarm code list sticker 1, Ferritic core (for communication) 1 pc.					
W	eight Note 11) (kg)		40	0			

Note 1) For water-cooled refrigeration

Note 2) It should have no condensation.

2

Note 3) If clear water is used, use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industrial Association (JRA GL-02-1994 cooling water system - circulating type - make-up water). Note 4) ① Ambient temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ③ Rated circulating fluid flow rate, ④ Circulating fluid: Clear water, ⑤ Facility water temperature: 25°C

Note 5) Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less. Note 6) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid flow is rated flow, and the circulating fluid outlet and return port are directly connected. Installation environment and the power supply are within specification range and stable.

Note 7) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C. Note 8) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability.

The specification of the cooling capacity and the temperature stability may not be satisfied if the flow rate is lower than the rated flow. Note 9) Purchase an earth leakage breaker with current sensitivity of 15 mA or 30 mA separately. (A product with an optional earth leakage breaker (option B) is also available.)

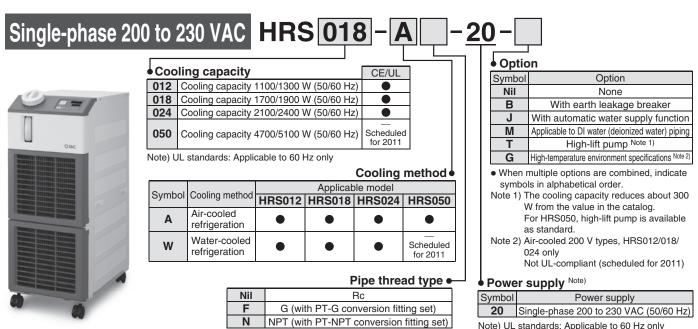
Note 10) Front: 1 m, height: 1 m, stable with no load, Other conditions  $\rightarrow$  Note 4) Note 11) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

Note 12) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a circulating fluid temperature of 20°C, and rated circulating fluid flow rate and facility water temperature of 25°C.



# Thermo-chiller Series HRS

How to Order



Note) UL standards: Applicable to 60 Hz only

Specifications * There are different values from standard specifications.

	Model	HRS012-A□-20	HRS012-W□-20	HRS018-A□-20	HRS018-W□-20	HRS024-A□-20	HRS024-W□-20	HRS050-A□-20
Со	oling method	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration	Water-cooled refrigeration	Air-cooled refrigeration
Re	frigerant	R407C (HFC)					R410A (HFC)	
Со	ntrol method				PID control			
An	bient temperature/humidity Note 2)	Temperature: 5 to 40°C, High-temperature environment specifications (option): 5 to 45°C, Humidity: 30 to 70%						dity: 30 to 70%
<b>Circulating fluid system</b>	Circulating fluid Note 3)		Clear water, 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution Note 5)					
	Temperature range setting Note 2) (°C)	5 to 40						
	Cooling capacity Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (W)	1100/	1100/1300		1700/1900		2100/2400	
	Temperature stability Note 6) (°C)	±0.1						
	Pump capacity Note 7) (50/60 Hz) (MPa)	0.13/0.18 (at 7 L/min)					0.24 (at 23 L/min) 0.32 (at 28 L/min)	
	Rated flow Note 8) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)	7/7						23/28
	Tank capacity (L)	Approx. 5						
	Port size	Rc1/2						
	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Alumina ceramic, Carbon, Polypropylene, PE, POM, FKM, EPDM, PVC						
Note 1	Temperature range (°C)	_	5 to 40	_	5 to 40	_	5 to 40	_
Facility water system	Pressure range (MPa)	_	0.3 to 0.5	—	0.3 to 0.5	_	0.3 to 0.5	—
	Required flow rate Note 12) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)	_	8	—	12	—	14	—
	Inlet-outlet pressure differential of facility water (MPa)	—	0.3 or more	—	0.3 or more	—	0.3 or more	—
Faci	Port size	Rc3/8						—
	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel, Copper (Heat exchanger brazing), Bronze, Synthetic rubber						—
system	Power supply	Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz) Allowable voltage range ±10%						
	Circuit protector (A)	10						20
ectrical	Applicable earth leakage breaker capacity Note 9) (A)	10					20	
Sctr	Rated operating current (50/60 Hz) (A)	4.6/5.1		4.7/5.2		5.1/5.9		8/11
ΕI	Rated power consumption Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (kVA)	0.9/1.0		0.9/1.0		1.0/1.2		1.7/2.2
No	ise level Note 10) (50/60 Hz) (dB)	60/61					65/68	
	cessories	Fitting (for drain outlet) 1 pc. Note 13), Input/output signal connector 1 pc., Power supply connector 1 pc. Note 13), Operation manual (for installation/operation) 1, Quick manual (with a clear case) 1 Note 13), Alarm code list sticker 1, Ferritic core (for communication) 1 pc. Note 13)						
We	eight Note 11) (kg)			4	3			69

Note 1) For water-cooled refrigeration Note 2) It should have no condensation.

Note 2) If should have no condensation. Note 3) If clear water is used, use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industrial Association (JRA GL-02-1994 cooling water system - circulating type - make-up water). Note 4) ① Ambient temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, ③ Rated circulating fluid flow rate, ④ Circulating fluid: Clear water, ⑤ Facility water temperature: 25°C Note 5) Use a 15% ethylene glycol aqueous solution if operating in a place where the circulating fluid temperature is 10°C or less. Note 6) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid flow is rated flow, and the circulating fluid are return port are directly connected. Installation environment and the power supply are within specification range and stable.

Note 7) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C. Note 8) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability.

The specification of the cooling capacity and the temperature stability may not be satisfied if the flow rate is lower than the rated flow. Note 9) Purchase an earth leakage breaker with current sensitivity of 30 mA separately. (A product with an optional earth leakage breaker (option B) is also available.)

Note 10) Front: 1 m, height: 1 m, stable with no load, Other conditions → Note 4)

Note 11) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

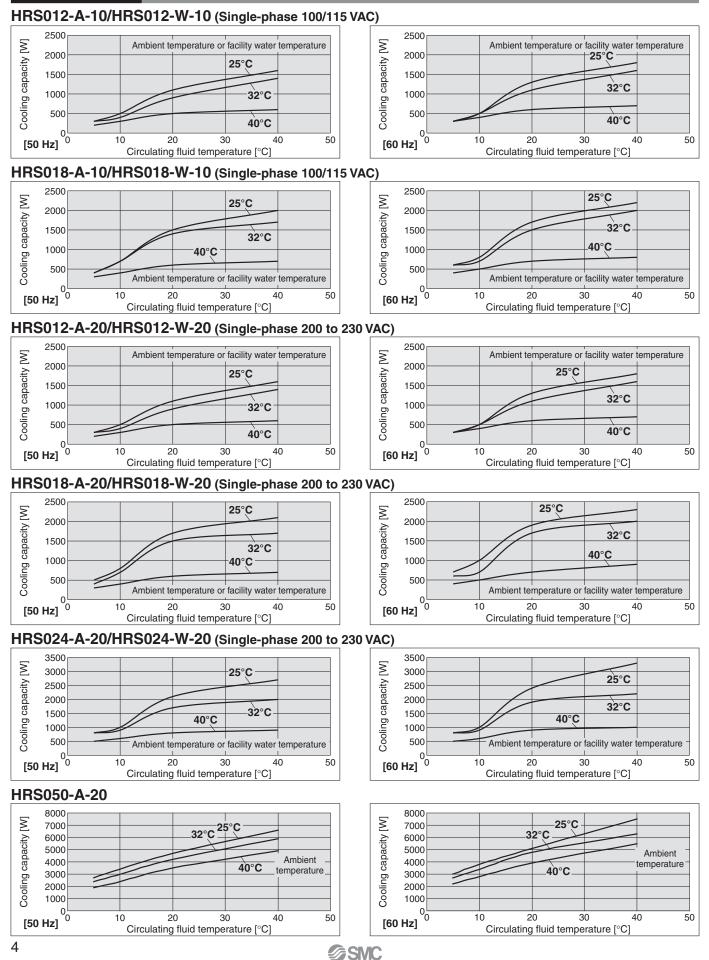
Note 12) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a circulating fluid temperature of 20°C, and rated circulating fluid flow rate and facility water temperature of 25°C. Note 13) It is not provided for HRS050.





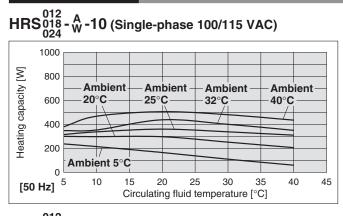
# Series HRS

#### **Cooling Capacity**

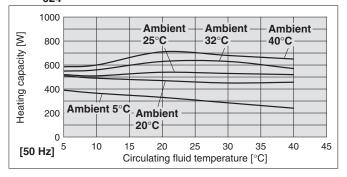


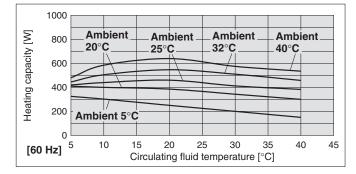
Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

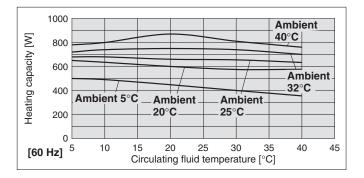
#### Heating Capacity





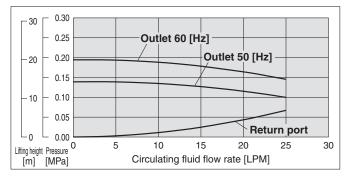




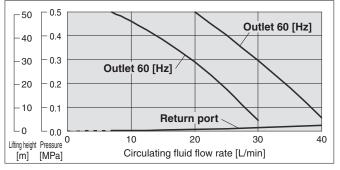


#### Pump Capacity

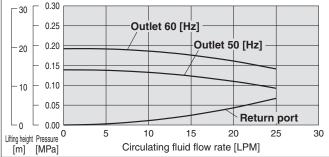




#### HRS050-A-20 (Single-phase 200 to 230 VAC)

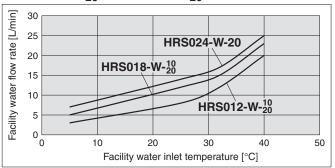






#### **Required Facility Water Flow Rate**

#### HRS012-W-¹⁰₂₀, HRS018-W-¹⁰₂₀, HRS024-W-20

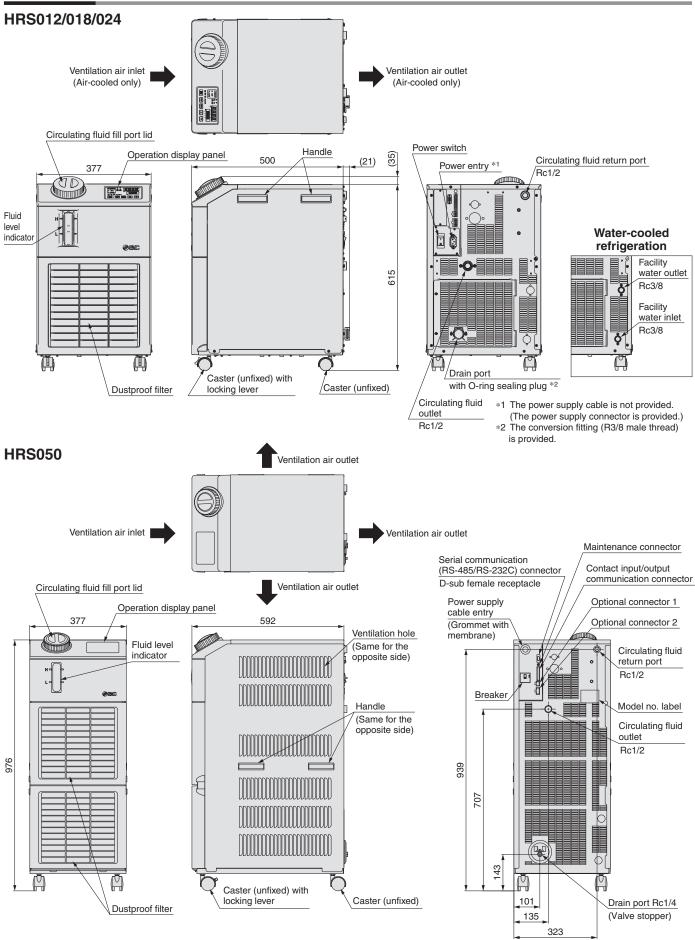


* This is the facility water flow rate at the circulating fluid rated flow rate and the cooling capacity listed in the "Cooling Capacity" specifications.

# Series HRS

Dimensions

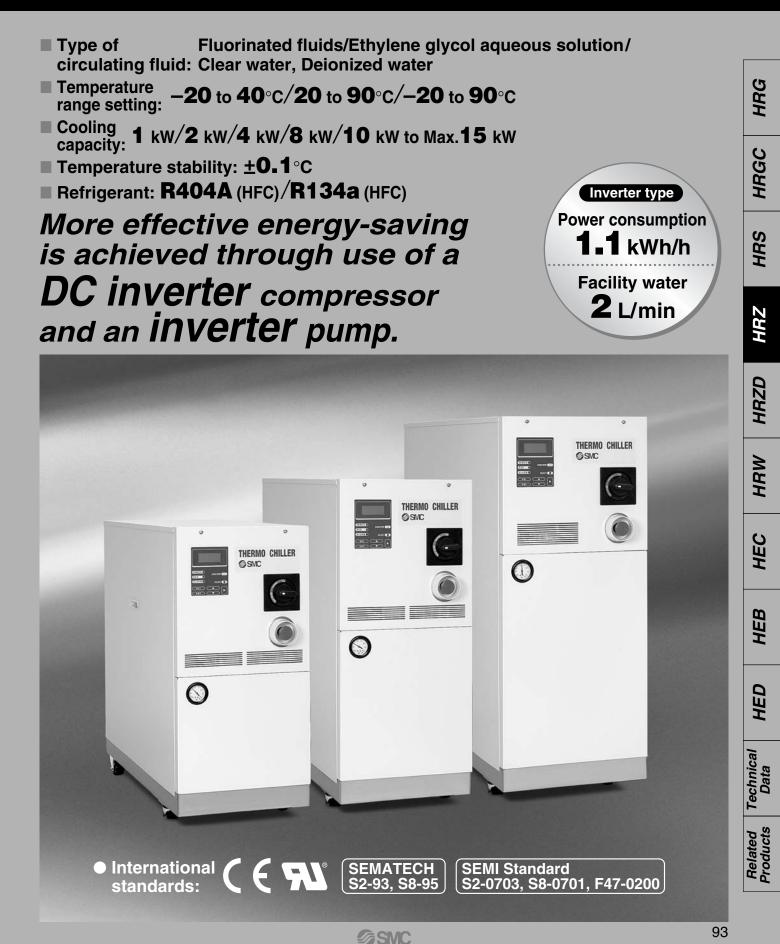
6

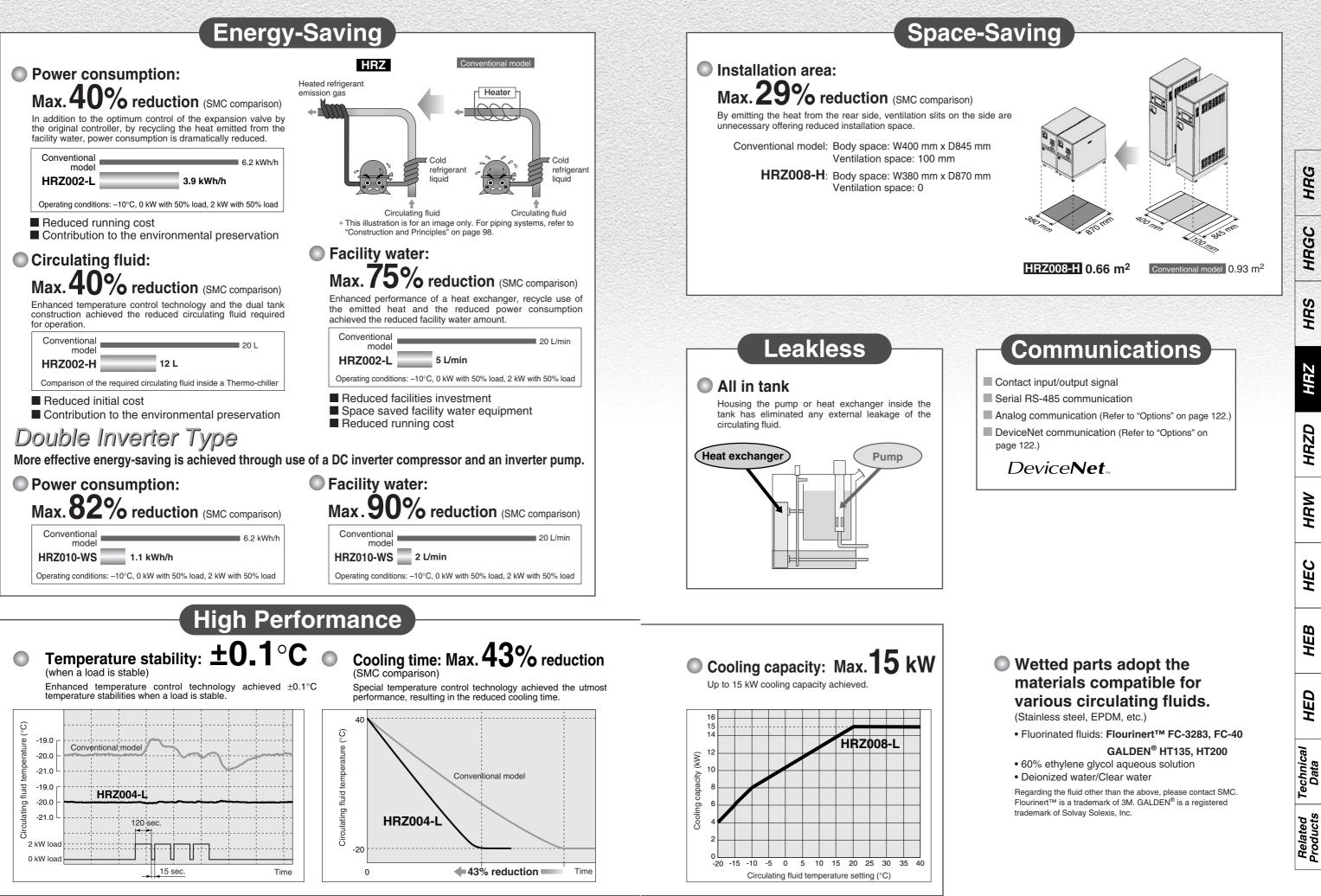


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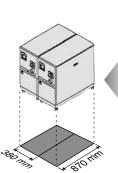
# **Refrigerated Thermo-chiller** Series **HRZ**

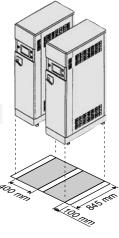




94

**SMC SMC** Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com



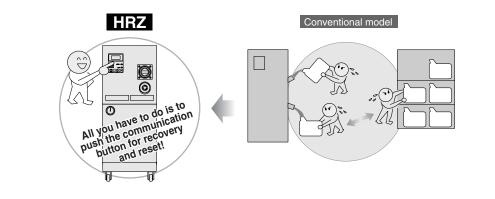


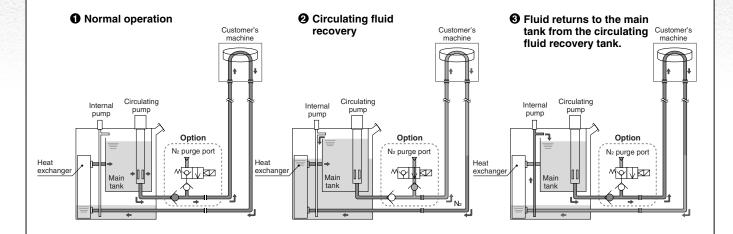
# **Easy Maintenance**

#### Circulating fluid automatic recovery function (Refer to "Options" on page 123.)

Circulating fluid inside a Thermo-chiller tank can be recovered automatically. (Recovery volume: 15 L to 17 L)

- Reduced maintenance time
- Faster operation
- Reduced circulating liquid loss by evapolation or spill



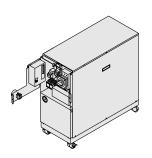


### **Circulating fluid electrical**

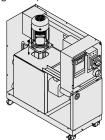
resistance ratio control function (Refer to "Options" on page 122.) (DI control kit)

#### Easy maintenance

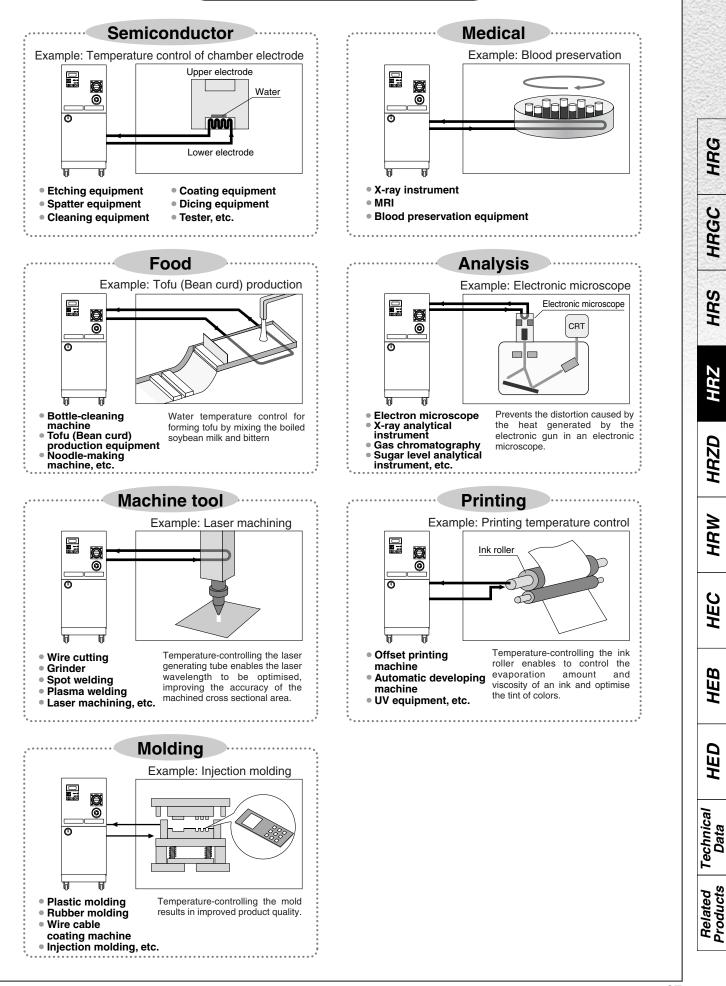
Checking the electrical component parts accessible from the front side only



- Possible to replace the maintenance parts (such as a pump) without removing the pipings and discharging the circulating fluid.
- Various alarm displays (Refer to page 118.)

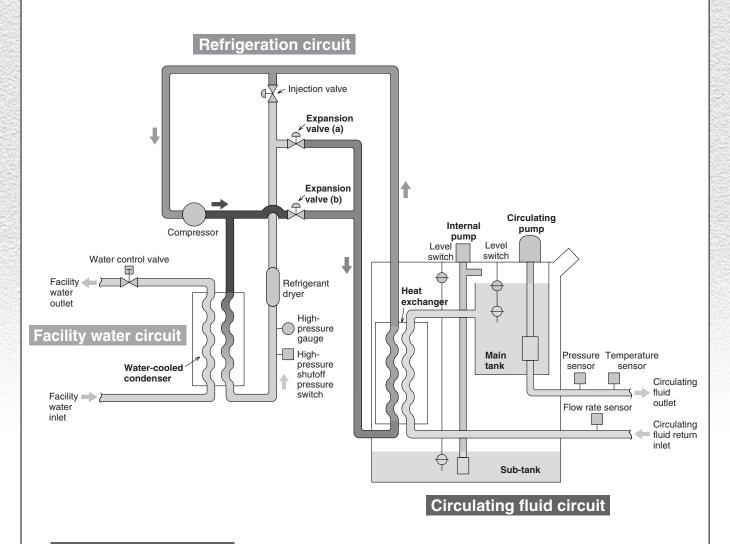


# **Application Examples**



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# **Construction and Principles**



#### **Circulating fluid circuit**

With the circulating pump, circulating fluid will be discharged to the customer's machine side. After the circulating fluid will heat or cool the customer's machine side, it will be returned to the main tank via the heat exchanger. A sub-tank is not used under the normal operation. It will be used when a circulating fluid is recovered from the customer's machine side.

The internal pump is used to transfer a circulating fluid from the sub-tank to the main tank. (Refer to "Circulating fluid automatic recovery" function on page 96.

#### **Refrigeration circuit**

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When the circulating fluid temperature is rising higher than the set temperature, open the expansion valve (a) to introduce refrigerant gas at a lower temperature to the heat exchanger. With this, the circulating fluid will be cooled down.

Oppositely, when the circulating fluid is getting lower against the set temperature, open the expansion valve (b) and introduce refrigerant gas at a high temperature without going through the water-cooled condenser to the heat exchanger. With this heat, the circulating fluid will be heated.



- Guide to Model Selection ·····P. 100
- Required Cooling Capacity Calculation ...... P. 101, 102
- Precautions on Model Selection ······P. 102
- Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values .....P. 103

Fluorinated Fluid Type

How to Order/SpecificationsP. 104	
Cooling/Heating CapacityP. 105	,
Pump Capacity ·····P. 106	5

#### Ethylene Glycol Type

How to Order/SpecificationsP. 10	)7
Cooling/Heating CapacityP. 10	)8
Pump Capacity ·····P. 10	)9

#### Clear Water/Deionized Water Type

How to Order/Specifications ·····P	. 110
Cooling/Heating Capacity,	
Pump Capacity ·····P	. 111

#### Double Inverter Type

How to Order/SpecificationsP. 112
Cooling/Heating Capacity,
Pump Capacity ·····P. 113

#### Common Specifications

Dimensions	··P. 114, 11
Communication Function	··Р. 116
Contact Input/Output ······	··Р. 116
Serial RS-485	··Р. 117
Connector Position ······	··Р. 117
Operation Panel Display	··Р. 118
Alarm	··Р. 118

#### Optional Accessories

By-pass Piping Set ······P. 119
Anti-quake Bracket ·····P. 119
• 4-Port ManifoldP. 120
• DI FilterP. 120
Insulating Material for DI Filter ······P. 120
• 60% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution ······ P. 121
Concentration Meter ·····P. 121

#### Options

Analog Communication	···· P. 122
DeviceNet Communication	···· P. 122
NPT Fitting ······	···· P. 122
DI Control Kit ·····	···· P. 122
Circulating Fluid Automatic Recovery	···· P. 123
Specific Product Precautions	····· P. 124 to 126

HEC HEB HED

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

5

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# Series HRZ **Model Selection**

#### **Guide to Model Selection**

#### 1. How much is the temperature in degrees centigrade for the circulating fluid?

#### Temperature range which can be set with the Thermo-chiller

L : -20°C to 40°C ("L2" (clear water, deionized water specification) can be set 10°C to 40°C.)

H: 20°C to 90°C

W: -20°C to 90°C (Select "W" only when the temperature ranges of "L" or "H" are not applicable. HRZ010-W2S (clear water, deionized water specification) can be set 10°C to 60°C.)

Example) Customer requirement:  $50^{\circ}C$  ( $\rightarrow$  Temperature range  $20^{\circ}C$  to  $90^{\circ}C$ , "H" type will be appropriate.)

#### 2. What kind of the circulating fluids will be used?

Relationship between circulating fluid (which can be used with the Thermo-chiller) and temperature

Fluorinated fluids: Fluorinert[™] FC-3283/GALDEN[®] HT135

	Fluorinated fluids: Fluorinert [™] FC-40/GALDEN [®] HT200								
_		60% ethylene	glycol aqueous solu	tion	_				
	Clea	ar water/Deioniz	zed water	<b>&gt;</b>					
–20°C	10°C	20°C	40°C	60°C	90°C				

#### Example) Customer requirement: Fluorinated fluids

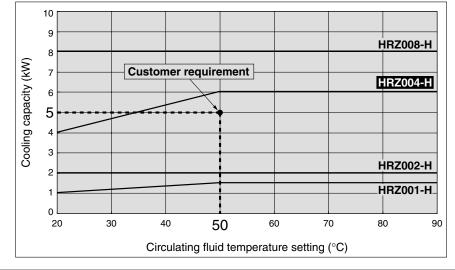
Based on the results 1. and 2., Cooling capacity relating "Fluorinated fluids" and "Temperature range 20°C to 90°C" is shown on page 105.

#### 3. What is the kW for the required cooling capacity? * To calculate the cooling capacity, referring to the following pages.

Example) Customer requirement: 5 kW  $\rightarrow$ 

Plot the point of intersection between the operating temperature (50°C) and the cooling capacity (5 kW) in the cooling capacity graph.

#### [Cooling Capacity Graph] Circulating Fluid: Fluorinated Fluids, Temperature Range: 20 to 90°C



The point plotted in the graph is the requirement from your customer. Select the Thermo-chiller models exceeding this point. In this case, select the **HRZ004-H**.

Fluorinert[™] is a trademark of 3M. GALDEN[®] is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc.

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is known.

#### Heat generation amount Q: 3.5 kW

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 x 1.2 = 4.2 kW

#### Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is not known.

Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the customer's machine.

Heat generation amount Q: UnknownCirculating fluid temperature difference  $\Delta T (= T2 - T1)$ : 6.0°C (6.0 K)Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1: 20°C (293.15)Circulating fluid return temperature T2: 26°C (299.15)Circulating fluid flow rate L: 20 L/minCirculating fluid: Fluorinated flu

: 20°C (293.15 K) : 26°C (299.15 K) : 20 L/min : Fluorinated fluid Density γ: 1.80 x 10³ kg/m³ Specific heat **C**: 0.96 x 10³ J/(kg•K) (at 20°C)

* Refer to page 103 for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

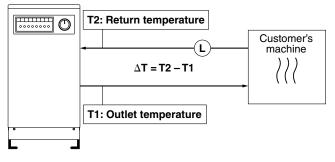
 $\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\Delta \mathbf{T} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{x} \, \gamma \, \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{C}}{\mathbf{60} \, \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{1000}}$ 

 $=\frac{6.0 \times 20 \times 1.80 \times 10^3 \times 0.96 \times 10^3}{60 \times 1000}$ 

= 3456 W = 3.5 kW

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,  $3.5 \times 1.2 = 4.2 \text{ kW}$ 

Thermo-chiller



UNKNOWN	
6.0°C	
20°C	
26°C	
1.2 m³/h	
Fluorinated fluid	
Density γ: 1.80 x 10 ³ kg/m ³	
Specific heat <b>C</b> : 0.23 kcal/kg•°C	
(at 20°C)	
<ul> <li>Refer to page 103 for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.</li> </ul>	
$\mathbf{O} = \frac{\Delta \mathbf{T} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{x} \gamma \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C}}{\mathbf{C}}$	
$G = \frac{1}{860}$	

Example of conventional measurement units (Reference)

$$=\frac{6.0 \times 1.2 \times 1.80 \times 10^3 \times 0.23}{860}$$

Linknown

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

3.5 x 1.2 = 4.2 kW

HRG HRGC HRS HRZ HRZD HRW HEC HEB HED

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

# Example 3. When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.

Cooled substance total volume V : 60 L Cooling time h : 15 min Cooling temperature difference  $\Delta T$ :  $20^{\circ}$ C (20 K)  $(40^{\circ}$ C -  $20^{\circ}$ C

Circulating fluid

ce Δ**T**:  $\int 20^{\circ}$ C (20 K)  $(40^{\circ}$ C − 20°C → 20°C) : Fluorinated fluid Density γ: 1.80 x 10³ kg/m³ Specific heat **C**: 0.96 x 10³ J/(kg•K) (at 20°C)

 Refer to page 103 for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

 $\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\Delta \mathbf{T} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} \ \gamma \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C}}{\mathbf{h} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{60} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{1000}}$ 

<u>20 x 60 x 1.80 x 10³ x 0.96 x 10³</u> 15 x 60 x 1000

= 2304 W = 2.3 kW

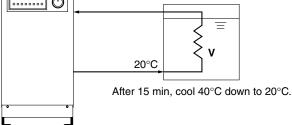
Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,

# 2.3 x 1.2 = 2.8 kW (When the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C.)

Water bath

(In this case, selected Thermo-chiller model will be either HRZ002-L or HRZ004-H.)

Thermo-chiller



Note) This is the calculated value by changing the fluid temperature only. Thus, it varies substantially depending on the water bath or piping material or shape.

#### Precautions on Model Selection

#### 1. Heating capacity

When setting the circulating fluid temperature at a higher temperature than the room temperature, the circulating fluid temperature will be heated with the Thermo-chiller. Heating capacity varies depending on the model of the HRZ series. Also, the heating capacity varies depending on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the heat radiation amount or thermal capacity of the customer's machine. Check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided, based on the heating capacity graph for the respective model.

#### 2. Pump capacity

#### <Circulating fluid flow rate>

Pump capacity varies depending on the model selected from the HRZ series. Also, circulating fluid flow varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between our Thermo-chiller and a customer's machine, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow is achieved using the pump capacity curves for each respective model.

#### <Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves for the respective model. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the customer's machine are fully durable against this pressure.

102



Example of conventional measurement units (Reference) 0.06 m³ 0.25 h 20°C Fluorinated fluid Density γ: 1.80 x 10³ kg/m³ Specific heat C: 0.23 kcal/kg·°C (at 20°C) * Refer to page 103 for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.  $\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\Delta \mathbf{T} \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{V} \, \mathbf{x} \, \gamma \, \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{C}}{\mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{Q} \mathbf{C}}$ h x 860 20 x 0.06 x 1.80 x 10³ x 0.23 0.25 x 860 = 2.3 kW Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,  $2.3 \times 1.2 = 2.8 \text{ kW}$  (When the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C.) (In this case, selected Thermo-chiller model will be either HRZ002-L or HRZ004-H.)

#### **Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values**

* The above shown are reference values. Please contact circulating fluid supplier for details.

#### **Fluorinated Fluids**

Physical property value		Specific	c heat C
Temperature	[kg/m³] [g/L]	[J/(kg∙K)]	([kcal/kg∙°C])
–10°C	1.87 x 10 ³	0.87 x 10 ³	(0.21)
20°C	1.80 x 10 ³	0.96 x 10 ³	(0.23)
50°C	1.74 x 10 ³	1.05 x 10 ³	(0.25)
80°C	1.67 x 10 ³	1.14 x 10 ³	(0.27)

#### 60% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property value	Density $\gamma$	Specific	: heat C
Temperature	[kg/m³] [g/L]	[J/(kg∙K)]	([kcal/kg∙°C])
<b>-10°C</b> 1.10 x 10 ³		3.02 x 10 ³	(0.72)
20°C	<b>20°C</b> 1.08 x 10 ³		(0.75)
50°C	1.06 x 10 ³	3.27 x 10 ³	(0.78)
80°C	1.04 x 10 ³	3.40 x 10 ³	(0.81)

#### Water

Density  $\gamma$ : 1 x 10³ [kg/m³] [g/L]

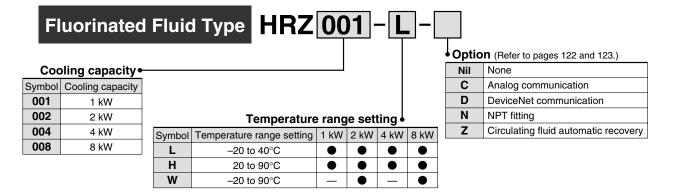
#### Specific heat C: 4.2 x 10³ [J/(kg•K)] (1.0 [kcal/kg•°C])

Related Products

# Thermo-chiller Fluorinated Fluid Type Series HRZ



#### How to Order



#### Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

	Model	HRZ001-L	HRZ002-L	HRZ004-L	HRZ008-L	HRZ001-H	HRZ002-	H HRZ004-H	HRZ008-H	HRZ002-W	HRZ008-W
Co	oling method				۱	Vater-coolec	l refrigerat	ion			
	frigerant					R404A	· · /				
	ntrol system					PID c	ontrol				
Ar	nbient temp./humidity Note 1)	Temperature: 10 to 35°C, Humidity: 30 to 70%RH									
	Circulating fluid Note 2)	Fluorinert [™] FC-3283/GALDEN [®] HT135				Fluorinert [™] FC-40/GALDEN [®] HT200					
E	Temp. range setting Note 1) (°C)		-20 1	to 40				20 to 90		-20	to 90
system	Cooling capacity Note 3) (kW)	1.0 (at –10°C)	2.0 (at –10°C)	4.0 (at −10°C)	8.0 (at –10°C)	1.0 (at 20°C)	2.0 (at 20°C	4.0 ) (at 20°C)	8.0 (at 20°C)	2.0 (at 20°C)	8.0 (at 20°C)
fluid	Heating capacity Note 3) (kW)	2.8 (at –10°C)	3.2 (at –10°C)	3.6 (at –10°C)	5.9 (at –10°C)	2.3 (at 20°C)	2.6 (at 20°C	2.8 ) (at 20°C)	3.0 (at 20°C)	2.3 (at 20°C)	3.3 (at 20°C)
	Temp. stability Note 4) (°C)	(	(	(	(	±0	`	(	(	(	(
Circulating	Pump capacity Note 5) (50/60 Hz) (MPa)	0.45/0.65 (at 20 L/min)			0.65/0.95 (at 30 L/min)	0.40/0. (at 20 L/	.60	0.45/0.65 (at 20 L/m			
່ວັ	Rated flow Note 6) (L/min)	20			30			20			
	Main tank capacity Note 7) (L)	Approx. 15			Approx. 22	Approx	. 12	Approx. 15			
	Sub-tank capacity Note 8) (L)	Approx. 16 Approx. 17 Approx. 15 Approx					<. 16				
	Port size	Rc3/4									
	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel, EPDM, Copper brazing (Heat exchanger), PPS, Silicone, Fluororesin									
tem	Temperature range (°C)					10 to 2	25				
Cooling water system	Pressure range (MPa)	0.3 to 0.7									
wate	Required flow rate Note 9) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)	5/5	6/6	15/22	18/23	3/4	5/6	9/10	13/14	6/7	13/14
oling	Port size					Rc1/2	_				
ð	Wetted parts material		S	tainless stee	el, EPDM, Co	pper brazing	(Heat ex	changer), Silico	one, Brass		
em	Power supply			0 VAC 50 H	z, 3-phase 20	00 to 208 VA	C 60 Hz	Allowable volta	ge fluctuatio	n ±10%	
system	Breaker capacity (A)		30		60	20			30		
g	Rated current (A)	2	20 25 46 14 2					3			
Electrical (	Alarm	Refer to page 118.									
	Communications	Contact input/output (D-sub 25 pin) and Serial RS-485 (D-sub 9 pin) (Refer to pages 116 and									
W	eight Note 10) (kg)	17	70	175	275	14				70	
Sa	fety standards		UL, CE	E marking, S	EMI (S2-070	3, S8-0701,	F47-0200	, SEMATECH	(S2-93, S8-9	95)	

Note 2) Fluorinert[™] is a trademark of 3M and GALDEN[®] is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc. Regarding the fluid other than the above, please contact SMC. Note 3) ① Facility water temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid flow rate: Values at rated circulating fluid flow rate. Values common for 50/60 Hz.

Note 4) Value with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range depending on operating conditions.

Note 5) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C.

Note 6) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability. When used below the rated flow, use the individually sold, "By-pass Piping Set" (Refer to page 119). Note 7) Minimum volume required for operating only the Thermo-chiller. (Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, including the Thermo-chiller's internal pipings or heat exchanger)

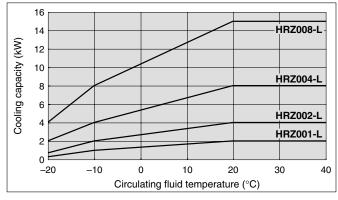
Note 8) Preliminary space volume without main tank capacity. Available for collecting the circulating fluid inside an external piping or for preliminary injection. Note 9) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a facility water temperature of 25°C.

Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

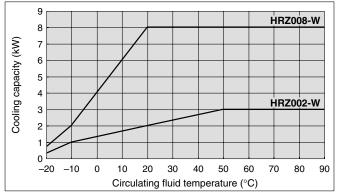


#### **Cooling Capacity**

#### HRZ001-L/002-L/004-L/008-L

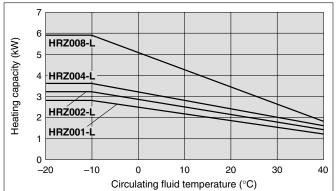


#### HRZ002-W/008-W

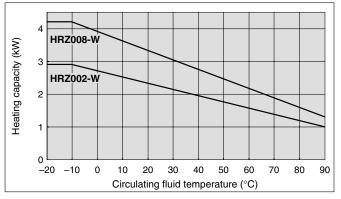


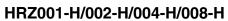
#### **Heating Capacity**

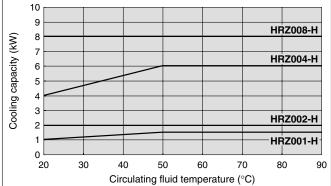
#### HRZ001-L/002-L/004-L/008-L

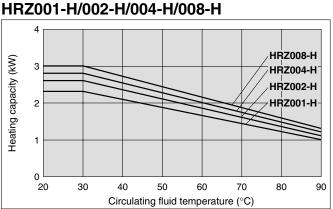


#### HRZ002-W/008-W







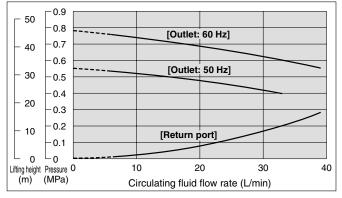




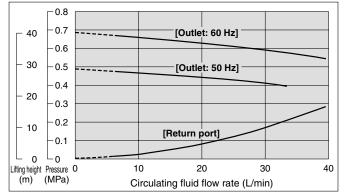
# Series HRZ

#### Pump Capacity (Thermo-chiller Outlet)

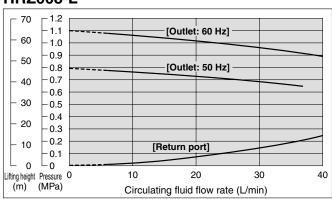
#### HRZ001-L/002-L/004-L



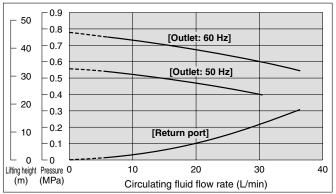
#### HRZ001-H/002-H



#### HRZ008-L



#### HRZ004-H/008-H HRZ002-W/008-W



* When the circulating fluid flow is below 6 L/min, the in-built operation stop alarm will be activated. It is not possible to run the equipment. (common for all models)

# Thermo-chiller Ethylene Glycol Type Series HRZ



				Orde						HRG
Cooling capacity Symbol Cooling capacit	•	ycol Type H	RZ	00	01	-[L	<u> </u> 1-	• Optic	n (Refer to pages 122 and 123.) None Analog communication	HRGC
002         2 kW           004         4 kW           008         8 kW	Symbol	Temperature range setting -20 to 40°C		e rang 2 kW	-			D N Y Z	DeviceNet communication NPT fitting DI control kit Circulating fluid	HRS
Specifications (For c	H W etails, pleas	20 to 90°C –20 to 90°C e consult our "Product Specif		s" infor	• — mation.	•	• Eth	nylene gly	automatic recovery	HRZ
Model Cooling method Refrigerant Control system		HRZ002-L1  HRZ004-L1  HR	Z008-L	1 <b>HRZ</b> Water	001-H1 ^{coolec} R404A PID c	HRZ00 I refrige (HFC) ontrol	ration		Z008-H1  HRZ002-W1  HRZ008-W	HRZD
Ambient temp./humidity Note 1)		Ten	nperatu	ire: 10 1	to 35°C	, Humic	lity: 30 to	70%RH		_

Control system		PID control									
Ambient temp./humid	lity Note 1)		Temperature: 10 to 35°C, Humidity: 30 to 70%RH								
Circulating fluid N			60% ethylene glycol aqueous solution								
Temp. range setting	Note 1) (°C)		-20 to 40 20 to 90					-20 to 90			
	^{ote 3)} (kW)	1.0 (at –10°C)	2.0 (at –10°C)	4.0 (at –10°C)	8.0 (at –10°C)	1.0 (at 20°C)	2.0 (at 20°C)	4.0 (at 20°C)	8.0 (at 20°C)	2.0 (at 20°C)	8.0 (at 20°C)
Heating capacity No	^{ote 3)} (kW)	2.5 (at –10°C)	2.9 (at –10°C)	3.4 (at –10°C)	6.1 (at –10°C)	1.8 (at 20°C)	2.1 (at 20°C)	2.5 (at 20°C)	3.0 (at 20°C)	2.2 (at 20°C)	3.3 (at 20°C)
o ⊇ Temp. stability [№]	te 4) (°C)	, ,	, ,	, ,	. ,	±0	).1	· · ·	, ,	,	,
Rated flow Note 6) Main tank capacity			0.25/0.40 (at 20 L/min) 0.25/0.35 (at 20 L/min) 0.25/0.40 (at						at 20 L/min)		
Rated flow Note 6)	(L/min)		20								
Main tank capacity		Approx. 15 Appro			Approx. 22	Appro	ox. 12	Approx. 15			
Sub-tank capacity	Note 8) (L)	Approx. 16 Approx.			Approx. 17	Approx. 15 Approx.				ox. 16	
Port size		Rc3/4									
Wetted parts mat	erial		Stainless steel, EPDM, Copper brazing (Heat exchanger), PPS, Silicone, Fluororesin								
E Temperature rang	. ,		10 to 25								
Fressure range	(MPa)					0.3 t	0 0.7				
Required flow rate Note 9) (50/6)	0 Hz) (L/min)	5/5	6/6	15/22	18/23	3/4	5/6	9/10	13/14	5/7	13/14
Port size						Rc	1/2				
	erial				eel, EPDM, C			0,			
E Power supply			3-phase 200 VAC 50 Hz, 3-phase 200 to 208 VAC 60 Hz Allowable voltage fluctuation $\pm 10\%$								
E Power supply Breaker capacity			30		60				0		
Rated current	(A)	1	9	26	46	1	-		2	3	
alarm						Refer to p					
					sub 25 pin) a			9 pin) (Refe		,	
Weight Note 10)	(kg)	17	-	175	275	14				70	
Safety standards			UL, (	CE marking,	SEMI (S2-07	703, S8-070 ⁻	1, F47-0200)	, SEMATEC	H (S2-93, S8	3-95)	

Note 2) Dilute pure ethylene glycol with clear water. Additives such as preservatives cannot be used.

Note 3) ① Facility water temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid flow rate: Values at rated circulating fluid flow rate. Values common for 50/60 Hz.

Note 4) Value with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range when a DI control kit (option Y) is used or in some other operating conditions.

Note 5) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating temperature is 20°C. Note 6) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability. When used below the rated flow, use the individually sold, "By-pass Piping Set" (Refer to page 119). Note 7) Minimum volume required for operating only the Thermo-chiller. (Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, including the Thermo-chiller's internal pipings or heat exchanger)

Note 8) Preliminary space volume without main tank capacity. Available for collecting the circulating fluid inside an external piping or for preliminary injection.

Note 9) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a facility water temperature of 25°C.

Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids





HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

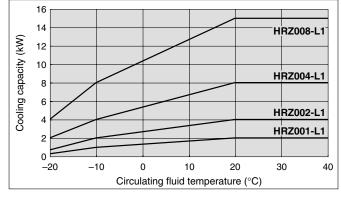
Technical Data

Related Products

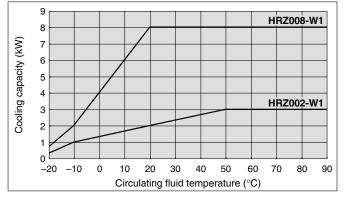
# Series HRZ

#### **Cooling Capacity**

#### HRZ001-L1/002-L1/004-L1/008-L1

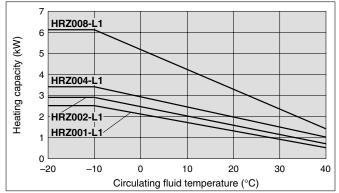


#### HRZ002-W1/008-W1

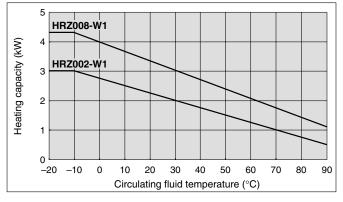


#### **Heating Capacity**

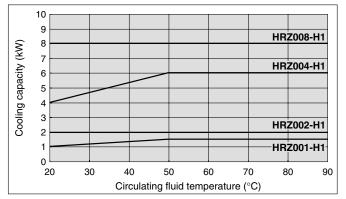
#### HRZ001-L1/002-L1/004-L1/008-L1

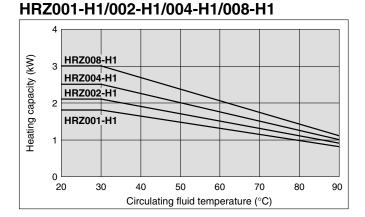


#### HRZ002-W1/008-W1



#### HRZ001-H1/002-H1/004-H1/008-H1

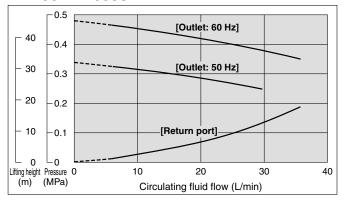




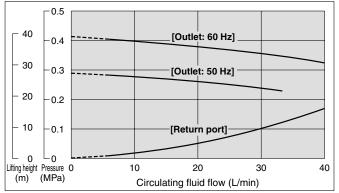
108 Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

#### Pump Capacity (Thermo-chiller Outlet)

#### HRZ001-L1/002-L1/004-L1 HRZ004-H1/008-H1 HRZ002-W1/008-W1

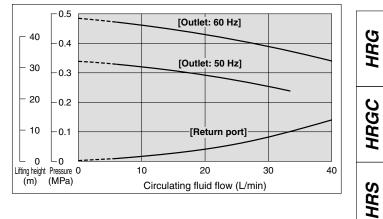


#### HRZ001-H1/002-H1



* When the circulating fluid flow is below 6 L/min, the in-built operation stop alarm will be activated. It is not possible to run the equipment. (common for all models)

#### HRZ008-L1

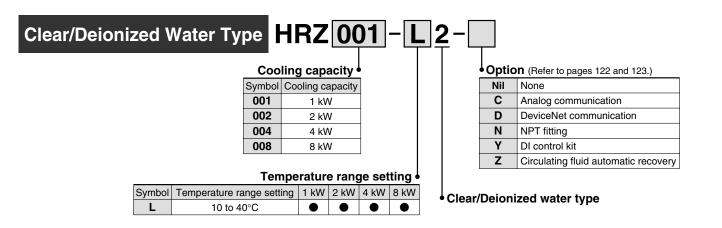


Technical Data

Related Products

# Thermo-chiller Clear/Deionized Water Type Series HRZ

#### How to Order



#### **Specifications** (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

Model		HRZ001-L2	HRZ002-L2	HRZ004-L2	HRZ008-L2			
Cooling method			Water-coolec	I refrigeration				
Refrigerant			R134a (HFC)					
Control system			PID c	ontrol				
Ambient temperature/humidity	Note 1)	Temperature: 10 to 35°C, Humidity: 30 to 70%RH						
Circulating fluid Note 2)			Clear water, D	eionized water				
Temperature range setting ^N	lote 1) (°C)		10 te	o 40				
Cooling capacity Note 3)	(kW)	1.0 (at 20°C)	2.0 (at 20°C)	4.0 (at 20°C)	8.0 (at 20°C)			
Heating capacity Note 3)	(kW)	0.90 (at 20°C)	0.98 (at 20°C)	1.15 (at 20°C)	1.25 (at 20°C)			
Temperature stability Note 4)	(°C)		±0	).1				
Pump capacity Note 5) (50/60 H Rated flow Note 6) Main tank capacity Note 7) Sub-tank capacity Note 8)	z) (MPa)	0.25/0.38 (at 20 L/min)						
Rated flow Note 6)	(L/min)	20						
Main tank capacity Note 7)	(L)	Approx. 15						
Sub-tank capacity Note 8)	(L)	Approx. 16						
Port size			Rc	3/4				
Wetted parts material Stainless steel, EPDM, Copper brazing (Heat exchanger), PPS, Silicone, Fluor					ne, Fluororesin			
Temperature range	(°C)	10 to 25						
Temperature range Pressure range Required flow rate Note 9) (50/60 H Port size Wetted parts material	(MPa)	0.3 to 0.7						
Required flow rate Note 9) (50/60 H	z) (L/min)	5/5	6/6	15/22	18/23			
Port size				1/2				
			s steel, EPDM, Copper brazi	<u> </u>				
Power supply		3-phase 200 VAC	50 Hz, 3-phase 200 to 208 \	,	ge fluctuation ±10%			
Breaker capacity	(A)		3					
Rated current	(A)			9				
Bated current			Refer to p	0				
		Contact input/output (	(D-sub 25 pin) and Serial RS	· · · · ·	pages 116 and 117.			
Weight Note 10)	(kg)			70				
Safety standards		UL, CE marki	ng, SEMI (S2-0703, S8-070 ⁻	1, F47-0200), SEMATECH (	S2-93, S8-95)			

Note 1) It should have no condensation.

Note 2) If clear water or deionized water is used, please use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994/cooling water system - circulation type - make-up water). The minimum electrical conductivity of the deionized water used as the fluid should be 0.5 μS/cm (or electrical resistivity 2 MΩ-cm at maximum).

Note 3) ① Facility water temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid flow rate: Values at rated circulating fluid flow rate. Values common for 50/60 Hz.

Note 4) Value with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range when a DI control kit (option Y) is used or in some other operating conditions.

Note 5) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C.

Note 6) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability. When used below the rated flow, use the individually sold, "By-pass Piping Set" (Refer to page 119).

Note 7) Minimum volume required for operating only the Thermo-chiller. (Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, including the Thermo-chiller's internal pipings or heat exchanger)

Note 8) Preliminary space volume without main tank capacity. Available for collecting the circulating fluid inside an external piping or for preliminary injection.

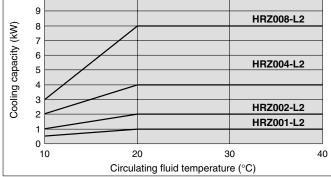
Note 9) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a facility water temperature of 25°C.

Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids



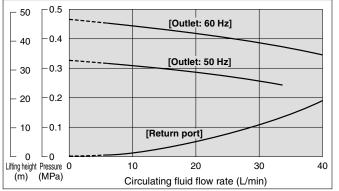
#### **Cooling Capacity**

#### HRZ001-L2/002-L2/004-L2/008-L2 10



#### Pump Capacity (Thermo-chiller Outlet)

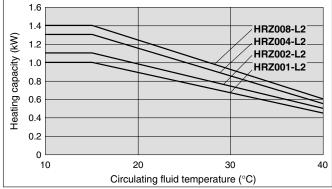
#### HRZ001-L2/002-L2/004-L2/008-L2



* When the circulating fluid flow is below 6 L/min, the in-built operation stop alarm will be activated. It is not possible to run the equipment. (common for all models)

#### **Heating Capacity**

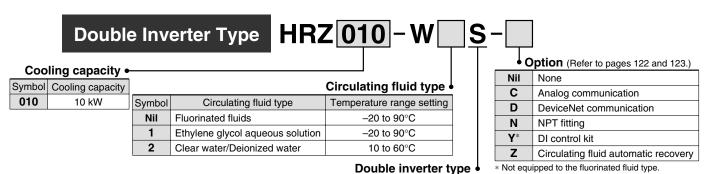
#### HRZ001-L2/002-L2/004-L2/008-L2



# Thermo-chiller Double Inverter Type Series HRZ



#### How to Order



#### **Specifications**

Model	HRZ010-WS	HRZ010-W1S	HRZ010-W2S			
Cooling method		Water-cooled refrigeration				
Refrigerant		R404A (HFC)				
Control system		PID control				
Ambient temperature/humidity Note 1)	Tempe	erature: 10 to 35°C, Humidity: 30 to 7	'0%RH			
Circulating fluid Note 2)	<ul> <li>-20 to 40°C: Fluorinert[™] FC-3283/GALDEN[®] HT135</li> <li>20 to 90°C: Fluorinert[™] FC-40/GALDEN[®] HT200</li> </ul>	C-3283/GALDEN [®] HT135 60% ethylene glycol 0 to 90°C: Fluorinert [™] aqueous solution				
E Temperature range setting Note 1) (°C)	-20	to 90	10 to 60			
Cooling capacity Note 3) (kW)	10 (at 20°C)	10 (at 20°C)	9 (at 20°C)			
Heating capacity Note 3) (kW)	5.0 (at 20°C)					
C Temperature stability Note 4) (°C)	±0.1 (In cases when the circulating fluid discharge port and the return port are directly connected)					
Temperature stability Note 4)         (°C)           Pump capacity Note 5)         (MPa)           Rated flow Note 6)         (L/min)           Flow range Note 7)         (L/min)	Max. 0.72 (at 20 L/min)	Max. 0.72 (at 20 L/min) Max. 0.40 (at 20 L/min)				
Rated flow Note 6)   (L/min)	20					
	10 to 40 (With flow control function by inverter)					
Main tank capacity Note 8) (L)	Approx. 15					
Sub-tank capacity Note 9) (L)		Approx. 16				
Port size		Rc3/4				
Wetted parts material	Stainless steel, EPDM,	Copper brazing (Heat exchanger), Pl	PS, Silicone, Fluororesin			
E Temperature range (°C)	10 to 30 10 to 25					
Temperature range       (°C)         Pressure range       (MPa)         Required flow rate Note 10)       (50/60 Hz)         Port size       Vetted parts material		0.3 to 0.7				
Required flow rate Note 10) (50/60 Hz) (L/min)		15/15				
Port size	Rc1/2					
	Stainless steel, EPDM, Copper brazing (Heat exchanger), PPS, Silicone, Brass					
E Power supply	3-phase 200 VAC 50 Hz, 3-phase 200 to 208 VAC 60 Hz Allowable voltage fluctuation $\pm 10\%$					
Breaker capacity (A)		30				
Rated current (A)	26	25	25			
Power supply Breaker capacity (A) Rated current (A) Alarm Communications		Refer to page 118.				
	Contact input/output (D-sub 25	pin) and Serial RS-485 (D-sub 25 pir	n) (Refer to pages 116 and 117.)			
Weight Note 11) (kg)		165				
Safety standards	UL, CE marking, SEMI	(S2-0703, S8-0701, F47-0200), SEM	1ATECH (S2-93, S8-95)			

Note 1) It should have no condensation

Note 2) FluorinertTM is a trademark of 3M and GALDEN[®] is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc. Dilute pure ethylene glycol with clear water. Additives such as preservatives cannot be used. If clear water or deionized water is used, please use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994/cooling water system - circulation type - make-up water). The minimum electrical conductivity of the deionized water used as the fluid should be 0.5 μS/cm (or electrical resistivity 2 MΩ•cm at maximum).

Note 3) ① Facility water temperature: 25°C, ② Circulating fluid flow rate: Values at rated circulating fluid flow rate. Values common for 50/60 Hz.

Note 4) Valuee with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range when a DI control kit (option Y) is used or in some other operating conditions.

Note 5) The capacity at the Thermo-chiller outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C.

Note 6) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability. When used below the rated flow, use the individually sold, "By-pass Piping Set" (Refer to page 119). Note 7) May not be able to control with the set value depending on the piping specification in the customer side.

Note 8) Minimum volume required for operating only the Thermo-chiller. (Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, including the Thermo-chiller's internal pipings or heat exchanger)

Note 9) Preliminary space volume without main tank capacity. Available for collecting the circulating fluid inside an external piping or for preliminary injection.

Note 10) Required flow rate when a load for the cooling capacity is applied at a facility water temperature of 25°C.

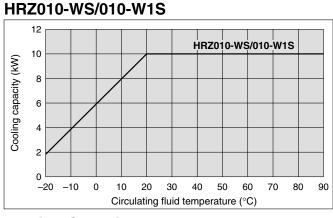
Note 10) Neight in the dry state without circulating fluids

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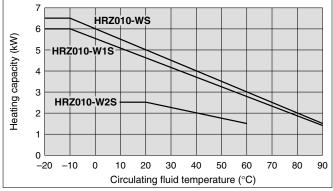
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#### **Cooling Capacity**



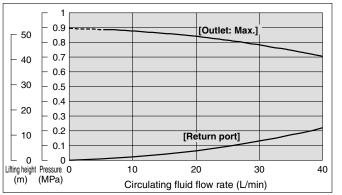
#### Heating Capacity

#### HRZ010-WS/010-W1S/010-W2S



#### Pump Capacity (Thermo-chiller Outlet)

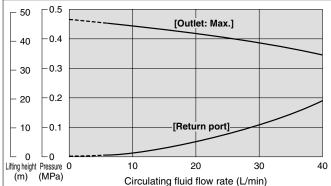
#### HRZ010-WS

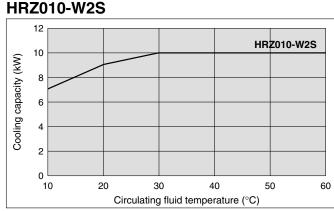


The pump capacity of the HRZ010-W1S is same as that of the HRZ001-L1 group on page 109.

* The pump capacity of the HRZ010-W2S is same as on page 111.

#### **HRZ010-W2S**





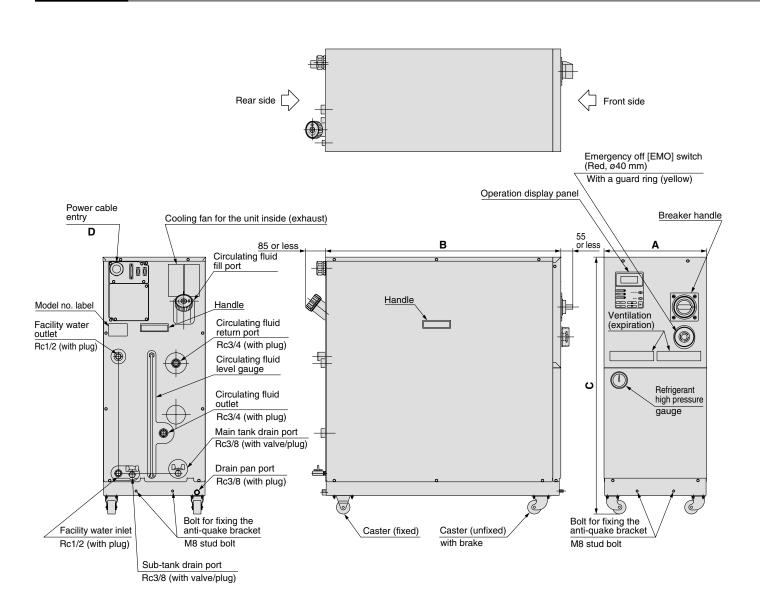
 $\ast$  When pump inverter is operating at frequency of 60 Hz (maximum).

#### **HRZ010-W1S** 0.5 [Outlet: Max.] 40 0.4 30 -0.3 20 -0.2 10 [Return port] 0.1 0 0 10 30 Lifting height Pressure O 20 (MPa) (m) Circulating fluid flow rate (L/min)

* When the circulating fluid flow is below 6 L/min, the in-built operation stop alarm will be activated. It is not possible to run the equipment. (common for all models) With flow control function by inverter

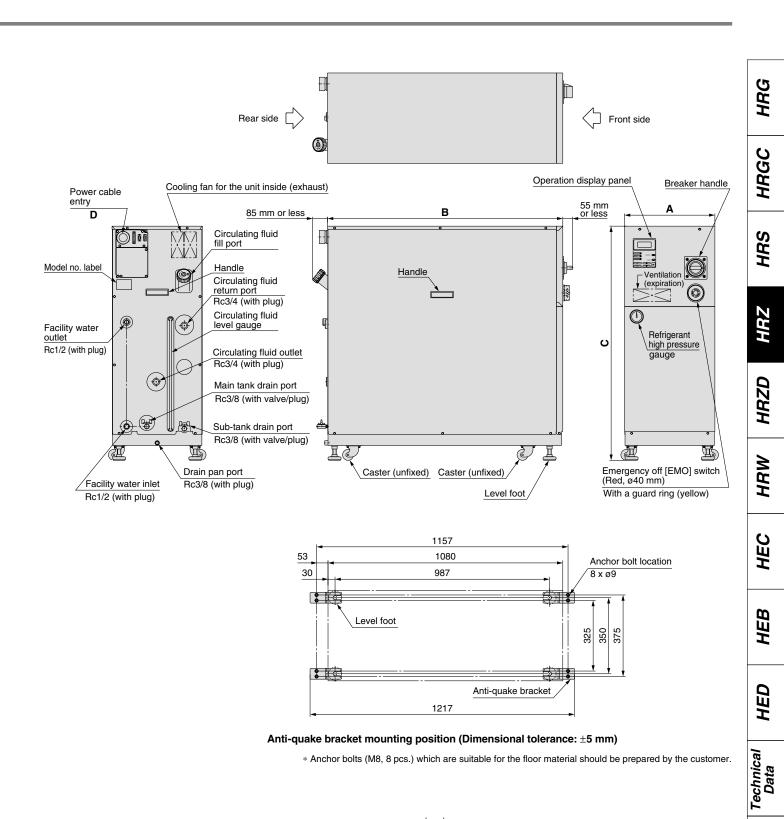
# Series HRZ **Common Specifications**

#### **Dimensions**



						(mm)
	Model			в	с	D
Fluorinated fluid type	Ethylene glycol type	Clear/Deionized water type	A	В		D
HRZ001-H HRZ002-H	HRZ001-H1 HRZ002-H1	_	380	870	860	ø18.5 to 20.5
HRZ001-L HRZ002-L, W HRZ004-L, H HRZ008-H, W HRZ010-WS	HRZ001-L1 HRZ002-L1, W1 HRZ004-L1, H1 HRZ008-H1, W1 HRZ010-W1S	HRZ001-L2 HRZ002-L2 HRZ004-L2 HRZ008-L2 HRZ010-W2S	380	870	950	ø18.5 to 20.5

(Dimensional tolerance of A, B, and C: ±10 mm)



					(mm)	
	•	в	с	D		
Fluorinated fluid type	Ethylene glycol type	<b>A</b>	Б		D	
HRZ008-L	HRZ008-L1	415	1080	1075	ø35.0 to 38.0	

(Dimensional tolerance of A, B, and C: ±10 mm)

Related Products

# Series HRZ

#### Communication Function (For details, please consult our "Communication Specifications" information.)

#### **Contact Input/Output**

	Item	Specifications						
	nector no.	P1 (Refer to the next page for connector location)						
	(on this product side)	D-sub 25 P type, Female connector M2.6 x 0.45						
Fixir	g bolt size							
	Insulation method	Photocoupler						
Input signal	Rated input voltage	24 VDC						
1 0	Operating voltage range	21.6 VDC to 26.4 VDC						
	Rated input current	5 mA TYP						
	Input impedance Insulation method	4.7 kΩ						
		Photocoupler						
Open collector	Rated load voltage Operating load voltage range	24 VDC 21.6 VDC to 26.4 VDC						
output signal	Maximum load current	80 mA						
5 4 5 5	Leakage current	0.1 mA or less						
		Diode						
	Surge protection	48 VAC or less/24 VDC or less						
ontact output signal (Alarm signal)	Rated load voltage Maximum load current	500 mA AC/DC (resistance load)						
	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/24 VDC or less						
ontact output signal (EMO signal)	Maximum load current	800 mA AC/DC (resistance load/inductive load)						
(,	Maximum Ivad Cullent	טיטי אוויא אטישט (ויפאואנאווינעטנוויע וטעע)						
Circu	uit diagram	INT 24 VDC       24 VDC output         INT 24 COM       24 VDC output         INT 24 COM       24 VDC output         24 VDC input       22 VDC input         24 VDC output       24 VDC output         24 VDC output       24 VDC output         24 VDC input       24 VDC input         24 VDC output       24 VDC input         24 VDC output       24 VDC output         24 VDC output       <						
		Emergency off 25 EMO signal EMO signal	_					

Note) The custom function is equipped for contact input/output. Using the custom function enables the customer to set the signal type for contact input/output or pin assignment numbers. For details, please consult "Communication Specifications" information.

#### Serial RS-485

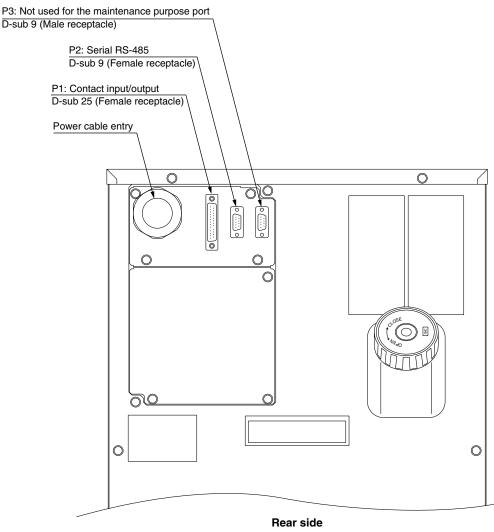
The serial RS-485 enables the following items to be written and read out. <Writing> Run/Stop Circulating fluid temperature setting Circulating fluid automatic recovery start/ stop <Readout> Circulating fluid present temperature Circulating fluid flow Circulating fluid discharge pressure Circulating fluid electrical resistivity *2 Alarm occurrence information Status (operating condition) information *1 Only when the circulating fluid automatic recovery

*2 Only when the DI control kit (option Y) is selected.

Item	Specifications				
Connector no.	P2				
Connector type (on this product side)	D-sub 9 P type, Female connector				
Fixing bolt size	M2.6 x 0.45				
Standards	EIA RS485				
Protocol	Modicon Modbus				
Circuit diagram	To the Thermo-chiller Customer's machine side Customer's machine side SD+ SD- SG SG				

#### **Connector location**

function (option Z) is selected.



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HRG

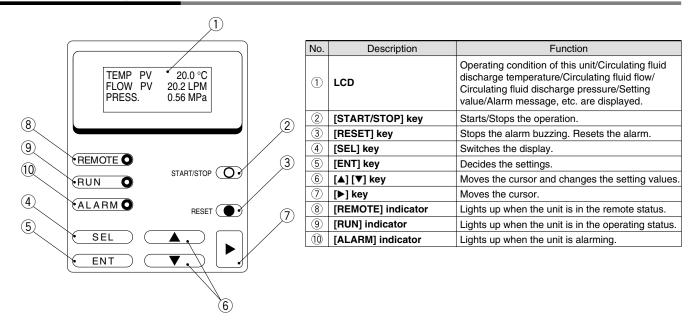
HRGC

HRS

HRZ

# Series HRZ

#### **Operation Display Panel**



#### Alarm

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This unit can display 27 kinds of alarm messages as standard. Also, it can read out the serial RS-485 communication.

Alarm code	Alarm message	Operation status	Main reason
01	Water Leak Detect FLT	Stop	Liquid deposits in the base of this unit.
02	Incorrect Phase Error FLT	Stop	The power supply to this unit is incorrect.
03	RFGT High Press FLT	Stop	Pressure in the refrigeration circuit has exceeded the limitation.
04	CPRSR Overheat FLT	Stop	Temperature inside the compressor has increased.
05	Reservoir Low Level FLT	Stop	The amount of circulating fluid is running low.
06	Reservoir Low Level WRN	Continue	The amount of circulating fluid is running low.
07	Reservoir High Level WRN	Continue	Filling the circulating fluid too much.
08	Temp. Fuse Cutout FLT	Stop	Temperature of the circulating fluid tank is raised.
09	Reservoir High Temp. FLT	Stop	Temperature of the circulating fluid has exceeded the limitation.
11	Reservoir High Temp. WRN	Continue	Temperature of the circulating fluid has exceeded the limitation set by the customer.
12	Return Low Flow FLT	Stop	The circulating fluid flow has gone below 6 L/min.
13	Return Low Flow WRN	Continue	The circulating fluid flow has gone below the limitation set by the customer.
14	Heater Breaker Trip FLT	Stop	Protection device for the electric circuit of the heater is activated.
15	Pump Breaker Trip FLT	Stop	Protection device for the electric circuit of the circulating pump is activated.
16	CPRSR Breaker Trip FLT	Stop	Protection device for the electric circuit of the compressor is activated.
17	Interlock Fuse Cutout FLT	Stop	Overcurrent is flown to the control circuit.
18	DC Power Fuse Cutout WRN	Continue	Overcurrent has flowed to the (optional) solenoid valve.
19	FAN Motor Stop WRN	Continue	Cooling fan inside the compressor has stopped.
20	Internal Pump Time Out WRN	Continue	The internal pump continuously run for more than a certain period of time.
21	Controller Error FLT	Stop	The error occurred in the control systems.
22	Memory Data Error FLT	Stop	The data stored in the controller of this unit went wrong.
23	Communication Error WRN	Continue	The serial communications between this unit and customer's system has been suspended.
24	DI Low Level WRN	Continue	DI level of the circulating fluid has gone below the limitation set by the customer. (Option)
25	Pump Inverter Error FLT	Stop	An error has occurred in the inverter for the circulating pump. The alarm is only for the HRZ010-W $\square$ S.
26	DNET Comm. Error WRN	Continue	The DeviceNet communications between this unit and customer's system has been suspended. (Only for DeviceNet communication specification - option D)
27	DNET Comm. Error FLT	Stop	An error has occurred in the DeviceNet communication system of this unit. (Only for DeviceNet communication specification - option D)
28	CPRSR INV Error FLT	Stop	An error has occurred in the inverter for the compressor. The alarm is only for the HRZ010-W $\square$ S.

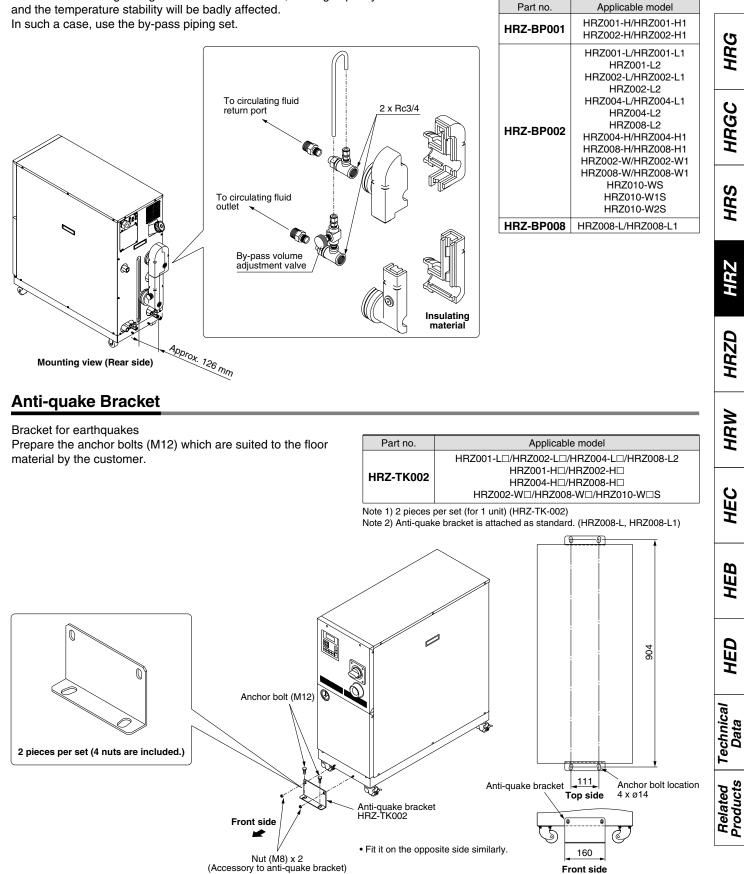
# Series HRZ **Optional Accessories 1**

#### **By-pass Piping Set**

#### Note) Necessary to be fitted by the customer.

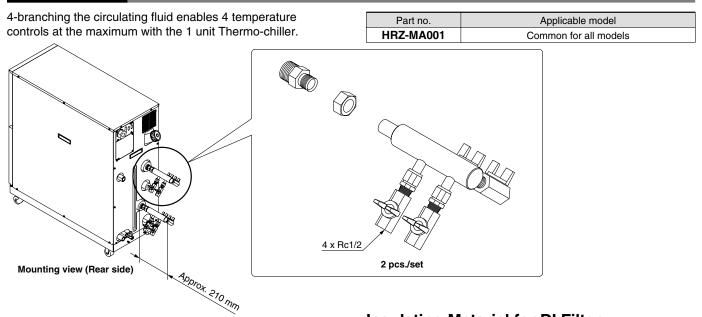
119

When the circulating fluid goes below the rated flow, cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected.



# Series HRZ Optional Accessories 2

#### 4-Port Manifold



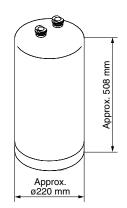
#### **DI Filter**

This is the ion replacement resin to maintain the electrical resistivity of the circulating fluid. Customers who selected the DI control kit (option Y) need to

purchase the DI filter separately.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRZ-DF001	Common for all models which can select the DI control kit. (option Y)

Note) The DI filters are consumable. Depending on the status (electrical resistivity set value, circulating fluid temperature, piping volume, etc.), product life cycles will vary accordingly.

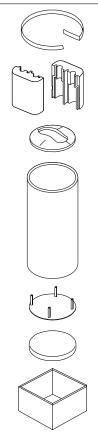


Weight: Approx. 20 kg

#### **Insulating Material for DI Filter**

When the DI filter is used at a high-temperature, we recommend that you use this insulating material to protect the radiated heat from the DI filter or possible burns. When the DI filter is used at a low-temperature, we also recommend that you use this to prevent heat absorption from the DI filter and to avoid forming condensation.

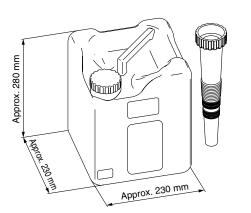
Part no.	Applicable model
HRZ-DF002	Common for all models which can select the DI control kit. (option Y)



#### 60% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

This solution can be used as a circulating fluid for ethylene glycol-type Thermo-chillers. (Capacity: 10 L)

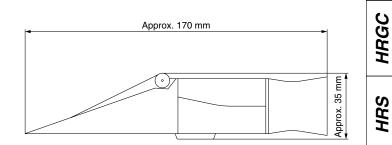
Part no.	Applicable model
HRZ-BR001	Common for all ethylene glycol-type models

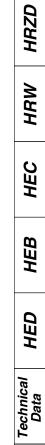


#### **Concentration Meter**

This meter can be used to control the condensation of ethylene glycol solution regularly.

Part no.	Applicable model	
HRZ-BR002	Common for all ethylene glycol-type models	





Related Products

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HRG

HRZ



Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

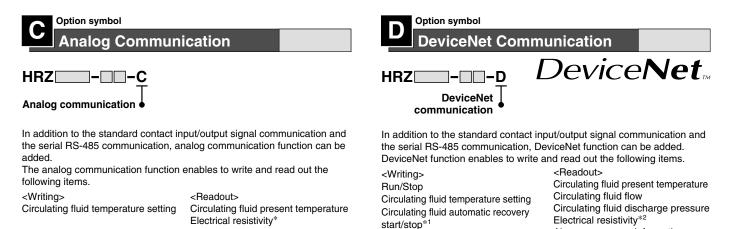
Alarm occurrence information

*1 Only when the circulating fluid automatic recovery function (option Z) is selected.

For details, please consult our "Communication Specifications"

*2 Only when the DI control kit (option Y) is selected.

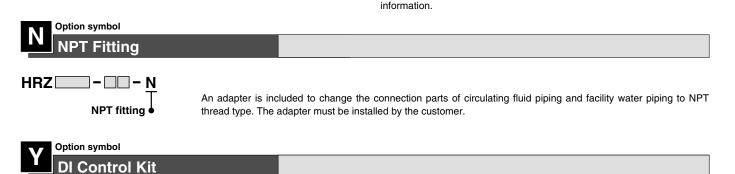
Status (operating condition) information



 $\ast$  Only when the DI control kit (option Y) is selected.

Scaling voltage - circulating fluid temperature can be set arbitrarily by the customer.

For details, please consult our "Communication Specifications" information.



HRZ - Y DI control kit

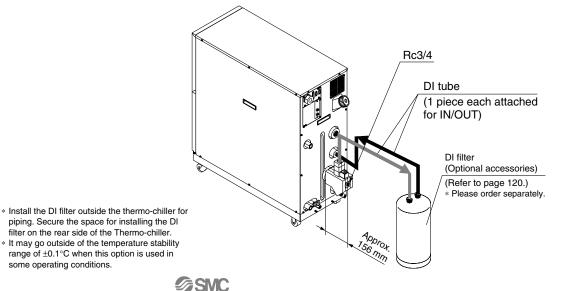
Select this option if you want to maintain the electric resistance ratio (DI level) of the circulating fluid at a certain level. However, some components have to be fitted by the customer. For details, refer to specification table for this option.

Please note that this is not applicable to the fluorinated liquid type.

Applicable model		HRZ00□-L1-Y HRZ00□-H1-Y HRZ00□-W1-Y HRZ010-W1S-Y	HRZ00□-L2-Y HRZ010-W2S-Y
Allowable circulating fluid	—	60% ethylene glycol aqueous solution	Deionized water
DI level display range	MΩ∙cm	0 to 20	
DI level set range	MΩ∙cm	0 to 2.0 Note)	
DI level reduction alarm set range	MΩ∙cm	0 to 2.0	

Note) The DI filter is needed to control the DI level. (SMC Part No.: HRZ-DF001)

Please purchase additionally because the DI filter is not included in this option. Also, if necessary, additionally purchase the insulating material for the DI filter. (SMC Part No.: HRZ-DF002)



HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical Data

Related Products

#### **Option symbol Circulating Fluid Automatic Recovery**

HRZ[ ٠Z Circulating fluid automatic recovery

Select this option for customers who want to use the circulating fluid automatic recovery function.

The automatic recovery function is a device which can recover the circulating fluid inside pipings into a sub-tank of the Thermo-chiller by the external communication or operating display panel. Some components need to be fitted by the customer. For details, please consult "Product Specifications" information for these options.

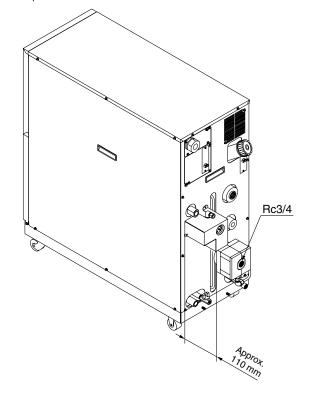
Applicable model		HRZ001-H-Z HRZ001-H1-Z HRZ002-H-Z HRZ002-H1-Z	HRZ001-L-Z HRZ002-L-Z HRZ004-L-Z HRZ004-H-Z HRZ008-H-Z HRZ001-L2-Z HRZ004-L2-Z HRZ002-W-Z HRZ008-W-Z HRZ010-WS-Z HRZ010-W2S-Z	HRZ001-L1-Z HRZ002-L1-Z HRZ004-L1-Z HRZ004-H1-Z HRZ008-H1-Z HRZ002-L2-Z HRZ008-L2-Z HRZ008-W1-Z HRZ008-W1-Z HRZ010-W1S-Z	HRZ008-L-Z HRZ008-L1-Z
Circulating fluid recoverable volume Note 1)	L	15	15 16 17		17
Purge gas	—	Nitrogen gas			
Purge gas supply port	—	Self-align fitting for O.D. ø8 Note 2)			
Purge gas supply pressure	MPa	0.4 to 0.7			
Purge gas filtration	μm	0.01 or less			
Regulator set pressure	MPa	0.15 to 0.3 Note 3)			
Recoverable circulating fluid temperature	°C	10 to 30			
Recovery start/stop	—	Start: External communication Note 4) or operation display panel / Stop: Automatic			
Timeout error	sec	Timer from recovery start to completion Stops recovering when the timer turns to set time. Possible set range: 60 to 300, at the time of shipping from the factory: 300			
Height difference with the customer system side	m	10 or less			

Note 1) This is the space volume of the sub-tank when the liquid level of the circulating fluid is within the specification. Guideline of the recovery volume is 80% of the circulating fluid recoverable volume.

Note 2) Before piping, clean inside the pipings with air blow, etc. Use the piping with no dust generation by purge gas. When using resin tube, where necessary, use insert fittings, etc. in order not to deform the tubings when connecting to self-align fittings

Note 3) At the time of shipping from factory, it is set to 0.2 MPa.

Note 4) For details, please consult our "Communication Specifications" information.





## Series HRZ **Specific Product Precautions 1**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Design

# \land Warning

#### 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.

- 1. For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the customer's system and this unit.
- 2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, the customer is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.

Selection

# \land Caution

#### 1. Model selection

In order to select the correct Thermo-chiller model, the amount of thermal generation from the customer's system, the operating circulating fluid, and its circulating flow are required. Select a model, by referring to the guideline to model selection on page 100.

#### 2. Option selection

Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

#### Handling

## 🗥 Warning

#### 1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

#### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

# A Caution

#### 1. Do not use in the following environment because it will lead to a breakdown.

- 1. Environment like written in "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.'
- 2. Locations where spatter will adhere to when welding.
- 3. Locations where it is likely that the leakage of flammable gas may occur.
- 4. Locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the limits as mentioned below.
  - During operation 10°C to 35°C
  - During storage 0°C to 50°C (but as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)
- 5. Locations where the ambient relative humidity exceeds the limit as mentioned below.
  - During operation 30% to 70%
  - During storage 15% to 85%
- 6. (Inside the operation facilities) locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 7. In locations where the ambient pressure exceeds the atmospheric pressure.
- 2. The Thermo-chiller does not have clean room specification. It generates dust from the pump inside the unit and the cooling fan for the unit inside.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

### 🗥 Caution

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1. Avoid oil or other foreign objects entering the circulating fluid.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

- 2. Use ethylene glycol that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 3. The condensation of ethylene glycol aqueous solution must be 60% or less. If the density is too high, the pump will be overloaded, resulting in occurrence of "Pump Breaker Trip FLT". Also, if the density is to low, the unit will freeze at lower temperatures, resulting in product failure.
- 4. Avoid water moisture entering the fluorinated fluid. Otherwise, the unit will freeze, resulting in product failure.
- 5. Use clear water (including for diluting ethylene glycol aqueous solution) which must meet the water quality standards as mentioned below.

#### Clear Water (as Circulating Water) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulating type - Supply water"

	Item	Unit	Standard value		
Standard item	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.0 to 8.0		
	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100 ^{*1} to 300 ^{*2}		
	Chloride ion	[mg/L]	50 or less		
	Sulfuric acid ion	[mg/L]	50 or less		
	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less		
	Total hardness	tal hardness [mg/L] 70 or less	70 or less		
Calcium hardness [mg/L] Ionic state silica [mg/L]	Calcium hardness	[mg/L]	50 or less		
	[mg/L]	30 or less			
	Iron	[mg/L]	0.3 or less		
	Copper	[mg/L]	0.1 or less		
Reference	Sulfide ion	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.		
item	Ammonium ion	[mg/L]	0.1 or less		
	Residual chlorine	[mg/L]	0.3 or less		
	Free carbon	[mg/L]	4.0 or less		
$*1$ Electrical conductivity ratio should be 100 [ $\mu$ S/cm] or more					

*2 In the case of  $[M\Omega \cdot cm]$ , it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

Transportation/Transfer/Movement

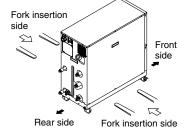
# \land Warning

#### 1. Transportation by forklift

- 1. It is not possible to hang this product.
- 2. The fork insertion position is either on the left side face or right side face of the unit. Be careful not to bump the fork against a caster or level foot and be sure to put through the fork to the opposite side.
- 3. Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

#### 2. Transportation by casters

- 1. This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people.
- 2. Do not grip the pipings on the rear side or the handles of the panel.



Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com



# Series HRZ **Specific Product Precautions 2**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Mounting/Installation

# A Caution

- 1. Avoid using this product outdoors.
- 2. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- 3. Install a suitable anchor bolt for the anti-quake bracket taking into consideration the customers floor material.
- 4. Avoid placing heavy objects on this product.

#### Piping

## A Caution

1. Regarding the circulating fluid pipings, consider carefully the suitability for shutoff pressure, temperature and circulating fluid.

If the operating performance specifications are regularly exceeded, the pipings may burst during operation.

2. The surface of the circulating fluid pipings should be covered with the insulating materials which can effectively confine the heat.

Absorbing the heat from the surface of pipings may reduce the cooling capacity performance and the heating capacity may be shortened due to heat radiation.

3. When using fluorinated liquid as the circulating fluid, do not use pipe tape.

Liquid leakage may occur around the pipe tape. For sealant, we recommend that you use the following sealant: SMC Part No., HRZ-S0003 (Silicone sealant)

4. For the circulating fluid pipings, use clean pipings which have no dust, oil or water moisture inside the pipings, and blow with air prior to undertaking any piping works.

If any dust, oil or water moisture enters the circulating fluid circuit, inferior cooling performance or equipment failure due to frozen water may occur, resulting in bubbles in the circulating fluid inside the tank.

5. The reciprocating total volume of the circulating fluid pipings must be less than the volume of the sub-tank.

Otherwise, when the equipment is stopped, the in-built alarm may activate or the circulating fluid may leak from the tank. Refer to the specifications table for the sub-tank volume.

6. Select the circulating fluid pipings which can exceed the required rated flow.

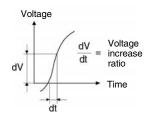
For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.

- 7. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 8. Do not return the circulating fluid to the unit by installing a pump in the customer system.

#### **Electrical Wiring**

### A Caution

- 1. Power supply and signal cable should be prepared by the customer.
- 2. Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion.



HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

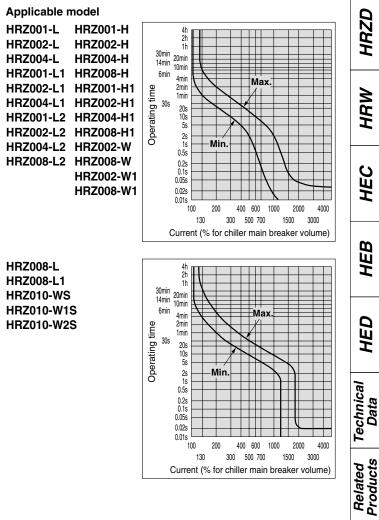
Data

If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 µsec., it may result in a malfunction.

#### 3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

For the customer's machine (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the customer's machine could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.

#### **Breaker Operating Characteristics**





## Series HRZ Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Operation

# **A**Caution

#### 1. Confirmation before operation

- 1. The circulating fluid should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW".
- 2. Be sure to tighten the cap for the circulating fluid port until the click sound is heard.

#### 2. Emergency stop method

In the case of an emergency, press down the EMO switch which is fitted on the front face of this product.

#### **Operation Restart Time**

## **A**Caution

1. Wait five minutes or more before restarting operation after it has been stopped. If the operation is restarted within five minutes, the protection circuit may activate and the operation may not start properly. Maintenance

### **Warning**

- 1. Do not operate the switch with wet hands or touch electrical parts such as an electrical plug. This will lead to an electrical shock.
- 2. Do not splash water directly on this product for cleaning. This will lead to an electrical shock or a fire.
- 3. When the panel was removed for the purpose of inspection or cleaning, mount the panel after works were done.

If the panel is still open, or running the equipment with the panel removed, it may cause an injury or electric shock.

# ▲ Caution

- 1. In order to prevent a sudden product failure of the unit, replace the replacement parts every 36 months.
- 2. Perform an inspection of the circulating fluid every 3 months.
  - 1. In the case of fluorinated fluids: Discharge the circulating liquid and avoid any dirty objects, or water moisture, or foreign objects entering the system.
  - In the case of ethylene glycol aqueous solution: Maintain the condensation at 60%.
  - 3. In the case of clear water, deionized water:
  - Replacement is recommended.
- 3. Check the water quality of cooling water every 3 months.

Regarding the water quality standards for cooling water, refer to "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions".

# **Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller**

# Refrigerated Dual Thermo-chiller Series HRZD

# Temperature for two systems can be controlled separately by one chiller.

0.....

Example Temperature control of chamber

electrode

#### Energysaving Double inverter type More effective energy-saving is

СН1

CH2

More effective energy-saving is achieved through use of a **DC inverter compressor** and an **inverver** pump.

Power consumption: Reduced by 84% 2.2 kWh/h

International

standards:

(Conventional model: 13.8 kWh/h)

#### Facility water consumption: Reduced by 90% 4 L/min (Conventional model: 40 L/min)

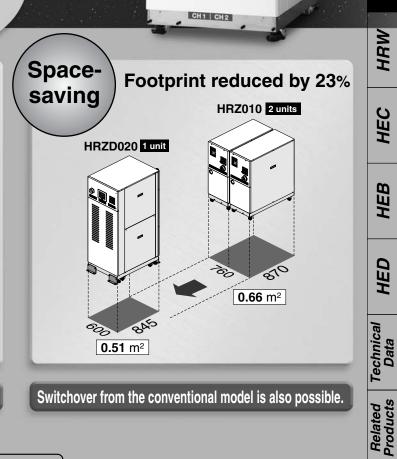
Conditions: Circulating fluid temperature –10°C, Galden[®] HT135 x 20 L/min, Piping 3/4 inch x 4 m, Idling 50%, Process 50% operation with 2 kW customer load, 60 Hz

Reduced wiring, piping and labor

Single power cable, single facility-water piping system

SEMI Standard

S2-0706, S8-0308, F47-0706



HRG

**HRGC** 

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

THERMO CHILLER

# Series HRZD

- Temperature range setting: -30 to 90°C (Fluorinated fluid)
- Temperature stability: ±0.1°C
- Circulating fluid flow range: 10 to 40 L/min
- Cooling capacity: Max. 10 kW x 2 ch
- Type of circulating fluid:

Galden[®] Fluorinert[™] Ethylene glycol aqueous solution

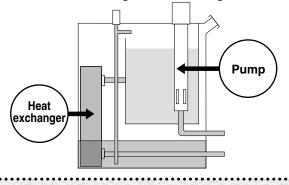
Communications: Contact input/output (Standard equipment)

Serial RS-485/RS-232C Analog communication (Selectable on the touch panel)

#### Leakless

#### All in Tank

Accommodation of a pump and a heat exchanger inside the tank can eliminate the external leakage of circulating fluid.



#### Specifications (Fluorinated Fluid Type)

0

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80 .

Model	HRZD020-WS-WS				
Channel	1	2			
Cooling method	Water-cooled refrigeration				
Cooling capacity Note 1) (kW)	9.5 (Circulating fluid temperature at 20°C)	9.5 (Circulating fluid temperature at 20°C)			
Temperature range setting (°C)	-30 to 90	-30 to 90	Note		
Temperature stability (°C)	±0.1 Note 2)	±0.1 Note 2)	Note		
Circulating fluid flow range Note 3) (L/min)	10 to 40	10 to 40			
Circulating fluid	-30 to 40°C: Galden [®] HT135 ^{Note 4} ) Fluorinert [™] FC-3283 ^{Note 4} ) 20 to 90°C: Galden [®] HT200 ^{Note 4} ) Fluorinert [™] FC-40 ^{Note 4} )				
Refrigerant	R404A (HFC)	R404A (HFC)	1		
Pump capacity Note 5) (MPa)	Max. 0.72 (at 20 L/min) With flow control function by inverter	Max. 0.72 (at 20 L/min) With flow control function by inverter	Note 5		
Main tank capacity Note 6) (L)	Approx.15	Approx.15	Note		
Sub-tank capacity Note 7) (L)	Approx.16	Approx.16			
Circulating fluid connection port size (Outlet/Return port)	Rc3/4	Rc3/4			
Facility water (°C/MPa)	10 to 35 / 0.3 to 0.7				
Facility water required flow rate Note 8) (L/min)	15 (Facility water temperature at 25°C) 15 (Facility water temperature at 25°C)				
Facility water connection port size (Inlet/Outlet)	Rc1/2 (Single system for Channel 1, 2)				
Power supply	3-phase, 50/60 Hz, AC200, 200 to 208 V ±10%				
Main breaker capacity (A)	60				
Dimensions Note 9) (mm)	W600 x D845 x H1525				
Weight Note 10) (kg)	380				
Communications	Serial RS-485/RS-232C (D-sub9 pin), Contact input/output, Analog input/output (D-sub25 pin)				

- Values of facility water at 25°C, circulating fluid flow rate 20 L/min. Values when the heat generation source is directly connected to the circulating fluid circuit in this product. Common for 50/60 Hz.
- ) Values may go beyond the specified range depending on the operating condition.
- Depending on the piping specifications of the customer system, it may not be controlled by the set value.
- Galden® is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc. Fluorinert[™] is a trademark of 3M. Circulating fluid temperature at 20°C, Capacity

at the outlet on this product. Common for 50/60 Hz.

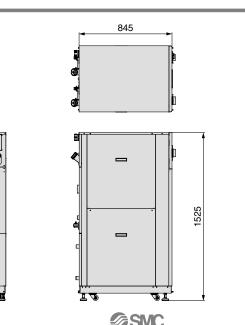
) Minimum volume required for operating this product only. (Circulating fluid temperature at 20°C, including volume for the piping and the heat exchanger inside this product)

Preliminary space volume without main tank capacity. Use for collecting circulating fluid inside the external piping or for preliminary injection.

- B) Required flow rate during the temperature drop. Possible to operate this product at approx. 1 to 2 L/min when there is no load.
- Dimensions between panels, not including the dimensions of protrusion such as a breaker handle

0) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

#### Dimensions





# **Circulating Fluid Temperature Controller**

# Water-cooled Thermo-chiller Series HRW

Refrigerant-free and energy saving type using no compressor. Ideal for ordinary temperature and high temperature processes.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

• Type of circulating fluid: Fluorinated fluids/Ethylene glycol aqueous solution/Clear water, Deionized water

• Temperature range setting: 20 to 90°C • Cooling capacity: 2 kW/8 kW/15 kW/30 kW

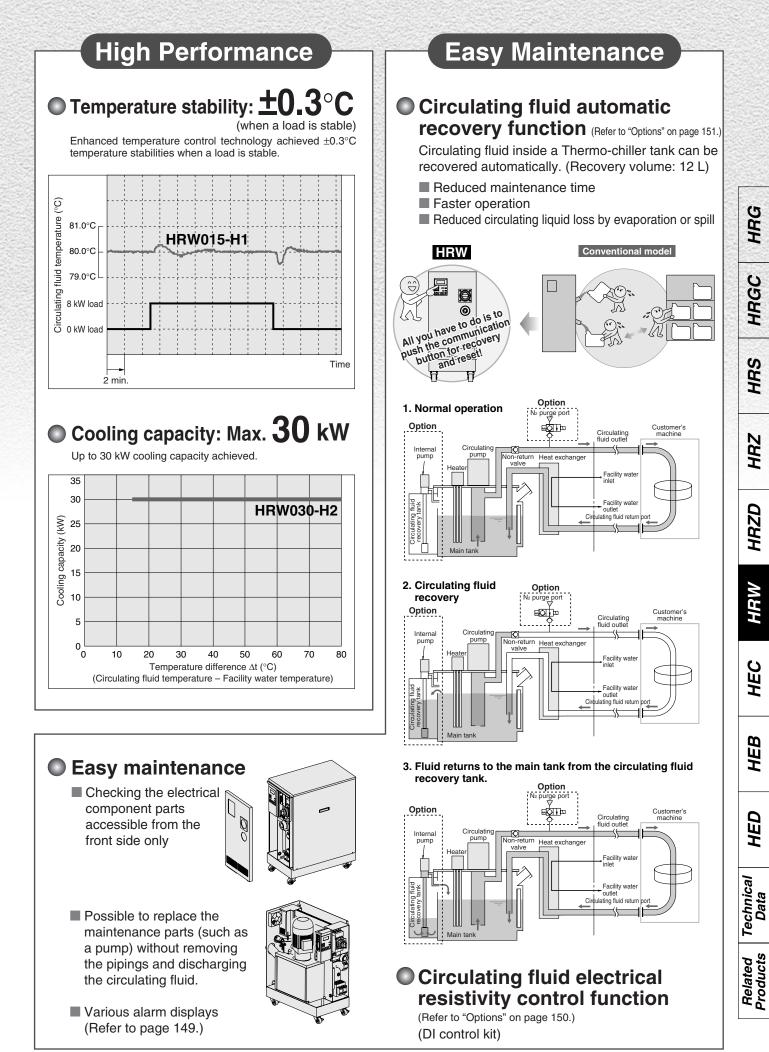
●Temperature stability: ±0 3°C

# More effective energy-saving through use of an **INVERTER** pump



Energy-Saving and I	Refrigerant-free
	Conventional model
Energy-saving and refrigerant-free (Ordinary temperature up to 90°C) The water-cooled Thermo-chiller which does not use a com- pressor (refrigerant-free) is suitable for processes operating from ordinary temperature to 90°C. The energy-savings shown below can be achieved in comparison with existing models (depending on the conditions).	Facility water circuit Refrigeration circuit Circulating fluid circuit Heat exchanger
Power consumption: Max. 59% reduction (SMC comparison) The power consumption can be reduced by direct heat ex- change between the circulating fluid and facility water with no refrigerating circuit. Conventional model HRW008-H 1.9 kWh/h Operating conditions: 60°C, 0 kW with 50% load, 8 kW with 50% load	Facility water circuit Circulating fluid circuit Heat exchanger
<ul> <li>Reduced running cost</li> <li>Contribution to the environmental preservation</li> <li>Circulating fluid: Max. 13% reduction (SMC comparison)</li> <li>Enhanced temperature control technology and the unique pump/tank construction achieved the reduced circulating fluid required for operation.</li> </ul>	Facility water: Max. 89% reduction (SMC comparison) The HRW series can achieve reduction in power consumption as it does not have a compressor, and reduction in the amount of facility water used because heat is exchanged directly with the circulating fluid.
Conventional model 15 L HRW008-H 13 L Comparison of the required circulating fluid inside a Thermo-chiller	Conventional model 11.2 L/min HRW008-H 1.2 L/min Operating conditions: 60°C, 0 kW with 50% load, 8 kW with 50% load, By-pass valve fully closed
<ul> <li>Reduced initial cost</li> <li>Contribution to the environmental preservation</li> <li>Pump Inverter Type</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduced facilities investment</li> <li>Space saved facility water equipment</li> <li>Reduced running cost</li> </ul>
More effective energy-saving is achieved through use of an <i>in</i> Power consumption: Max. 89% reduction (SMC comparison)	• Facility water: Max. 89% reduction
Conventional model 4.6 kWh/h HRW008-HS 0.5 kWh/h	Conventional 11.2 L/min 11.2 L/min 1.2 L/min
Operating conditions: 60°C, 0 kW with 50% load, 8 kW with 50% load	Operating conditions: 60°C, 0 kW with 50% load, 8 kW with 50% load, By-pass valve fully closed
Space-Sa	HRW Thermo-chiller with exhaust from the side
<ul> <li>Installation area: Max. 45% reduction (SMC comparison)</li> <li>(Forced exhaust from rear side)</li> <li>By emitting the heat from the back, ventilation slits on the side are un necessary offering reduced installation space.</li> </ul>	
Thermo-chiller with exhaust from the side: Body space: W400 mm x D845 mm Ventilation space: 100 mm	
<b>HRW008-H</b> : Body space: W380 mm x D665 mm Ventilation space: 0	988 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	<b>0.51</b> m ² 0.93 m ²

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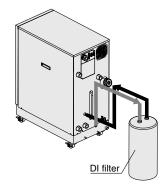
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### **Electrical Resistivity Control**

### DI control kit

(Refer to "Options" on page 150.)

Electrical resistivity of circulating fluid (ethylene glycol aqueous solution and deionized water) can be controlled.



### Communications

- Contact input/output signal
- Serial RS-485 communication
- Analog communication (Refer to "Options" on page 150.)
- DeviceNet communication (Refer to "Options" on page 150.)

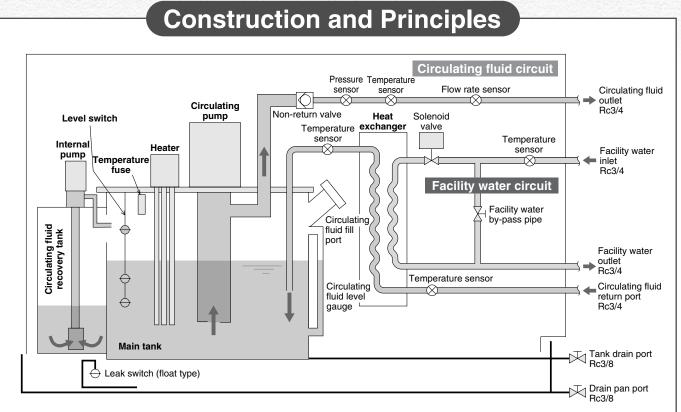
#### DeviceNet.

# Wetted parts adopt the materials compatible for various circulating fluids.

(Stainless steel, EPDM, etc.)

- Fluorinated fluids: Flourinert[™] FC-40 GALDEN[®] HT200
- 60% ethylene glycol aqueous solution
- Deionized water/Clear water

Regarding the fluid other than the above, please contact SMC. Flourinert[™] is a trademark of 3M. GALDEN[®] is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc.



#### **Circulating fluid circuit**

With the **circulating pump**, circulating fluid will be discharged to the customer's machine side. After the circulating fluid will heat or cool the customer's machine side, it will be returned to the **main tank** via the **heat exchanger**. When the automatic circulating fluid recovery function, which recovers the circulating fluid from the customer's machine, is selected (refer to page 131), a **sub-tank** for recovery is installed. The **internal pump** is used to transfer a circulating fluid from the **sub-tank** to the **main tank**.

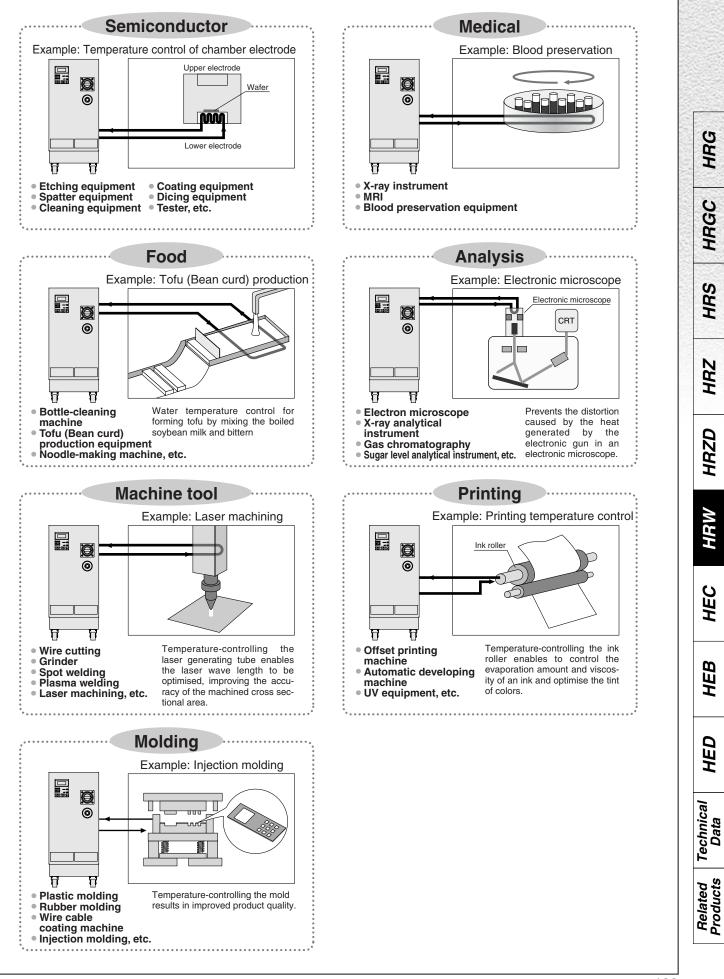
#### Facility water circuit

When the circulating fluid temperature rises higher than the set temperature, open the **solenoid valve** to introduce facility water to the **heat exchanger**.

When the circulating fluid temperature falls back below the set temperature, close the **solenoid valve** to shut off facility water to the **heat exchanger**.



### **Application Examples**



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HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

**Related Products** 



#### Model Selection

- Guide to Model Selection ..... P. 136
- Required Cooling Capacity Calculation .... P. 137, 138
- Precautions on Model Selection ..... P. 138 • Circulating Fluid Typical Physical
  - ..... P. 139 Property Values .....

#### Fluorinated Fluid Type

How to Order/Specifications P. 140	
Cooling Capacity/Heating Capacity/	
Pump Capacity P. 141	

#### Ethylene Glycol Type

How to Order/Specifications P. 142
Cooling Capacity/Heating Capacity/
Pumping Capacity P. 143

#### Clear/Deionized Water Type

How to Order/Specifications	P. 144
Cooling Capacity/Heating Capacity/	
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#### Common Specifications

Dimensions ······P.	146
Communication Function P.	147
Contact Input/Output ······ P.	147
• Serial RS-485·····P.	148
Connector Location P.	148
Operation Panel Display P.	149
Alarm P.	149

#### Options

Analog Communication	Ρ.	150
DeviceNet Communication	Ρ.	150
NPT Fitting ······	Ρ.	150
DI Control Kit	Ρ.	150
• Circulating Fluid Automatic Recovery ····	Ρ.	151

#### Optional Accessories

By-pass Piping Set ····· P. 152
Anti-quake Bracket ······ P. 152
• 4-Port Manifold ······ P. 153
• DI Filter P. 153
<ul> <li>Insulating Material for DI Filter P. 153</li> </ul>
Contaminant Filter ····· P. 154
<ul> <li>60% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous</li> </ul>
Solution ····· P. 154
Concentration Meter ····· P. 154
Specific Product PrecautionsP. 155 to 157

HRZ

HEB

Technical Data

Related Products



#### **Guide to Model Selection**

#### 1. How much is the temperature in degrees centigrade for the circulating fluid?

Temperature range which can be set with the Thermo-chiller

H: 20°C to 90°C

Example) Customer requirement: 50°C

#### 2. What kind of the circulating fluids will be used?

Relationship between circulating fluid (which can be used with the Thermo-chiller) and temperature

Fluorinated fluids: Fluorinert[™] FC-40/GALDEN[®] HT200

4	60% ethylene glycol aqueous solution	
	Clear water/Deionized water	
► 		
20°C		90°C

Example) Customer requirement: Clear water

3. How much is the temperature in degrees centigrade for the facility water?

Temperature range which can be set with the Thermo-chiller

10°C to 35°C

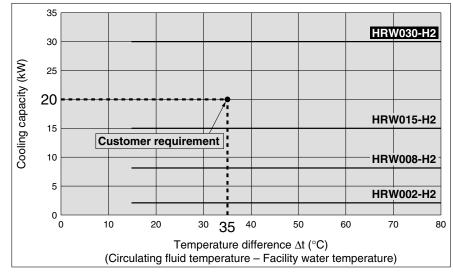
Example) Facility water temperature of customer's machine: 15°C

Temperature difference between the circulating fluid and facility water is: 50 – 15 = 35°C.

#### 4. What is the kW for the required cooling capacity?

Plot the point where the temperature difference between the circulating fluid and facility Example) Customer water (35°C) intersects the cooling capacity (20 kW) in the cooling capacity graph. requirement: 20 kW

#### [Cooling Capacity Graph] Circulating Fluid: Clear Water/Deionized Water



The point plotted in the graph is the requirement from your customer. Select the Thermo-chiller models exceeding this point. In this case, select the HRW030-H2.

Fluorinert[™] is a trademark of 3M. GALDEN[®] is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc

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HRG

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HRW

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Technical Data

**Related Products** 

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

#### Example 1: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is known.

#### Heat generation amount Q: 3.5 kW

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 x 1.2 = 4.2 kW

#### Example 2: When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is not known.

#### Obtain the temperature difference between inlet and outlet by circulating the circulating fluid inside the customer's machine.

Heat generation amount Q : Unknown Circulating fluid temperature difference  $\Delta T (= T2 - T1)$ : 6.0°C (6.0 K) Circulating fluid outlet temperature T1 Circulating fluid return temperature T2 Circulating fluid flow rate L Circulating fluid

: 20°C (293.15 K) : 26°C (299.15 K) · 20 I /min : Fluorinated fluid Density γ: 1.80 x 10³ kg/m³ Specific heat C: 0.96 x 103 J/(kg·K) (at 20°C)

* Refer to page 139 for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.

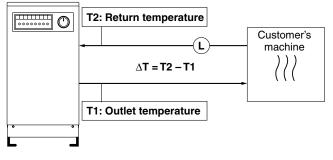
 $\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\Delta \mathbf{T} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{x} \boldsymbol{\gamma} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C}}{\mathbf{C}}$ 60 x 1000

> 6.0 x 20 x 1.80 x 10³ x 0.96 x 10³ 60 x 1000

= 3456 W = 3.5 kW

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 3.5 x 1.2 = 4.2 kW

Thermo-chiller



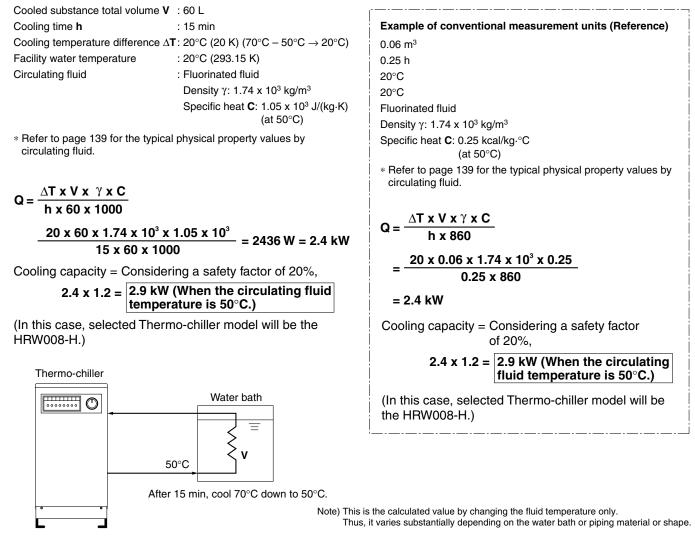
Unknown
6.0°C
20°C
26°C
1.2 m³/h
Fluorinated fluid
Density γ: 1.80 x 10 ³ kg/m ³
Specific heat <b>C</b> : 0.23 kcal/kg.°C
(at 20°C)
<ul> <li>Refer to page 139 for the typical physical property values by circulating fluid.</li> </ul>
$\mathbf{Q} = \frac{\Delta \mathbf{T} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{x} \boldsymbol{\gamma} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{C}}{860}$
800
6.0 x 1.2 x 1.80 x 10 ³ x 0.23
=
= 3.5 kW
Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%,
3.5 x 1.2 = 4.2 kW

Example of conventional measurement units (Reference)

### **Model Selection**

#### **Required Cooling Capacity Calculation**

## Example 3. When there is no heat generation, and when cooling the object below a certain temperature and period of time.



#### **Precautions on Model Selection**

#### 1. Temperature difference between the circulating fluid and facility water

The HRW series exchanges heat between the circulating fluid and facility water directly, so it may not be possible to lower the circulating fluid temperature to the set temperature if the facility water temperature is too high. Check that the facility water temperature can be maintained for the circulating fluid temperature referring to the cooling capacity graph of each model before using.

#### 2. Heating capacity

When setting the circulating fluid temperature at a higher temperature than the room temperature, the circulating fluid temperature will be heated with the Thermo-chiller. Heating capacity varies depending on the circulating fluid temperature. Also, the heating capacity varies depending on the circulating fluid temperature. Consider the heat radiation amount or thermal capacity of the customer's equipment. Check beforehand if the required heating capacity is provided, based on the heating capacity graph for the respective model.

#### 3. Pump capacity

#### <Circulating fluid flow rate>

Pump capacity varies depending on the model selected from the HRW series. Also, circulating fluid flow varies depending on the circulating fluid discharge pressure. Consider the installation height difference between our Thermo-chiller and a customer's machine, and the piping resistance such as circulating fluid pipings, or piping size, or piping curves in the machine. Check beforehand if the required flow rate is achieved, using the pump capacity curves for each respective model.

#### <Circulating fluid discharge pressure>

Circulating fluid discharge pressure has the possibility to increase up to the maximum pressure in the pump capacity curves for the respective model. Check beforehand if the circulating fluid pipings or circulating fluid circuit of the customer's machine are fully durable against this pressure.



### **Model Selection**

#### **Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values**

* The above shown are reference values. Please contact circulating fluid supplier for details.

Fluorinated Fluids	Flu	orin	ated	Flu	ids
--------------------	-----	------	------	-----	-----

Physical property	Density $\gamma$	Specific heat C	
Temperature	[kg/m³] [g/L]	[J/(kg⋅K)]	([kcal/kg⋅°C])
–10°C	1.87 x 10 ³	0.87 x 10 ³	0.21
20°C	1.80 x 10 ³	0.96 x 10 ³	0.23
50°C	1.74 x 10 ³	1.05 x 10 ³	0.25
80°C	1.67 x 10 ³	1.14 x 10 ³	0.27

#### 60% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

Physical property	<b>Density</b> γ	Specific heat C	
Value     Temperature	[kg/m³] [g/L]	[J/(kg⋅K)]	([kcal/kg⋅°C])
–10°C	1.10 x 10 ³	3.02 x 10 ³	0.72
20°C	1.08 x 10 ³	3.15 x 10 ³	0.75
50°C	1.06 x 10 ³	3.27 x 10 ³	0.78
80°C	1.04 x 10 ³	3.40 x 10 ³	0.81

#### Water

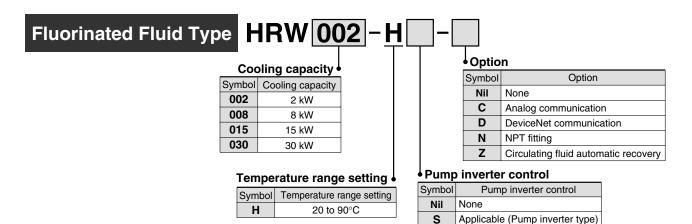
Density γ: 1 x 10³ [kg/m³] [g/L]

Specific heat C: 4.2 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)] (1.0 [kcal/kg·°C])

# Thermo-chiller Fluorinated Fluid Type Series HRW



#### How to Order



#### Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

		Model	HRW002-H HRW002-HS	HRW008-H HRW008-HS	HRW015-H HRW015-HS	HRW030-H HRW030-HS			
Coo	ling n	nethod		Water	cooled	·			
Amb	ient t	emperature/humidity Note 1)			, Humidity: 30 to 70%RH				
	Circ	ulating fluid Note 2)		Fluorinert [™] FC-40/GALDEN [®] HT200					
	Tem	perature range setting Note 1) (°C	)	20 t	o 90				
_	Cooli	ng capacity (50/60 Hz common) (kV	) 2	8	15	29			
ter	su	Circulating fluid temperature (°C	)	Facility water to	emperature +15	•			
sys	Circulating fluid temperature (°C) Facility water temperature (°C) Circulating fluid rated flow (L/min)		)	10 t	o 35				
id	pu	Circulating fluid rated flow (L/mir	) 4	30	40	40			
Ę	ပိ	Facility water required flow rate (L/mir	) 10	20	25	40			
tinç	Tem	perature stability Note 3) (°C	)	±(	).3	•			
ula	Pum	p capacity Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (MPa	) 0.40/0.60 (at 4 L/min)	0.45/0.65 (at 30 L/min)	0.40/0.60 (at 40 L/min)	0.40/0.60 (at 40 L/min)			
υ	Circu	llating fluid flow range Note 5)(L/min	) 3 to 16	3 to 16 9 to 50					
	Tan	k capacity Note 6) (I	Approx. 13 Approx. 14						
	Circul	ating fluid recovery tank volume Note 7) (L	12						
	Port	size		Rc3/4					
	Wet	ted parts material	Copper brazin	Copper brazing (Heat exchanger), Stainless steel, EPDM, Silicone, PPS, Fluororesin					
	Tem	perature range (°C	)	10 t	o 35				
racility water system	Req	uired flow rate Note 8) (L/mir	) 10	20	25	40			
system	Inlet	pressure range (MPa	)	0.3 to 0.7					
s) ac	Port	size		Rc3/4					
Ľ	Wet	ted parts material	Copper braz	ing (Heat exchanger), Stainle	ess steel, EPDM, Silicone, E	Bronze, Brass			
<b>.</b> _	Pow	er supply	3-phase 200/200 to 208 VAC ±10%						
system	Max	. operating current (A	26						
sys	Brea	aker capacity (A	)	30					
U	Con	nmunications	Seria	Serial RS-485 (D-sub 9 pin) and Contact input/output (D-sub 25 pin)					
		ns Note 9) (mn	)	W380 x D665 x H860					
Weig	ght ^{Not}	ie 10) (kg	) Appr	ox. 90	Appro	ox. 100			
Safe	ty sta	indards	UL, CE mark	ing, SEMI (S2-0703, S8-110	3, F47-0200), SEMATECH (	S2-93, S8-95)			

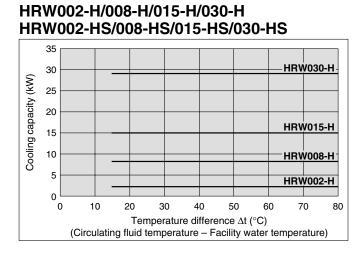
Note 2) Fluorinert[™] is a trademark of 3M and GALDEN[®] is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc. Regarding the fluid other than the above, please contact SMC.
Note 3) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid and facility water are rated flow, and the circulating fluid outlet and return port are directly connected. Installation environment, power supply, and facility water are within specification range and stable. Value obtained 10 minutes after the external load is stabilized. It may be out of ±0.3°C in some other operating conditions.
Note 4) The capacity at the circulating fluid outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C. Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW□□□-HS (pump inverter type).
Note 5) Applicable to the HRW□□□-HS (pump inverter type) only.
Note 6) Minimum volume required for operating only the Thermo-chiller. (Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, including the Thermo-chiller's internal pipings or heat exchanger) Note 7) The automatic circulating fluid recovering function will be provided by selecting option Z for collecting the circulating fluid inside an external piping.
Note 8) Panel dimensions. These dimensions do not include possible protrusions such as a breaker handle.

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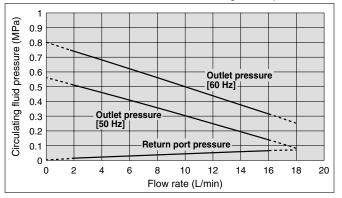
#### **Cooling Capacity**



#### Pump Capacity

#### HRW002-H HRW002-HS

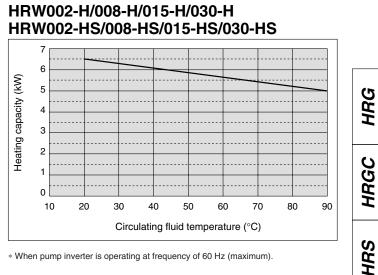
Circulating fluid: Fluorinated fluids Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C



* If the circulating fluid flow drops below 2 L/min., the shutdown alarm activates and operation stops. Do not use the product when the flow exceeds 16 L/min., since the flow cannot be displayed accurately.

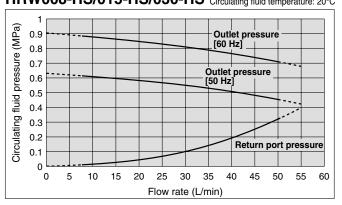
* Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW002-HS (pump inverter type).

#### **Heating Capacity**



* When pump inverter is operating at frequency of 60 Hz (maximum).

#### HRW008-H/015-H/030-H HRW008-HS/015-HS/030-HS Circulating fluid: Fluorinated fluids Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C



* If the circulating fluid flow drops below 8 L/min., the shutdown alarm activates and operation stops. Do not use the product when the flow exceeds 50 L/min., since the flow cannot be displayed accurately. * Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW008-HS/015-

HS/030-HS (pump inverter type).

HRZ

HRZD

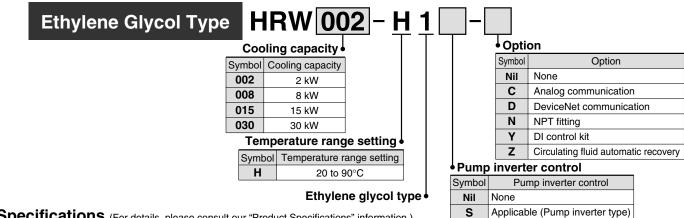
HRW

HEC

# Thermo-chiller Ethylene Glycol Type Series HRW



#### How to Order



Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

Model				HRW002-H1 HRW002-H1S	HRW008-H1 HRW008-H1S	HRW015-H1 HRW015-H1S	HRW030-H1 HRW030-H1S		
Cool	ing m	ethod		Water-cooled					
Amb	ient te	emperature/humidity	Note 1)		Temperature: 10 to 35°C	, Humidity: 30 to 70%RH			
	Circu	ulating fluid Note 2)			60% ethylene glyco	ol aqueous solution			
	Temp	perature range setting ¹	Note 1) (°C)		20 t	o 90			
_	Coolir	ng capacity (50/60 Hz comr	non) (kW)	2	8	15	27		
ten	Su	Circulating fluid tempera	ature (°C)		Facility water te	emperature +15			
sys	tio	Facility water tempera	ture (°C)		10 t	o 35			
iq	onditions	Circulating fluid rated flor	w (L/min)	4	15	30	40		
j f l	ပိ	Facility water required flow ra	te (L/min)	10	15	25	40		
ting	Tem	perature stability Note	³⁾ (°C)		±0	).3			
Circulating fluid system	Pump	capacity Note 4) (50/60 H	iz) (MPa)	0.35/0.55 (at 4 L/min)	0.45/0.65 (at 15 L/min)	0.40/0.60 (at 30 L/min)	0.35/0.55 (at 40 L/min)		
Sirc	Circulating fluid flow range Note 5)(L/min)			3 to 16 9 to 50					
	Tank capacity Note 6) (L)			Approx. 13					
	Circulating fluid recovery tank volume Note 7)(L)			12					
	Port	size		Rc3/4					
	Wetted parts material			Nickel brazing (Heat exchanger), Stainless steel, EPDM, Silicone, PPS, Fluororesin					
5	Tem	perature range	(°C)		10 t	o 35			
Facility water system	Requ	uired flow rate Note 8)	(L/min)	10	15	25	40		
sility wa	Inlet	pressure range	(MPa)		0.3 t	o 0.7			
s	Port	size				3/4			
ш	Wett	ed parts material		Nickel brazing (Heat exchanger), Stainless steel, EPDM, Silicone, Bronze, Brass					
<u> </u>	Pow	er supply		3-phase 200/200 to 208 VAC ±10%					
Electrical system	Max.	operating current	(A)	26					
sys	Brea	ker capacity	(A)	30					
_		munications		Serial	RS-485 (D-sub 9 pin) and C	Contact input/output (D-sub 2	25 pin)		
		IS Note 9)	(mm)		W380 x D6	65 x H860			
Weig	ght Note	e 10)	(kg)		Appro	ox. 90			
Safe	ty sta	ndards		UL, CE marki	ng, SEMI (S2-0703, S8-110	3, F47-0200), SEMATECH (	(S2-93, S8-95)		
Note 1)	It sho	uld have no condensatior	າ.						

Note 2) Dilute pure ethylene glycol with clear water. Additives invading wetting parts material such as preservatives cannot be used.

Note 3) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid and facility water are rated flow, and the circulating fluid outlet and return port are directly connected. Installation environment, power supply, and facility water are within specification range and stable. Value obtained 10 minutes after the external load is stabilized (after stabilization with no load for HRW030-H1). It may be out of this range when a DI control kit (option Y) is used or in some other operating conditions.

(pump inverter type).

Note 5) Applicable to the HRW $\Box\Box$ -H1S (pump inverter type) only.

Note 6) Minimum volume required for operating only the Thermo-chiller. (Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, including the Thermo-chiller's internal pipings or heat exchanger) Note 7) The automatic circulating fluid recovering function will be provided by selecting option Z for collecting the circulating fluid inside an external piping.

Note 8) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability

Note 9) Panel dimensions. These dimensions do not include possible protrusions such as a breaker handle.

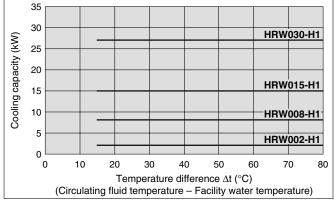
Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

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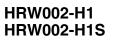
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#### **Cooling Capacity**

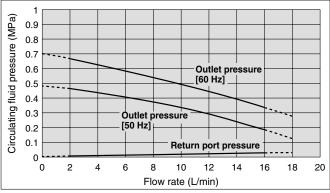
#### HRW002-H1/008-H1/015-H1/030-H1 HRW002-H1S/008-H1S/015-H1S/030-H1S



#### Pump Capacity



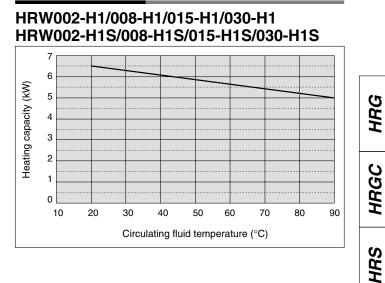
Circulating fluid: 60% ethylene glycol Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C



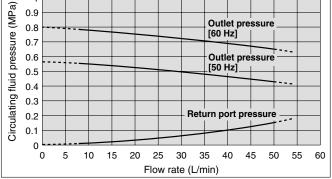
* If the circulating fluid flow drops below 2 L/min., the shutdown alarm activates and operation stops. Do not use the product when the flow exceeds 16 L/min., since the flow cannot be displayed accurately.

 Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW002-H1S (pump inverter type).

#### Heating Capacity



#### HRW008-H1/015-H1/030-H1 HRW008-H1S/015-H1S/030-H1S Circulating fluid: 60% ethylene glycol Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C



* If the circulating fluid flow drops below 8 L/min., the shutdown alarm activates and operation stops. Do not use the product when the flow exceeds 50 L/min., since the flow cannot be displayed accurately.

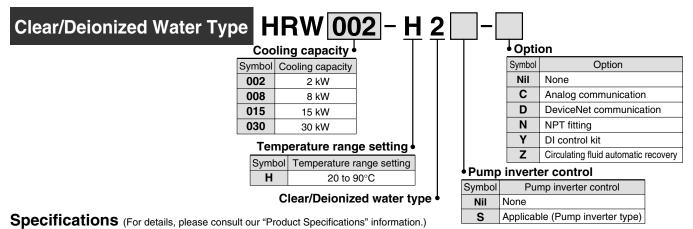
 Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW008-H1S/015-H1S/030-H1S (pump inverter type).



HRZ

# Thermo-chiller Clear/Deionized Water Type Series HRW

#### How to Order



Model				HRW002-H2 HRW002-H2S	HRW008-H2 HRW008-H2S	HRW015-H2 HRW015-H2S	HRW030-H2 HRW030-H2S			
Cool	ing m	ethod		Water-cooled						
Amb	ient te	emperature/humidity	Note 1)		Temperature: 10 to 35°C	, Humidity: 30 to 70%RH				
	Circu	Ilating fluid Note 2)			Clear water, D	eionized water				
	Temp	erature range setting ^r	Note 1) (°C)		20 t	o 90				
_	Coolin	g capacity (50/60 Hz comr	non) (kW)	2	8	15	30			
sten	us I	Circulating fluid tempera	ture (°C)		Facility water te	emperature +15				
sys	nditions	Facility water tempera	ture (°C)		10 t	o 35				
lid	pu	Circulating fluid rated flow	« (L/min)	4	15	30	40			
g fli	Ö	Facility water required flow rate	te (L/min)	10	15	25	40			
ting		perature stability Note	( )		±0	.3	r			
Circulating fluid system	Pump capacity Note 4) (50/60 Hz) (MPa)			0.35/0.55 (at 4 L/min)	0.45/0.65 (at 15 L/min)	0.40/0.60 (at 30 L/min)	0.35/0.55 (at 40 L/min)			
Circ		ating fluid flow range Not	^{e 5)} (L/min)	3 to 16	3 to 16 9 to 50					
Ŭ	Tank capacity Note 6)(L)			Approx. 13						
	Circulating fluid recovery tank volume Note 7)(L)			12						
	Port size			Rc3/4						
	Wetted parts material			Nickel brazing (Heat exchanger), Stainless steel, EPDM, Silicone, PPS, Fluororesin						
e l		perature range	(°C)		10 t	o 35	1			
Facility water system	Requ	ired flow rate Note 8)	(L/min)	10	15	25	40			
system	Inlet	pressure range	(MPa)		0.3 t	o 0.7				
acil	Port	size		Rc3/4						
ш.		ed parts material		Nickel brazing (Heat exchanger), Stainless steel, EPDM, Silicone, Bronze, Brass						
_ a		er supply		3-phase 200/200 to 208 VAC ±10%						
Electrical system		operating current	(A)	26						
sys		ker capacity	(A)	30						
_		munications		Serial	RS-485 (D-sub 9 pin) and C		25 pin)			
		S Note 9)	(mm)		W380 x D6	65 x H860				
	ght Note		(kg)		11	ox. 90				
	-	ndards		UL, CE marki	ng, SEMI (S2-0703, S8-110	3, F47-0200), SEMATECH (	S2-93, S8-95)			
		Id have no condensation		ase use water that conforms to W	later Quality Standards of the Jan	an Refrigeration and Air Condition	aing Industry Association ( IBA GI			

Note 2) If clear water or deionized water is used, please use water that conforms to Water Quality Standards of the Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association (JRA GL-02-1994/cooling water system - circulation type - make-up water). The electrical conductivity of the deionized water used as the fluid varies depending on the operating conditions. Note 3) Outlet temperature when the circulating fluid and facility water are rated flow, and the circulating fluid outlet and return port are directly connected. Installation environment,

power supply, and facility water are within specification range and stable. Value obtained 10 minutes after the external load is stabilized (after stabilization with no load for HRW030-H2). It may be out of this range when a DI control kit (option Y) is used or in some other operating conditions. Note 4) The capacity at the circulating fluid outlet when the circulating fluid temperature is 20°C. Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW

(pump inverter type)

Note 5) Applicable to the HRW□□□-H2S (pump inverter type) only. Note 6) Minimum volume required for operating only the Thermo-chiller. (Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C, including the Thermo-chiller's internal pipings or heat exchanger) Note 7) The automatic circulating fluid recovering function will be provided by selecting option Z for collecting the circulating fluid inside an external piping.

Note 8) Required flow rate for cooling capacity or maintaining the temperature stability. Note 9) Panel dimensions. These dimensions do not include possible protrusions such as a breaker handle.

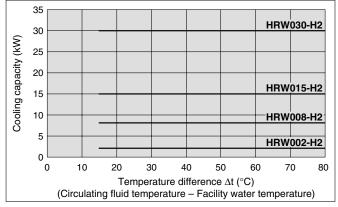
Note 10) Weight in the dry state without circulating fluids

a 144

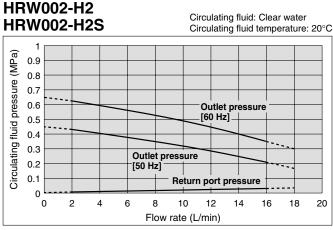
**SMC** Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

#### **Cooling Capacity**

#### HRW002-H2/008-H2/015-H2/030-H2 HRW002-H2S/008-H2S/015-H2S/030-H2S



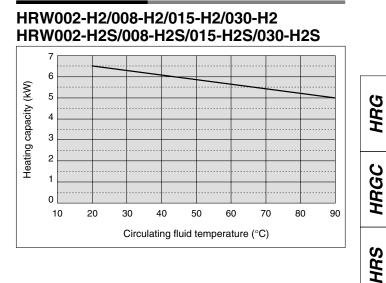
#### Pump Capacity



* If the circulating fluid flow drops below 2 L/min., the shutdown alarm activates and operation stops. Do not use the product when the flow exceeds 16 L/min., since the flow cannot be displayed accurately.

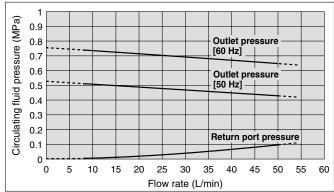
 Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW002-H2S (pump inverter type).

#### Heating Capacity



#### HRW008-H2/015-H2/030-H2 HRW008-H2S/015-H2S/030-H2S

Circulating fluid: Clear water Circulating fluid temperature: 20°C



* If the circulating fluid flow drops below 8 L/min., the shutdown alarm activates and operation stops. Do not use the product when the flow exceeds 50 L/min., since the flow cannot be displayed accurately.

Pump capacity at 60 Hz indicates the maximum capacity of the HRW008-H2S/015-H2S/030-H2S (pump inverter type). HRZ

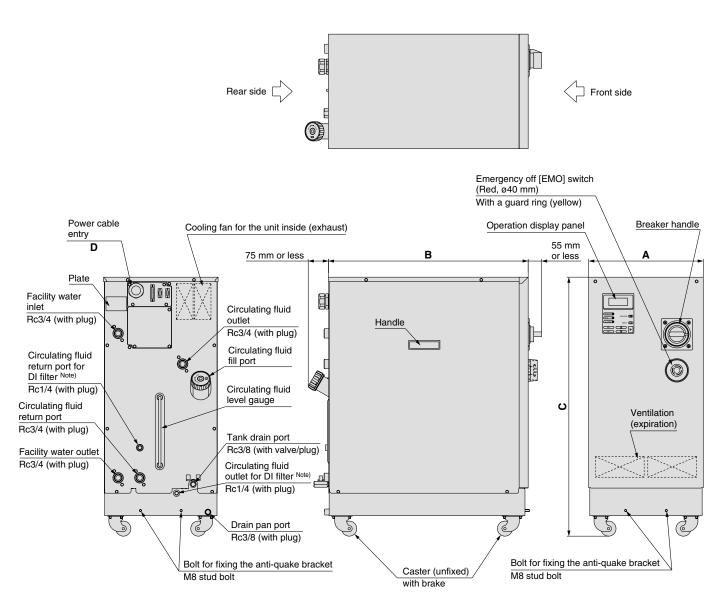
HRZD

HRW

HEC

## Series HRW **Common Specifications**

#### **Dimensions**



Note) Only when the DI control kit (option Y) is selected.

						(mm)
	Model			в	<b>C</b>	D
Fluorinated fluid type	Ethylene glycol type	Clear/Deionized water type	- A			U U
HRW002-H	HRW002-H1	HRW002-H2				
HRW008-H	HRW008-H1	HRW008-H2	380	665	860	ø18.5 to 20.5
HRW015-H	HRW015-H1	HRW015-H2		000	000	010.01020.0
HRW030-H	HRW030-H1	HRW030-H2				

#### Communication Function (For details, please consult our "Communication Specifications" information.)

#### Contact Input/Output

	Item	Specifications	4
	Connector no.	P1	_
	ype (on this product side)	D-sub 25 P type, Female connector	_
	Fixing bolt size	M2.6 x 0.45	-
	Insulation method	Photocoupler 24 VDC	-
enut cional	Rated input voltage Operating voltage range	24 VDC 21.6 to 26.4 VDC	$\neg$
nput signal	Rated input current	5 mA TYP	
	Input impedance	5 ΠΑΤΥΡ 4.7 kΩ	
	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less	$\neg$
utput signal	Maximum load current (total)	When using the power supply of the Thermo-chiller: 200 mA DC (resistance load/inductive load) When using the power supply of the customer's machine: 800 mA AC/DC (resistance load/inductive load)	
larm signal	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less	
ann signaí	Maximum load current	800 mA AC/DC (resistance load/inductive load)	
	Rated load voltage	48 VAC or less/30 VDC or less	
MO signal	Maximum load current	800 mA AC/DC (resistance load/inductive load)	
To the Thermo-chiller Customer's machine side			
		24 COM output Setting at the time of shipment from factory Custom function ^{Note)} Run/Stop signal Run/Stop signal 1	
		$4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ $- \text{Run/Stop signal 2}$	
		4.7 KS2	
		17 4.7 kΩ — DIO REMOTE signal 2	
		Operation condition signal	
С	Circuit diagram	Digital circuit +	
		Temp Ready signal Output signal 5	
		Contact output COM Contact output COM	
		Alarm signal Alarm signal	
		↓ 24 COM	
		Emergency off 25 [EMO] switch C	
	ion is equipped for contact input/outpu	It. Using the custom function enables the customer to set the signal type for contact input/output or pin assignme secifications" information.	ent

### Series HRW

#### Communication Function (For details, please consult our "Communication Specifications" information.)

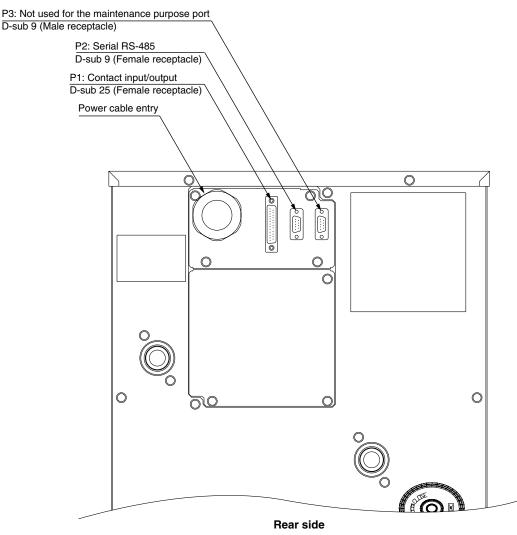
#### Serial RS-485

The serial RS-485 enables the following items to be written and read out. <Writing> Run/Stop Circulating fluid temperature setting Circulating fluid automatic recovery start/ stop*1 <Readout> Circulating fluid present temperature Circulating fluid flow Circulating fluid discharge pressure Circulating fluid electrical resistivity*2 Alarm occurrence information Status (operating condition) information *1 Only when the circulating fluid automatic recovery function (option Z) is selected. *2 Only when the DI control kit (option Y) is selected.

Item	Specifications
Connector no.	P2
Connector type (on this product side)	D-sub 9 P type, Female connector
Fixing bolt size	M2.6 x 0.45
Standards	EIA RS485
Protocol	Modicon Modbus
Circuit diagram	To the Thermo-chiller Customer's machine side Customer's machine side SD+ SD- SG

#### **Connector location**

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148 Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

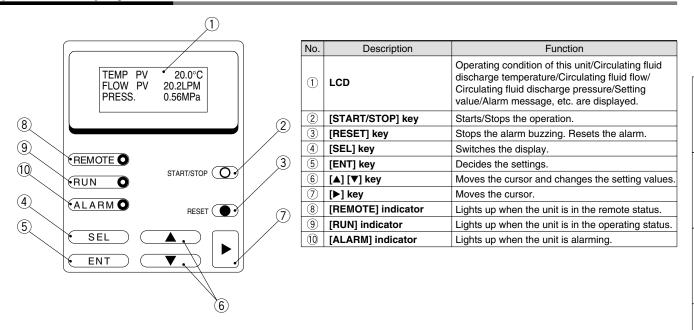
HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

#### **Operation Display Panel**



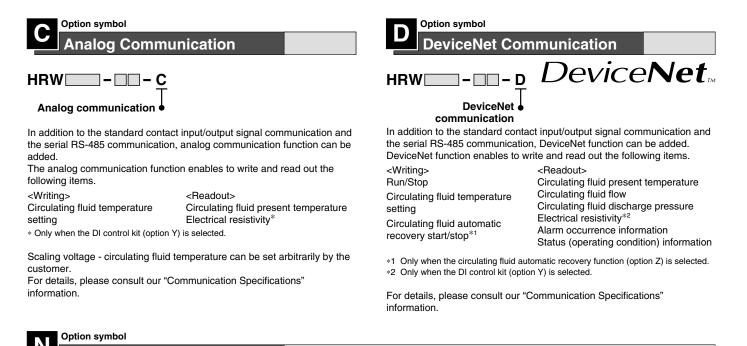
#### Alarm

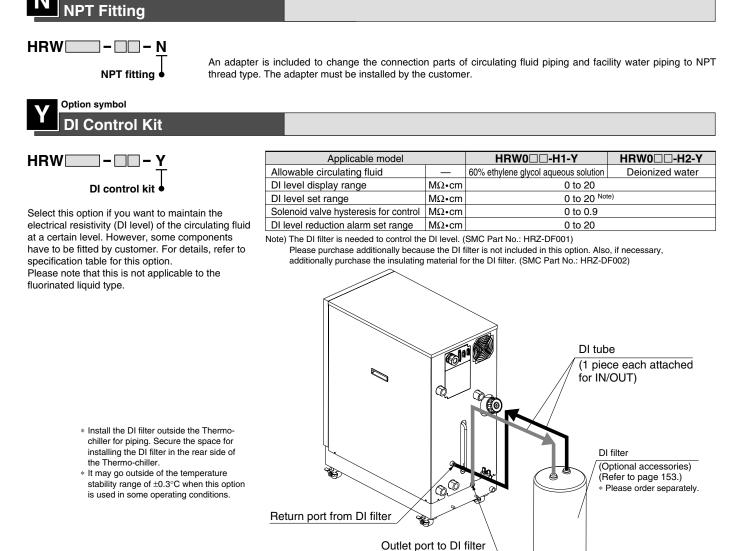
This unit can display 24 kinds of alarm messages as standard. Also, it can read out the serial RS-485 communication.

Alarm code	Alarm message	Operation status	Main reason	ZL
01	Water Leak Detect FLT	Stop	Liquid deposits in the drain pan of this unit.	HB
02	Incorrect Phase Error FLT	Stop	The power supply to this unit is incorrect.	
05	Reservoir Low Level FLT	Stop	The amount of circulating fluid tank is running low.	
06	Reservoir Low Level WRN	Continue	The amount of circulating fluid tank is running low.	
07	Reservoir High Level WRN	Continue	The amount of circulating fluid in the tank has increased.	HBW
08	Temp. Fuse Cutout FLT	Stop	Temperature of the circulating fluid tank is raised.	Ĩ
09	Reservoir High Temp. FLT	Stop	Temperature of the circulating fluid has exceeded the limitation.	
10	Return High Temp. WRN	Continue	Temperature of returning circulating fluid has exceeded the limit.	
11	Reservoir High Temp. WRN	Continue	Temperature of the circulating fluid has exceeded the limitation set by the customer.	U U
12	Return Low Flow FLT	Stop	The circulating fluid flow has gone below the limit.	
13	Return Low Flow WRN	Continue	Flow rate of the Thermo-chiller has dropped below the set value.	HE
15	Pump Breaker Trip FLT	Stop	The protective equipment in the circulating fluid driving line has started.	
17	Interlock Fuse Cutout FLT	Stop	Overcurrent is flown to the control circuit.	
18	DC Power Fuse Cutout WRN	Continue	Overcurrent has flowed to the (optional) solenoid valve. (Only for the automatic circulating fluid recovery function - option Z)	a T
19	FAN Motor Stop WRN	Continue	Cooling fan inside the compressor has stopped.	Ц
21	Controller Error FLT	Stop	The error occurred in the control systems.	
22	Memory Data Error FLT	Stop	The data stored in the controller of this unit went wrong.	
23	Communication Error WRN	Continue	The serial communications between this unit and customer's system has been suspended.	
24	DI Low Level WRN	Continue	DI level of the circulating fluid has gone below the limitation set by the customer. (Only for DI control kit - option Y)	Н
25	Pump Inverter Error FLT	Stop	The error occurred in the circulating pump inverter. This alarm is applicable to the HRWDD-HDS only.	
26	DNET Comm. Error FLT	Stop	The DeviceNet communications between this unit and customer's system has been suspended. (Only for DeviceNet communication specification - option D)	cal
27	DNET Comm. Error WRN	Continue	An error has occurred in the DeviceNet communication system of this unit. (Only for DeviceNet communication specification - option D)	Technical
29	F.Water Low Temp. WRN	Continue	Temperature of facility water has dropped below the set temperature.	٦ ا
30	F.Water High Temp. WRN	Continue	Temperature of facility water has exceeded the set temperature.	Related

# Series HRW Options

#### Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.





**SMC** 

#### Option symbol

#### **Circulating Fluid Automatic Recovery**

HRW Z	
Circulating fluid	

automatic recovery

Select this option for customers who want to use the circulating fluid automatic recovery function. The automatic recovery function is a device which can recover the circulating fluid inside pipings into a sub-tank of the Thermo-chiller by the external communication or operation display panel.

Some components need to be fitted by the customer. For details, consult "Product Specifications" information for these options.

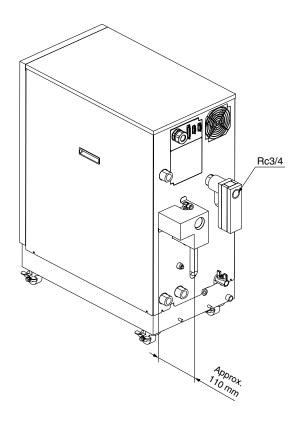
Applicable model		Common for all models
Circulating fluid recoverable volume Note 1)	L	12
Purge gas	-	Nitrogen gas
Purge gas supply port	_	Self-align fitting for O.D. ø8 Note 2)
Purge gas supply pressure	MPa	0.4 to 0.7
Purge gas filtration	μm	0.01 or less
Regulator set pressure	MPa	0.15 to 0.3 Note 3)
Recoverable circulating fluid temperature	°C	10 to 40
Recovery start/stop	_	Start: External communication Note 4) or operation display panel / Stop: Automatic
Timeout error	sec	Timer from recovery start to completion Stops recovering when the timer turns to set time. Possible set range: 60 to 300, at the time of shipping from the factory: 300
Height difference with the customer system side	m	10 or less

Note 1) This is the space volume of the sub-tank when the liquid level of the circulating fluid is within the specification. Guideline of the recovery volume is 80% of the circulating fluid recoverable volume.

Note 2) Before piping, clean inside the pipings with air blow, etc. Use the piping with no dust generation by purge gas. When using resin tube, where necessary, use insert fittings, etc. in order not to deform the tubings when connecting to self-align fittings.

Note 3) At the time of shipping from factory, it is set to 0.2 MPa.

Note 4) For details, please consult our "Communication Specifications" information.



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HED

Technical Data

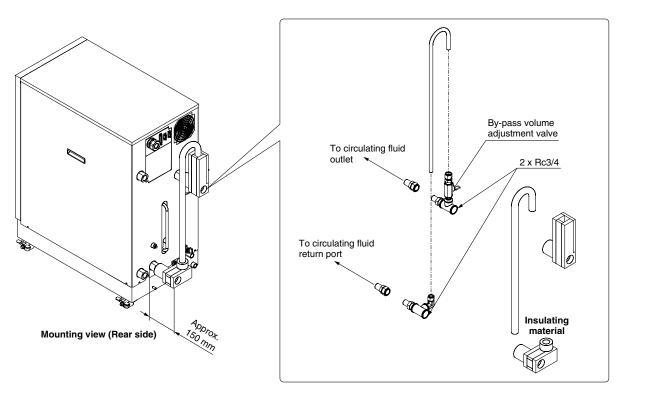
# Series **HRW Optional Accessories 1**

#### Note) Necessary to be fitted by the customer.

#### **By-pass Piping Set**

When the circulating fluid goes below the rated flow, cooling capacity will be reduced and the temperature stability will be badly affected. In such a case, use the by-pass piping set.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRW-BP001	Common for all models



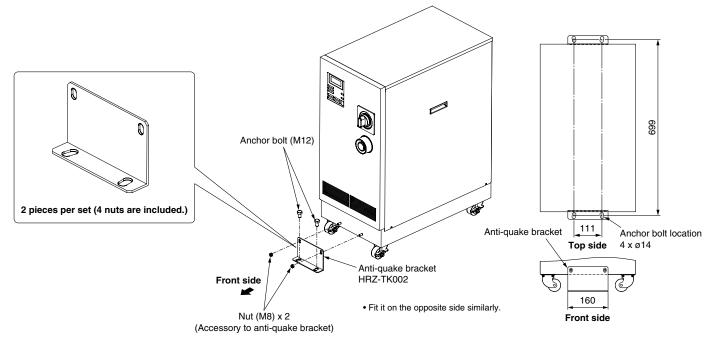
#### Anti-quake Bracket

material by the customer.

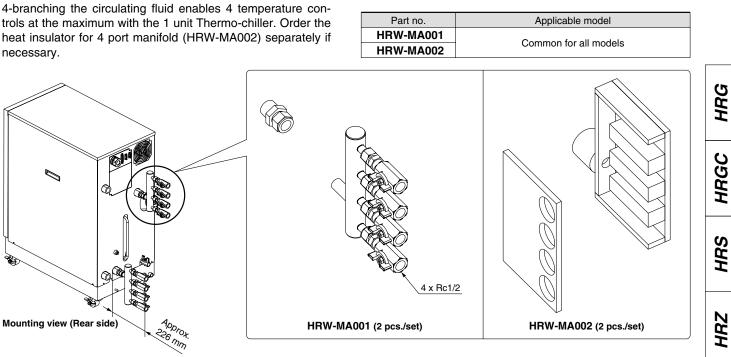
Bracket for earthquakes Prepare the anchor bolts (M12) which are suited to the floor

Applicable model Part no. HRZ-TK002 Common for all models

Note) 2 pieces per set (for 1 unit) (HRZ-TK002)



#### **4-Port Manifold**



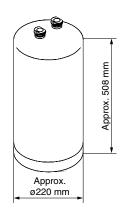
#### **DI Filter**

This is the ion replacement resin to maintain the electric resistivity of the circulating fluid.

Customers who selected the DI control kit (option Y) need to purchase the DI filter separately.

Part no.	Applicable model
HRZ-DF001	Common for all models which can select the DI control kit. (option Y)

Note) The DI filters are consumable. Depending on the status (electrical resistivity set value, circulating fluid temperature, piping volume, etc.), product life cycles will vary accordingly.



Weight: Approx. 20 kg

#### Insulating Material for DI Filter

When the DI filter is used at a high temperature, we recommend that you use this insulating material to protect the radiated heat from the DI filter or possible burns. We also recommend that you use this to prevent heat absorption from the DI filter and to avoid forming condensation.

HRZD

Part no.	Applicable model	N
HRZ-DF002	Common for all models which can select the DI control kit. (option Y)	HRV
		НЕС
		HEB
		НЕD
		Technical Data
		Related Products

# Series HRW Optional Accessories 2

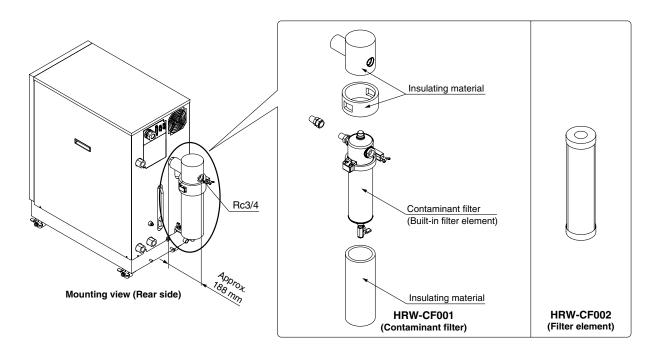
#### **Contaminant Filter**

A filter mounted in the circulating fluid circuit to eliminate the dust which is contained in the circulating fluid. (Filtration: 20  $\mu$ m) It is provided with its own heat insulator.

Part no.	Applicable model	
HRW-CF001	Common for all models	
HRW-CF002		

Note) Necessary to be fitted by the customer.

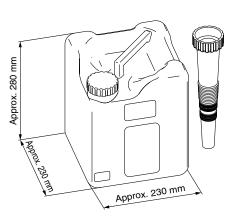
Note) The internal element of the contaminant filter (part no.: HRW-CF002) is a replacement part. The period in service depends on the operating conditions.



#### 60% Ethylene Glycol Aqueous Solution

This solution can be used as a circulating fluid for ethylene glycol-type Thermo-chillers. (Capacity: 10 L)

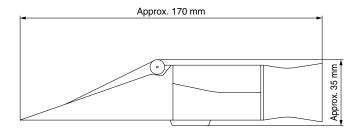
Part no.	Applicable model	
HRZ-BR001	Common for all ethylene glycol-type models	



#### **Concentration Meter**

This meter can be used to control the concentration of ethylene glycol aqueous solution regularly.

Part no.	Applicable model	
HRZ-BR002	Common for all ethylene glycol-type models	





### Series HRW **Specific Product Precautions 1**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Design

### \land Warning

- 1. This catalog shows the specifications of a single unit.
  - 1. For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" and thoroughly consider the adaptability between the customer's system and this unit.
  - 2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, the customer is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.

#### Selection

### A Caution

#### 1. Model selection

In order to select the correct Thermo-chiller model, the amount of thermal generation from the customer's system, the operating circulating fluid, and its circulating flow are required. Select a model, by referring to the guideline to model selection on page 136.

#### 2. Option selection

Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-chiller. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

#### Handling

### \land Warning

#### 1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

**Operating Environment/Storage Environment** 

### A Caution

#### 1. Do not use in the following environment because it will lead to a breakdown.

- 1. Environment like written in "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.'
- 2. Locations where spatter will adhere to when welding.
- 3. Locations where it is likely that the leakage of flammable gas
- may occur. 4. Locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the limits as mentioned below.
  - During operation 10°C to 35°C

During storage 0°C to 50°C (but as long as water or circulating fluid are not left inside the pipings)

- 5. Locations where the ambient relative humidity exceeds the limit as mentioned below.
  - During operation 30% to 70% During storage 15% to 85%
- 6. (Inside the operation facilities) locations where there is not sufficient space for maintenance.
- 7. In locations where the ambient pressure exceeds the atmospheric pressure.
- 2. The Thermo-chiller does not have clean room specification. It generates dust from the pump inside the unit and the cooling fan for the unit inside.

**Circulating Fluid** 

### A Caution

1. Avoid oil or other foreign objects entering the circulating fluid.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRV

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical

**Related Products** 

Data

- 2. Use ethylene glycol that does not contain additives such as preservatives.
- 3. The condensation of ethylene glycol aqueous solution must be 60% or less. If the condensation is too high, the pump will be overloaded, resulting in occurrence of "Pump Breaker Trip FLT".
- 4. Avoid water moisture entering the fluorinated fluid.
- 5. Use clear water (including for diluting ethylene glycol aqueous solution) which must meet the water quality standards as mentioned below.

#### Clear Water (as Circulating Fluid) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulation type - Make-up water"

	Item	Unit	Standard value
	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.0 to 8.0
Standard	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100 to 300*
	Chloride ion	[mg/L]	50 or less
	Sulfuric acid ion	[mg/L]	50 or less
item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	50 or less
	Total hardness	[mg/L]	70 or less
	Calcium hardness	[mg/L]	50 or less
	Ionic state silica	[mg/L]	30 or less
	Iron	[mg/L]	0.3 or less
	Copper	[mg/L]	0.1 or less
Reference	Sulfide ion	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.
item	Ammonium ion	[mg/L]	0.1 or less
	Residual chlorine	[mg/L]	0.3 or less
	Free carbon	[mg/L]	4.0 or less
* In the case of [MO•cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01			

* In the case of [MΩ•cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

Transportation/Transfer/Movement

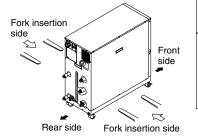
### **M** Warning

#### 1. Transportation by forklift

- 1. It is not possible to hang this product.
- 2. The fork insertion position is either on the left side face or right side face of the unit. Be careful not to bump the fork against a caster or level foot and be sure to put through the fork to the opposite side.
- 3. Be careful not to bump the fork to the cover panel or piping ports.

#### 2. Transportation by casters

- 1. This product is heavy and should be moved by at least two people.
- 2. Do not grip the pipings on the rear side or the handles of the panel.





### Series HRW Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Mounting/Installation

### **A**Caution

- 1. Avoid using this product outdoors.
- 2. Install on a rigid floor which can withstand this product's weight.
- 3. Please install a suitable anchor bolt for the antiquake bracket taking into consideration the customers floor material.
- 4. Avoid placing heavy objects on this product.

#### Piping

### **A**Caution

1. Regarding the circulating fluid pipings, consider carefully the suitability for shutoff pressure, temperature and circulating fluid.

If the operating performance specifications are regularly exceeded, the pipings may burst during operation.

2. The surface of the circulating fluid pipings should be covered with the insulating materials which can effectively confine the heat.

Absorbing the heat from the surface of pipings may reduce the cooling capacity performance and the heating capacity may be shortened due to heat radiation.

3. When using fluorinated liquid as the circulating fluid, do not use pipe tape.

Liquid leakage may occur around the pipe tape. For sealant, we recommend that you use the following sealant: SMC Part No., HRZ-S0003 (Silicone sealant)

4. For the circulating fluid pipings, use clean pipings which have no dust, oil or water moisture inside the pipings, and blow with air prior to undertaking any piping works.

If any dust, oil or water moisture enters the circulating fluid circuit, inferior cooling performance or equipment failure due to frozen water may occur, resulting in bubbles in the circulating fluid inside the tank.

5. Select the circulating fluid pipings which can exceed the required rated flow.

For the rated flow, refer to the pump capacity table.

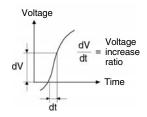
- 6. For the circulating fluid piping connection, install a drain pan just in case the circulating fluid may leak.
- 7. Do not return the circulating fluid to the unit by installing a pump in the customer system.

**Electrical Wiring** 

### **▲** Caution

- 1. Power supply and signal cable should be prepared by the customer.
- Provide a stable power supply which is not affected by surge or distortion.

If the voltage increase ratio (dV/dt) at the zero cross should exceed 40 V/200 µsec., it may result in a malfunction.

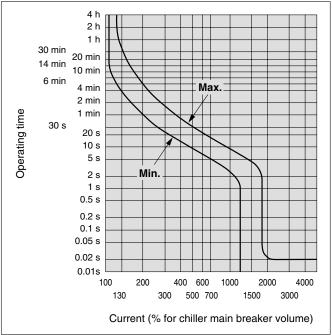


3. This product is installed with a breaker with the following operating characteristics.

For the customer's machine (inlet side), use a breaker whose operating time is equal to or longer than the breaker of this product. If a breaker with shorter operating time is connected, the customer's machine could be cut off due to the inrush current of the motor of this product.

#### **Breaker Operating Characteristics**

#### Common for all models





### Series HRW **Specific Product Precautions 3**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Operation

### A Caution

#### 1. Confirmation before operation

- 1. The circulating fluid should be within the specified range of "HIGH" and "LOW".
- 2. Be sure to tighten the cap for the circulating fluid port until the click sound is heard.

#### 2. Emergency stop method

In the case of an emergency, press down the EMO switch which is fitted on the front face of this product.

Maintenance

### **M** Warning

- 1. Do not operate the switch with wet hands or touch electrical parts such as an electrical plug. This will lead to an electrical shock.
- 2. Do not splash water directly on this product for cleaning. This will lead to an electrical shock or a fire.
- 3. When the panel was removed for the purpose of inspection or cleaning, mount the panel after works were done.

If the panel is still open, or running the equipment with the panel removed, it may cause an injury or electric shock.

### A Caution

- 1. In order to prevent a sudden product failure of the unit, replace the replacement parts every 36 months.
- 2. Perform an inspection of the circulating fluid every 3 months.
  - 1. In the case of fluorinated fluids: Discharge the circulating liquid and avoid any dirty objects, or water moisture, or foreign objects entering the system.
  - 2. In the case of ethylene glycol aqueous solution: Maintain the condensation at 60%.
  - 3. In case of clear water, deionized water: Replacement is recommended.
- 3. Check the water quality of facility water every 3 months.

Regarding the water quality standards for facility water, refer to "Temperature Control Equipment Precautions".

HEC

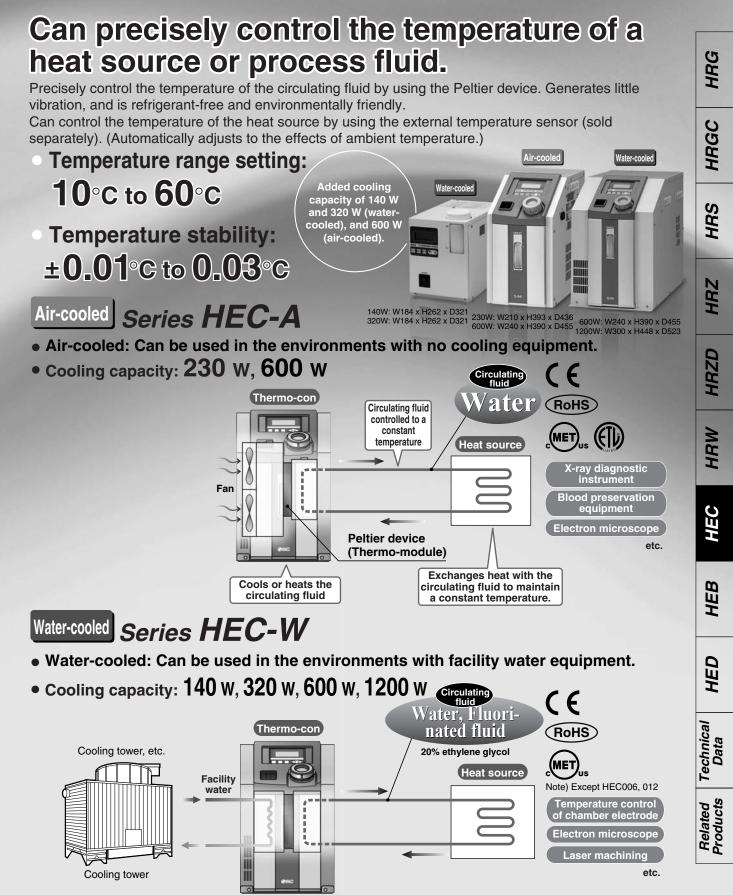
HEB

HED

**Peltier-Type Chiller** 

# Thermo-con Air-cooled Water-cooled

# Series HEC



Compliant with safety standard for medical equipment IEC 60601-1 (Air-cooled/HEC002-A series)

Power supply: Applicable to 100 V to 240 V (Air-cooled/HEC-A series, Water-cooled/HEC001-W, HEC003-W)

Suitable to fluorinated fluids (Fluorinert[™] FC-3283, GALDEN[®] HT135) (Water-cooled/HEC006-W, HEC012-W)

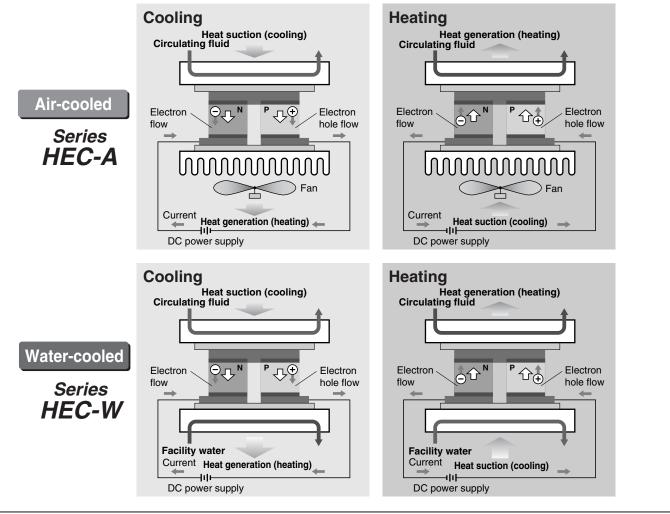
Compatible with ethylene glycol 20% (Water-cooled/HEC001-W, HEC003-W)

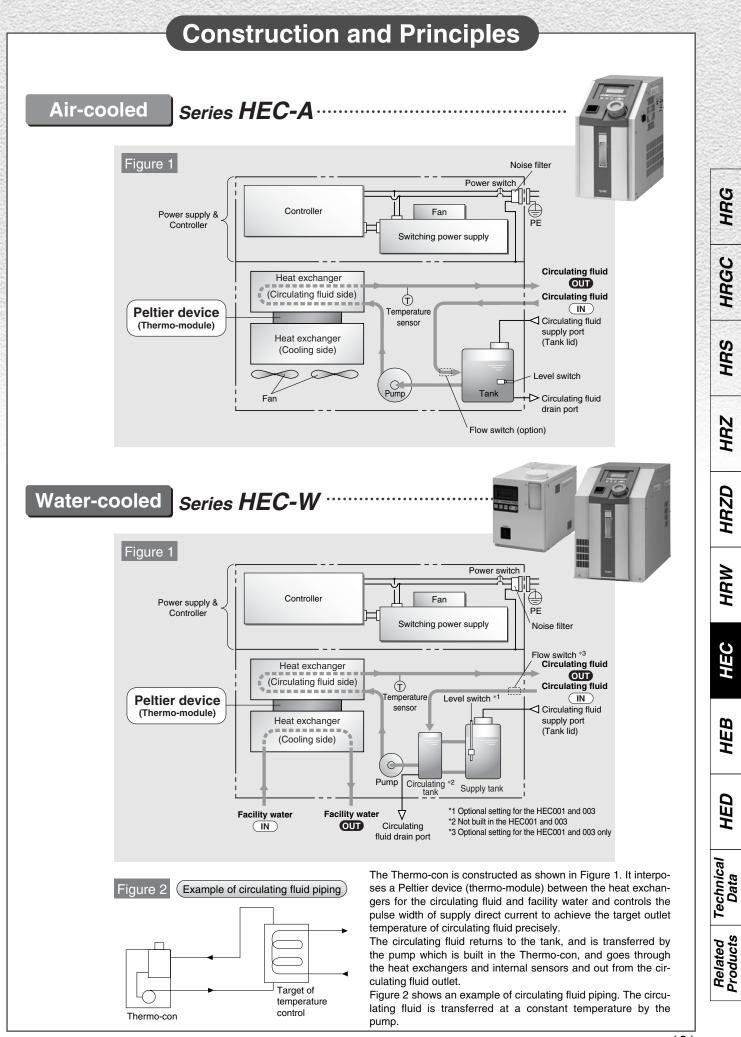
### Learning Control Function (Temp. control by external temperature sensor)

This function adjusts the fluid temperature to the set value with an automatic offset setting. Set the external temperature sensor at the circulating fluid inlet located just in front of the heat source, which allows the Thermo-con to sample the fluid temperature. This function is effective when automatically adjusting for heat exhaust from piping, etc. If the external temperature sensor is installed directly on the heat source, the learning control function may not work property due to large heat volume or large temperature difference. Be sure to install the sensor at the circulating fluid inlet.

### Principle of Peltier Device (Thermo-module)

A Peltier device (thermo-module) is a plate type element, inside which P-type semiconductors and N-type semiconductors are located alternately. If direct current is supplied to the Peltier device (thermo-module), heat is transferred inside the device, and one face generates heat and increases temperature while the other face absorbs heat and decreases temperature. Therefore, changing the direction of the current supplied to the Peltier device (thermo-module) can achieve heating and cooling operation. This method has a fast response and can shift quickly between heating and cooling, so temperature can be controlled very precisely.





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### When to Use Air-Cooled and Water-Cooled Thermo-con

Both air-cooled and water-cooled Thermo-cons are available. Select a proper Thermo-con by referring to the following.

piping is not required.

will have little effect.

#### Air-cooled

- No facility water equipment
- Frequent piping changes

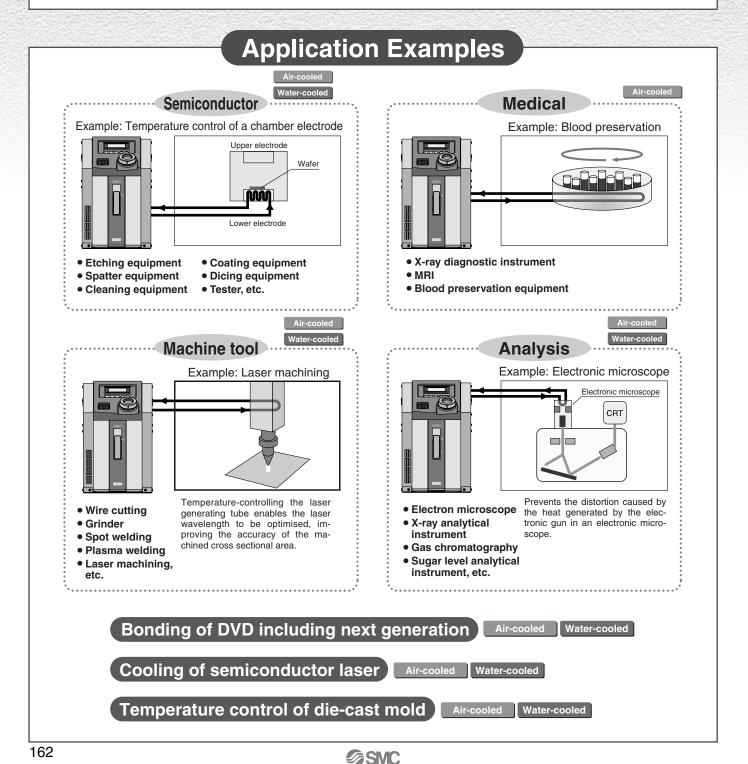
#### Water-cooled

- Need to avoid effects of ambient temperature.
- Since the unit is water-cooled, the ambient temperature

Can install the unit easily without facility water equipment.

Can reduce the piping installation labor since facility water

- Want to reduce the installation space.
   Can reduce the space since the unit is compact.



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HRG

HRGC

HRS

HEC

HEB

HED

### Water-cooled Series HEC-W

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# Series HEC Model Selection

#### **Guide to Model Selection**

#### 1. What radiation method will be used?

Without a cooling tower ..... Air-cooled HEC-A series With a cooling tower ..... Water-cooled HEC-W series

#### When to Use Air-cooled and Water-cooled Thermo-con

#### <Air-cooled>

- No facility water equipment → Can install the unit easily without facility water equipment.
- Frequent piping changes  $\rightarrow$  Can reduce the piping installation labor since facility water piping is not required.

#### <Water-cooled>

- Need to avoid effects of ambient temperature. → Since the unit is water-cooled, the ambient temperature will have little effect.
- Want to reduce installation space.  $\rightarrow$  Can reduce the space since the unit is compact.

#### 2. How much is the temperature in degrees centigrade for the circulating fluid?

#### Temperature range which can be set with the Thermo-con: 10 to 60°C

If a lower temperature (down to  $-20^{\circ}$ C) or higher temperature (up to  $90^{\circ}$ C) than this range is necessary, select the Thermo-chiller HRZ series.

#### 3. What kind of the circulating fluids will be used?

#### Circulating fluids that can be used in the Thermo-con

Model	Clear water	Fluorinert [™] FC-3238 GALDEN [®] HT135	20% ethylene glycol
HEC001-W, HEC003-W	0	×	0
HEC006-W, HEC012-W	0	0	×
HEC002-A, HEC006-A	0	×	×

 $\bigcirc$ : Usable  $\times$ : Unusable

#### 4. How much cooling capacity required?

Allows a safety factor of 20% over the capacity that is actually required, taking into account the changes in the operating conditions. If a larger capacity than this Thermo-con is necessary, select the Thermo-cooler HRG series or Thermo-chiller HRZ series.

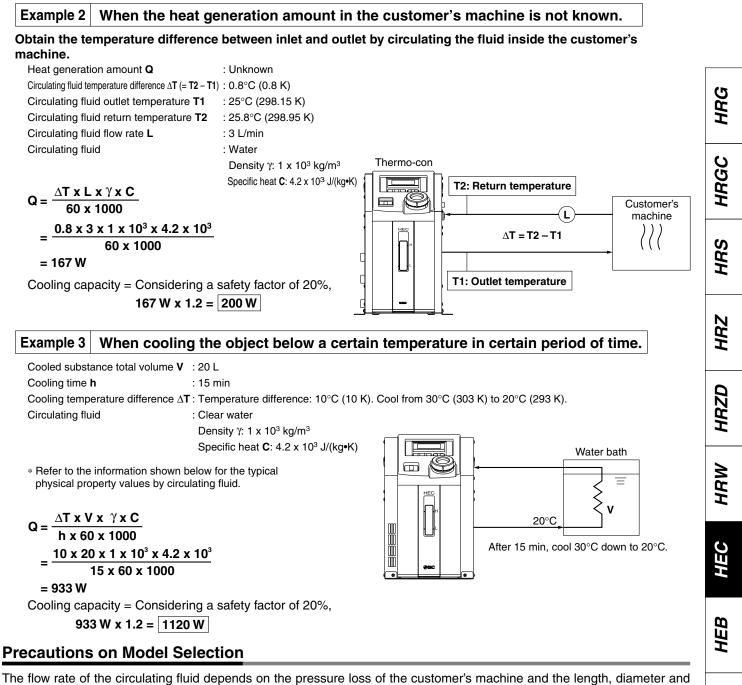
#### Example 1 When the heat generation amount in the customer's machine is known.

#### Heat generation amount: 400 W

Cooling capacity = Considering a safety factor of 20%, 400 x 1.2 = 480 W

### Model Selection

#### **Guide to Model Selection**



resistance created by bends in the circulating fluid piping, etc. Check if the required flow rate of circulating fluid can be obtained before selecting.

#### **Circulating Fluid Typical Physical Property Values**

Fluorinated Fluids			
Physical property	Density $\gamma$	Specific heat C	
Temperature value	[kg/m³]	[J/(kg · K)]	
–10°C	1.87 x 10 ³	0.87 x 10 ³	
20°C	1.80 x 10 ³	0.96 x 10 ³	
50°C	1.74 x 10 ³	1.05 x 10 ³	
80°C	1.67 x 10 ³	1.14 x 10 ³	

Water

Density  $\gamma$ : 1 x 10³ [kg/m³]

#### Specific heat C: 4.2 x 10³ [J/(kg·K)]

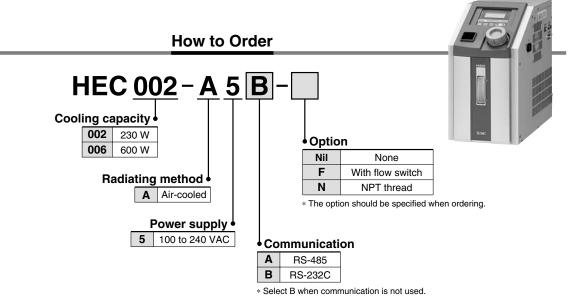
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HED

Technical Data

**Related Products** 

# Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Air-cooled) ( E ROHS Series HEC-A ( E ROHS)



#### Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

Model		1				HEC006-A5B	
Cooling method			Thermoelectric device (Thermo-module)				
Ra	Radiating method			Forced a	ir cooling		
Co	ontrol method			Cooling/Heating autor	matic shift PID control		
Ar	Ambient temperature/humidity		10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)				
	Circulating flu	ıid		Clear	water		
	Operating tem	perature range	10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)				
system	Cooling capad	city	230 W Note 1)		600 V	V Note 2)	
	Heating capacity		600 W	600 W Note 1) 900 W Note 2)		V Note 2)	
fluid	Temperature stability Note 3)		±0.01 to ±0.03°C				
ing.	Pump capacity		Refer to performance chart.				
Circulating	Tank capacity		Approx. 1.2 L				
Circ	Port size IN/OUT		Rc	1/4	Rc3/8		
		Drain		Rc1/4 (w	vith plug)		
	Wetted parts material		Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Ceramics, PPS glass 30%, Carbon, PE, Polypropylene				
Ē	Power supply		Single-phase: 100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz				
system	Overcurrent protector		15 A				
	Current consumption		8 A (100 VAC) to 3 A (240 VAC) 10 A (100 VAC) to 4 A (240		to 4 A (240 VAC)		
ectrical	Alarm			Refer to alarm function.			
Ele	Communications		RS-485	RS-232C	RS-485	RS-232C	
W	eight		Approx. 17.5 kg (including foot for fixing) Approx. 27.5 kg (including foot for fixing)			luding foot for fixing)	
Ac	cessories		Power cable, Foot for fixing				
Sa	Safety standards		CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards, Safety standard for medical equipment (IEC60601-1) CE marking, UL (NRTL) standards		(NRTL) standards		

Note 1) Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Ambient temperature 25°C, Circulating flow rate 3 L/min

Note 2) Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Ambient temperature 20°C, Circulating flow rate 8 L/min

Note 3) The indicated values are with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range in some other operating conditions.



# Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Air-cooled) Series HEC-A

The values shown on the performance chart are not guaranteed, but typical. Allow margins for safety when selecting the model.

Ambient temperature: 15°0

Circulating fluid: Clear water

Ambient temperature

60

70

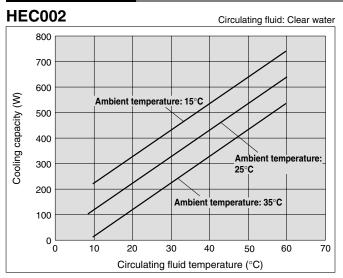
20°C

50

Ambient temperature: 30°C

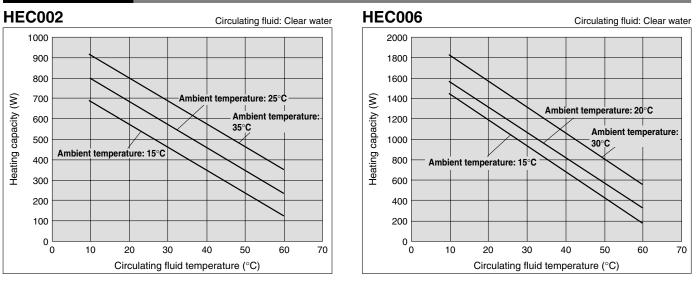
40

Circulating fluid temperature (°C)



### **Cooling Capacity**

**Heating Capacity** 



**HEC006** 

1400

1200

1000 Ś

800

600

400

200

0 ⊾ 0

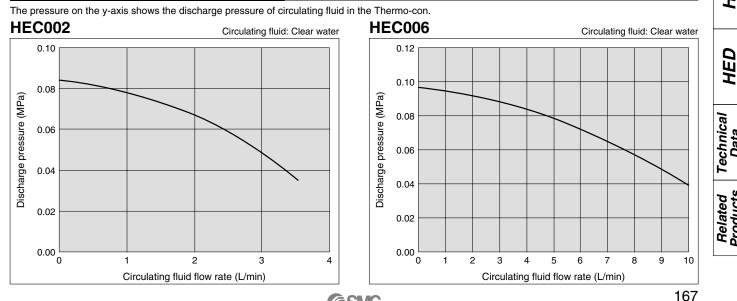
10

20

30

Cooling capacity

### Pump Capacity (Thermo-con Outlet)



HRZD HRW HEC



HRG

HRGC

HRS

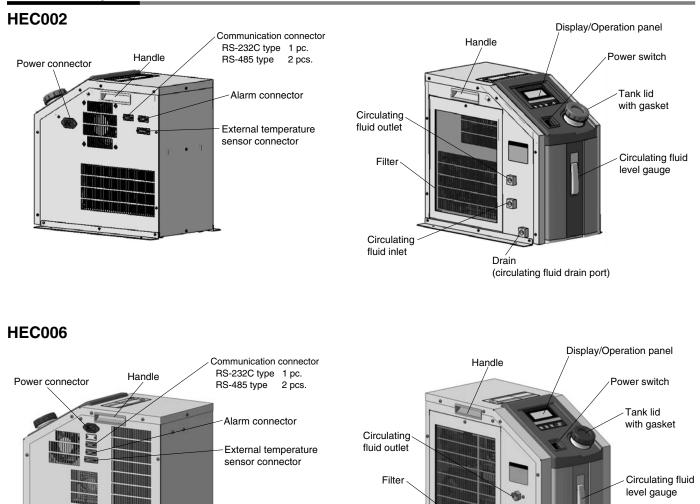
HRZ

Technical Data **Related Products** 

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# Series HEC-A

### **Parts Description**



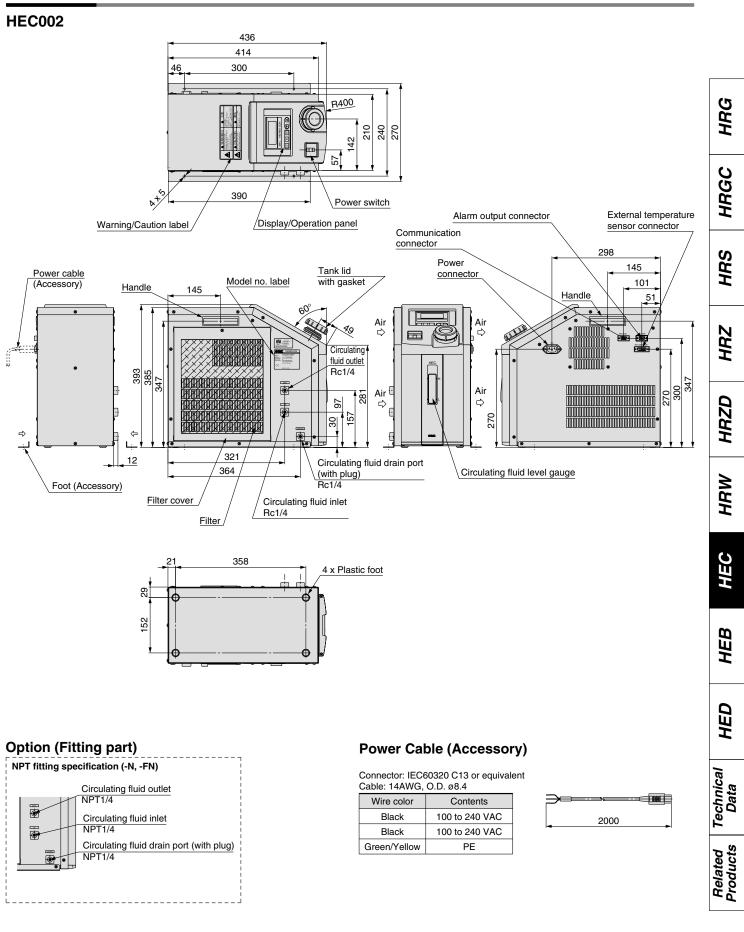
Circulating fluid inlet

Drain

(circulating fluid drain port)

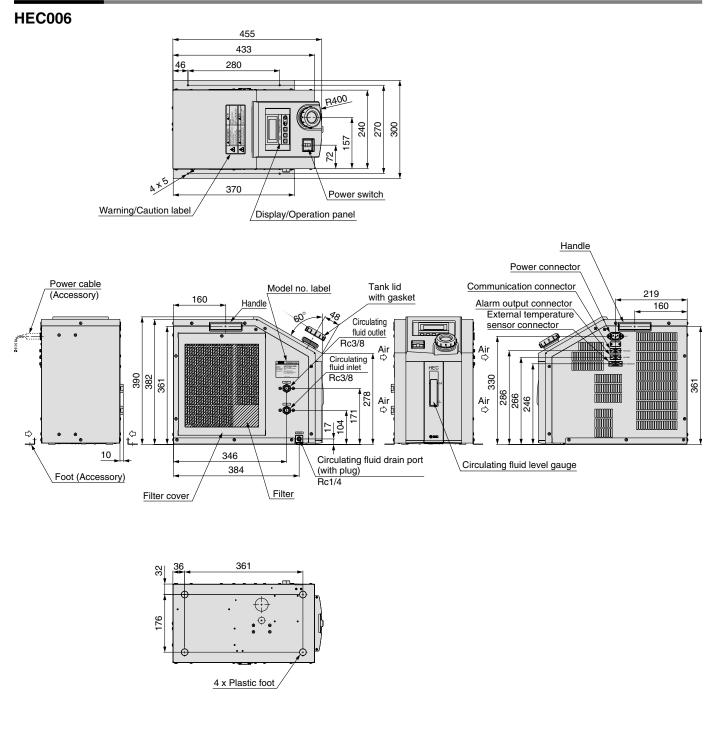
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#### **Dimensions**

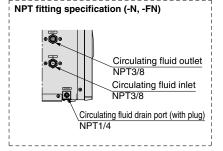


# Series HEC-A

#### **Dimensions**



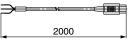
#### **Option (Fitting part)**



#### **Power Cable (Accessory)**

Connector: IEC60320 C13 or equivalent Cable: 14AWG, O.D. ø8.4

Wire color	Contents		
Black	100 to 240 VAC		
Black	100 to 240 VAC		
Green/Yellow	PE		



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# Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Air-cooled) Series HEC-A

### Connectors

1. Power connector (AC) IEC60320 C14 or equivalent

Pin No.	Contents
1	100 to 240 VAC
2	100 to 240 VAC
3	PE

2. Communication connector (RS-232C or RS-485) D-sub 9 pin (socket) Holding screw: M2.6

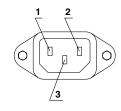
Pin No.	Signal contents				
FILLINO.	RS-232C	RS-485			
1	Unused	BUS+			
2	RD	BUS-			
3	SD	Unused			
4	Unused	Unused			
5	SG	SG			
6-9	Unused	Unused			

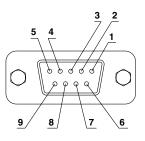
3. External sensor connector (EXT.SENSOR) D-sub 15 pin (socket) Holding screw: M2.6

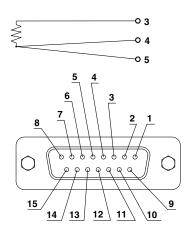
	•		
Pin No.	Signal contents		
1-2	Unused		
3	Terminal A of resistance temperature detector		
4	Terminal B of resistance temperature detector		
5	Terminal B of resistance temperature detector		
6-14	Unused		
15	FG		

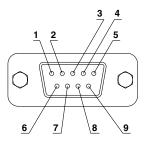
#### 4. Alarm output connector (ALARM) D-sub 9 pin (pin) Holding screw: M2.6

Pin No.	Signal contents		
1	Contact a for output cut-off alarm (open when alarm occurs)		
2	Common for output cut-off alarm		
3	Contact b for output cut-off alarm (closed when alarm occurs)		
4-5	Unused		
6	Contact a for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (open when alarm occurs)		
7	Common for upper/lower temp. limit alarm		
8	Contact b for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (closed when alarm occurs)		
9	Unused		

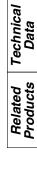








HRG HRGC HRS HRZ HRZD HRW HEC HEB



HED

# Series HEC-A

#### Alarm

This unit is equipped as standard with a function allowing 15 kinds of alarms to display on the LCD and can be read out by serial communication. Also, it can generate relay output for upper/lower temperature limit alarm and output cut-off alarm.

#### Alarm

Alarm code	Alarm description	Operation status	Main reason	
WRN	Upper/Lower temp. limit alarm	Continue	The temperature has exceeded the upper or lower limit of the target temperature.	
ERR00	CPU hung-up	Stop	The CPU has crashed due to noise, etc.	
ERR01	CPU check error	Stop	The contents of the CPU cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.	
ERR03	Back-up data error	Stop	The contents of the back-up data cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.	
ERR04	EEPROM writing error	Stop	The data cannot be written to EEPROM.	
ERR11	DC power supply failure	Stop	The DC power supply has failed (due to fan stop or abnormal high temperature) or the thermo-module has been short-circuited.	
ERR12	Internal temp. sensor high temp. error	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the upper limit of cut-off temperature.	
ERR13	Internal temp. sensor low temp. error	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the lower limit of cut-off temperature.	
ERR14	Thermostat alarm	Stop	The thermostat has been activated due to filter clog or fan/pump failure, etc.	
ERR15         Abnormal output alarm         Continue         The temperature cannot be changed even at 100% of the thermo-module.		The temperature cannot be changed even at 100% output due to overload or disconnection of the thermo-module.		
ERR16	Low flow rate alarm (option)	Stop	The flow rate of the circulating fluid has dropped.	
ERR17         Internal temp. sensor disconnection alarm         Stop         The internal temperature sensor has been disconnected or short		The internal temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited.		
ERR18 External temp. sensor disconnection alarm Continue Men in learning control or external tune control)		The external temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited. (Only detected when in learning control or external tune control)		
ERR19	Abnormal auto tuning alarm	Stop	Auto tuning has not been completed within 20 minutes.	
ERR20	Low fluid level alarm	Stop	The amount of circulating fluid in the tank has dropped.	

#### Maintenance

Maintenance of this unit is performed only in the form of return to and repair at SMC's site. As a rule, SMC will not conduct on-site maintenance. Separately, the following parts have a limited life and need to be replaced before the life ends.

#### **Parts Life Expectation**

Description	Expected life	Possible failure		
Pump	3 to 5 years	The bearing is worn so the pump fails to transfer the circulating fluid, which results in temperature control failure.		
Fan	5 to 10 years	The bearing uses up lubrication and makes the fan unable to supply enough air, which deteriorates the cooling and heating capacity.		
DC power supply	5 to 10 years	The capacity of the electrolytic condenser decreases, and causes abnormal voltage which results in DC power supply failure and stops the Thermo-con.		
Display panel	50,000 hours (approx. 5 years)	The display turns off when the backlight of the LCD reaches the end of its life.		



Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-con. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

Deption symbol With Flow Switch	
HEC	НВС
This is an ON/OFF switch detecting low levels of the circulating fluid.       Type       Applicable model         When the fluid volume is 1 L/min. or less, "ERR16" is displayed and the Thermo-con stops. This switch is installed between the circulating fluid inlet and the tank, and built into the Thermo-con.       Air-       HEC002-A5□-F         Refer to page 161.       HEC006-A5□-F	HRGC
N Option symbol NPT Thread	HRS
HEC -N • NPT thread	HRZ
The connection parts of circulating fluid piping, facility water piping and circulating fluid drain port are NPT thread type.       Type       Applicable model         Air-       Cooled       HEC002-A5□-N         Cooled       HEC006-A5□-N	HRZD
	НВW
	EC

HEB

HED

Technical Data

Related Products



### Series HEC-A Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

System Design

### **Warning**

- 1. This catalog shows the specifications of the Thermo-con.
  - 1. Check detailed specifications in the separate "Product Specifications", and evaluate the compatibility of the Thermo-con with customer's system.
  - 2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, the customer is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.

Handling

# **M**Warning

- **1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.** Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.
- 2. If the set temperature is repeatedly changed by 10°C or more, the Thermo-con may fail in short periods of time.

**Operating Environment/Storage Environment** 

### A Warning

1. Keep within the specified ambient temperature and humidity range.

Also, if the set temperature is too low, condensation may form on the inside of the Thermo-con or the surface of piping even within the specified ambient temperature range. Dew condensation can cause failure, and so must be avoided by considering operating conditions.

2. The Thermo-con is not designed for clean room usage.

It generates dust from the pump inside the unit and the cooling fan.

3. Low molecular siloxane can damage the contact of the relay.

Use the Thermo-con in a place free from low molecular siloxane.

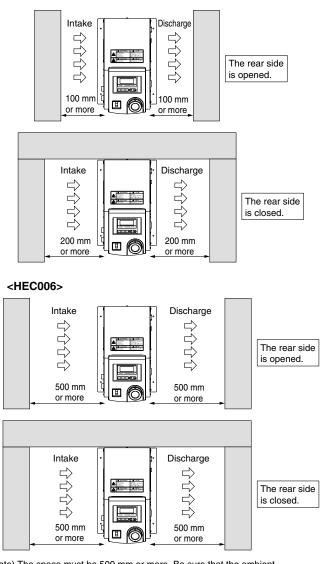
**Radiation Air** 

### **▲**Caution

- 1. The inlet for radiation air must not be exposed to particles and dust as far as possible.
- 2. Do not let the inlet and outlet for radiation air get closed.

#### <HEC002>

If radiation is prevented, the set temperature may not be achieved depending on the value of the set temperature and the load. Keep a space of 100 mm for opened rear side or 200 mm for closed rear side respectively.



Note) The space must be 500 mm or more. Be sure that the ambient temperature is within the specification range.



### Series HEC-A **Specific Product Precautions 2**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

**Radiation Air** 

# **∧**Caution

3. If more than one Thermo-con is used, consider their arrangement so that the downstream sides of the Thermo-cons suck radiation air from the upstream sides.

Otherwise, the performance at the downstream sides may deteriorate. Also, the set temperature may not be achieved depending on the value of the set temperature and the load. In such a case, take countermeasures such as changing the direction of the Thermo-cons to prevent the deterioration of performance.

- 4. If dust adheres to the filter, remove dust with a vacuum cleaner or a dry cloth.
- 5. Do not operate without the filter.

Otherwise, dust may accumulate on the heat sink and electrical components, causing abnormal heating.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

### ▲ Caution

1. Use tap water or fluid which will not damage the wetted material.

(Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Polypropylene, PE, PPE, Ceramics, Polyurethane)

2. Deionized water (with an electrical conductivity of approx. 1  $\mu$ S/cm) can be used, but may lose its electrical conductivity.

Also, if a facility supplying deionized water is used, the Thermocon may be damaged by static electricity.

3. If deionized water is used, bacteria and algae may grow in short periods of time.

If the Thermo-con is operated with bacteria and algae, its cooling capacity or the capacity of the pump may deteriorate. Exchange all deionized water regularly depending on the conditions (once a month as a guide).

- 4. If using a fluid other than water, please contact SMC beforehand.
- 5. The maximum operating pressure of circulating fluid circuit is 0.1 MPa.

If this pressure is exceeded, leakage from the tank in the Thermo-con can result.

6. Select a pipe with a length and diameter which allow a flow rate of 1 L/min or more (HEC002) or 3 L/min or more (HEC006) for the circulating fluid.

If the flow rate is less than these values, the Thermo-con cannot provide precise control, but also can fail because of the repeated cooling and heating operation.

7. A magnet driven pump is used as a circulating pump.

A fluid which contains metal powders such as iron powder cannot be used.

8. The Thermo-con must not be operated without circulating fluid.

The pump can break due to idling.

**Circulating Fluid** 

### ▲ Caution

9. If the tank lid is opened after the supply of circulating fluid, the circulating fluid may spill out depending on the condition of external piping.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Technica

Data

**Related Products** 

10. If an external tank is used, the circulating fluid may spill out from the internal tank lid depending on where the external tank is installed.

Check that the internal tank has no leakage if using an external tank.

11. If there is a point where fluid is released to atmosphere externally (tank or piping), minimize the piping resistance at the circulating fluid return side.

If the piping resistance is too large, the piping may be crushed. or the built-in circulator tank may be deformed or cracked because the pressure in the piping for return will become negative. The built-in circulator tank is made of resin (PE). Therefore, the tank may be crushed if the pressure is negative. Special attention must be paid if the flow rate of the circulating fluid is high. To avoid getting negative pressure less than -0.02 MPa, the piping for return should be as thick and short as possible to minimize the piping resistance. It is also effective to restrict the flow rate of circulating fluid or remove the gasket of internal tank for the release to atmosphere.

- 12. Fluorinated fluid is outside of the specifications. If it is used in the Thermo-con, static electricity will be generated by the flow of fluid. This static electricity may be discharged to the board of the Thermo-con, causing damage or operation failure and loss of data of such as set temperature. Also, as the specific gravity of the fluorinated fluid is 1.5 to 1.8 times of water, the pump will be overloaded, which also causes fluorinated fluid to be outside the specifications. Therefore, if fluorinated fluid is used, please contact SMC and we will introduce a suitable special product (water-cooled type).
- 13. Avoid operation with cavitation or bubbles due to low fluid level in the tank. This may shorten the pump life.
- 14. If clear water is used, it should satisfy the guality standards shown below.

#### Clear Water (as Circulating Water) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulating type - Supply water"

HA GE-02-1994 Cooling water system – Circulating type – Supply water				
Item	Standard value			
pH (at 25°C)	6.0 to 8.0			
Electrical conductivity (25°C)	100*1 to 300*2 [µS/cm]			
Chloride ion	50 [mg/L] or less			
Sulfuric acid ion	50 [mg/L] or less			
Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	50 [mg/L] or less			
Total hardness	70 [mg/L] or less			
Calcium hardness	50 [mg/L] or less			
Ionic state silica	30 [mg/L] or less			
Iron	0.3 [mg/L] or less			
Copper	0.1 [mg/L] or less			
Sulfide ion	Should not be detected.			
Ammonium ion	0.1 [mg/L] or less			
Residual chlorine	0.3 [mg/L] or less			
Free carbon	4.0 [mg/L] or less			
	Item pH (at 25°C) Electrical conductivity (25°C) Chloride ion Sulfuric acid ion Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8) Total hardness Calcium hardness Ionic state silica Iron Copper Sulfide ion Ammonium ion Residual chlorine			

*1 Electrical conductivity should be 100 [uS/cm] or more.

*2 In the case of [M $\Omega$ •cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

**SMC** 



### Series HEC-A Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Communication

### **≜**Caution

1. The set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approx. 1 million times.

In particular, pay attention to how many of times the writing is performed using the communication function.

Maintenance

# A Warning

### 1. Prevention of electric shock and fire

Do not operate the switch with wet hands. Also, do not operate the Thermo-con with water left on it.

#### 2. Action in the case of error

If any error such as abnormal sounds, smoke, or bad smell occurs, cut off the power at once, and stop supplying and conveying fluid. Please contact SMC or a sales distributor to repair the Thermo-con.

#### 3. Regular inspection

Check the following items at least once a month. The inspection must be done by an operator who has sufficient knowledge and experience.

- a) Check of displayed contents.
- b) Check of temperature, vibration and abnormal sounds in the body of the Thermo-con.
- c) Check of the voltage and current of the power supply system.
- d) Check for leakage and contamination of the circulating fluid and intrusion of foreign objects to it, and subsequent replacement of the fluid.
- e) Check for flow condition, temperature and filter of radiation air.

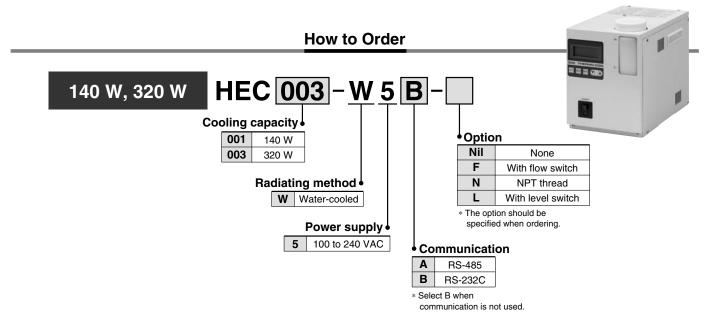


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# Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Water-cooled) **C E** RoHS Series HEC-W Note) Except

HEC006, 012

us



Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

Model	HEC001-W5A	HEC001-W5B	HEC003-W5A	HEC003-W5B		
Cooling method		Thermoelectric device (Thermo-module)				
Radiating method		Water-cooled				
Control method		Cooling/Heating auto	matic shift PID control			
Ambient temperature/humi	dity	10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%	RH (no condensation)			
Circulating fluid		Clear water, 20% ethylene glycol				
Operating temp. ran	ge	10.0 to 60.0°C (r	no condensation)			
Cooling capacity	140	) W Note 1)	320	W Note 1)		
Heating capacity	400	) W Note 1)	770	W Note 1)		
Temperature stability N	ote 2)	±0.01 to 0.03°C				
		Refer to performance chart.				
Tank capacity		Approx. 1.2 L				
Pump capacity Tank capacity Port size		IN/OUT: Rc3/8 Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)				
Wetted parts materia	I PPE, PP glass 10%, /	PPE, PP glass 10%, Alumina ceramics, Carbon, EPDM, Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, PE, PP, NBR				
Temperature range		10 to 35°C (no condensation)				
Temperature range		1 MPa or less				
Required flow rate No.	ote 3)	3 to 7 L/min				
Port size Wetted parts materia		IN/OUT: Rc3/8				
Wetted parts materia	ıl	Stainless steel 304				
Power supply		Single-phase: 100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz				
Power supply Overcurrent protecte	or	10	) A			
	n 3.5 A (100 VAC	c) to 1.5 A (240 VAC)	5.5 A (100 VAC) to 2.5 A (240 VAC)			
Current consumptio		Refer to ala	arm function.			
Communications	RS-485	RS-232C	RS-485	RS-232C		
Weight	Арр	Approx. 12 kg Approx. 13 kg				
Accessories		Power cable, Foot for fixing, Splashproof cover				
Safety standards		CE marking, UL (NR	TL) standards, SEMI			

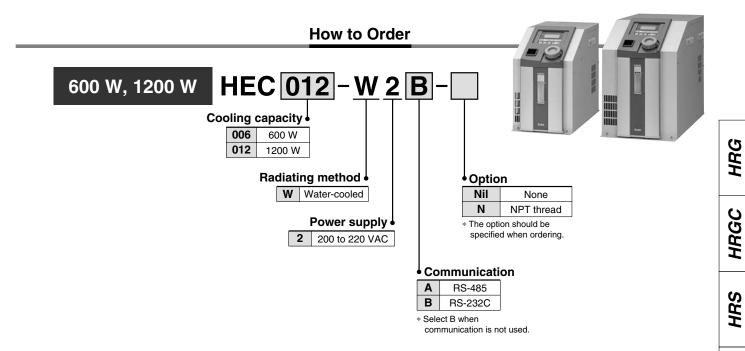
Note 1) Circulating fluid/Clear water conditions: Circulating fluid set temperature 20°C, Flow rate 5 L/min., Facility water temperature 20°C, Flow rate 5 L/min., Ambient temperature 25°C Note 2) The indicated values are with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range in some other operating conditions. Note 3) The flow rate over or below the set range may deteriorate performance or generate noise.

a 178



Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

### Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Water-cooled) Series HEC-W



Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

	Model	HEC006-W2A	HEC006-W2B	HEC012-W2A	HEC012-W2B	
Cooling method		Thermoelectric device (Thermo-module)				
Radiating method			Water-	-cooled		
Control method			Cooling/Heating auto	matic shift PID control		
Α	mbient temperature/humidity		10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%	BRH (no condensation)		
	Circulating fluid Note 1)	Clear	water, Fluorinated fluid (Fluor	inert [™] FC-3283, GALDEN [®] HT135)		
	Operating temperature range		10.0 to 60.0°C (no condensation)			
em	Cooling capacity	600 W (Clear water), 400 W	(Fluorinert TM FC-3283) Note 2)	1200 W (Clear water), 800 W	(Fluorinert TM FC-3283) Note 3)	
system	Heating capacity	900 W (Clear water), 600 W	(Fluorinert TM FC-3283) Note 2)	2200 W (Clear water), 1500 V	N (Fluorinert [™] FC-3283) Note 3)	
	Temperature stability Note 4)		±0.01 to	o 0.03°C		
gfl∟	Pump capacity	Refer to perfor		ormance chart.		
atinç	Tank capacity	Approx. 3 L		Appr	ox. 5 L	
Circulating fluid	Port size	IN/OUT: Rc3/8 Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)		IN/OUT: Rc3/4 Drain: Rc1/4 (with plug)		
	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Ceramics, PPS glass 30%, Carbon, PE, Polyurethane		Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, EPDM, Ceramics, PP, PE, Polyurethane, SiC, PPS		
em	Temperature range		10 to 35°C (no	condensation)		
system	Pressure range		1 MPa	or less		
water	Required flow rate Note 5)	8 to 10	8 to 10 L/min		10 to 15 L/min	
Facility v	Port size	IN/OUT: Rc3/8		IN/OUT: Rc1/2		
Fac	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel 303		, Stainless steel 304		
em	Power supply		Single-phase: 200 to 22	20 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz		
system	Overcurrent protector	10	A	15 A		
	Current consumption	5	A	10 A		
Electrical	Alarm	Refer to ala		arm function.		
Еle	Communications	RS-485	RS-232C	RS-485	RS-232C	
W	eight	Approx. 25 kg (including foot for fixing) Approx. 40 kg (including foot for fixing)		uding foot for fixing)		
A	ccessories	Power cable, Foot for fixing				
Sa	afety standards	CE marking				

Note 1) Fluorinert[™] is a trademark of 3M and GALDEN[®] is a registered trademark of Solvay Solexis, Inc. Regarding the fluid other than the above, please consult with SMC. Note 2) Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Facility water temperature 20°C, Facility water flow rate 8 L/min, Ambient temperature 25°C,

Note 3) Conditions: Set temperature 25°C, Facility water temperature 20°C, Facility water flow rate 10 L/min, Ambient temperature 25°C,

Note 4) The indicated values are with a stable load without turbulence in the operating conditions. It may be out of this range in some other operating conditions.

Note 5) The flow rate over or below the set range may deteriorate performance or generate noise.

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

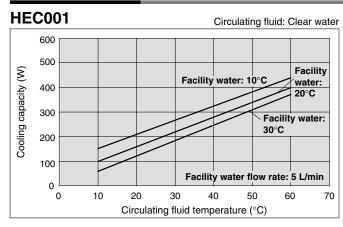
HEB

HED

Technical Data

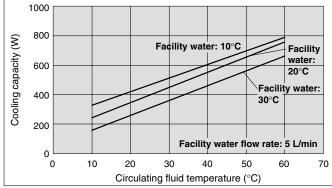
# Series HEC-W

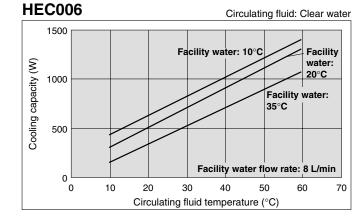
### **Cooling Capacity**

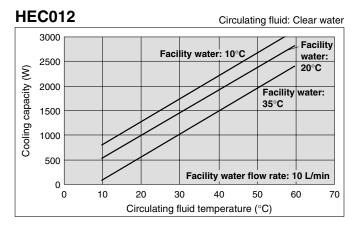




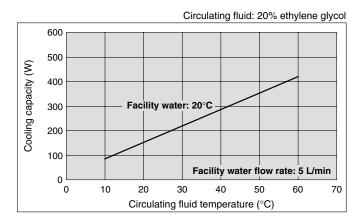
Circulating fluid: Clear water



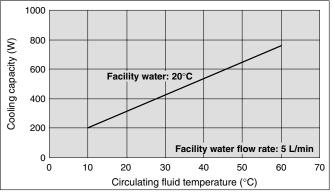




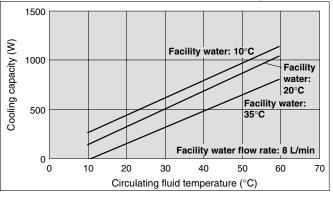
The values shown on the performance chart are not guaranteed, but typical. Allow margins for safety when selecting the model.

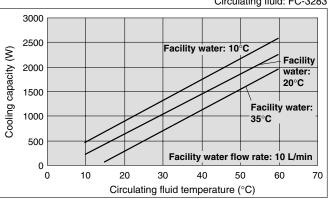










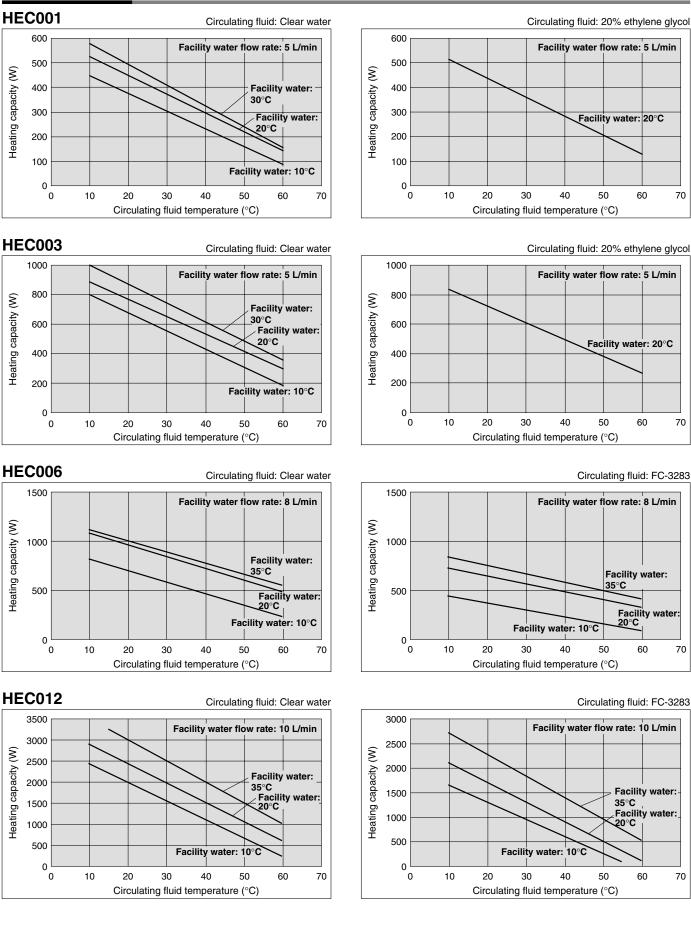




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# Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Water-cooled) Series HEC-W

The values shown on the performance chart are not guaranteed, but typical. Allow margins for safety when selecting the model.



### **Heating Capacity**

70

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Technical Data

Related Products

50

50

60

Facility water: 35°C

Facility 20°C

60

Facility water:

60

35°C Facility water:

20°C

50

50

wate

70

70

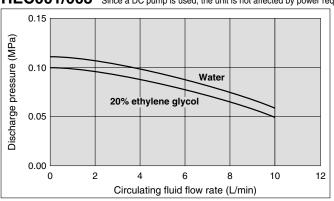
60

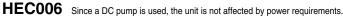
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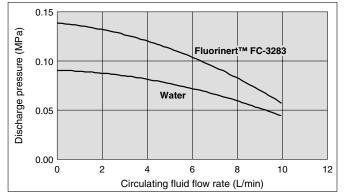
**GSMC** 

# Series HEC-W

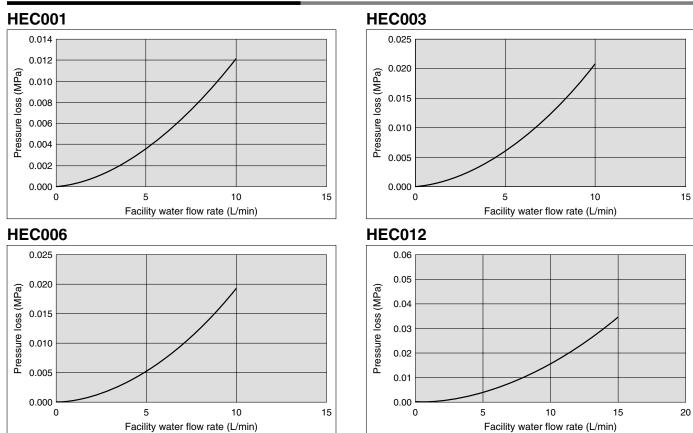
### Pump Capacity (Thermo-con Outlet)





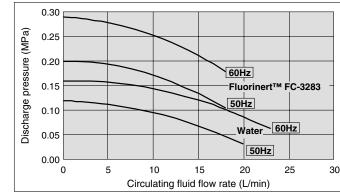


### **Pressure Loss in Facility Water Circuit**



**HEC012** 

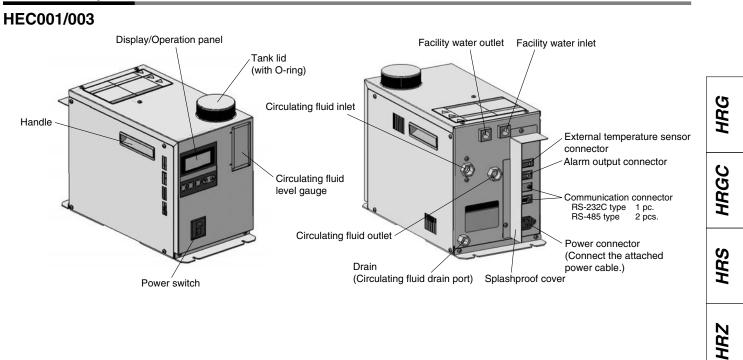
HEC001/003 Since a DC pump is used, the unit is not affected by power requirements.



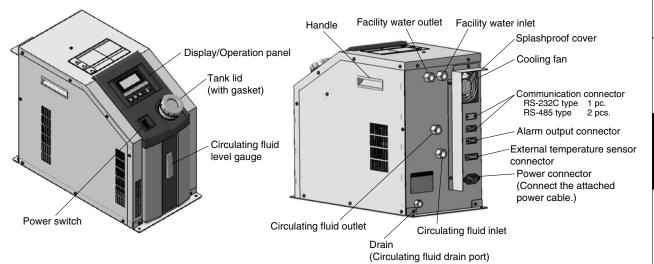
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# Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Water-cooled) Series HEC-W

#### **Parts Description**



HEC006/012



183

HRZD

HRW

HEC

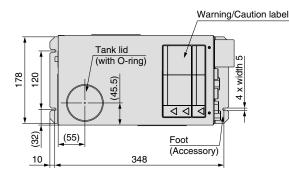
HEB

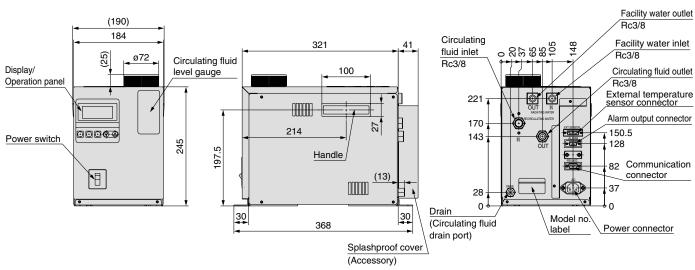
HED

# Series HEC-W

#### **Dimensions**

#### HEC001-W5□/003-W5□





For NPT thread specification (-N), all fittings (including those at the circulating fluid drain port) are made of NPT.

#### Power Cable (Accessory)

Connector: IEC60320 C13 or equivalent Cable: 14AWG, O.D. ø8.4

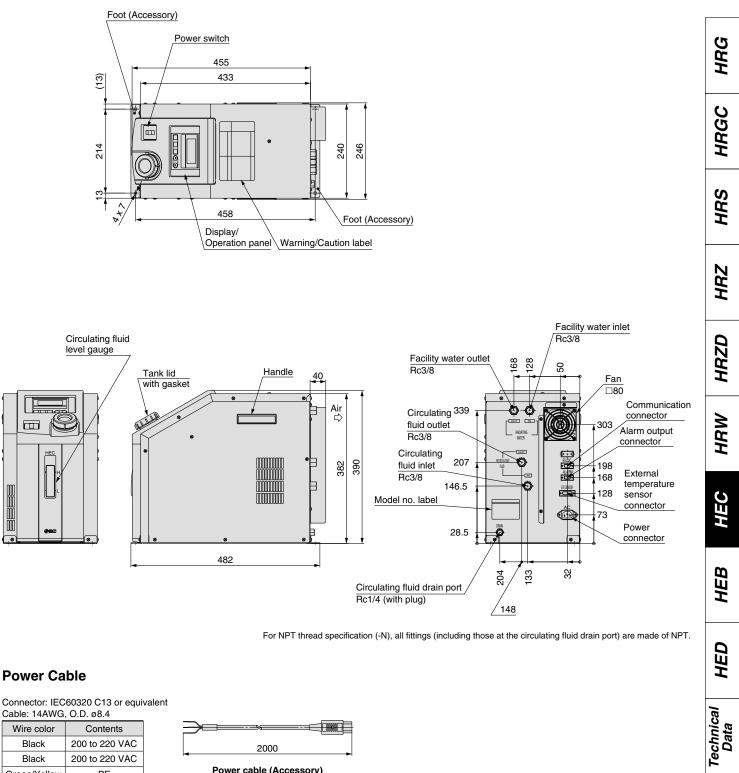
Cable: 14AWG	, O.D. Ø8.4	
Wire color	Contents	
Black	100 to 240 VAC	2000
Black	100 to 240 VAC	<b>∢</b> ►
Green/Yellow	PE	Power cable (Accessory)
	Wire color Black Black	Black100 to 240 VACBlack100 to 240 VAC



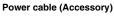
# Peltier-Type Chiller Thermo-con (Water-cooled) Series HEC-W

#### **Dimensions**

#### **HEC006-W2**□



2000



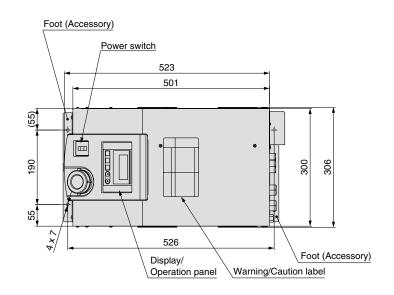
185

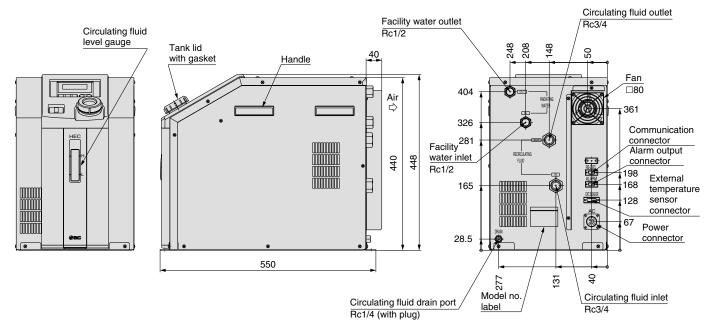
**Related Products** 

# Series **HEC-W**

#### **Dimensions**

#### **HEC012-W2**□





For NPT fitting specification (-N), all fittings (including those at the circulating fluid drain port) are made of NPT.

#### **Power Cable**

Connector: DDK CE05-6A18-10SD-D-BSS or equivalent Cable: 14AWG, O.D. ø8.4

Wire color	Contents
Black	200 to 220 VAC
Black	200 to 220 VAC
Green/Yellow	PE



Power cable (Accessory)



#### Connectors

Pin No.

1

2

3

#### HEC006-W2 /001-W5 /003-W5

1. Power connector (AC) IEC60320 C14 or equivalent HEC006-W2□

#### HEC001-W5□ **HEC003-W5**□

Contents	Pin I	No. Contents
200 to 220 VAC	1	100 to 240 VAC
200 to 220 VAC	2	100 to 240 VAC
PE	3	PE

2. Communication connector (RS-232C or RS-485) D-sub 9 pin (socket) Holding screw: M2.6

	Signal contents			
Pin No.	RS-232C	RS-485		
1	Unused	BUS+		
2	RD	BUS-		
3	SD	Unused		
4	Unused	Unused		
5	SG	SG		
6-9	Unused	Unused		

#### 3. External sensor connector (EXT.SENSOR) D-sub 15 pin (socket) Holding screw: M2.6

Pin No.	Signal contents		
1-2	Unused		
3	Terminal A of resistance temperature detector		
4	Terminal B of resistance temperature detector		
5	Terminal B of resistance temperature detector		
6-14	Unused		
15	FG		

### 4. Alarm output connector (ALARM) D-sub 9 pin (pin)

#### Holding screw: M2.6

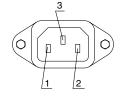
Pin No.	Signal contents		
1	Contact a for output cut-off alarm (open when alarm occurs)		
2	Common for output cut-off alarm		
3	Contact b for output cut-off alarm (closed when alarm occurs)		
4-5	Unused		
6	Contact a for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (open when alarm occurs)		
7	Common for upper/lower temp. limit alarm		
8	Contact b for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (closed when alarm occurs)		
9	Unused		

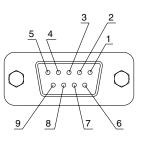
#### **HEC012-W2**□

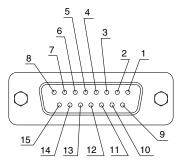
#### Power connector (AC) DDK CE05-2A18-10PD-D or equivalent

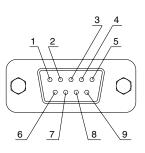
Pin No.	Contents	
Α	200 to 220 VAC	
В	200 to 220 VAC	
С	Unused	
D	PE	

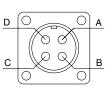
Other connectors are the same as those for the HEC006-W2D.













**Related Products** 

# Series HEC-W

#### Alarm

This unit is equipped as standard with a function allowing 15 kinds of alarms to display on the LCD and can be read out by serial communication. Also, it can generate relay output for upper/lower temperature limit alarm and output cut-off alarm.

Alarm code	Alarm description	Operation status	Main reason	
WRN	Upper/Lower temp. limit alarm	Continue	The temperature has exceeded the upper or lower limit of the target temperature.	
ERR00	CPU hung-up	Stop	The CPU has crashed due to noise, etc.	
ERR01	CPU check error	Stop	The contents of the CPU cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.	
ERR03	Back-up data error	Stop	The contents of the back-up data cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.	
ERR04	EEPROM writing error	Stop	The data cannot be written to EEPROM.	
ERR11	DC power supply failure	Stop	The DC power supply has failed (due to abnormal high temperature) or an irregular voltage has occurred or the thermo-module has been short-circuited.	
ERR12	Internal temp. sensor high temp. error	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the upper limit of cut-off temperature.	
ERR13	Internal temp. sensor low temp. error	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the lower limit of cut-off temperature.	
ERR14	Thermostat alarm	Stop	The thermostat has been activated due to insufficient of the facility water or high temperature.	
ERR15	Abnormal output alarm	Continue	The temperature cannot be changed even at 100% output due to overload or disconnection of the thermo-module.	
ERR16	Pump failure *1 or low circulating fluid level alarm *2	Stop	The pump has been overloaded *1 or the flow switch is activated *2.	
ERR17	Internal temp. sensor disconnection alarm	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited.	
ERR18	External temp. sensor disconnection alarm	Continue	The external temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited. (Only detected when in learning control or external tune control.)	
ERR19	Abnormal auto tuning alarm	Stop	Auto tuning has not been completed within 20 minutes.	
ERR20 Low fluid level alarm *3 Stop The amount of circulating fluid in the tank has dropped and the level switch i		The amount of circulating fluid in the tank has dropped and the level switch is activated.		

*1 The HEC012 only

*2 Optional for the HEC001 and HEC003 only (Not available for the HEC006)

*3 Optional for the HEC001 and HEC003

#### Maintenance

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Maintenance of this unit is performed only in the form of return to and repair at SMC's site. As a rule, SMC will not conduct on-site maintenance. Separately, the following parts have a limited life and need to be replaced before the life ends.

Description	Expected life	Possible failure	
Pump	3 to 5 years	The bearing is worn so the pump fails to transfer the circulating fluid, which results in temperature control failure.	
Fan	5 to 10 years	The bearing uses up lubrication and makes the fan unable to supply enough air, which increases the internal tempera- ture of the Thermo-con, and activates the overheat protection of the power supply and generates the alarm.	
DC power supply	5 to 10 years	The capacity of the electrolytic condenser decreases, and causes abnormal voltage which results in DC power supply failure and stops the Thermo-con.	
Display panel	50,000 hours (approx. 5 years)	The display turns off when the backlight of the LCD reaches the end of its life.	



Option symbol

Note) Options have to be selected when ordering the Thermo-con. It is not possible to add them after purchasing the unit.

With Flow Switch	
HEC -F With flow switch	HRG
This is an ON/OFF switch detecting low levels of the circulating fluid.TypeApplicable modelWhen the fluid volume is 1 L/min. or less, "ERR16" is displayed and the Thermo-con stops. This switch is installed between the circulating fluid inlet and the tank, and built into the Thermo-con.Water- cooledHEC001-W5□-FRefer to page 161.HEC003-W5□-F	HRGC
N Option symbol NPT Thread	HRS
HEC - N • NPT thread The connection parts of circulating fluid piping, facility water piping and circulating fluid drain port Type Applicable model	HRZ
The connection parts of circulating fluid piping, facility water piping and circulating fluid drain port are NPT thread type.          Type       Applicable model         HEC001-W5□-N         Water-       HEC003-W5□-N         Cooled       HEC006-W2□-N         HEC012-W2□-N	HRZD
Option symbol With Level Switch	HRW
HEC	НЕС
This switch is used to detect a LOW level of tank fluid. When the fluid level becomes below the LOW level, "ERR20" is displayed and the Thermo-con stops. This switch is installed in the circulating fluid tank and built into the Thermo-con. Refer to page 161.       Type       Applicable model         Water-       HEC001-W5□-L         Cooled       HEC003-W5□-L         Other models include a level switch	HEB
as standard equipment.	НЕD

Technical Data

Related Products



## Series HEC-W **Specific Product Precautions 1**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

#### System Design

### \land Warning

- 1. This catalog shows the specifications of the Thermo-con.
  - 1. Check detailed specifications in the separate "Product Specifications", and evaluate the compatibility of the Thermo-con with customer's system.
  - 2. Although the protection circuit as a single unit is installed, the customer is requested to carry out the safety design for the whole system.

Handling

## \land Warning

1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

2. If the set temperature is repeatedly changed by 10°C or more, the Thermo-con may fail in short periods of time.

**Operating Environment/Storage Environment** 

# \land Warning

190

1. Keep within the specified ambient temperature and humidity range.

Also, if the set temperature is too low, condensation may form on the inside of the Thermo-con or the surface of piping even within the specified ambient temperature range. Dew condensation can cause failure, and so must be avoided by considering operating conditions.

2. The Thermo-con is not designed for clean room usage.

The pump and fan generate dust.

3. Low molecular siloxane can damage the contact of the relay.

Use the Thermo-con in a place free from low molecular siloxane.

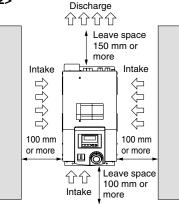
#### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

# 🗥 Warning

#### 4. Installation conditions

If the space for the intake and discharge of air is insufficient, the amount of transferred air will decrease, which can impair the performance and life of the product. Therefore, keep the conditions illustrated below for installation. Also, if ambient temperature is expected to be over 35°C, vent or exhaust air to prevent the increase of ambient temperature over 35°C.

#### <HEC006/012>



#### <HEC001/003>

It is not necessary to leave space for ventilation. Install the product while taking working space for installation and maintenance into account. However, ventilation must be also considered so that ambient temperature does not excessively rise.

**Facility Water** 

### ▲ Caution

1. If the temperature of the facility water is too low, it can cause formation of dew condensation inside the heat exchanger.

Supply facility water with a temperature over the atmospheric dew point to avoid the formation of dew condensation.

If the facility water piping is connected to multiple machines, the facility water exchanges heat at the upstream side and its temperature will become higher as it goes downstream.

Limit the number of connected Thermo-cons to two per facility water system, and if more than two Thermo-cons are to be connected, increase the number of systems.

#### **Circulating Fluid**

### A Caution

1. Use tap water or fluid which will not damage the wetted parts material as described in this catalog's specifications.

(PPE, PP glass 10%, Alumina ceramics, Carbon, EPDM, Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, PE, PP, NBR)

2. Deionized water (with an electrical conductivity of approx. 1  $\mu$ S/cm) can be used, but may lose its electrical conductivity.



## Series HEC-W Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

**Circulating Fluid** 

## **A**Caution

3. If deionized water is used, bacteria and algae may grow in a short period.

If the Thermo-con is operated with bacteria and algae, its heat exchanging capacity or the capacity of the pump may deteriorate. Exchange all deionized water regularly depending on the conditions (once a month as a guide).

- 4. If using a fluid other than this catalog, please contact SMC beforehand.
- 5. The maximum operating pressure of circulating fluid circuit is 0.1 MPa.

If this pressure is exceeded, leakage from the tank in the Thermo-con can result.

6. Select a pipe with a length and diameter which allow a flow rate of 3 L/min or more for the circulating fluid.

If the flow rate is less than 3 L/min, the Thermo-con cannot provide precise control, but also can fail because of the repeated cooling and heating operation.

7. A magnet driven pump is used as a circulating pump.

A fluid which contains metal powders such as iron powder cannot be used.

8. The Thermo-con must not be operated without circulating fluid.

The pump can break due to idling.

- 9. If the tank lid is opened after the supply of circulating fluid, the circulating fluid may spill out depending on the condition of external piping.
- 10. If an external tank is used, the circulating fluid may spill out from the internal tank lid depending on where the external tank is installed.

Check that the internal tank has no leakage if using an external tank.

11. If there is a point where fluid is released to atmosphere externally (tank or piping), minimize the piping resistance at the circulating fluid return side.

If the piping resistance is too large, the piping may be crushed, or the built-in circulator tank may be deformed or cracked because the pressure in the piping for return will become negative. The built-in circulator tank is made of resin (PE). Therefore, the tank may be crushed if the pressure is negative. Special attention must be paid if the flow rate of the circulating fluid is high. To avoid getting negative pressure less than -0.02 MPa, the piping for return should be as thick and short as possible to minimize the piping resistance. It is also effective to restrict the flow rate of circulating fluid or remove the gasket of internal tank for the release to atmosphere.

12. If fluorinated fluid is used in the Thermo-con (HEC006/012), static electricity will be generated by the flow of fluid. This static electricity may be discharged to the board of the Thermo-con, causing damage or operation failure and loss of data of such as set temperature.

Ground pipe in order to remove static electricity.

13. Avoid operation with cavitation or bubbles due to low fluid level in the tank. This may shorten the pump life. **Circulating Fluid** 

### **▲**Caution

# 14. If clear water is used, it should satisfy the quality standards shown below.

#### Clear Water (as Circulating Water) Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulating type – Supply water"

	Item	Standard value
	pH (at 25°C)	6.0 to 8.0
	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	100*1 to 300*2 [µS/cm]
	Chloride ion	50 [mg/L] or less
Standard	Sulfuric acid ion	50 [mg/L] or less
item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	50 [mg/L] or less
	Total hardness	70 [mg/L] or less
	Calcium hardness	50 [mg/L] or less
	Ionic state silica	30 [mg/L] or less
	Iron	0.3 [mg/L] or less
	Copper	0.1 [mg/L] or less
Reference	Sulfide ion	Should not be detected.
item	Ammonium ion	0.1 [mg/L] or less
	Residual chlorine	0.3 [mg/L] or less
	Free carbon	4.0 [mg/L] or less
	*1 Electrical conductivity should	be 100 [µS/cm] or more.

*2 In the case of [M $\Omega$ •cm], it will be 0.003 to 0.01.

#### Communication

# **▲**Caution

# 1. The set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approx. 1 million times.

In particular, pay attention to how many of times the writing is performed using the communication function.

#### Maintenance

## **A**Warning

### 1. Prevention of electric shock and fire

Do not operate the switch with wet hands. Also, do not operate the Thermo-con with water left on it.

### 2. Action in the case of error

If any error such as abnormal sounds, smoke, or bad smell occurs, cut off the power at once, and stop supplying and conveying fluid. Please contact SMC or a sales distributor to repair the Thermo-con.

#### 3. Regular inspection

Check the following items at least once a month. The inspection must be done by an operator who has sufficient knowledge and experience.

- a) Check of displayed contents.
- b) Check of temperature, vibration and abnormal sounds in the body of the Thermo-con.
- c) Check of the voltage and current of the power supply system.
  d) Check for leakage and contamination of the circulating fluid and intrusion of foreign objects to it, and subsequent replacement of water.
- e) Check for leakage, quality change, flow rate and temperature of facility water.

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Related Technical Products Data

HRG

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

# **Peltier-Type**

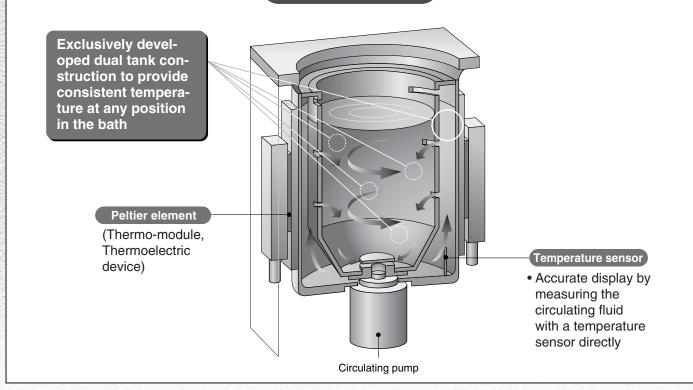
# **Thermoelectric Bath**

# Series HEB



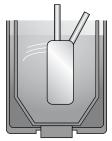
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### **Features**



### **Application Examples**

#### Semiconductor

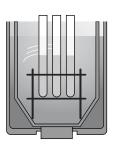


Evaporation of chemicals for MOCVD Temperature control of diffusion gas

#### Various tests

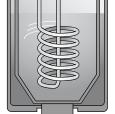
Thermal test with immersion

#### Physical and chemical analysis



Temperature control of various samples, materials and parts

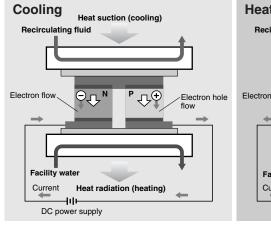


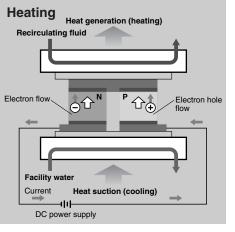


Indirect temperature control of chemicals and liquids with high viscosity

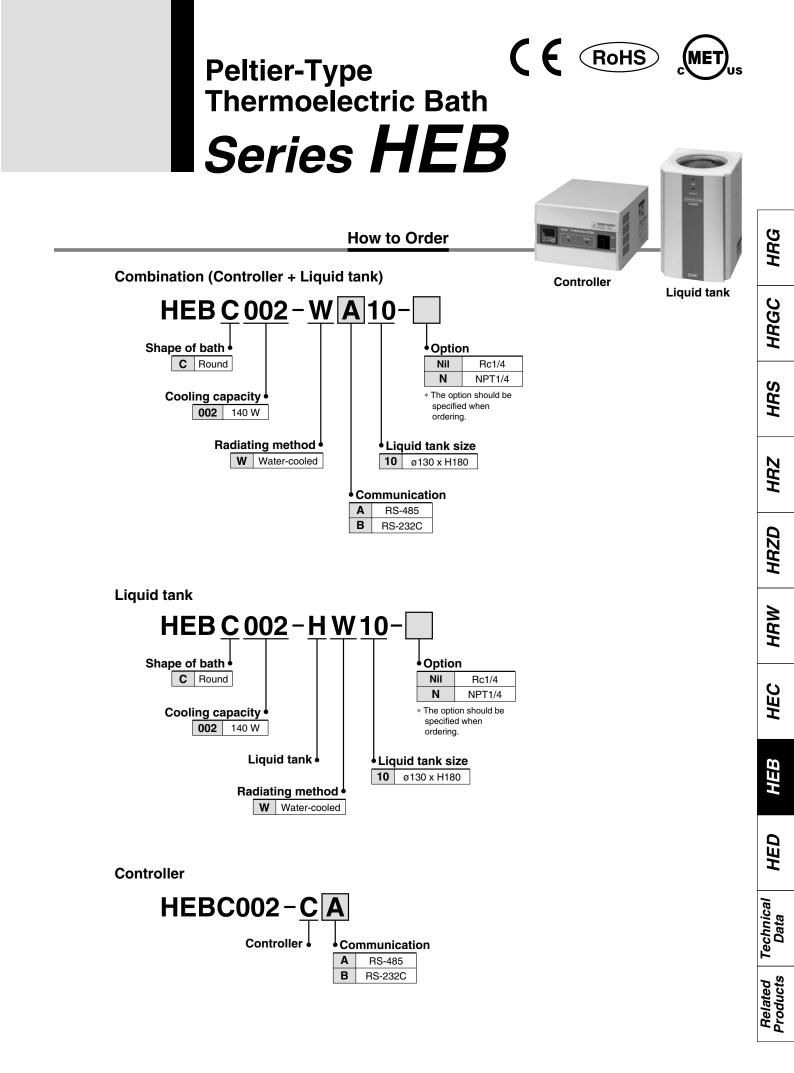
# Principle of Peltier Device (Thermo-module, Thermoelectric device)

A Peltier device (thermo-module, thermoelectric device) is a plate type element, inside which P-type semiconductors and N-type semiconductors are located alternately. If direct current is supplied to the Peltier device, heat is transferred inside the device, and one face generates heat and increases temperature while the other face sucked heat and decreases temperature. Therefore, changing the direction of the current supplied to the Peltier device can achieve heating and cooling operation. This method has a fast response and can shift quickly between heating and cooling, so temperature can be controlled very precisely.





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# Series HEB

#### Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

Model		HEBC002-WA10	HEBC002-WB10
Cooling method		Peltier device (Thermo-module, Thermoelectric device)	
Radiating method		Liquid tank: Water-cooled, Controller: Forcible air-cooled	
Control method		Cooling/Heating automatic shift PID control	
Ambient temperature/humidity		10 to 35°C, 35 to 80%RH	
Circulating fluid system	Application fluid Note 1)	Clear water, Fluorinated liquid (Fluorinert [™] FC-3283, GALDEN [®] HT135, HT200)	
	Set temperature range Note 1) Note 5)	-15.0 to 60.0°C (5 to 60°C for water)	
	Cooling capacity Note 2)	140 W (Water)	
	Heating capacity Note 2)	300 W (Water)	
	Temperature stability Note 3)	±0.01°C	
	Temperature distribution Note 3)	±0.02°C	
	Tank dimensions	Internal diameter ø130 x Liquid level 188 mm	
Facility water system	Temperature	10 to 35°C (no condensation)	
	Pressure range	0.5 MPa or less	
	Flow rate Note 4)	3 to 5 L/min	
	Port size	IN/OUT: Rc1/4	
ш.	Wetted parts material	Stainless steel 303, Stainless steel 304, FEP, A6063 (anodized)	
	Power supply	Single-phase, 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
<u> </u>	Overcurrent protector	10 A	
Electrical system	Current consumption	4 A (100 VAC) to 2 A (240 VAC)	
	Alarm (With alarm output connector)	<ol> <li>1) Overheating of liquid tank (which activates the thermostat)</li> <li>2) Controller output voltage reduction</li> <li>3) Controller fan rotation stopped</li> </ol>	
Communications		RS-485	RS-232C
Weight		Liquid tank: Approx. 8.5 kg Controller: Approx. 6.5 kg	
Acce	essories	Power cable (2 m), DC cable, Signal cable (3 m each)	
Safety standards		CE marking, UL (NRTL) standard	

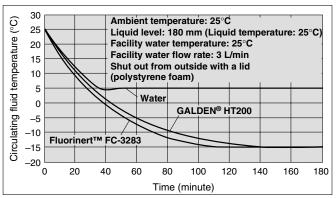
Note 1) GALDEN[®] is a trademark of Solvay Solexis and Fluorinert[™] is a trademark of 3M. For other fluids, please contact SMC.

Note 2) Determined under the following conditions: water as the recirculating fluid, set temperature 25°C, facility water temperature 25°C, flow rate 3 L/min, ambient temperature 25°C, and sealed from outside air with a lid.

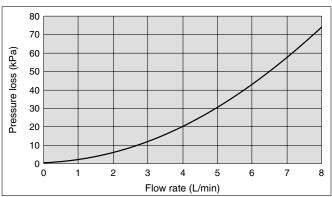
Note 3) Differs depending on the operating conditions.

Note 4) An appropriate range is from 3 to 5 L/min. To prevent damage to the radiating system, do not supply a flow over the maximum flow rate of 8 L/min.
 Note 5) When the temperature is set high, the liquid temperature inside of the liquid tank and the temperature inside of the thermostat could differ greatly depending on the heating mode at start-up, and the thermostat could then begin operating and stop the output. Confirm that there is no problem by carrying out an operating test beforehand.

### **Cooling Capacity**

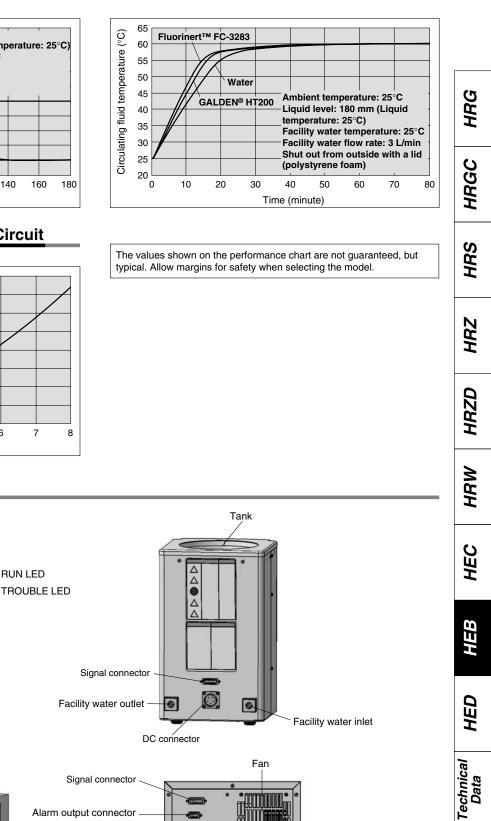


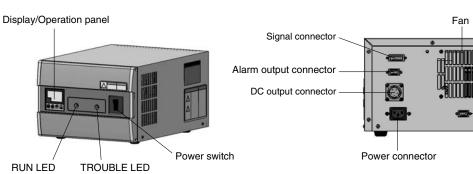
### **Pressure Loss in Facility Water Circuit**



### **Parts Description**







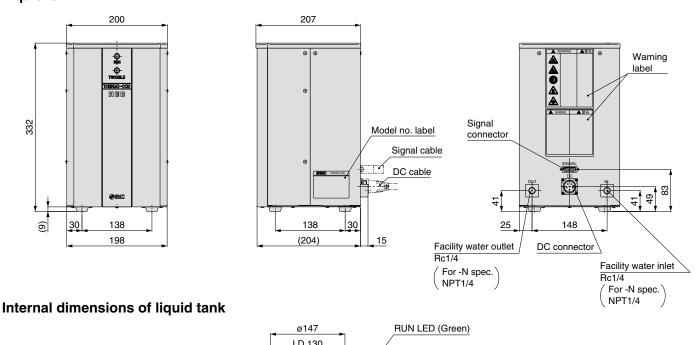
Communication connector

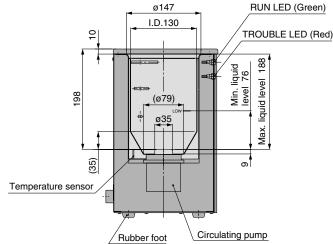
**Related Products** 

# Series HEB

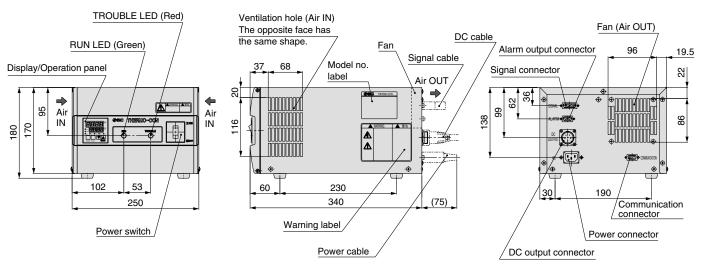
#### **Dimensions**

#### Liquid tank





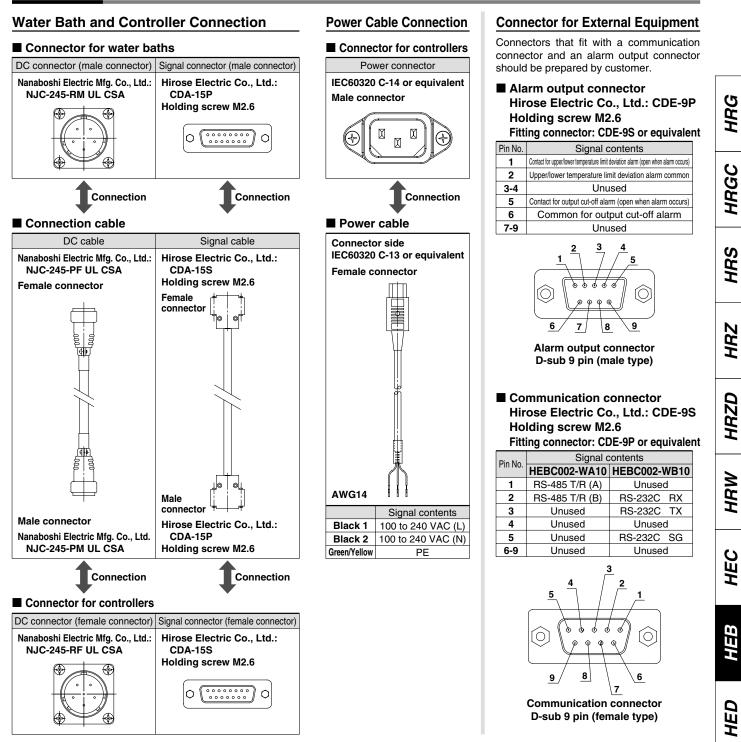
#### Controller



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### Connectors



#### Maintenance

Maintenance of this unit is performed only in the form of return to and repair at SMC's site. As a rule, SMC will not conduct on-site maintenance. Separately, the following parts have a limited life and need to be replaced before the life ends.

#### Parts Life Expectation

Description	Expected life	Possible failure		
Circulating pump	3 to 5 years	The circulating fluid cannot be fed due to worn bearing and/or insufficient capacity of electrolytic capacitor, which results in temperature controlling failure.		
		The capacity of the fan lowers due to the end of lubricating performance of the bearing, which results in increase of internal temperature of the Controller. The overheat protective function at the inside of the power supply starts, the output stops and the display goes off.		
DC power supply	5 to 10 years	Abnormal voltage is generated and the display goes off due to insufficient capacity of electrolytic capacitor.		

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Technical Data

Related Products



### Series HEB Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

System Design

## **A** Warning

- 1. The catalog shows the specifications of the Thermoelectric Bath.
  - 1. Check detailed specifications in the separate "Product Specifications", and evaluate the compatibility of the Thermoelectric Bath with customer's system.
  - 2. The Thermoelectric Bath is equipped with a protective circuit independently, but the whole system should be designed by the customer to ensure safety.

Handling

# **M**Warning

1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

Operating Environment/Storage Environment

### A Warning

- 1. Avoid using the Thermoelectric Bath in an environment where it could be splashed by fluids (including mist) such as water, salt water, oil, chemicals, or solvents.
- 2. The Thermoelectric Bath is not designed for clean room usage.

It generates dust from the pump inside the tank and the cooling fan in the controller.

3. Low molecular siloxane can damage the contact of the relay.

Use the Thermoelectric Bath in a place free from low molecular siloxane.

4. Reserve a space of 50 mm or more at the ventilation hole of the controller.

#### **Radiation Air**

### **A**Caution

- 1. The ventilation hole for radiation air must not be exposed to particles and dust as far as possible.
- 2. Do not let the inlet and outlet for radiation air get closed.

If radiation is prevented, the internal power supply will overheat, causing the protective circuit to be activated and stopping the Thermoelectric Bath.

3. If more than one Thermoelectric Bath is used, consider their arrangement so that the downstream sides of the Thermoelectric Bath suck radiation air from the upstream sides. **Circulating Fluid** 

### **▲**Caution

1. Do not use fluids other than those described in the specification.

Otherwise, the pump will be overloaded and may break. If such a fluid is used, please contact SMC beforehand.

2. The Thermoelectric Bath must not be operated without circulating fluid. The pump breaks by empty driving.

The pump breaks by empty driving.

3. The circulating fluid may evaporate, lowering the level in the tank. Significant reduction of the fluid level can break the circulating

pump as well as causing the performance to deteriorate. Use with appropriate liquid level at all times.

4. The pump can be broken by foreign objects entering the circulating pump.

Control to prevent any foreign object from entering the fluid. If the fluid is fluorinated liquid and it is set to a temperature below freezing point, steam from the atmosphere will form ice (frost) when entering the fluid. Be sure to remove this ice (frost) regularly.

5. If water is used for the circulating fluid, set its temperature to over or more 5°C to prevent it from being frozen.

**Facility Water** 

### Caution

1. The maximum operating pressure of facility water is 0.5 MPa.

If this value is exceeded, the internal piping of the tank can break, causing leakage of facility water.

- 2. Do not supply a flow rate of 8 L/min or more which can break the facility water piping.
- 3. Appropriate range of the flow rate of the facility water is 3 to 5 L/min.

Flow rate higher than this range will not slightly affect the cooling and heating capacity. However, a flow rate below 3 L/min will reduce the cooling and heating capacity significantly.

Communication

### ▲Caution

1. The set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approx. 100,000 times.

In particular, pay attention to how many of times the writing is performed using the communication function.



### Series HEB **Specific Product Precautions 2**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Maintenance

### **▲**Warning

#### 1. Prevention of electric shock and fire

Do not operate the switch with wet hands. Also, do not operate the Thermoelectric Bath with water or fluid left on it.

#### 2. Action in the case of error

If any error such as abnormal sounds, smoke, or bad smell occurs, cut off the power at once, and stop supplying facility water. Please contact SMC or a sales distributor to repair the Thermoelectric Bath.

#### 3. Regular inspection

Check the following items at least once a month. The inspection must be done by an operator who has sufficient knowledge and experience.

- a) Check of displayed contents.
- b) Check of temperature, vibration and abnormal sounds in the body of the Thermoelectric Bath.
- c) Check of the voltage and current of the power supply system.
- d) Check for leakage and contamination of the recirculating fluid and intrusion of foreign objects to it.
- e) Check radiation air flow condition and temperature.
- f) Check for leakage, quality change, flow rate and temperature of facility water.

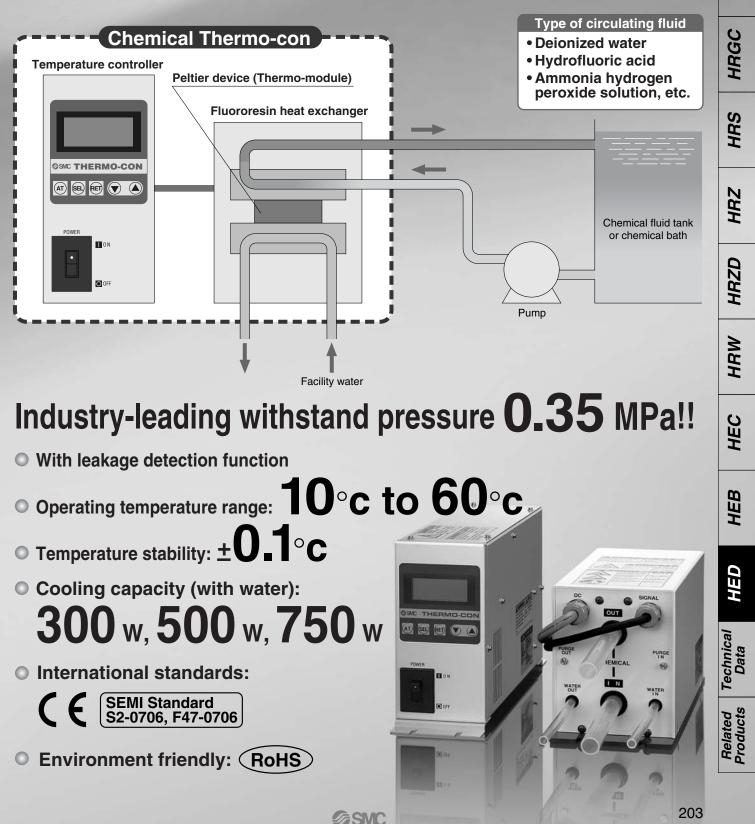
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Peltier-Type Temperature Control System for Chemicals

# Chemical Thermo-con Series HED

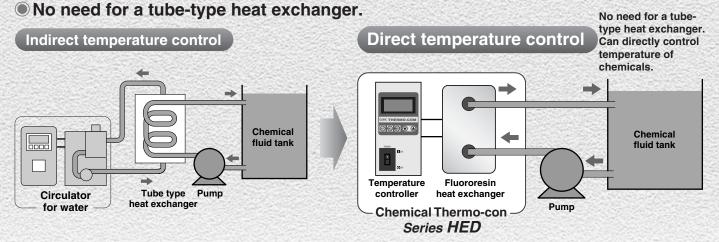
# Fluororesin heat exchanger allows direct temperature control for chemicals!!

HRG



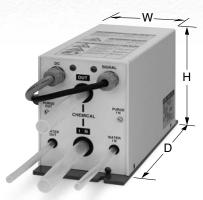
### Allows direct control of chemical temperature.

### PFA wetted parts material prevents contamination from metal ion elution.



### **Compact and Light**

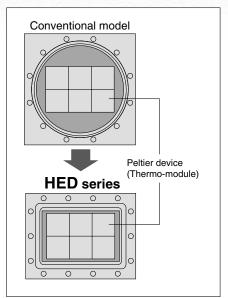
Self-developed heat exchanger matched to the configuration of the Peltier device (Thermo-module). Compact and light

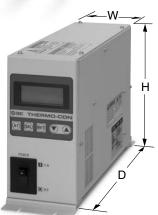


#### Heat Exchanger

Model	W	D	Н	Weight
HED003	130	263	170	<b>8</b> kg
HED005	150	204	222	<b>14</b> kg
HED007	150	294	294 222	<b>15</b> kg

The outline dimensions do not include protruding parts such as the foot flange and tube.





#### **Temperature Controller**

Model	W	D	Н	Weight
HED003	100	320	215	<b>6</b> kg
HED005	140	350	215	<b>8</b> kg
HED007	165	447	215	<b>13</b> kg

The outline dimensions do not include protruding parts such as the foot flange, screw and connector.

### Applications

Cleaning equipment Plating equipment Wet etching equipment, etc.

### Applicable Fluid Examples

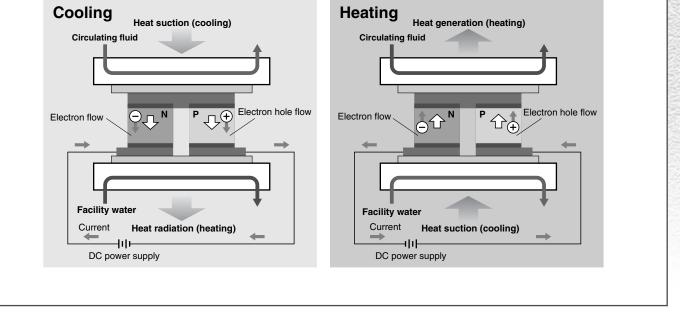
Chemical	Operating temperature range	Chemical	Operating temperature range
Deionized water	10 to 60°C	Ammonia hydrogen peroxide solution	10 to 60°C
Hydrofluoric acid	10 to 40°C	Sodium hydroxide	10 to 60°C
Sulfuric acid (except fuming sulfuric acid)	10 to 50°C	Ozone water	10 to 60°C
Copper sulfate solution	10 to 50°C	* No condensation	

Note) Chemial Thermo-con is not designed to be explosion proof, so it is not suitable for flammable fluids.

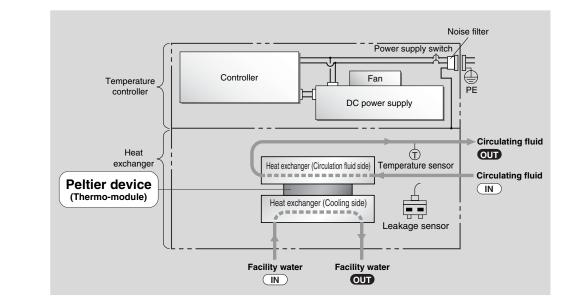
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### Principle of Peltier Device (Thermo-module, Thermoelectric device)

The Peltier device (thermo-module, thermoelectric device) is plate-shape solid state element with P-type, N-type semiconductor arrayed alternately. When direct current is supplied to the element, heat moves from one surface to another along with electron flow in N-type semiconductor and electron hole in P-type semiconductor. As a result of the heat move, one surface of the element absorbs heat and decrease temperature. And other surface heats up. When the DC current is switched to reverse direction, the heat move will also be reverse direction. Therefore, Peltier element can achieve heating effect as well as cooling effect depending on the current direction. It can achieve high speed switching and precise temperature control.



### **Construction and Principle**



The temperature controller controls the circulating fluid in the heat exchanger. A temperature sensor (platinum resistance temperature detector) installed in the heat exchanger sends a signal to the controller, which changes the temperature of the circulating fluid by adjusting the output direction and energizing time of the built-in DC power supply based on the difference between the set and measured temperatures. This product can be used safely since the sensor to detect leakage of the circulating fluid is installed as a standard device.

НЕD

Technical Data

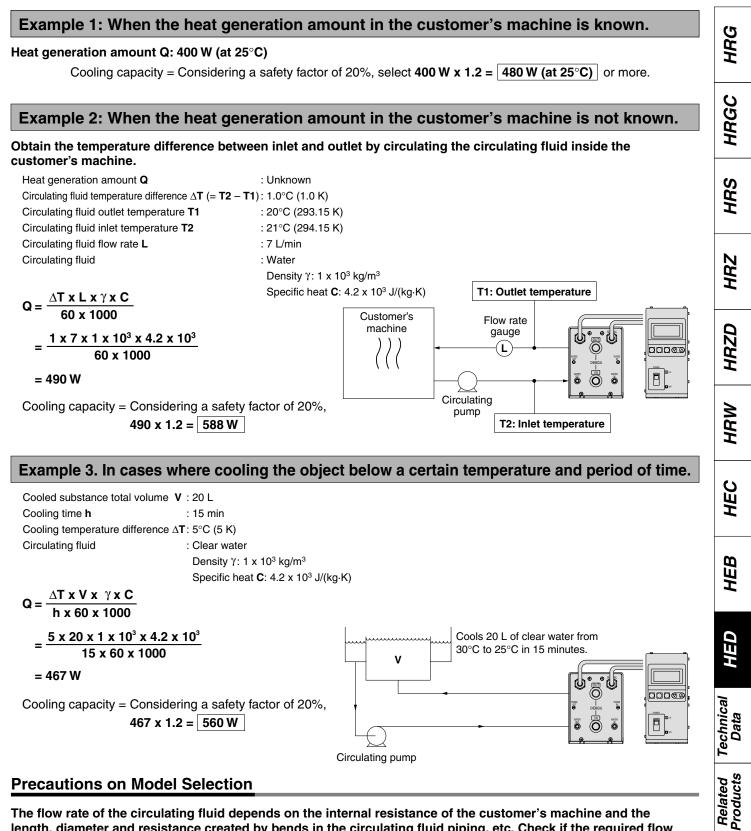
Related Products

HRG

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# Series HED **Model Selection**

#### **Guide to Model Selection**



#### **Precautions on Model Selection**

The flow rate of the circulating fluid depends on the internal resistance of the customer's machine and the length, diameter and resistance created by bends in the circulating fluid piping, etc. Check if the required flow rate of circulating fluid can be obtained before using.

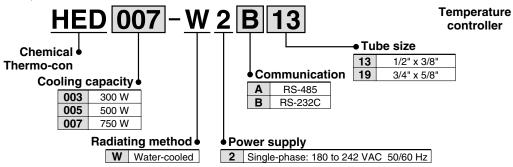
# Chemical Thermo-con Series HED



How to Order

#### Part number of set (Temperature controller + Heat exchanger)

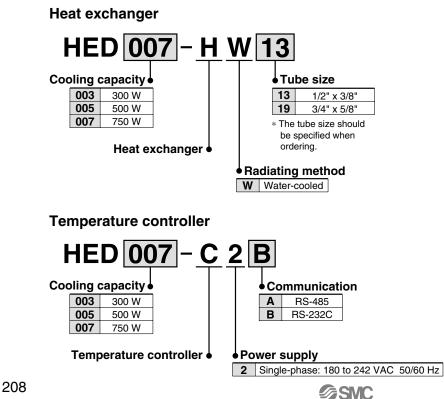
Note) The model numbers of the temperature controller and heat exchanger are printed respectively on the product name label.



Heat exchanger

#### **Combination in Set**

Part number of set	Heat exchanger model	Temperature controller model	
HED003-W2A13	HED003-HW13	HED003-C2A	
HED003-W2A19	HED003-HW19	пер003-02A	
HED003-W2B13	HED003-HW13	HED003-C2B	
HED003-W2B19	HED003-HW19	HED003-C2B	
HED005-W2A13	HED005-HW13		
HED005-W2A19	HED005-HW19	HED005-C2A	
HED005-W2B13	HED005-HW13		
HED005-W2B19	HED005-HW19	HED005-C2B	
HED007-W2A13	HED007-HW13		
HED007-W2A19 HED007-HW19		HED007-C2A	
HED007-W2B13 HED007-HW13			
HED007-W2B19	HED007-HW19	HED007-C2B	



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#### Main Specifications (For details, please consult our "Product Specifications" information.)

#### **Heat Exchanger Specifications**

	xchanger Specific						
Heat exchanger model		HED003-HW13	HED003-HW19	HED005-HW13	HED005-HW19	HED007-HW13	HED007-HW19
Cooling capacity (Water) Note 1)		300	W	500	W	750	W (
Heating	capacity (Water) Note 1)	600	W	100	0 W	180	0 W
Cooling	/Heating method		Peltier	device (Thermoelect	ric device, Thermo-r	nodule)	
Radiati	ng method			Water-	cooled		
Operati	ng temperature range		10.0 to 6	60.0°C (depending o	n the type of circulat	ting fluid)	
	Applicable fluid Note 2)		Deionized water, H	lydrofluoric acid, Am	monia hydrogen per	oxide solution, etc.	
Circulat-	Wetted parts material	PFA					
ing fluid	Operating pressure Note 3)	0 (atmospheric pressure) to 0.35 MPa					
	Tube size (PFA tube)	1/2" x 3/8"	3/4" x 5/8"	1/2" x 3/8"	3/4" x 5/8"	1/2" x 3/8"	3/4" x 5/8"
	Temperature	10 to 35°C (no condensation)					
	Wetted parts material	FEP, Stainless steel 304, Stainless steel 316					
Facility water	Max. operating pressure	0.5 MPa					
	Tube size	IN/OUT: FEP tube 3/8" x 1/4"					
	Flow rate	5 to 10 L/min					
Ambien	t temperature/humidity	Temperature: 10 to 35°C, Humidity: 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)					
Dimensions Note 4)		W130 mm x D263	3 mm x H170 mm	W150 mm x D294	4 mm x H222 mm	m x H222 mm W150 mm x D294 mm x H222 r	
Weight		Appro	<. 8 kg	Approx. 14 kg Approx. 15 kg		. 15 kg	
Applied temperature controller		HED00 HED00		HED00 HED00	05-C2A 05-C2B		)7-C2A )7-C2B

Note 1) The conditions are as follows.

Circulating fluid: Water (Circulating flow rate 15 L/min, Set temperature 25°C), Facility water temperature 25°C, Facility water flow rate 5 L/min, Ambient temperature 25°C Note 2) For the compatibility between the circulating fluid and materials, refer to "Applicable Fluids".

Note that the Chemical Thermo-con is not designed to be explosion proof so it is not suitable for flammable fluids.

Note 3) Install the heat exchanger in the discharge side of a circulating pump. Do not use at location where a negative pressure is applied.

The circulating fluid pump should be prepared by the customer.

Note 4) The outline dimensions do not included protruding parts such as the foot flange and tube.

#### **Temperature Controller Specifications**

Temperature	controller model	HED003-C2A	HED003-C2B	HED005-C2A	HED005-C2B	HED007-C2A	HED007-C2B
Communication		RS-485	RS-232C	RS-485	RS-232C	RS-485	RS-232C
Control method			C	cooling/Heating autor	matic shift PID contro	ol	
Operating terr	perature range			10.0 to 60.0°C (r	no condensation)		
Temperature s	stability Note 1)			Within ±0.1°C (	with stable load)		
Temperature sensor		Resistance thermometer Pt100 $\Omega$ , 3-wires, class A, 2 mA (for both internal control sensor and external sensor) The external sensor should be prepared by the customer.					
Main functions		Auto-tuning, Sensor fine adjustment, Offset, Learning control, External sensor control, Set value memory, Upper/Lower temperature limit alarm, Output shutdown alarm, Remote ON/OFF, Leakage detection					
Ambient temp	erature/humidity	Temperature: 10 to 35°C, Humidity: 35 to 80%RH (no condensation)					
Power	Power supply		Single-phase: 180 to 242 VAC 50/60 Hz				
supply spec.	Rated current	3	A	5	A	14	A
Dimensions Note 2)		W100 mm x D320	) mm x H215 mm	W140 mm x D350	0 mm x H215 mm	W165 mm x D44	7 mm x H215 mm
Weight		Appro	k. 6 kg	Appro	x. 8 kg	Approx	. 13 kg
Applied heat exchanger Note 3)		HED003 HED003		HED009 HED009			7-HW13 7-HW19

Note 1) This value is with a stable load with no disturbance and cannot be achieved in some operating conditions.

Note 2) The outline dimensions do not included protruding parts such as the foot flange, screw and connector.

Note 3) The temperature controller should be connected with a specific series of heat exchanger. If connected with a different series of heat exchanger, it may not operate normally. (The HED003 and HED005 series use the same connector, so be careful for incorrect wiring.)

### **▲**Caution

• For the combination of the heat exchanger and temperature controller, refer to "Combination in Set".

Technical Data

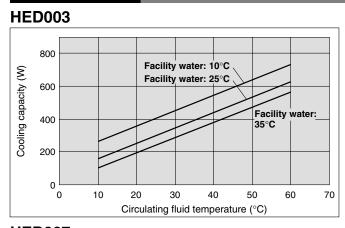
Related Products

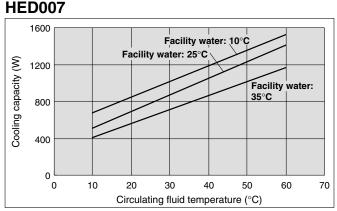
HRG

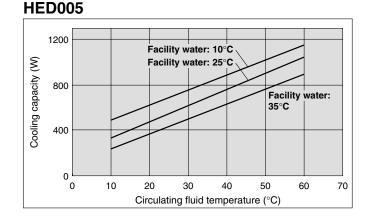
### Series HED

The values shown on the performance chart are representative and not guaranteed. Allow a margin for safety to device when choosing the product.

Cooling Capacity <Conditions> Circulating fluid: Clear water, Circulating fluid flow rate: 15 L/min, Facility water flow rate: 5 L/min

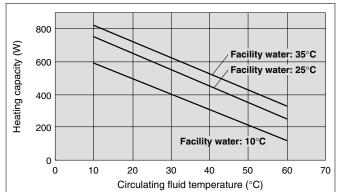




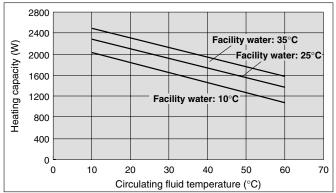


#### Heating Capacity <Conditions> Circulating fluid: Clear water, Circulating fluid flow rate: 15 L/min, Facility water flow rate: 5 L/min

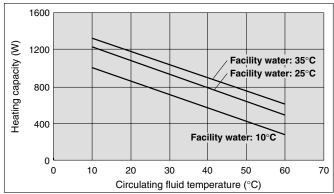
#### **HED003**



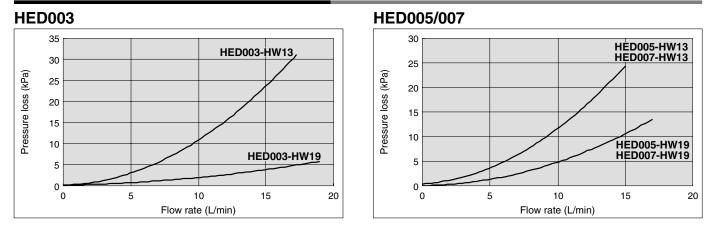
#### **HED007**



#### HED005

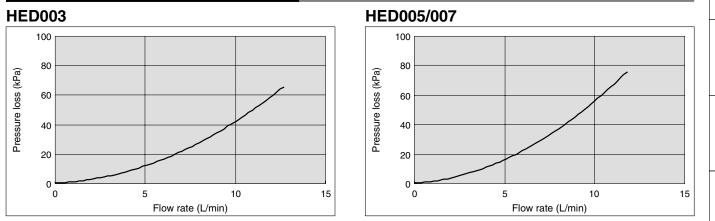


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#### Pressure Loss in Circulating Fluid Circuit <Condition> Clear water





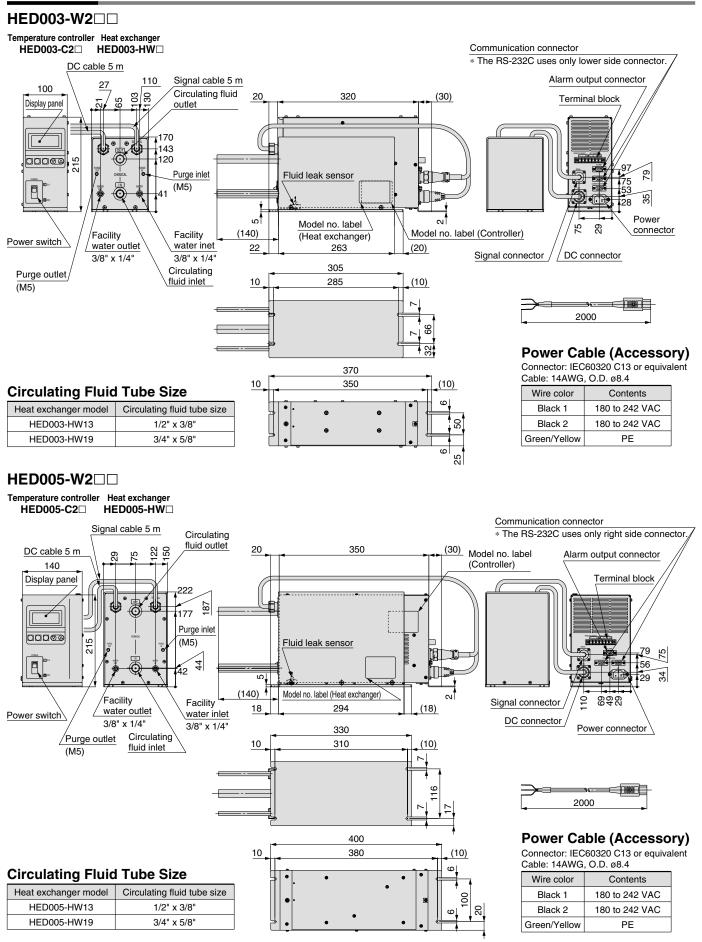


HRG

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### Series HED

#### Dimensions

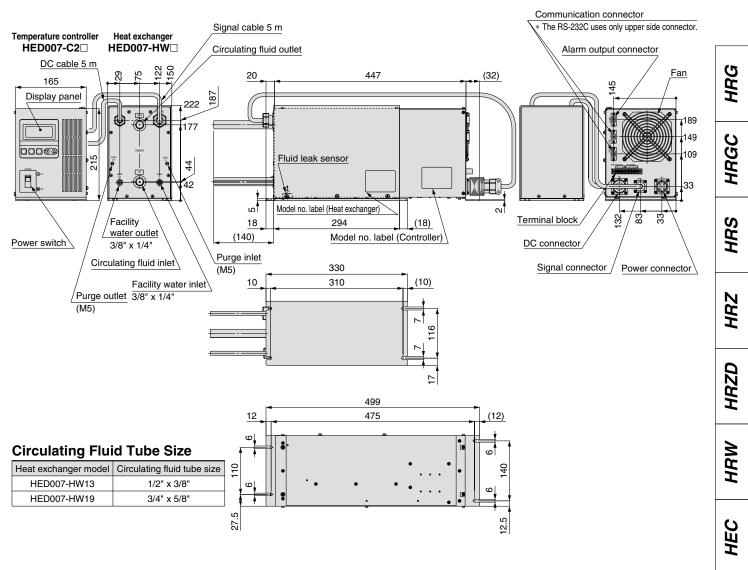


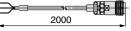
212

212 Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

#### **Dimensions**

#### HED007-W2





#### Power Cable (Accessory)

Connector: DDK CE05-6A18-10SD-D-BSS Cable: 12AWG, O.D. ø11.8

Wire color	Contents	
Black 1	180 to 242 VAC	
Black 2	180 to 242 VAC	
Green/Yellow	PE	

HEB



#### Connectors

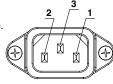
- Use the special power cable included with the temperature controller.
- Connect the DC cable and signal cable that come from the heat exchanger to the DC and signal connectors of the temperature controller.
- Prepare other required connectors and wiring by the customer.

#### 1. Power connector

<For HED003-C2
, HED005-C2
> IEC60320 C14 or equivalent

Connect the included special power cable.

Pin No.	Signal contents
1	180 to 242 VAC
2	180 to 242 VAC
3	PE

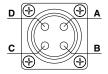


#### Power connector (HED003-C2□, HED005-C2□)

#### <For HED007-C2□> DDK Ltd. CE05-2A18-10PD-D

Connect the included special power cable.

Pin No.	Signal contents
Α	180 to 242 VAC
В	180 to 242 VAC
С	Unused
D	PE



Power connector (HED007-C2)

#### 2. DC connector

<For HED003-C2
, HED005-C2
> Nanaboshi Electric Mfg. Co., Ltd.: NJC-243-RF (UL, CSA) he heat exchanger.

Connect	the DC cable connector	r of th		
Pin No.	Signal contents			
1	DC output			
2	DC output			
3	FG			

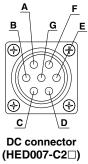


### (HED003-C2□, HED005-C2□)

#### <For HED007-C2□> DDK Ltd. D/MS3102A20-15S

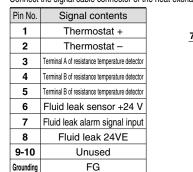
Connect the DC cable connector of the heat exchanger.

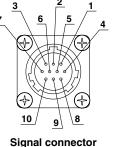
Pin No.	Signal contents
Α	DC output
В	DC output
С	DC output
D	DC output
Е	DC output
F	DC output
G	FG



#### 3. Signal connector

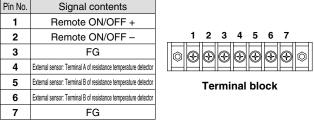
<Common to HED003-C2
, HED005-C2
, HED007-C2
> Tajimi Electronics Co., Ltd.: TRC01-A16R-10FA Connect the signal cable connector of the heat exchanger.





#### 4. Terminal block

<Common to HED003-C2
, HED005-C2
, HED007-C2
> Morimatsu Co., Ltd.: M111A-7A, for holding screw M3 Connection cable: 22AWG or more, max. 10 m



A short pin is installed between No. 1 and No. 2 pins to short-circuit it (Remote ON) when shipped.

Remote ON/OFF signal

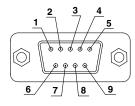
Circuit voltage: 24 VDC ±10%; passing current: 2.9 to 4.3 mA Exterior sensor signal

Applicable sensor: Pt100 Ω; passing current: 2 mA

#### 5. Alarm output connector: D-sub 9 pin

<Common to HED003-C2
, HED005-C2
, HED007-C2
> OMRON Corp. XM2A-0901 or equivalent, holding screw M2.6 Fixed contact point (load resistance: 125 VAC, 0.3 A; 30 VDC, 2 A) Connection cable: With shielding 22AWG or more, max. 10 m

Pin No. Signal contents			
1	Contact a for output cut-off alarm (open when alarm occurs)		
2	Common for output cut-off alarm		
3 Contact b for output cut-off alarm (closed when alarm o			
4	Contact a for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (open when alarm occurs)		
5	Common for upper/lower temp. limit alarm		
6 Contact b for upper/lower temp. limit alarm (closed when alarm oc			
7-9	Unused		



Alarm output connector D-sub 9 pin (pin type)

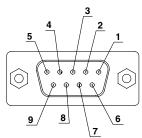
6. Communication connector: D-sub 9 pin OMRON Corp. XM2D-0901 or equivalent, holding screw M2.6 Connection cable: With shielding 22AWG or more

#### 1) Common to HED003-C2A, HED005-C2A, HED007-C2A **RS-485**

Pin No.	Signal contents	
1	RS-485 BUS +	
2	RS-485 BUS –	
3	Unused	
4	Unused	
5	SG	
6-9	Unused	

2) Common to HED003-C2B, HED005-C2B, HED007-C2B

RS-232C			
Pin No.	Signal contents		
1	Unused		
2	RS-232C RD		
3	RS-232C SD		
4	Unused		
5	SG		
6-9	Unused		



**Communication connector** D-sub 9 pin (socket type)

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#### Alarm

This unit has failure diagnosis function. When an failure happens, its failure mode is displayed on the LCD display in the controller and it can be read out through the serial communication, and has relay outputs for upper/lower temperature limit alarm and shutdown alarm.

Alarm code	Alarm description	Operation status	Main reason	
WRN	Upper/Lower temp. limit alarm	Continue	The temperature has exceeded the upper or lower limit of the set temperature.	(5
WRN	Remote OFF alarm	Stop	The remote ON/OFF contact is set to be off. (This alarm is not generated by the relay output.)	HRG
ERR00	CPU hung-up	Stop	The CPU has crashed due to noise, etc.	I
ERR01	CPU check failure	Stop	The contents of the CPU cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.	
ERR03	Back-up data error	Stop	The contents of the back-up data cannot be read out correctly when the power supply is turned on.	SC
ERR04	EEPROM writing error	Stop	The data cannot be written to EEPROM.	HRG
ERR05	EEPROM input over time error	Stop	The number of times of writing to EEPROM has exceeded the maximum value.	Ī
ERR11	DC power voltage failure	Stop	Momentary loss of AC power supply, DC power supply has excessive temperature, or the thermo-module has been short-circuited.	
ERR12	Internal sensor value is high.	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the upper limit where the Chemical Thermo-con is set to stop.	HRS
ERR13	Internal sensor value is low.	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has exceeded the lower limit where the Chemical Thermo-con is set to stop.	I
ERR14	Thermostat alarm	Stop	The thermostat has been activated due to insufficient flow rate of the circulating fluid or facility water or high temperature.	
ERR15	Output failure alarm	Continue	The temperature cannot be changed even at 100% output, due to overload or disconnection of the thermo-module.	HRZ
ERR17	Cutoff/short of internal sensor	Stop	The internal temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited.	
ERR18	Cutoff/short of external sensor	Continued by normal control	The external temperature sensor has been disconnected or short-circuited. (Only detected when in learning control, auto-tuning operation 2, or external sensor control)	ZD
ERR19	Auto-tuning failure	Stop	Auto-tuning has not been completed within 60 minutes.	22
ERR21	Fan alarm	Stop	The air-cooled fan alarm of the power supply has been activated.	HR
ERR22	Leak alarm	Stop	The fluid leak sensor has detected leakage of fluid.	

#### Maintenance

Please prepare back-up equipment as necessary to minimize the downtime.

#### 1) Heat exchanger

The heat exchanger will not be repaired in principle.

Only the return to SMC for an investigation within warranty will be accepted. The return unit has to be completely decontaminated with appropriate method such as use of neutralizing agent before return to SMC.

#### 2) Temperature controller

Maintenance of the temperature controller will be performed only at SMC. SMC will not support on-site maintenance. The following parts have published life time. To make a maintenance return schedule is recommended based on the following parts life expectation.

#### Parts Life Expectation

Description	Expected life	Possible failure
Fan	5 to 10 years	Lack of fan cooling because of the life time of the bearing. It will activate the overheat protection of DC power supply and generate alarm.
DC power supply	5 to 10 years	End life of electrolytic condenser. It will generate DC power supply alarm.
Display panel	50,000 hours (approx. 5 years)	End life of backlight of LCD.

Related Products

# Applicable Fluids

# Chemical Compatibility Table against the Wetted Parts Material in Chemical Thermo-con

Chemical	Concentration	Operating temperature range	Compatibility	
Hydrofluoric acid	HF: 10% or less	10 to 40°C	O Note 2)	
Buffered hydrogen fluoride	HF: 10% or less	10 to 40°C	O Note 2)	
Hydrofluoric acid and Nitric acid mixture	HF: 5% or less HNO3: 5% or less		Δ	
Nitric acid (except fuming nitric acid)	HNO3: 5% or less		$\bigtriangleup$	
Hydrochloric acid	HCI: 5% or less		Δ	
Copper sulfate solution	H2SO4: 96% or less	10 to 50°C Note) HED007 10 to 30°C	O Note 2)	
Sulfuric acid (except fuming sulfuric acid)	H ₂ SO ₄ : 96% or less	10 to 50°C Note) HED007 10 to 30°C	O Note 2)	
Ozone	_	10 to 60°C	0	
Ammonium hydroxide	NH3: 5% or less	10 to 60°C	O Note 2)	
Ammonia hydrogen peroxide solution	NH3: 5% or less H2O2: 20% or less	10 to 60°C	O Note 1) 2)	
Sodium hydroxide	NaOH: 50% or less	10 to 60°C	O Note 2)	
Deionized water		10 to 60°C	O Note 1)	How to read the table:
Ultra pure water		10 to 60°C	O Note 1)	$\bigcirc$ : Useable $\triangle$ : Consult with SMC separa

• The Chemical Compatibility Table shows reference values only and does not guarantee successful use of chemicals in products.

• SMC is not responsible for the accuracy of this data or for any damage arising out of the use of these chemicals.

• Chemial Thermo-con is not designed to be explosion proof, so it is not suitable for flammable fluids.

Note 1) Static electricity may be generated. Anti-static electricity countermeasures should be implemented.

Flow friction may generate static electricity, which can cause electric discharge to the temperature sensor or other devices and cause a malfunction. It is possible to discharge electricity by using a conductive PFA tube, metal piping (metal flexible hose), or other type of tubing, and by installing a ground line.

Note 2) Permeation of the chemical may be possible. The permeated chemical may have a moderate corrosion to inside components and it may effect their life time. If the chemical has high concentration, permeation becomes greater, which effects the service life. In case the fluid has a possibility to generate corrosive gas, SMC recommends a nitrogen purge of the enclosure. N₂ purge ports are located at the piping connection side of the heat exchanger.



### Series HED Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

System Design

### **Warning**

This catalog shows the specifications of the Chemical Thermo-con.

- 1. Check detailed specifications in the separate "Product Specifications", and evaluate the compatibility of the Chemical Thermo-con with the customer's system.
- 2. The Chemical Thermo-con is equipped with a protective circuit independently, but the whole system should be designed by customer to ensure safety.

Handling

### **Warning**

1. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual. Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and

Read the Operation Manual completely before operation, and keep this manual available whenever necessary.

**Operating Environment/Storage Environment** 

### **Warning**

- 1. Keep within the specified ambient temperature and humidity range. Also, if the set temperature is too low, condensation may form on the inside of the Chemical Thermo-con or the surface of piping even within the specified ambient temperature range. Dew condensation can cause failure, and so must be avoided by considering operating conditions.
- 2. The Chemical Thermo-con is not designed for clean room usage. The fan will generate dust.
- 3. Low molecular siloxane can damage the contact of the relay. Use the Chemical Thermocon in a place free from low molecular siloxane.

#### Piping

### **Warning**

1. Piping must be designed taking the whole system into consideration.

For this product and future equipment, design of the piping system should be performed by a knowledgeable and experienced person.

The fitting is not attached, and should be prepared separately by customer.

Select a fitting suitable for the material and dimensions of the tube. When connecting the fitting, use a specific tool specified by fitting manufacturer.

Piping

### **M**Warning

#### 2. Work performed on the piping should be done by a knowledgeable and experienced person.

If work performed on the piping is done by a less knowledgeable and inexperienced person, it will likely lead to operating fluid leakage, etc.

#### 3. Confirm the leakage of fluid.

Fluid leakage can cause dangerous accidents. Be sure to confirm that the hose or tubing is not pulled out and that there is no leakage in the fitted parts.

4. Confirm that the resin tube is not kinked or collapsed.

If a resin tube is used, it should be checked for the presence and possibility of kink or collapse.

#### 5. Countermeasures against fluid leakage

Water drops may accumulate due to leakage of circulating fluid or facility water, or condensation on the piping. Install the Chemical Thermo-con with a drip pan, fluid leak sensor and exhaust system.

If leakage is detected, cut off the circulating pump with a hardware interlock, and cut off the power to the Chemical Thermocon.

Depending on the type of chemical used (circulating fluid), it may have a harmful effect on the surrounding equipment and the human body.

### A Caution

### 1. Before piping

Confirm that dust, scales etc., in contact with piping is cleaned up or air blown (flushing) before piping.

#### 2. Take care over the direction of fluid.

Do not mistake the direction of "IN" and "OUT" for the facility water system and circulating fluid system.

### 3. Take countermeasures against condensation.

Depending on the operating condition, condensation may occur on the piping. In such a case, take countermeasures such as installing insulation material, etc.

#### 4. Avoid electrostatic discharge.

If a fluid with low conductivity such as deionized water is used as the circulating fluid, static electricity generated by flow friction may be discharged to the temperature sensor and malfunction the Chemical Thermo-con. Consider measures to minimize the discharge of static electricity from the circulating fluid to signal line including the temperature sensor.

For example, a PFA conductive tube or metal piping (metal flexible hose) can be used to provide grounding to the piping of the external sensor and to discharge.

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

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### Series HED **Specific Product Precautions 2**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

**Electrical Wiring** 

### \land Warning

1. Electrical wiring job should be performed by a knowledgeable and experienced person.

Power supply facilities and wiring works should be implemented in accordance with the electric facilities technical standards and provisions and conducted correctly.

#### 2. Mounting a dedicated earth leakage breaker.

As a countermeasure against current leakage, install an earth leakage breaker in the main power supply.

#### 3. Confirmation of power supply

If this product is used with voltages other than specified, it will likely lead to a fire or an electrical shock. Before wiring, confirm the voltage, capacity, and frequency.

Confirm that the voltage fluctuation is within the specified value.

#### 4. Grounding

Be sure to ground (frame ground) with class D grounding. (grounding resistance of 100 Ω or less)

Can be grounded with the PE line of the power supply cable. Also, do not use together with equipment that generates a strong electrical magnetic noise or high frequency noise.

#### 5. Wiring cable should be handled with care. Do not bend, twist or pull the cord or cable.

#### 6. Wire with an applicable cable size and terminal.

In the event of attaching a power supply cable, use a cable and terminal size which is suitable for the electrical current of each product.

Forcibly mounting with an unsuitable size cable will likely result in a fire.

#### 7. Avoid wiring the signal line and power line in parallel.

Since there may be a possibility of malfunction from noise, avoid parallel wiring between the temperature sensor line, communications line, signal line of alarm line, etc. and the power line and high voltage line. Also, do not place them in the same wiring tube.

#### 8. Check for incorrect wiring.

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Incorrect wiring can damage the Chemical Thermo-con or cause malfunction. Be sure to check wiring is connected properly.

#### 9. Check the model of the Chemical Thermo-con.

The HED003 and HED005 series use the same connector. If the temperature controller and heat exchanger of different models are combined by mistake, an alarm may be generated and the specified performance may not be obtained. Be sure to check the combination of models.

**Facility Water Supply** 

### \land Warning

#### 1. Be sure to supply the facility water.

1. Prohibition of water-cut operation, very little flow rate of water operation.

Do not operate under the condition that there is no facility water or where there is very little flow rate of water is flowing. (Facility water flow rate range: 5 to 10 L/min)

In this kind of operation, facility water temperature may become extremely higher. It is dangerous enough the material of hose may soften and burst when the piping supplying the facility water is connected with hose.

2. Actions to be taken when an emergency stop occurs due to extremely high temperature.

In case a stop occurs due to extremely high temperature resulting from a decrease in the facility water flow rate, do not immediately flow facility water. It is dangerous enough the material of hose may soften and burst when the piping supplying the facility water is connected with hose. First, naturally let it cool down, and removing the cause of the flow rate reduction. Secondly, make sure that there is no leakage again.

### ▲ Caution

#### 1. Facility water quality

- 1. Use the facility water within the specified range. When using with other fluid than facility water, please consult with SMC.
- 2. When it is likely that foreign objects may enter the fluid, install a filter (20 mesh or equivalent).

#### Facility Water Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association JRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system - Circulating type - Circulating water"

	Item	Standard value
	pH (at 25°C)	6.5 to 8.2
	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	100* to 800 [µS/cm]
	Chloride ion	200 [mg/L] or less
Standard	Sulfuric acid ion	200 [mg/L] or less
item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	100 [mg/L] or less
	Total hardness	200 [mg/L] or less
	Calcium hardness	150 [mg/L] or less
	Ionic state silica	50 [mg/L] or less
	Iron	1.0 [mg/L] or less
	Copper	0.3 [mg/L] or less
Reference	Sulfide ion	Should not be detected.
item	Ammonium ion	1.0 [mg/L] or less
	Residual chlorine	0.3 [mg/L] or less
	Free carbon	4.0 [mg/L] or less

 $\ast$  Electrical conductivity should be 100 [µS/cm] or more.

#### 2. If the temperature of the facility water is too low, it can cause formation of condensation inside the heat exchanger.

Supply facility water with a temperature over the atmospheric dew point to avoid the formation of dew condensation.

3. If the facility water piping is connected to multiple machines, the facility water exchanges heat at the upstream side and its temperature will become higher as it goes downstream.

Limit the number of connected Chemical Thermo-cons to two per facility water system, and if more than two chemical thermocons are to be connected, increase the number of systems.



### Series HED **Specific Product Precautions 3**

Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and back pages 2 to 5 for Temperature Control Equipment Precautions.

Mounting

### A Caution

#### 1. Mount and install horizontally.

When mounting, fix the foot of the Chemical Thermo-con by tightening the screws to the specified torque below.

#### **Recommended Mounting Torque**

Device to mount	Thread size	Applicable tightening torque N·m
Heat exchanger	M6	1.5 to 2.5
Temperature controller	M5	1.5 to 2.5

**Circulating Fluid** 

### A Caution

#### 1. Applicable fluids

For the compatibility between the material of components and fluid, refer to "Applicable Fluids" (page 216). Please contact SMC for fluids other than those described on the check list.

#### 2. Caution for the use of fluids with high permeation

When the Chemical Thermo-con is used for a fluid with high permeation into fluorine resin, the permeation can affect its life. If the fluid also generates corrosive gas, perform N₂ supply and exhaust (N2 purge) inside the heat exchanger.

#### 3. Caution for the use of deionized water

If deionized water is used, bacteria and algae may grow in a short period. If the Chemical Thermo-con is operated with bacteria and algae, the performance of the heat exchanger may deteriorate. Exchange all deionized water regularly depending on the conditions (once a month as a guide).

#### Prohibition of small flow rate

Be sure to avoid operation with the circulating pump stopped or with extremely small flow rate of recirculating fluid (7 L/min or less for water). Otherwise, the Chemical Thermo-con will repeat change cooling and heating operation, which may shorten the life of the Peltier element significantly, and it will become unable to control the temperature accurately. When the circulating pump is stopped, stop the temperature control of the Chemical Thermo-con as well by using the remote ON/OFF function

#### 5. Operating pressure range of circulating fluid

The operating pressure range is 0 to 0.35 MPa. Do not use with negative pressure which can cause the Chemical Thermo-con to fail. (Specifically, install the heat exchanger at the secondary (discharge) side of the circulating pump.) Also, avoid excessive pressure being applied to the circulating fluid circuit by a clogged filter or fully closed valve.

#### 6. Prohibition of fluid pulsation

If a pump generating pulsation is used, install a damper to absorb the pulsation directly before the Chemical Thermo-con. Fluid pulsation can break the Chemical Thermo-con.

Communication

### A Caution

#### 1. The set value can be written to EEPROM, but only up to approx. 1 million times.

In particular, pay attention to how many of times the writing is performed using the communication function.

#### Maintenance

### 🕂 Warning

#### 1. Prevention of electric shock and fire

Do not operate the switch with wet hands. Also, do not operate the Chemical Thermo-con with water or fluid left on it.

#### 2. Action in the case of error

If any error such as abnormal noise, smoke, or bad smell occurs, cut off the power at once, and stop supplying facility water. Please contact SMC or a sales distributor to repair the Chemical Thermo-con.

#### 3. Regular inspection

Check the following items at least once a month. The inspection must be done by an operator who has sufficient knowledge and experience.

- a) Check of displayed contents.
- b) Check of temperature, vibration and abnormal sounds in the body of the Chemical Thermo-con.
- Check of the voltage and current of the power supply system.
- d) Check for leakage and contamination of the circulating fluid and intrusion of foreign objects to it, and subsequent replacement water.
- e) Check for leakage, quality change, flow rate and temperature of facility water.

#### 4. Wearing of protective clothing

Some fluids can be dangerous when handled incorrectly. Wear protective clothing for safety during maintenance. In particular, observe the MSDS of the circulating fluid, and wear protective goggles, gloves and mask for the operation of the Chemical Thermo-con accompanied with the use of fluids.

Mask

Gloves



Goaales

Safety shoes

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HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

НЕD

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#### Refrigeration Circuits, Peltier Devices, Cooling Sources

#### Compressor

A compressor draws in low-pressure chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) refrigerant gas, compresses the gas and then discharges it as a high-pressure, high-temperature gas. Compressors are classified into various types (reciprocating, rotary, screw, etc.) according to the mechanical compression method used.

#### Refrigerator

A compressor that compresses a refrigerant gas. These are called refrigerators to distinguish them from machines such as air compressors.

#### CFC refrigerant

CFC (chlorofluorocarbon) refrigerants are organic compounds made up of elements including carbon, hydrogen, chlorine and fluorine. They are referred to generically using the DuPont brand name of Freon[®].

When CFCs are used as heat-transfer mediums and circulated inside refrigeration circuits, causing heating and cooling during their condensation and evaporation phase changes, the CFCs are referred to as CFC refrigerants.

#### Specified CFC

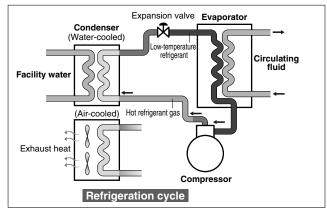
Due to their stability as a chemical substance and their safety with respect to humans, CFCs came to be widely used as industrial materials, particularly refrigerants. However, it was later recognized that when CFCs (and HCFCs (hydrochlorofluorocarbons)) containing chlorine are released into the atmosphere, they rise up into the ozone layer and deplete it.

This resulted in the establishment of the Montreal Protocol in 1987, which classified CFCs such as Freon R12 and HCFCs such as Freon R22 as "specified CFCs" and prohibited their manufacture. As a result, their use has now almost completely died out.

Instead of specified CFCs and HCFCs, SMC products now use HFC refrigerants such as R134a and R404A that have an ozone depletion potential (ODP) of zero.

#### Fundamentals of refrigeration circuits

In a refrigeration circuit, refrigerant gas injected into the circuit repeatedly travels through a cycle of compression, condensation, expansion and evaporation, creating hightemperature and low-temperature sections in the circuit. The compressor compresses low-pressure refrigerant gas and discharges the gas at a high temperature and pressure level. The hot, pressurized refrigerant gas enters the condenser where it is cooled by the external air or cooling water and condenses to form a high-pressure liquid refrigerant. As the high-pressure liquid refrigerant passes through a constricting mechanism, such as an expansion valve, it rapidly depressurizes and some of the refrigerant evaporates. The release of evaporation heat causes the refrigerant itself to cool so that it becomes a combination of gas and liquid at a low-



temperature and pressure level. In its combined gas-liquid state, the refrigerant enters the evaporator where it continually evaporates while absorbing the heat within the evaporator, thereby cooling the interior of the evaporator. When the refrigerant emerges from the evaporator, it evaporates entirely and becomes a low-pressure refrigerant gas. The low-pressure refrigerant gas is then drawn into the compressor and again becomes a high-temperature, high-pressure gas as the cycle is repeated.

#### Condenser

A heat exchanger used to condense high-temperature, highpressure refrigerant gas. A condenser has the function of releasing heat drawn up by the refrigeration circuit to the outside. Condensers can be air-cooled or water-cooled, depending on the cooling method used.

#### Air-cooled condenser

Air-cooled condensers are generally made up of copper tubes through which the refrigerant flows, with numerous thin aluminum fins attached around the outside of the tubes. Outside air is forced over the fins by a device, such as a fan motor, to cool the pipes to the ambient temperature and condense the refrigerant gas.

If an air-cooled condenser is installed inside a building, it can be used to heat the interior of the building since the heat generated by the refrigeration circuit is released as waste heat from the outside of the condenser. The room in which an aircooled condenser is installed must have adequate ventilation or air-conditioning equipment.

#### Water-cooled condenser

A heat exchanger that uses cooling water to cool and condense the coolant. Water-cooled condensers can be used in environments, such as large factories where cooling tower water or the cooling water for an air-conditioning system can be circulated and used.

Depending on their construction, heat exchangers can be double-pipe type, shell-and-tube type or plate type units.

#### Refrigerant dryer

In a refrigeration circuit, a refrigerant dryer consists of filters that absorb and remove moisture inside the refrigeration circuit. Refrigerant dryers are normally installed in pipes carrying liquid refrigerant after it emerges from the condenser.

#### Expansion valve

A component that creates an expansion in the refrigeration circuit. As the refrigerant passes through this valve, a large pressure loss results, thereby making it possible to create highpressure and low-pressure segments within the refrigeration circuit.

There are several types of expansion valve, including constantpressure expansion valves and thermal expansion valves. Such types allow the size of the valve aperture to be adjusted using refrigerant pressure or temperature feedback from an outlet passage.

#### Capillary tube

The capillary tubes used in refrigeration circuits are simply small-caliber copper tubes, normally used in the expansion step, that act as a fixed restrictor in the refrigerant passage.

#### Evaporator

 $\rightarrow$  Evaporator

Cooler

A heat exchanger used to cool the target substance (e.g., water or air) using the evaporative heat from a lowtemperature, low-pressure combined gaseous and liquid refrigerant in the refrigeration circuit.

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HEB

HED

Data

Related Products

#### Accumulator

A tank installed in a refrigeration circuit on the inlet side of the compressor. A compressor is a component designed to compress gas, so a malfunction will occur if any liquid coolant enters the compressor. Installing an accumulator has the function of separating out the coolant gas that is sucked into the compressor and any remaining refrigerant, and of preventing the liquid refrigerant from being sucked into the compressor. The inclusion of an accumulator creates a system that is highly resistant to variability in factors such as the cooling load.

#### Hot gas by-pass

A refrigeration circuit sometimes includes a circuit that allows high-temperature, high-pressure refrigerant gas (hot gas) discharged from the compressor to by-pass the condenser so that it reaches the evaporator (on the low-pressure side) without being condensed. This prevents the evaporator temperature (on the low-pressure side) from dropping too far and reduces the risk of liquid refrigerant being drawn into the compressor when the cooling load is low (if there is nothing to refrigerate), thereby ensuring more stable functions of the refrigeration circuit.

This also allows a flow of hot gas to be intentionally directed to the evaporator with the aim of heating the evaporator rather than cooling it.

#### Water control valve

A water control valve, installed on the cooling water pipe for a water-cooled condenser, used to adjust the amount of cooling water flowing to the condenser. Water control valves can be either pressure-regulated or temperature-regulated, with the amount of flow regulated using feedback from the condensing pressure or condensing temperature, respectively.

When the cooling water temperature is low, a large flow of cooling water to a water-cooled condenser reduces the condensing pressure and lowers the cooling capacity. In this sort of situation, a water control valve restricts the cooling water flow and maintains the condensing pressure at the desired value. Water control valves also have the function of reducing water consumption by preventing unnecessarily large flows of cooling water.

#### Inverter control

In compressors that use an ordinary AC motor, the motor rotation rate is fixed according to the frequency of the AC power supply, with the result that the refrigerant discharge rate is also fixed. Inverter control in a refrigeration circuit is the use of an inverter to vary the compressor rotation rate and thereby control the rate of refrigerant circulation.

This provides means of saving energy by, for example, running the compressor at a slower rate when the cooling load is low.

#### Protective devices in refrigeration circuits

In refrigeration circuits, protection must be provided for electrical components such as compressors, and against abnormal refrigerant pressures. Protective measures for compressors (motors) include protective devices such as overload relays (built into the compressor to detect overcurrent and overheating), thermal relays (fitted externally to detect motor overcurrent) and temperature switches.

The devices used to protect against pressure faults include pressure switches, safety valves and rupture disks. However, in refrigeration circuits built into compact devices, the protective devices are often confined to just overload relays, or just thermal relays and pressure switches depending on the anticipated level of risk.

#### Facility water

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The cooling water flowing through a water-cooled condenser used to expel waste heat generated in the refrigeration circuit

#### to the outside.

In ordinary factories or buildings, fluids such as cooling tower water or chiller water are used as facility water.

#### Cooling tower

A cooling tower is a facility that uses cooling water to expel the waste heat circulated and collected inside a factory or other building into the outside air. Cooling towers are installed in outdoor locations such as on the rooftops of buildings. The cooling water is sprayed down like a shower from the top of the cooling tower and forcibly brought into contact with the outside air by a fan motor. As well as being directly cooled by the temperature of the outside air, the partial evaporation of the cooling water itself draws off evaporation heat, cooling the water further.

Because cooling towers are directly cooled by the outside air, the resulting cooling water temperature varies seasonally depending on the climatic conditions. In addition, the cooling water cannot theoretically be cooled to a temperature any lower than 5°C above the wet-bulb temperature of the outside air.

#### Peltier device

An element with a structure made up of alternating layers of flat P-type and N-type semiconductors arrayed in series. When a direct current flows through the element, heat moves from one plate surface to the next, so that one surface is cooled as the opposing surface is heated. This is referred to as the Peltier effect.

By changing the direction of current flow, the direction of heat movement can also be changed, providing a simple means of cooling and heating.

#### Thermo-module

→ Peltier device

#### Thermoelectric device

→ Peltier device

#### Thermoelectric system

A temperature control system that uses a Peltier element to directly cool and heat a liquid, gas or solid.

Heat exchangers suitable for fluids are installed on both sides of the Peltier element, with the fluid to be temperaturecontrolled on one side of the element while the heat exchanger on the other side is used to dissipate heat.

#### Fluid Control and Heat-related

#### Pump capacity/Water-supply capacity

A pump's water-supply capacity is indicated by the amount of water it can cause to flow at a given pressure (lifting height). The characteristic curve (pump curve) that indicates the correlation between pressure and flow rate varies depending on the pump type, and thus, the user must check that the type of pump selected is suitable for the intended application.

#### Lifting height/Pressure

Lifting height (in meters) is often used instead of pressure to indicate the pump capacity. Lifting height is a numerical value that indicates the capacity of a pump in terms of the height (in meters) to which it can lift a fluid.

The value for pressure is obtained by multiplying the lifting height by the density of the fluid; for example, if a pump capable of generating a lifting height of 10 meters is used to pump water, which has a density of 1 kg/L, the unit pressure generated by the pump is 1 kgf/cm² (0.1 MPa).

If a more dense fluid is used, the pressure is higher even though the lifting height remains the same.

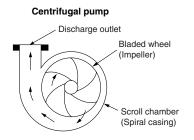
*⑤*SMC Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc.-230 Ryan Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080-6370-Main Office: (650) 588-9200-Outside Local Area: (800) 258-9200-www.stevenengineering.com

#### Pipe resistance

When water or another fluid is caused to flow through a passage composed of pipes, valves, etc., the pressure differential generated by friction between the various devices and the fluid is known as "pipe resistance." A synonymous term is "pressure loss."

#### Centrifugal pump

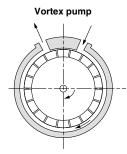
This is one type of pump in which a bladed wheel (impeller) spins inside the pump chamber (casing), applying centrifugal force to the fluid. This force is converted to pressure that discharges the fluid. A large volume of fluid can be pumped, but it is difficult to attain high pressure. When high-pressure is desired, a type fitted with multistage impellers can be used. This is a low-lifting height, high-flow volume pump.



#### Vortex pump

In this type of pump, a bladed wheel (impeller) spins inside the pump chamber (casing), applying centrifugal force to the fluid. This force is converted to pressure that discharges the fluid. As in a centrifugal pump, the fluid is discharged using centrifugal force, but the impeller has more blades than in a centrifugal pump, and in the pump chamber (casing), the aperture (clearance) is set more narrowly, allowing for a higher discharge pressure.

The pressure and flow characteristics attained are somewhere between that of a centrifugal pump and a vane pump. This is a mid-lifting height, mid-flow volume pump.



#### • Turbine pump $\rightarrow$ Vortex pump

#### Cascade pump

 $\rightarrow$  Turbine pump

#### Vane pump

In this type of pump, vanes set in a rotor inside the pump chamber brush against the inside walls of the chamber as they rotate, pushing out and discharging the fluid that is surrounded by the vanes, rotor and pump chamber walls. This is a type of PD (positive displacement) pump.

This is a high-lifting height, low-flow volume pump.

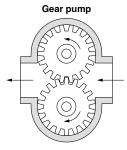
The vanes slide against the interior walls of the pump chamber, generating abrasion powder. In addition, this type of pump is susceptible to entry of foreign objects such as outside debris, etc.

Vane pump

#### Gear pump

Like the vane pump, this is a type of PD (positive displacement) pump, in which a pair of gears meshes with one another and rotates, pushing the fluid through the gap between them and discharging it.

This is a high-lifting height, low-flow volume pump.



#### Sealing mechanism

The bladed wheel (impeller) in the pump chamber through which the fluid passes is linked to the shaft of the external electric motor, and the rotation of the impeller discharges the fluid. As water or other fluids seeping through the motor shaft and reaching the electric motor can cause short circuits and other damage, it is necessary to have a mechanism sealing the pump chamber off from the shaft. This is known as a "sealing mechanism."

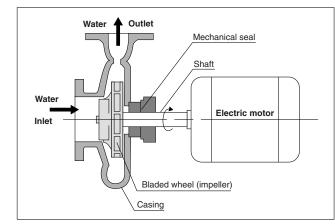
There are mechanical seal types, magnet coupling types and others.

#### Mechanical seal pump

This is a general terms for pumps that use mechanical seals for the sealing mechanism.

The rotating seal mounted on the motor shaft side and the fixed seal mounted on the pump chamber side rotate, and their surfaces touch one another, sealing off the fluid. As a result, there is a slight, external leakage of fluid. The volume of leakage increases over time, so it is necessary to replace the seal portions regularly.

This type can be used for applications where the motor shaft and impeller are directly linked and there is high-shaft power.



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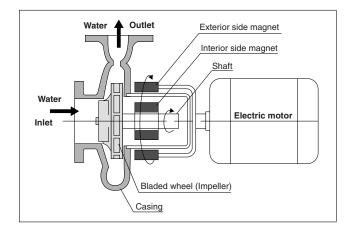
HEB

#### Magnet pump

This is a general term for pumps that use magnetic coupling for the sealing mechanism.

Using magnetism to couple the rotor on the inside of the pump chamber to the permanent magnet mounted on the motor shaft side, with the pump chamber wall between them, the rotation is conveyed to the rotor inside the pump chamber. Since the pump chamber can be completely separated, pump chamber can be completely sealed off, so there is absolutely no external leakage.

Since a large magnet coupling is needed, this type of pump is more difficult to make in small sizes than the mechanical seal type, and the cost is also higher.



#### DC canned pump

A pump with a seal-less construction combining the motor and the pump in one. It can be made in compact sizes with absolutely no external leakage of fluid. A DC brushless motor is used.

#### Pump heat input

The volume of heat applied to the circulation loop, generated by the operation of the pump. When calculating the overall volume of heat applied to the circulation loop, it is necessary to consider the volume of heat generated by the pump, along with that of the object being cooled.

The pump converts the electrical power entering the motor into the kinetic energy of the fluid, which causes the fluid to circulate. This kinetic energy is reduced as a result of undergoing pressure loss inside the piping, and eventually the entirety of the kinetic energy is released into the circulating fluid as heat.

While there are differences depending on the type of pump, for rough calculations, the nominal heat emitted from the pump can be treated as the pump heat input.

#### Solenoid valve

A component that switches the flow of fluid from ON to OFF, or changes the direction by moving the plunger (iron core) using the force of electromagnetism.

#### Relief valve

When the inlet pressure exceeds a set level, this valve opens to release the outlet pressure.

#### Flow sensor/Flow switch

These components monitor the flow rate of the fluid. The flow sensor measures the flow rate linearly. The flow switch only has the function of commencing operation when the flow rate reaches a certain level, and does not perform measurement of the flow volume.

#### Particle filter

A filter that removes debris and other particles.

#### Check valve

A check valve is a device that prevents reverse flow of the fluid, keeping it flowing in one direction only.

#### Non-return valve

→ Check valve

#### Level switch

A switch that detects the fluid level inside the liquid tank. There are many different types, but the most common type employs a floating buoy, which causes a lead switch (magnetic switch) to turn ON and OFF.

#### DI filter

A filter that is filled with ion exchange resin used to remove leftover ions from the water. DI stands for "deionized," while "DI water" is deionized water, or water with its ions removed.

#### Fluid Properties, Materials, Physical Values

#### Density, specific gravity

The mass per unit of volume, measured in units of  $[kg/m^3]$ . Specific gravity is the ratio of the density of a given substance to the density of water (1.0 [g/cm³]), and is a dimensionless quantity. When expressing this quantity within the CGS system of units, density and specific gravity have the same value.

#### Degree of viscosity

Thickness of a fluid. The units used to express absolute degree of viscosity are  $[Pa \cdot s]$  units, but it is often expressed within the CGS system of units with [P] (Poise).

#### 1 [Pa·s] = 10 [P]

The value obtained by dividing absolute degree of viscosity by density is called the kinetic viscosity. This can be measured in  $[m^2/s]$  units, but in general, [St] (Stokes) are used. 1 [St] = 0.0001  $[m^2/s]$ 

#### Specific heat, specific heat capacity

The heat energy required to increase the temperature of an object by a certain temperature interval, under specific pressure and volume conditions.

The specific heat of water: 1  $[cal/g \cdot K] = 4.184 \times 10^3 [J/kg \cdot K]$ 

#### Cooling capacity

The volume of heat (heat energy) that temperature control equipment can absorb (cool) per unit of time, at an arbitrary temperature.

#### Heat load

→ Cooling capacity

#### Heat

Terms such as heat, heat load, cooling capacity, etc., that are used in this catalog, indicate quantities of heat that can be absorbed or radiated per unit of time. As a result, the units employed are [W] = [J/s] (work rate) or [kcal/hr]. 1 kW = 860 kcal/hr

#### Specific resistance

A value indicating the electrical insulating properties of a liquid, and the unit used is [ $\Omega$ ·cm]. When expressing the specific resistance of deionized water, it is sometimes called "DI level." At 25°C, the specific resistance of theoretically 100% deionized water is 18.3 [M $\Omega$ ·cm].



#### Electrical conductivity

A value indicating the ease with which electricity passes through a liquid, and is inversely proportional to the specific resistance. The unit used is [S/m], incorporating [S] (Siemens), the opposite of  $[\Omega]$  (resistance).

At 25°C, the electrical conductivity of theoretically 100% deionized water is 0.055 [ $\mu S/m$ ].

#### Clear water

Water that has been filtered and distilled and any impurities eliminated. It is also known as purified water.

#### Deionized water

Water that has had any impurities or ion elements removed. It is obtained by removing ion elements with ion exchange resin, after filtering out impurities with a particle filter. Its theoretical specific resistance has a limit of 18.3 [M $\Omega$ -cm], but it is impossible to actually attain this value. As a general rule, water with a specific resistance of 1 to 10 M $\Omega$ -cm is referred to as deionized water.

#### Ethylene glycol aqueous solution

Ethylene glycol is a type of alcohol, and adding it to water causes the freezing point of the water to drop. It is a major ingredient in antifreeze for automobiles. At a concentration of 60%, the freezing point drops to  $-40^{\circ}$ C or lower, but the viscosity increases as the temperature drops, so taking fluidity into account, it is practical to consider about  $-20^{\circ}$ C as the minimum temperature.

By adding ethylene glycol to deionized water, it is possible to raise the fluid's specific resistance, so it can be used for applications where circulating fluid with high insulating properties is desired.

#### Propylene glycol aqueous solution

Propylene glycol is a type of alcohol, and adding it to water causes the freezing point of water to drop. Like ethylene glycol, it is a major ingredient in antifreeze for automobiles.

It has lubricating properties, and is characteristically non-volatile.

#### Fluorinated fluids

Inert fluids in the fluorine series. There are many types, including perfluoropolyether (PFPE), perfluorocarbon (PFC), hydrofluoropolyether (HFPE), and hydrofluoroether (HFE), but they share the characteristic of high electrical insulation properties, and grades can be selected with appropriate fluidity even at low temperatures, such as  $-100^{\circ}$ C, and high temperatures, such as  $200^{\circ}$ C and above.

They are chemically inert and non-poisonous.

Products are sold on the market, such as Fluorinert, made by 3M, and GALDEN, made by Solvay Solexis.

#### GALDEN[®]

The product name of a fluorinated fluid manufactured by Solvay Solexis. It is a perfluoropolyether with a high polymer compound, and various grades can be selected with differing temperature ranges and viscosity ranges depending on the degree of polymerization.

#### ■ Fluorinert[™]

The product name of a fluorinated fluid manufactured by 3M. Its basic structure is a perfluorocarbon, but it has a wide variety of chemical structures, and various grades can be selected with differing temperature and viscosity ranges.

#### Circulating fluid, constant temperature circulating fluid

Fluid that circulates among the customer's equipment, with temperature controlled by a chiller.

Taking freezing temperature, boiling point, electrical insulation properties and so on into consideration, clear water, deionized water, ethylene glycol aqueous solution, fluorinated fluids, etc., can be selected depending on the application.

#### Temperature Measurement and Control

#### • PT sensor, platinum resistance temperature detector

A type of temperature sensor taking advantage of the properties of platinum (Pt), which has an electrical resistance that increases in proportion to the temperature. A sensor with the specification Pt 100  $\Omega$  has a resistance of 100  $\Omega$  at 0°C. As the resistance value is relatively small, and the sensor is easily influenced by the resistance value of the conductive wires, an input circuit is generally used which cancels out the resistance value of the conductive wires or 4-wire wiring configurations and long conductive wires.

#### RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector)

→ PT sensor

#### Thermo couple

This is created by forming a loop, connecting the ends of two wires made of two different metals, and by keeping the two wires at separate temperatures at the connecting point. Thermoelectric power is generated according to this temperature differential (the Seebeck effect).

As a sensor, by keeping the end of one wire at a standard temperature and measuring the thermoelectric power generated, it can determine the temperature of the other wire terminal. A thermo couple is a sensor employing this principle.

#### Thermistor

A temperature sensor employing a semiconductor with electrical resistance that changes in accordance with the temperature. There are two types,

PTC: positive temperature coefficient (a type for which the resistance increases as the temperature rises)

NTC: negative temperature coefficient (a type for which the resistance decreases as the temperature rises.)

The resistance value is generally large, amounting to several  $M\Omega$ , and there is little influence from the resistance of the conductive wires, so a 2-wire configuration is generally used.

#### Thermostat

A switch that turns ON or OFF when it reaches a certain set temperature. Most thermostats are bimetallic.

They are sometimes used for direct temperature control, such as switching a heater ON or OFF, but are also used often for safety circuits which switch OFF when the temperature becomes abnormally high.

The switch can be returned to its original position either automatically or manually.

#### Temperature fuse

A fuse in which an internal metal wire melts, breaking the circuit when exposed to a temperature exceeding the set temperature. When this kind of fuse blows, it cannot be reset and must be replaced.

#### PV

PV: Process Value. In temperature control equipment, this indicates the current temperature measured by the temperature sensor.

#### SV

SV: Set Value. In temperature control equipment, this indicates the target value (set value) for performing temperature control. HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

Data



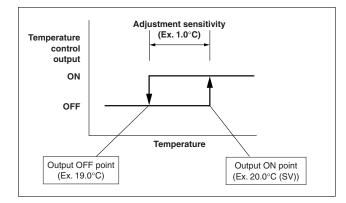
#### ON/OFF temperature control

A control method for adjusting temperature by turning temperature control output ON or OFF relative to the set temperature. When the temperature is above (below) the set temperature, output of the refrigerator (heater) is turned ON, and when the temperature is below (above) the set temperature, output is turned OFF.

Since there are only two operating rates relative to the set temperature, 0% or 100%, this is also called 2-position control.

#### Adjustment sensitivity (Hysteresis)

When the PV is extremely close to the SV in ON/OFF control, there may be "chattering" where the temperature control output repeatedly turns ON/OFF with small temperature variations, and this may have an adverse impact on output relays and connected equipment. To prevent this, spacing is provided between ON and OFF operation to stabilize control. This operation spacing is called adjustment sensitivity (hysteresis). For example, if the cooling output ON point (SV) is set to 20.0°C and hysteresis is set to 1.0°C, then cooling output will go OFF when temperature drops to 19.0°C, and go ON when temperature rises to 20.0°C.



#### PID control

A control method for producing temperature control output by comparing the temperature difference between the input value from the temperature sensor (PV) and the set temperature (SV), and using a combination of P (Proportional) operation, I (Integral) operation and D (Derivative) operation.

Output is linearly variable from 0 to 100%, and this enables smooth temperature control with no temperature wavering.

P (Proportional) operation: Operation where the amount of output is varied from 0 to 100% in proportion to the deviation between PV and SV (temperature difference). The range of temperatures for performing proportional operation (proportional band) must be input as a parameter.

- I (Integral) operation: Operation where the temperature discrepancy is corrected by adjusting the amount of output relative to the time that deviation between PV and SV has continued. Since the amount of output is determined in response to the time that deviation continues, the integral time must be input as a parameter.
- D (Derivative) operation: Operation where output is produced in accordance with the derivative (speed of change) of the temperature deviation. This is used to quickly correct sudden temperature variations when there is a sudden change in the ambient environment or load. The derivative time is input as a

parameter, and the longer the derivative time, the stronger the correction output that is produced.

#### ARW width (Anti-Reset Windup width)

Range of integral operation used for PID control. This value is used to designate the range for calculating the integral term, to suppress buildup of the integral component.

#### Auto-tuning

In PID control, P, I, D and each parameter must be optimally set for the balance of the heat capacity of all parts where the circulation loop is connected. Auto-tuning refers to a function for automatically determining the setting of those parameters. SMC's temperature control equipment is shipped with PID parameters set at factory shipment to the greatest common factor for the various use conditions. However, if those parameter settings are likely to be unsuitable for the actual operating environment, some models provide a function which can automatically set parameters by using auto-tuning.

#### • Time division proportional output

When controlling output of a heater or other device via a relay or SSR, this method of operation makes the ratio of ON time to OFF time proportional to the control output over a fixed time (0.2 to 1.0 sec) in accordance with a previously set time cycle. For example, if the control cycle is 1.0 sec, and the control output is 70%, then the ON time will be 0.7 sec and the OFF time 0.3 sec.

#### • PWM control

 $\rightarrow$  Time division control

#### Offset function

Function for shifting the target temperature for actual temperature control from SV by adding or subtracting a separately set offset value (+ or – a certain number of °C) to or from the set temperature (SV).

For example, if the temperature upon arrival at the object of temperature control is shifted higher (or lower) relative to the temperature discharged from the chiller because a certain amount of heat input is received from piping due to the effects of ambient temperature, this offset value is set to correct that effect.

#### Learning control

A function for automatically calculating and setting the offset value (correction value for the set temperature).

A temperature sensor (external sensor) is provided near the object to be temperature controlled, and those signals are input to the chiller. The offset value is automatically calculated from the deviation between the discharged temperature and the external sensor.

#### External sensor

Temperature sensor mounted to the outside of temperature control equipment and used for learning control etc.

#### Band width, Temperature upper/lower limit width

Temperature range for outputting alarms etc., when PV deviates by more than a fixed temperature from the set temperature (SV).



#### Power Supply, Electrical Equipment

#### Power supply frequency

There are two frequencies for commercial AC power: 50 Hz and 60 Hz. The AC motors installed in temperature control equipment turn at a rotation speed corresponding to the power supply frequency. When operating with a 60 Hz power supply, the rotation speed is generally 10% faster than with 50 Hz. In the case of a pump, the flow rate and pressure increase, and in the case of a compressor in a refrigeration circuit, the cooling capacity increases. Current consumption also increases in the same way.

In the case of a resistance load, such as a DC pump or heater, performance does not depend on the frequency.

#### Three-phase power supply

With three-line AC current or AC voltage, the phases of the lines are shifted by  $120^\circ\!.$ 

The current values of each line are  $1/\sqrt{3}$  smaller than single phase with the same level of transmitted power, so thinner wires can be used. There is also the advantage that a rotating magnetic field can be easily produced. (It is possible to use a 3-phase motor with a simple structure.)

A 3-phase power supply is used for equipment with high output.

#### Breaker

A device which protects load circuits and wires by breaking the circuit when an abnormal current flows in an outlet circuit due to problems such as overload or shorting. Depending on the application, a breaker may be called a motor breaker, circuit protector or other names. Ground fault circuit interrupters monitor both current in the main circuit and leakage current, and break the circuit if leakage current is too high.

#### Relay

A switch which turns a mechanical contact ON/OFF with the power of an electromagnet (solenoid). This makes it possible to turn ON/OFF the high power of the contact with the low power needed to drive the electromagnet only, and thus relays are used for amplification. They are also frequently used as logic elements in sequence circuits.

#### Electromagnetic contactor

An electric device for turning power circuits ON/OFF to start and stop power equipment (e.g. motors, heaters). Just like a relay, these devices open or close a mechanical contact with the power of a solenoid. The principle of operation is the same as a relay, but a contactor is designed for high-voltage and large current.

#### Thermal relay

A circuit protection device incorporated into the power input circuit of a motor to provide output when motor overcurrent is detected. It is comprised of a heater which heats up in response to current, and a bimetal which opens and closes a contact in response to that heat. Since the thermal relay itself cannot open and close a high capacity power circuit, the main circuit for a motor or other device is broken by incorporating a control circuit with an electromagnetic contactor or relay.

#### Electromagnetic switch

A device integrating an electromagnetic contactor with a thermal relay.

#### Overload relay

This has the same structure as a thermal relay, and is used for the same purpose. Overload relays built into the compressors of small refrigeration circuits are installed on the wall of the compressor, and are actuated not by heat due to overcurrent but by the temperature of the compressor itself. In many small compressors, the main circuit is directly broken by the overload relay.

#### Impedance protection

A type of motor protection generally used for small AC fan motors and other small motors.

The motor is constructed so that it will not rise above a certain temperature, even when locked for some reason, due to the inherent impedance (AC resistance) of the motor coil itself. Therefore, the motor itself is protected against burnout, even though no thermal relay or other protective device is installed.

#### Solid state relay (SSR)

A relay which enables switching of high power using low power by using a thyristor or other semiconductor element. In comparison with an electromagnetic relay, this type has no mechanical moving parts, and thus is capable of high-speed switching. SSRs are compact, and have a long service life.

However, this does not mean that contacts are physically isolated. The fact that there is some leakage current even when the device is OFF must be taken into account.

#### Phase reversal relay (Plugging relay)

A switch which monitors the phase sequence of a 3-phase main power supply, and issues a warning if anything is abnormal.

When driving a 3-phase motor with a 3-phase power supply, the motor will turn backwards if the phase sequence of wiring is wrong. This relay is installed to prevent such reverse rotation. These relays are also called plugging relays.

#### DC power supply

A device which produces DC power from commercial AC power. DC power is for CPUs inside equipment and other control circuits. Peltier elements for Peltier circulators, thermoelectric baths and other equipment are driven with DC power, so they have a high-capacity DC power supply built-in.

#### EMO circuit

An EMO (EMergency Off) circuit is an electrical circuit provided to shut off all power and ensure safe conditions when an emergency stop button (EMO button) is pressed in an emergency.

#### Hardware interlock

This is an equipment control circuit for shutting off power in case of trouble. The circuit is logically configured using only relays and other hardware, and does not use software running on the CPU.

#### RS232C

A standard for serial communication. This is the communication standard when connecting a PC with an acoustic coupler or modem, and is used for one-to-one communication between PCs.

Since RS232C itself only roughly stipulates the use of wiring systems and other hardware, detailed hardware specifications and software protocols are determined independently by each equipment manufacturer.

#### RS485

A standard for serial communication. Only one-to-one communication between devices can be done with RS232C, but with RS485 it is possible to communicate simultaneously with multiple devices by wiring them in a chained, multidrop fashion, and providing addresses via software.

Since RS485 itself only roughly stipulates the use of wiring systems and other hardware, detailed hardware specifications and software protocols are determined independently by each equipment manufacturer. Actual detailed protocols are determined independently by each equipment manufacturer.

HRG

∕∂SMC

#### DeviceNet

#### A standard for serial communication.

An open network owned by ODVA (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association Inc.), a non-profit organization headquartered in the US. This is a field network standard covering a wide scope, from the sensor level to the device level.

#### Analog communication

A method of communicating with external devices using voltage output such as 0 to 10 V. This enables output of PV (measured temperature etc.) and reception of values like SV (set temperature).

#### Signal input/output, I/O

Input/Output signals such as alarm signal, or operation signals. Since there are various communication methods depending on the equipment model, such as relay output and open collector output, communication specifications must be checked before wiring.

#### Insulation withstand voltage

Electric potential difference where an insulator material will not be destroyed. In withstand voltage testing at product shipment from the factory, a high AC voltage of 1.5 kV (varies depending on the model) is applied between the electric circuit conductor and the chassis (grounded). Then it is checked that there is no flow of leakage current above the reference value.

#### Insulation resistance

Electrical resistance between the conductor inside the device and the chassis (grounded). In insulation resistance testing at product shipment from the factory, it is checked that the resistance value with a measured DC voltage of 500 V (or 250 V) is at or above the reference value (a value such as 1 M $\Omega$ ; varies depending on the model).

#### Safety Standards

#### CE marking

For machinery and other equipment distributed in the EU (European Union), it is mandatory to display the CE mark. To display the CE mark, a product must declare itself to be in compliance with EU Directives. The main EU Directives relating to the products in this catalog are the Machinery Directive, EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive. Each directive requires product compliance with the corresponding EN Standard (European Standard).

#### UL standards

Standards of a non-profit testing organization founded by the US National Fire Protection Association.

In the US, some states and municipalities require UL certification for the sale of electrical products.

#### CSA standards

Safety standards by the Canadian Standard Association, a non-governmental Canadian standardization organization. Electrical products distributed in Canada must be CSA certified.

#### NRTL (National Recognized Test Laboratories)

Testing organizations capable of certification (of UL or CSA standards etc.) which have been recognized according to Occupational Safety and Health Law set forth by OSHA (the US Occupational Safety and Health Administration). At present, 18 organizations have been recognized as NRTLs. UL and CSA are examples of certified organizations.

#### eti mark

eti (Electro-Test Inc.) is the mark that demonstrates compliance with UL standards.

#### ETL mark

Intertek ETL SEMKO is an NRTL, and issues the ETL mark. This mark demonstrates compliance with UL standards.

#### SEMI S2

SEMI is an international industry association of companies producing equipment and materials for the manufacture of semiconductors and flat panel displays. It has established its own standards as safety guidelines for the design of semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

SEMI S2 requirements relate to the work environment, health and safety for products used in semiconductor manufacturing, and cover chemical, radiation, electrical, physical, mechanical, environmental, fire, earthquake, emissions and ergonomics, as well as quality, documentation and manuals etc. Many semiconductor manufacturers require that equipment operating in their plants comply with SEMI S2.

#### SEMI S8

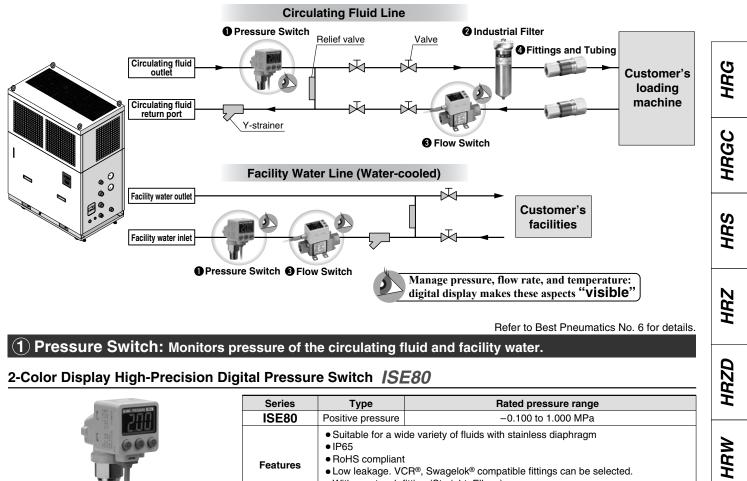
SEMI S8 is a guideline on ergonomics which is more detailed than the ergonomic requirements in Section 14 of SEMI S2.

#### SEMI F47

SEMI F47 is a SEMI standard which stipulates guidelines regarding voltage sag immunity.

Semiconductor manufacturers require this standard for temperature control equipment, just like SEMI S2.

## Temperature Control Equipment Related Products



• With one-touch fitting (Straight, Elbow)

HEC

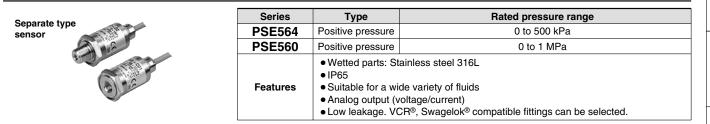
HEB

HED

Technical Data

Back piping, Underside piping

#### Pressure Sensor for General Fluids **PSE56**



#### Multi-Channel Digital Pressure Sensor Controller PSE200

Separate type monitor       • Four sensors can be connected.         • Applicable sensors: PSE53□, 54□, 56□	Series	Features	
• Capable of controlling various different applications from one controller     • 4 inputs, 5 outputs	PSE200	<ul> <li>Applicable sensors: PSE53, 54, 56</li> <li>Capable of controlling various different applications from one controller</li> </ul>	

#### 2-Color Display Digital Pressure Sensor Controller **PSE300**

Separate type	Series	Features
	PSE300	<ul> <li>Applicable sensors: PSE53□, 54□, 550, 56□</li> <li>Compatible with voltage input and current input</li> <li>Response time: 1 ms</li> <li>Space-saving, capable of vertical and horizontal contact mounting</li> <li>Panel mount, Bracket, DIN rail mount</li> </ul>

### **Related Products**

#### Refer to Best Pneumatics No. 7 for details.

#### (2) Industrial Filter: Filters the circulating fluid and facility water.

#### Industrial Filter/Vessel Series FGD



	Series	Port size	Max. operating pressure	Temperature (°C)		
FGD         Rc3/8, 1/2, 3/4         0.7, 1 MPa         Max. 80						
	Features	<ul> <li>Ideal for low-flow filtration (Max. 60 L/min)</li> <li>Possible to select the antistatic specification (FGDE, FGDF).</li> </ul>				

#### High-Precision Filter for Fluid FGH



Series	Port size	Max. operating pressure	Temperature (°C)	
FGH	Rc3/8 to 1 1 MPa Max. 80			
Features	• Filtration efficiency: Removing over 99%			

#### Quick Change Filter FQ1



Series	Port size	Max. operating pressure	Temperature (°C)
FQ1	Rc1/2, 3/4, 1	1 MPa	Max. 80
Features	<ul> <li>Ideal for low flow filtration (Max. 30 L/min)</li> <li>No tools required</li> <li>Takes only 60 seconds for element replacement.</li> </ul>		

Refer to Best Pneumatics No. 6 for details.

#### **3** Flow Switch: Monitors the flow rate of the circulating fluid and facility water.

#### 3-Color Display Digital Flow Switch for Water **PF3W**



Series	Set flow rate range (L/min)	
	0.5 to 4	
PF3W	2 to 16	
	5 to 40	
Features	<ul> <li>Flow rate sensor with three-color display and two-screen display</li> <li>Integrated with temperature sensor</li> <li>40% reduction (compared with SMC PF2W)</li> <li>IP65 compliant, Grease-free</li> <li>Operating fluid temperature 0 to 90°C</li> </ul>	

#### Digital Flow Switch for Water **PF2W**



nitor	Senso
Separate	type

Series	Set flow rate range (L/min)	
	0.5 to 4	
PF2W	2 to 16	
PFZW	5 to 40	
	10 to 100	
Features	<ul> <li>Integrated type and Separate monitor type are available.</li> <li>Switch output, Accumulated pulse output, Analog output</li> <li>Capable of switching back and forth between cumulative and instantaneous flow</li> <li>Capable of operating at temperatures as high as 90°C</li> <li>IP65</li> </ul>	

#### Digital Flow Switch for Deionized Water and Chemicals PF2D

	6
SAC ROW SWITCH	5
Monitor	Senso
S	eparate type

Series	Set flow rate range (L/min)	
	0.4 to 4	
PF2D	1.8 to 20	
	4.0 to 40	
Features              • Body sensor: New PFA, Tube: Super PFA            • Low-particle generation, Excellent flow-through characteristics		



### **Related Products**

Refer to Best Pneumatics No. 6 for details.

S Coupler/Stainless Steel (Stainless Steel 304)

HRG

HRGC

HRS

HRZ

HRZD

HRW

HEC

HEB

HED

echnical Data

#### 4-Channel Flow Monitor PF2 200



For deionized water and chemicals

For water

Series	Applicable sensor		Set flow rate range (L/min)
			0.35 to 4.50
DE0W200/201	/200/201 For water PF2W5	DEOWE	1.7 to 17.0
PF2W200/201		3.5 to 45.0	
			7 to 110
	PT For deionized water/ chemicals PF2D5	PF2D5	0.25 to 4.50
PF2D200/201			1.3 to 21.0
		2.5 to 45.0	
Features	<ul> <li>One controller can handle four units' worth of flow volume maintenance.</li> <li>Four different flow ranges can be connected to one controller.</li> </ul>		

6A to 50A (1/8 to 11/2)

Stainless Steel 316 One-touch Fittings

#### **4** Fittings and Tubing

#### S Coupler

- Series KK
- Fluid: Air, Water
- Applicable tube O.D.: ø3.2 to ø16

Port size: M5 to 25A(3/4)

Applicable hose I.D./O.D.: 5/8 to 11/16



#### **Metal One-touch Fittings**

Series KQB2

- Fluid:
- Air, Water
- Applicable tube O.D.: ø3.2 to ø16



#### **Stainless Steel 316 Insert Fittings**

Series KFG2

ø4 to ø16

Fluid: Air, Water, Steam Applicable tube O.D.:



#### **Fluoropolymer Fittings**

Air, Water, Steam

Applicable tube O.D.:

ø3.2 to ø16

Series KKA

Port size:

Series KQG2

Fluid:

Fluid: Air, Water

Series LQ Fluid: Deionized water. Chemicals, etc. (Please contact SMC for details.) Applicable tube O.D.:

ø3 to ø25



#### Tubing

Series	Material	Fluid	O.D.		
T Nylon Air, Water Ø4 to ø16					
TU	Polyurethane	Air, Water	ø4 to ø16		
TH	FEP (Fluoropolymer)	Air, Water, Inert gas	ø4 to ø12		
TD	Modified PTFE (Soft fluoropolymer)	Air, Water, Inert gas	ø4 to ø12	6	
TL         Super PFA         Deionized water, Chemicals, etc. Note)         Ø4 to Ø19					

specifications) Note) Please contact SMC for details.



# Temperature Control Equipment Warranty

#### 1. Conditions of warranty

When a nonconformance should take place to our temperature control equipment, we will repair the unit without charge in accordance with our current terms and conditions.

This free repair covers the replacement of all nonconforming parts, their adjustment and checks. Please note that the disassembled parts will be the property of SMC.

#### 2. Period of warranty

The warranty period of the product is 1 year in service or 1.5 years after the product is delivered.

#### 3. Items out of warranty

The following cases are not subject to warranty.

- 1. Nonconformance caused by implementing no check-up (daily check-up, regular check-up) specified by SMC.
- 2. Nonconformance caused by the usage other than stipulated in the operating manual or outside the specification designated by SMC.
- 3. Nonconformance caused by remodeling which is not permitted by SMC.
- 4. Nonconformance caused by the usage other than the specified circulating fluid or facility water.
- 5. Nonconformance caused by elapsing. (painted surface, plated surface discolored naturally)
- 6. Sensuous phenomenon which is not affected functionally (sound, noise, vibration, etc.)
- 7. Nonconformance caused by natural disasters such as earthquake, typhoon, water disaster, accidents, or fire hazard.
- 8. Nonconformance caused by the installation environment stipulated in the operating manual.
- 9. Nonconformance caused by no observation to the following 5, "Items to be observed by customer."

#### 4. Exemption from liability

- 1. Cost for daily check-up, regular check-up.
- 2. Cost for repair by a third party other than the designated distributors or agents.
- 3. Cost for moving this unit and installation or dislocation.
- 4. Cost for replacement or replenishment of the component parts or liquid other than specified.
- 5. Cost for inconvenience or loss caused by not being able to use the unit. (Telephone charge, warranty for job suspension, commercial loss, etc.)
- 6. Cost or compensation, etc. stipulated other than the above 1. "Conditions of warranty."

#### 5. Items to be observed by customer

In order to use this product safely, the correct usage and check-up by customer are necessary. Please be sure to observe the following things. Please note that we may decline the repair request upon warranty in case that the following things are not observed.

- 1) Use the unit in accordance to the proper handling as mentioned in the Operation Manual.
- 2) Conduct inspection and maintenance (daily check-up, regular check-up) as mentioned in the Operation Manual.
- 3) Record the inspection and maintenance results as mentioned in the Operation Manual.

#### 6. How to ask a repair upon warranty

232

When a warranty repair is requested, please contact the nearest sales distributor. With this, we will repair the unit upon warranty.

We promise a repair for free on the basis of the above mentioned periods or terms. Therefore, nonconformance occurred after the warranty period will be charged in principle.

### **▲** Safety Instructions

These safety instructions are intended to prevent hazardous situations and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard with the labels of "**Caution**," "**Warning**" or "**Danger**." They are all important notes for safety and must be followed in addition to International Standards (ISO/IEC)^{*1}, and other safety regulations.



A Safety Instructions Be sure to read "Handling Precautions for SMC Products" (M-E03-3) before using.





Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and the main text for Specific Product Precautions on every series.

#### Selection

### 🗥 Warning

#### 1. Confirm the specifications.

Fully understand the applications, environment, fluids and other operating conditions. Use this product within the specified range shown in this catalog. Using outside the specified range can cause injury, damage, or malfunction. When in doubt, please contact SMC beforehand.

#### 2. Secure the performance margin.

When you consider the product's cooling/heating performance or flow characteristics, allowance must be made because there are heat loss from the piping, etc. or pressure drop.

#### **Operating Environment/Storage Environment**

### \land Warning

1. Observe the ambient temperature range.

The operating ambient temperature range must be within the specification range shown in this catalog.

Use caution because using beyond the range will lead to damage, breakage or malfunction.

#### 2. Avoid using and storing in the following environment because it will lead to malfunction.

- 1. In locations where water, water steam, salt water, and oil may splash on the product.
- 2. In locations where a large amount of particles are airborne.
- 3. In locations with an atmosphere of corrosive or explosive gases, solvents, or chemicals.
  - (This product is not explosion proof.)
- 4. In locations which receive direct sunlight or radiated heat. (Protect from direct sunshine to avoid the resin from deteriorating by ultraviolet rays or increasing the temperature.)
- 5. In locations where temperature substantially changes.
- 6. In locations where there is a heat source nearby and the ventilation is poor.

(Insulate the heat source or ventilate well to avoid damages caused by the heat or temperature increase, such as softenina.)

- 7. In locations where condensation occurs.
- 8. In locations where strong magnetic noise occurs.
- (In locations where strong electric fields, strong magnetic fields and surge voltage occur.)
- 9. In locations where static electricity occurs, or conditions which make the product discharge static electricity.
- 10. In locations where high frequency occurs.
- 11. In locations where damage is likely to occur due to lightning.
- 12. In locations where impacts or vibrations occur.
- 13. In conditions where a massive force strong enough to deform the product is applied or a weight from a heavy object is applied.
- 14. In locations more than 1000 m in altitude (except storage, transportation).

#### Fluid

### \land Warning

#### 1. Type of fluids

- 1. The operating fluids must be used within the specified range shown in this catalog. Please consult with SMC when using the product with other
- fluids.
- 2. Depending on the combination, foreign matter, chemical leakage and catalysts may change the piping material and operating fluid qualities.
- 3. When solid foreign objects may be mixed with a fluid, install a filter to remove them.

#### Transportation/Transfer/Movement

### **Warning**

1. Product transfer should be performed by a knowledgeable and experienced person.

Especially, transferring a heavy object is dangerous. Use adequate caution to prevent falling down or dropping accidents from occurring

- 2. Avoid transportation in the following environment because it will lead to breakage.
  - 1. In conditions where strong shock and vibrations occur.
  - 2. In operating and storage environments other than those specified.
- 3. Caution when transferring a heavy object This product is heavy. Use adequate caution to avoid injury when picking up and setting down the product, and falling and dropping accidents should be avoided.
- 4. Before moving this product, remove operating fluid, facility water from the inside of this product.

#### **Mounting/Installation**

### A Warning

1. Installation should be performed by a knowledgeable and experienced person.

Especially, installation of a heavy object is dangerous. Use adequate caution to avoid falling and dropping accidents from occurring.

### **∕** Caution

1. Provide space for ventilation and maintenance.

Provide enough space for the ventilation requirement of each equipment. Otherwise, a cooling malfunction or operation stoppage may occur. Also, provide space required for maintenance.

2. Verify the mounting orientation.

Mount and install horizontally.

Back page 2



Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and the main text for Specific Product Precautions on every series.

#### Piping

### **A** Warning

person.

- 1. Design the piping for the whole system. For this product and future equipment, design of the piping system should be performed by a knowledgeable and experienced
- 2. Work performed on the piping should be done by a knowledgeable and experienced person.

If work performed on the piping is done by a less knowledgeable and inexperienced person, it will likely lead to operating fluid leakage, etc.

3. Thoroughly read the Operation Manual.

Read the Operation Manual completely before piping. Also, keep the manual available whenever necessary.

4. Tighten threads with the proper tightening torque.

When installing piping, etc., follow the given torque levels below.

#### Piping Tightening Torque

Connection thread	Proper tightening torque (N·m)
M5	1.5 to 2
Rc 1/8	7 to 9
Rc 1/4	12 to 14
Rc 3/8	22 to 24
Rc 1/2	28 to 30
Rc 3/4	28 to 30
Rc 1	36 to 38
Rc 1 1/4	40 to 42
Rc 1 1/2	48 to 50
Rc 2	48 to 50

#### 5. Confirm the leakage of fluid.

Confirm that the hose or tubing is not pulled out and that there is no leakage in the fitted parts.

### **∧** Caution

1. Refer to the Fittings and Tubing Precautions (Best Pneumatics No. 6) for handling onetouch fittings.

#### 2. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.

3. Use caution regarding the flowing direction of the fluid.

When installing piping to a product, do not mistake the flow direction of supply port, etc. Check "IN" and "OUT" or labels and the operating manual before connection.

#### Sealant tape

When installing piping or fitting into a port, ensure that sealant material does not enter the port internally. When using sealant tape, leave 1.5 to 2 threads exposed on the end of pipe/fitting.

5. Take countermeasures against condensation. Depending on the operating condition, condensation may occur in the piping. In such a case, take countermeasures such as installing insulation material, etc.

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Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and the main text for Specific Product Precautions on every series.

#### **Electrical Wiring**

### **Warning**

1. Electrical wiring job should be performed by a knowledgeable and experienced person.

Power supply facilities and wiring works should be implemented in accordance with the electric facilities technical standards and provisions and conducted correctly.

2. Mounting a dedicated earth leakage breaker.

As a countermeasure against current leakage, install an earth leakage breaker in the main power supply.

#### 3. Check the power supply.

If this product is used with voltages other than specified, it will likely lead to a fire or an electrical shock. Before wiring, confirm the voltage, volume, and frequency.

Confirm that the voltage fluctuation is within  $\pm 10\%$  of the specified value.

#### 4. Grounding

Be certain to ground (frame ground) with class D grounding (grounding resistance of 100  $\Omega$  or less).

Can be grounded with the PE line of the power supply cable. Also, do not use together with equipment that generates a strong electrical magnetic noise or high frequency noise.

#### 5. Wiring cable should be handled with care.

Do not bend, twist or stretch the cord or cable.

#### 6. Wire with an applicable size cable and terminal.

In the event of attaching a power supply cable, use a cable and terminal size which is suitable for the electrical current of each product.

Forcibly mounting with an unsuitable size cable will likely result in a fire.

### 7. Avoid wiring the signal line and power line in parallel.

Since there may be a possibility of malfunction from noise, avoid parallel wiring between the temperature sensor line, communication line, signal line of alarm line, etc. and the power line and high voltage line. Also, do not place them in the same wiring tube.

#### Facility Water Supply

(Water-cooled refrigeration)

### A Warning

#### 1. Be certain to supply the facility water.

1. Prohibition of water-cut operation, very little flow rate of water operation.

Do not operate under the condition that there is no facility water or where there is very little flow rate of water is flowing. In this kind of operation, facility water temperature may become extremely higher. It is dangerous enough the material of hose may soften and burst when the piping supplying the facility water is connected with hose.

2. Actions to be taken when an emergency stop occurs due to high temperature.

In case a stop occurs due to extremely high temperature resulting from a decrease in the facility water flow rate, do not immediately flow facility water. It is dangerous enough the material of hose may soften and burst when the piping supplying the facility water is connected with hose.

First, naturally let it cool down by removing the cause of the flow rate reduction. Secondly, confirm that there is no leakage again.

### **Caution**

#### 1. Facility water quality

1. Use the facility water within the specified range as shown below.

When using with other fluid than facility water, please consult with SMC.

2. When it is likely that foreign objects may enter the fluid, install a filter (20 mesh or equivalent).

#### Facility Water Quality Standards

The Japan Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Industry Association

IRA GL-02-1994 "Cooling water system – Circulation type – Circulating water"				
	Item	Unit	Standard value	
	pH (at 25°C)	—	6.5 to 8.2	
	Electrical conductivity (25°C)	[µS/cm]	100* to 800*	
	Chloride ion (Cl⁻)	[mg/L]	200 or less	
Standard	Sulfuric acid ion (SO42-)	[mg/L]	200 or less	
item	Acid consumption amount (at pH4.8)	[mg/L]	100 or less	
	Total hardness	[mg/L]	200 or less	
	Calcium hardness (CaCO ₃ )	[mg/L]	150 or less	
	Ionic state silica (SiO ₂ )	[mg/L]	50 or less	
	Iron (Fe)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	
	Copper (Cu)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	
Reference item	Sulfide ion ( $S_2^-$ )	[mg/L]	Should not be detected.	
	Ammonium ion (NH ₄ +)	[mg/L]	1.0 or less	
	Residual chlorine (Cl)	[mg/L]	0.3 or less	
	Free carbon (CO ₂ )	[mg/L]	4.0 or less	

* In the case of [M\Omega { \cdot } cm], it will be 0.00125 to 0.01.



Be sure to read this before handling. Refer to back page 1 for Safety Instructions and the main text for Specific Product Precautions on every series.

#### Operation

### \land Warning

- 1. Handle and operate after the safety of this product and the whole system are confirmed. For this product and incidental equipment, operate this product by a knowledgeable and experienced person.
- 2. Before operation, confirm the safety of mounting, installation, piping and electrical wiring conditions.
  - 1. Confirm that the mounting and installation conditions are safe.
  - 2. Confirm that the circulating fluid is filled and that the fluid level is within the display range.
  - 3. Confirm whether the valve is open or closed and that the hose and resin tube are not twisted. It is dangerous when the valve in the piping is closed because the circulating fluid and the facility water will not flow and the fluid pressure will increase.
  - 4. Confirm the flow direction of the fluid. Be certain that the flow direction of the fluid (inlet/outlet direction) is connected correctly.
  - 5. Confirm that the electrical wiring condition is safe. Incorrect wiring will lead to malfunction or breakage of the product. Confirm that there is no error in wiring before operation.
  - 6. When using the product with a 3-phase power supply, confirm the connection.

If the phase order is incorrect, the pump, etc. will run in reverse, or the phase-reversal relay will activate and the product will not operate.

In this case, after cutting off the main power supply, reverse 2 wires out of the 3 wires and connect them in the correct phase order.

#### 3. Do not remove the external panel during energization or operation.

If removed, there are the dangers of electrical shock, burn, frostbite, injury from a rotating object.

#### 4. Avoid operating with a lower flow.

Avoid operating with a lower flow because the temperature control may become unstable or the service life of the pump may shorten

- 5. Confirm the safety during the operation. During the operation, if an emergency is detected, stop this product immediately and cut off the power supply breaker.
- 6. When not used for long periods of time, confirm the safety once again prior to beginning its operation.

#### Maintenance

### \land Warning

#### 1. Perform maintenance inspection according to the procedures indicated in the operating manual.

If handled improperly, malfunction and damage of machinery or equipment may occur.

#### 2. Maintenance operations

Improper handling of compressed air is dangerous. Therefore, in addition to observing the product specifications, replacement of elements and other maintenance activities should be performed by personnel having sufficient knowledge and experience pertaining to pneumatic equipment.

#### 3. Pre-maintenance inspection

When removing this product, cut off the electric power, and be certain to shut off the supply pressure and exhaust the compressed air in the system. Proceed only after confirming that all pressure has been released to the atmosphere.

#### 4. Post maintenance inspection

After installation or repair, reconnect compressed air and electricity and conduct appropriate inspections to confirm proper operation. If there is an audible air leakage, or if the equipment does not operate properly, stop operation and confirm that the equipment is installed correctly.

#### 5. Modification prohibited

Do not modify or reconstruct the unit.

#### 6. Stopping for long periods of time

When not using for long periods of time, remove the fluid (circulating fluid, facility water) and cut off the main power supply.

#### 7. Removal of product

Take the stop/inspection measures and confirm that there is no danger before the product is removed.

In the event of removing the product, discharge the used fluid and clean the inside of the piping.

When a dangerous fluid or polluted fluid is left, it is likely that the polluted area will be enlarged or an accident will occur.

#### 8. Disposal of product

When the product is disposed, it must be in compliance the ordinance or rules of the local municipality.

Ask for help from a professional industrial waste disposal company.

In particularly, in the case of a refrigerated type product, entrust a company to collect the refrigerant, etc.

In that case, the customer may be requested to submit a certificate that is showing the type of operating fluid and whether any quantity is left. These procedures are the responsibility of the customer.

#### 9. Preparation of a backup product

In order to keep the downtime of a customer's system to a minimum, prepare a backup product, when necessary.

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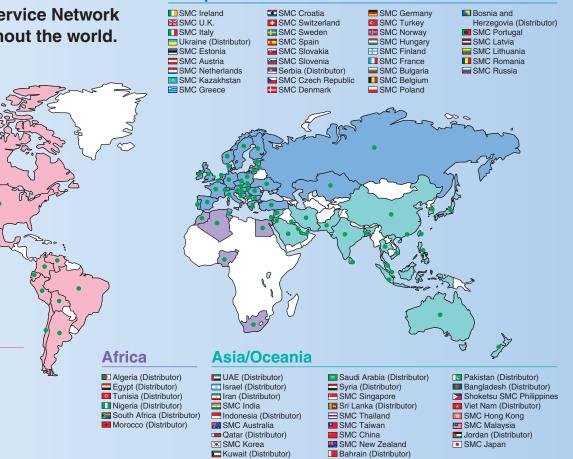
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#### Yamatsuri Plant (Fukushima Prefecture)

SMC's temperature control equipment has been efficiently manufactured with SMC's originally developed, integrated production system at Yamatsuri Plant.



Integrated chiller production line at Yamatsuri Plant

<ul> <li>* Addition of the 600 W type to Thermo-con (air-cooled), HEC series.</li> <li>* Addition of Dual Thermo-chiller, HRZD series.</li> </ul>	story	Edition B * Addition of the inverter type to Water-cooled Thermo-chiller, HRW series. * Addition of the 140 W and 320 W types to Thermo-con (water-cooled), HEC series.	Edition C * Addition of Thermo-chiller compact type, HRS series. * Addition of options and optional accessories to Thermo-cooler HRGC series.
as circulating itudes for memo-cooler, made series.	Revision his	<ul> <li>Addition of an option (NPT fitting) and optional accessories (60% ethylene glycol aqueous solution, concentration meter) to Thermo- chillers, HRZ and HRW series.</li> </ul>	* Addition of Dual Thermo-chiller, HRZD series. PP

### **SMC** Corporation

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